"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy today; Friday fair; moderate west winds.
For full weather report see Page 22.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 22,153. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1918.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius. | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles. | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere.

HAIG AND PETAIN PIERCE HINDENBURG LINE; TAKE 10 TOWNS, 6,000 MEN IN 22-MILE DRIVE; SERBS AND FRENCH DRIVE BULGARS 10 MILES

AUSTRIAN NOTE A DISTRESS CRY IS LONDON'S VIEW

Peace Move Believed to Have Been Prompted by Urgent Pressure of Conditions.

KAISER'S NERVES FAILING

British Capital Expecting Some Sensational Happening Behind German Scenes.

PEACE OPINION DIVIDED

Talk in Some British Quarters of Leaving an Open Door for Further Proposals.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—The view that the Austrian peace note was issued under urgent pressure of conditions within the Central Empires is supported by all information that leaks across the frontiers. Responsible opinion in this country has always protested against any undue hopes being founded on the economical stress in Germany and Austria, and the British public has been urged to remember the extraordinary power of the German race to adapt themselves to a much lower scale of living, and the hopelessness of an attempt at revolution by old men, women, and children in these days of machine guns.

But in the last few days, rumors have taken on a new complexion. They are unconfirmed, but they point to some sensational happening behind the scenes in Germany. The Kaiser's recent speech to the Krupp workmen proves how overwrought he is, and certain passages in it, censored as they were, as the German press has complained, hardly read like the utterances of a sane man. There may consequently be some ground for the story that he is suffering from severe nervous breakdown.

Another rumor has it that the Kaiser, foreseeing the utter ruin of his house, is contemplating one of those dramatic moves so characteristic of his temperament. One of his most renowned predecessors, it is remembered, Charles V., in the sixteenth century, left the world for a monastery; and if he really may be thinking of some spectacular act of renunciation, it is remarked here, the Allies would easily provide a suitable place of retreat which the Lutheran Church might find it difficult to offer.

Setting aside these reports, however, another view of the Austrian note, widely accepted in London, is that it was issued to prepare the German people for a great retreat. That would make it out to be inspired by the military chiefs. They, it is contended, see that they must relinquish Belgium in order to shorten the line on account of their destroyed divisions; and they wish to prepare the German people for this practical acknowledgment of military failure.

Hope to Detach France.

Moreover, with characteristic misunderstanding of the psychology of their enemies, the Germans still believe they could detach France from her allies by the return of the occupied French territory and some concessions about Alsace-Lorraine; and for this reason they would like to see the Entente inveigled into informal secret conversations.

The proper reply to that, many here believe, would be a brief definite joint statement of the Entente's war aims. A year or two ago it might have been difficult to draft that; but now the Allies have reached quite a close enough agreement among themselves to make it simple to draw up such a pronouncement.

President Wilson's statement, issued through Secretary Lansing, of the attitude of the American Government is taken in conjunction with Balfour's skeptical analysis, to foreshadow the unmistakable ultimate rejection of the proposals for a conference embodied in the Austro-Hungarian note. One section of the British opinion, and that probably by far the numerically greatest and certainly most vociferous, hails the Sate Department's announcement as an example that should be followed by the Entente Powers in Europe. There is nothing in the Austrian note, they say, and it deserves only the briefest of answers. The Evening Standard says:

"The ordinary plain man's position is that of President Wilson. Such a man naturally argues that if it takes 4,000 words or so to reply to a proposition, there must be something to reply to. Therefore Balfour's brilliant impromptu effort was a mistake in tactics, and the honors are with Wilson's short and sharp rejection. Perhaps it would be less invidious to say that Balfour represents the old diplomacy, Wilson the

Continued on Page Five.

Full Text of Wilson's Note as Given Out by Lansing

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Secretary Lansing today gave out the United States Government's reply to Austria in the form in which it was handed to the Swedish Minister, W. A. F. Ekengren. It reads:

Department of State,
Sept. 17, 1918.

Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note, dated Sept. 16, communicating to me a note from the Imperial Government of Austria-Hungary, containing a proposal to the Governments of all the belligerent States to send delegates to a confidential and unbinding discussion on the basic principles for the conclusion of peace. Furthermore, it is proposed that the delegates would be charged to make known to one another the conception of their Governments regarding these principles and to receive analogous communications, as well as to request and give frank and candid explanations on all those points which need to be precisely defined.

In reply I beg to say that the substance of your communication has been submitted to the President, who now directs me to inform you that the Government of the United States feels that there is only one reply which it can make to the suggestion of the Imperial Austro-Hungarian Government. It has repeatedly and with entire candor stated the terms upon which the United States would consider peace, and can and will entertain no proposal for a conference upon a matter concerning which it has made its position and purpose so plain.

Accept, Sir, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration.

(Signed) ROBERT LANSING.

Mr. W. A. F. Ekengren, Minister of Sweden, in charge of Austro-Hungarian Interests.

PRESIDENT'S REPLY CHEERS OUR ARMY

American Soldiers in France Are Enthusiastic for Continuing the War.

NOW COUNT AUSTRIA AS FOE

Placing of Kaiser Karl's Troops on Western Front Called a Fatal Teuton Mistake.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 18.—The news of President Wilson's rejection of the Austrian peace feeler has aroused the greatest enthusiasm in the American Army which has just begun to fight, and would keenly regret the calling off of the war before it can make further and larger efforts.

The army is beginning to realize its power, and nothing would cause greater dismay in the ranks of our fighting men than any steps which would be taken at this time to interfere with the materialization of its plans for next year. The American Army wants to make the German Army and the German nation deeply repentant and achieve America's purpose to end Prussianism. Every doughboy has this idea and hopes that diplomacy will not interfere with it.

I was at the front with a regiment which has been in the fighting when news first came that Austria would like to do something to call off the war. In American slang came from all sides the exclamation: "What a fat chance!"

If Austria hoped to make any impression on the American Army and if Germany, through Austria, hoped to affect our fighting men by peace dickers the Teutons made a fatal mistake by placing Austrian divisions against Americans. Before that was done the American doughboys were very sure that the Germans were their enemies, but were slightly hazy about the Austrians. Some of them actually did not realize that America was at war with Austria. But after they found themselves fighting the Austrians the situation became very clear cut and there is now no difference between the Germans and the Austrians. Therefore, our ranks are very barren soil for the Austrian proffer.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 18, (Associated Press.)—From the manner in which the American Army received the news of Presi-

Continued on Page Three.

CALOX, THE ORIGINAL TOOTH POWDER, cleans, whitens and preserves.—Advt.

ARMY OF 4,800,000 IN 1919 AIMED AT IN MARCH'S PLANS

Chief of Staff Tells Congress 2,700,000 Will Be Called Under New Draft.

1,600,000 MORE FIGHTERS

Allowance Made for 1,100,000 "Wastage"—Total Under Arms Now 3,200,000.

CONGRESS MUST VOTE CASH

Committees Tackle Problem of Supplying $7,347,000,000 Required—Consumption Tax Proposed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—The demand of the War Department for an additional appropriation of $7,347,000,000 for this year caused a hurried conference today between members of the Senate Finance Committee and the House Appropriations Committee in an effort to find some way to meet the emergency. Unable to come to any agreement, it was decided that Senator Simmons, Chairman of the Finance Committee, and Representative Sherley, Chairman of the House Committee, should confer tomorrow with Secretary McAdoo.

General March, Chief of Staff, appearing before the House Appropriations Committee, said that the War Department must have the $7,347,000,000 in cash, instead of following the usual procedure of taking part of it in that way and the remainder in authorizations upon which payments in future might be based. The insistence of General March led to the conference of Senators and Representatives.

General March said that under the new draft it was proposed to call to arms 2,700,000 men. This number will include all those who may be deducted from actual service on account of exemptions, rejections, or other "wastage." Upon the basis of ninety-eight divisions, the maximum strength is placed at 4,800,000 men, and as there are now 3,200,000 in service, it will be necessary to have 1,600,000 fighting men out of the 2,700,000 to be called.

General Crowder, who also was a witness before the committee, explained that 50 per cent. of the men needed, or 1,350,000, could be obtained from the 19 to 20 and the 32 to 36 classes. This will make it possible to obtain the other 1,350,000 without going very deeply into the remaining classes.

If the War Department is to have the additional $7,347,000,000, it will mean an appropriation for this year for army purposes of approximately $24,000,000,000.

That part of the extra money asked for by the War Department be provided for in the War Revenue bill after it reaches the Senate was suggested to to the Senate Finance Committee today by House leaders. They advised that approximately $2,300,000,000 might be added to that measure. The Senate Committee, or the majority of it, did not look favorably upon the idea.

If $2,300,000,000 is added to the war revenue, it was pointed out, the established ratio of 53 1-3 per cent. of taxation to 66 2-3 per cent. of Government securities as a basis for revenue would have to be sacrificed.

Should the Senate decide to increase the War Revenue bill by the amount suggested by the House leaders, it would probably mean, one member said today, that a consumption tax would have to be resorted to. That tax would be applied to coffee, tea, sugar, condiments and like commodities, while essentials such as flour, meal, meats, fish, and vegetables would not be touched.

Senators for Consumption Tax.

Members of the Senate Committee favor a consumption tax, rather than one upon direct sales over the counter of articles of wearing apparel and other goods. The direct sales tax system, it is argued, might open the way for imposition by unscrupulous dealers.

The idea of raising any money by excess profits or war profits tax beyond that now contemplated in the War Revenue bill does not meet with the approval of the Finance Committee.

General March in his statement to the Appropriations Committee upset all calculations. The committee intended allowing only a relatively small part of the War Department appropriation in cash at this time. But General March told the committee that this would not do, that the money must be in cash, to be expended during the present fiscal year. He said that in no other way could the program of organizing ninety-eight divisions, of which eighty are to be dispatched to France, be handled. It is necessary, he explained, to provide at once for arming, clothing, equipping, and transporting this great army if success is to crown America's efforts during the coming Spring.

Best and by mail at Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C. Finest resort in the South. No invalids or children under ten.—Advt.

Allies Are Soon to Pool All Aviation Resources

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 18.—After spending several days at aviation headquarters on the American front John D. Ryan is back in Paris working with the British and French on aviation plans. He and Winston Churchill spent yesterday together and there is close co-ordination between them and the French.

Mr. Ryan's effort is in the direction of pooling resources and getting the greatest possible force to the front in the shortest possible time. Allied representatives are meeting him in the same spirit and they are getting results.

Mr. Ryan was much pleased with the showing made by our air service in the recent offensive, which he had an opportunity of observing.

SEA FORCES CALL FOR MEN IN DRAFT

Voluntary Induction Into Navy and Marine Corps, Involuntary if Necessary.

REOPEN ARMY AIR SERVICE

Men Wanted for Commissions, Also as Mechanics—Present Status of Air Program.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Provost Marshal General Crowder today announced orders to local draft boards which will permit the voluntary induction of draft registrants into the navy and Marine Corps and provide for drafts of men to be assigned to those services if voluntary inductions do not suffice to fill the demands.

Announcement was also made that the air service of the army had been reopened for candidates for commissions as pilots, bombers, observers, and balloonists, as well as for the induction of mechanics, irrespective of status in the draft, after having been closed, except for a few isolated classes, for the last six months.

Calls for men for the navy will go out before the end of this month, and Marine Corps contingents will be called within a few weeks. The order by General Crowder, quoting sections of the man-power law, which make the term military service include the navy and Marine Corps, announces that separate calls hereafter will be issued to secure men for all divisions of the service. State quotas will be allotted to fill the marine and naval requirements.

After a call has been issued, Marine Corps and navy recruiting officers may ask for the voluntary induction of men to fill the call. If the total is not secured by that method, the boards will order sufficient men forward to make up the quota. The men will be mobilized and transported in the same manner as are those of the National Army. Men responding either to the induction or call method will be counted upon the State's quota as having been furnished for the nation's military needs.

Physical qualifications are slightly higher for naval needs, and the order directs that local boards shall select no man for the navy who cannot use fully the English language and who has not a complete status as a citizen of the United States.

Special calls for men having technical or educational qualifications for the navy will also be issued from time to time. These will be filled by local boards in the same manner as army calls have been filled, with provision for voluntary induction.

Present Status of Air Service.

The War Department announcement regarding the Air Service reads:

"The fast-moving overseas of air squadrons, planes, motors, and material for American airdromes, fields, and assembly plants in France and England, together with the completion here of 29 flying fields, 1,200 de Havilland planes, 6,000 Liberty motors, the parts for the first heavy night bombers, 6,600 training planes, and 12,500 training engines has led to the necessity of increasing both the commissioned and the enlisted personnel in order to maintain full strength in this country and continue the necessary flow overseas. As a result the Air Service alone is now half as large again as the whole American Army at the outbreak of war.

"Civilians have not been given an opportunity to qualify as pilots since last March. During last Fall and early Winter a reservoir of over 6,600 prospective fliers accepted by the examining boards had been built up, and has since been gradually drawn off as room has been made for them in the aviation ground

Continued on Page Four.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. VA., The Greenbrier, Summer resort. The White American plan. Wonderful sulphur waters. H. V. Allen, The Plan.—Advt.

BULGAR FRONT CRUMBLES

Four Thousand Prisoners and Fifty Guns Captured by Allies.

GERMANS ALSO IN ROUT

Troops Sent by Berlin to Aid Hard-Pressed Allies Are Forced to Give Way.

ALLIES CONTINUE ADVANCE

Enormous War Supplies Are Found Abandoned by the Fleeing Foe.

LONDON, Sept. 18, (Associated Press.)—Bulgarian resistence on the Macedonian front is weakening, and the allied troops have advanced an average of ten miles, according to the latest reports received from Saloniki. Fifty guns have been captured.

The Bulgarians fought well when the allied attack was launched, but their resistance has become less formidable, as the Allies have moved northward.

Germans Routed With Bulgars.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—German troops sent to the Macedonian front to aid the hard-pressed Bulgarian forces have been put to flight along with the Bulgarians, says a Serbian official statement on today's operations received tonight at the Serbian Legation. The statement, which was sent from Saloniki by Colonel Peshitch, Assistant Chief of the Serbian General Staff, follows:

We have repulsed a number of violent counterattacks in the Kozlak region. The German troops which were sent to the aid of the Bulgarians have been put to flight with the latter.

We continue to advance along the whole front. The village of Gradeschnitza is in our hands. The allied troops have taken the village of Starovina.

The number of prisoners exceeds 4,000. The number of captured guns exceeds fifty. The enemy has also abandoned enormous quantities of war material.

It has been hinted in military circles for some months that this Autumn would see a major operation on the Macedonian front, and from the news of the last few days it appears that that operation has begun. While it is not possible for military reasons to give the number of men intended to participate in this movement, its object is clear: to cut off Turkey from the other Central Powers, to crush Bulgaria, and to free Serbia, Rumania and the Jugoslavs of Southern Austria.

It is no surprise to the Allies to know that the Serbs are fighting gallantly, for they are at last near their homes and are fighting for the restoration of their native land. The Bulgarians already are having trouble among themselves and with Germany, Turkey and Austria. In some quarters it is believed that when they see the fortunes of war moving against them they may desert their allies and sue for separate peace, trying to save as much of their acquired territory as they can.

French Praise Gallantry of Serbs.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—Allied forces on the Macedonian front have penetrated to a depth of nearly four and a half miles on a front of fifteen and one-half miles, and have captured 4,000 prisoners, according to an official statement issued to-night by the War Office, and of which the following is the text:

Near East, Sept. 16.—Our operations undertaken on Sept. 15 on the Macedonian front were pursued today with every success. The breach made in the enemy's lines on Sept. 15 on the front of Sokol-Dobropolje-Vetrenik was widened to the west end and to the east for a distance of more than 25 kilometers and to a depth of 7 kilometers.

West of Sokol Serbian divisions captured the enemy fortified zone between Gradeshnitza and Sokol, crossing the Gradeshnitza River, drove the enemy back in disorder on to the Razim Bay ridge, where the enemy units were bombarded by allied airplanes.

East of Vetrenik the allied forces captured the Chlem and Golo Bilo massifs and the defenses of Zborsko.

A Jugoslav division, taking advantage of their initial success, today stormed the Kosiak massif, the second enemy defensive position in this region.

The number of prisoners taken in the first two days of the operations totaled more than 4,000, including a Colonel with his staff, and more than 30 guns, numerous mine-throwers and machine guns, and a considerable quantity of material remained in our hands.

The offensive continues.

The Serbian troops are fighting with

Continued on Page Seven.

WHEN BRAIN WEARY
Take Horsford's Acid Phosphate and relieve the headache due to mental strain, worry or overwork. Non-alcoholic.—Advt.

Germans Admit We Defeated Them at St. Mihiel; One Thousand Tanks Did It, They Assert

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 18.—The Frankfurter Zeitung's correspondent telegraphs the following from the west front under date of Monday:

"The Franco-American attack at St. Mihiel is now seen to have been a carefully planned undertaking of considerable magnitude.

"The number of attacking enemy divisions is not yet known for certain, but we know that our losses in prisoners were due to the extensive use by the enemy of tanks. More than 1,000 armored cars of all sizes participated.

"One of our divisions counted in its sector alone sixty large and forty small tanks. Troops who hold out stoutly in their positions are always liable to be surrounded by this mobile arm."

AMERICANS BUILD STRONG FRONT LINE

Germans Also Make Haste in Further Fortifying Hindenburg Positions.

WORRIED BY OUR GUNFIRE

American Aviators Perform Daring Acts—One Downs Nine German Balloons.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 18.—After five days of local actions the American First Army now has a new line built in the St. Mihiel sector running parallel with the Hindenburg line at an average distance of two and a half kilometers from the German positions.

A glance at our new line through Ronvaux, Manheulles, Pintheville, St. Hilaire, Doncourt, Woel, Haumont, Jaulny, Vandieres, and south to Chambley and Norroy, in comparison with the line on Friday, shows how we have pushed ahead in these local actions, in some places three kilometers. These actions have resulted in the capture of the important points of Fresnes and Haumont.

There was something of the burlesque in the German communiqué's statement of yesterday that they had repulsed attacks at Haumont and northeast of Thiaucourt. The Americans have held Haumont for three days, and they hold the terrain for a distance of seven kilometers northeast of Thiaucourt.

Americans Build Strong Defenses.

The Germans are constructing very strong works back of the Hindenburg line, evidently fearing another American effort in this sector, while the Americans have constructed strong defenses opposite that line.

The Germans last night were busy with artillery on the towns back of our line. Thiaucourt, Woinville, Haumont, and Combres were bombarded and St. Mihiel was bombed during the night. Gas was used on Haudimont and Saulx. Our artillery replied in force, reaching towns fifteen miles behind the German lines.

The last twenty-four hours have brought no important infantry action on either side, although there have been frequent contacts by patrols in No Man's Land between our St. Mihiel line and the Hindenburg front.

The last two days have been rainy, hindering aerial activity. However, our airplanes have been far more active than those of the Germans, who appear to have withdrawn some of the squadrons which were brought to this front Friday and Saturday.

Lieutenant Luke has brought down nine German balloons in three days.

Our aerial observers report a continuation of the heavy movement behind the German lines without a concentrated movement in any particular direction.

We continue to take prisoners every day from patrols which keep

Continued on Page Two.

THE NATIONAL CITY CO.
New Office, 514 Fifth Avenue.
The National City Company offers at its new office, No. 514 Fifth Avenue, investments ranging from Thrift Stamps at 25 cents to Government, Railroad, Public Utility, and Industrial Bonds of $1,000 par value.—Advt.

BRITISH REGAIN OLD OUTPOST LINE

Drive Motley Crowd of Germans Out of Villages Lost in March Drive.

NOW FACE BIG GUN FIRE

Long-Range Weapons Sweep the Ground with Terrific Hail of High Velocities.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES, Sept. 18.—On a front of something like sixteen miles from below Gouzeaucort to Savy Wood, near St. Quentin, an attack was made by English, Scottish, Irish, and Australian troops this morning in co-operation with French battalions on the British right by Holnon Wood.

As I saw myself this morning, a considerable number of prisoners have been taken—about 3,000 were reckoned to be coming back—and the British by stubborn fighting against stiff opposition in some of the enemy's positions made good progress and scaled much of the high ground immediately west of the Hindenburg line.

On this southern part of our front several villages, including Peizières, Epehy, Templeux le Guérard, Leverguier, and Hargicourt have been the scene of fierce conflict, but these places are now in our hands, according to reports I have just received, and from one end of this line of attack to its other boundary the Germans have been forced to yield ground which they were ordered to hold at all costs in order to protect the forward positions of the Hindenburg line.

Our primary object this morning was to gain our old outpost line as it existed before last March, running along a ridge from which spurs strike down to St. Quentin Canal. The enemy had already withdrawn his artillery behind that canal and was relying mainly on long range high velocities to harass our positions and silence our batteries.

Many Long Range Guns Massed.

He is now strong in gun power for protection of the Hindenburg line, and from personal observation I can say he has a most unusual number of these long range guns, and he used them this morning to draw a line of fire across our country. He was, however, holding his outpost line, once ours as I have said, with many of the same troops who had borne the full brunt of our recent battles and suffered exceedingly, so that their spirit had been lowered to gloomy depths, while other divisions less mauled, though by no means unscathed, were being held by the German command to defend the Hindenburg line itself.

This has been the enemy's policy for some time owing to his increasing dearth of men after the allied attacks at so many parts of the line. He gives his troops no rest or support until they are thoroughly worn, when he stiffens them with material of better class. It is a merciless but, from the German point of view, necessary method. Since Aug. 8 our 4th Army, for instance, has engaged thirty-four divisions, twelve of which have been in battle for the

Continued on Page Two.

"GOOD ADVICE!"
See top of page 8.—Advt.

CLOSING IN ON ST. QUENTIN

British Four Miles from the City, French Are Only Three.

FAMOUS DEFENSES FALL

Outer Hindenburg Works Are Officially Reported Captured "in Wide Sectors."

FOE'S RESISTANCE STRONG

Victors' Advance of from 1¼ to 3 Miles Made Under Handicap of Rain.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—In co-ordinated operations on a twenty-two-mile front British and French troops have made notable advances upon the outlying defenses of St. Quentin.

The British attack was launched on a line sixteen miles in extent northwest of the city, and resulted in the capture of more than 6,000 prisoners and the occupation of ten villages and several other important enemy positions, including what Field Marshal Haig describes as "outer defenses of the Hindenburg line in wide sectors."

The advance of the British carried them across the Hindenburg line at two points—Villeret and Gouzeaucourt.

The maximum depth of the British thrust was about three miles. Fresnoy le Petit, the village which marks the nearest approach of the attack to St. Quentin, is only four miles northwest of that city.

The Germans offered a strong resistance, and the allied advance was also made under the handicap of a pouring rain.

Immediately to the right of the British, French troops attacked and pushed their lines forward a mile and a quarter on the six-mile front between Holnon and Essigny le Grand, reaching the western outskirts of Francilly-Selency [three miles west of St. Quentin] and the southern edge of Contescourt [four miles southwest of St. Quentin] in their nearest approaches to the German base.

Tonight's Paris bulletin announces the capture of a few hundred prisoners.

BERLIN, Sept. 18, (via London.)—The Germans are counterattacking against the British, who, they admit, have entered the German positions between Hargicourt and the Omignon Rivulet, according to the statement from Army Headquarters this evening.

HUGE NEW AIRPLANES SENT TO STOP BRITISH

German Machines Carry Eight Men and Drop Bombs Weighing a Ton Each.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 18, (Associated Press.)—The British troops made a powerful attack against the German lines to the west and northwest of St. Quentin today, and most important results were achieved. A deep advance into the enemy territory strengthened the already powerful grip the British have on St. Quentin, one of the most strongly fortified parts of the Hindenburg line.

To the south the French co-operated in what is likely to prove an operation of vast portent with respect to the Hindenburg defensive position.

The zone involved in the British movement lay, roughly, between Holnon, on the south, and Gouzeaucourt. Within a few hours Peizière, Templeux-le-Guérard, Epehy, Ronssoy, and Villeret were behind the advanced British forces, and bitter fighting was in progress at many other points in the forward zone.

The advance thus far recorded—in some places more than two miles—means that the British have at numerous points gained the crest of the ridge along which their old front line ran prior to the German offensive in March, and from their new positions are looking down on the Hindenburg line in the valley to the east.

Last night German airplanes were busy bombing the St. Quentin sector, and the enemy utilized a number of new

type planes of huge size. Three of these were shot down east of Péronne. They were capable of seating eight men. The most astounding thing about them, however, was that they carried bombs thirteen feet long which contained 2,000 pounds of explosives. This is by far the biggest bomb the Germans have yet produced.

Strong Enemy Barrage.

That hard fighting would be encountered in this sector was a foregone conclusion. The main enemy opposition came from machine guns and artillery. The counter-barrage which the Germans sent over in reply to the British bombardment was much more severe than the enemy had been able to provide in the recent fighting, and, as an additional new feature, the Germans maintained a heavy barrage over the back areas with high-velocity guns, which had been concentrated for the purpose.

The shelling of the back areas during an attack is to be expected, but a barrage has seldom before been attempted and then without great success.

The German infantry surrendered freely in places. In fact, in the centre of the attack, where the Australians were working, a considerable number of grey coats deliberately charged through the British barrage to give themselves up.

Today's operation cannot be considered as a major operation, as compared with recent battles. The objectives sought, however, were important, both from the defensive and offensive points of view.

The assault began at dawn. Unfortunately rain began to fall about 2 o'clock, and when the British went over the top the ground was already slimy and hard to negotiate, especially when the ridges were reached and the men had to charge up them. Tanks accompanied the troops and rendered invaluable service in the early stages of the conflict, which waxed warm from the start.

The British preliminary bombardment was brief and was followed by the customary barrage for the protection of the advancing infantry. The Germans immediately replied with a vicious fire from large numbers of guns concentrated behind the St. Quentin Canal.

Airplane observation was virtually impossible during the first hours of the fighting from either side, so that the gunners, who were shooting by map, were therefore greatly handicapped.

Epehy Taken in Flank.

On the north Pelzière and a strongly fortified sugar factory to the northeast were taken by storm after hard fighting. Epehy proved a tough nut to crack. Here the famous Alpine Corps had been brought up, and the German Army boasts no better troops than these.

It was futile to attempt a frontal attack against this place, which was fairly bristling with machine guns. The British, accordingly, worked about it to the north and south and squeezed it out. Ronssoy was carried by storm, and 100 prisoners were gleaned from the surviving garrison.

In the centre the Australians had to fight for every inch of ground they took, but they pushed steadily forward until they reached the crest of the ridge. By 8:30 o'clock the Australians had already taken a total of 500 prisoners. Most of these were Bavarians and men of the First German Reserve Division, and they appeared to be a poor class as they came straggling back disconsolately through the drizzling rain.

One of the hottest engagements took place just south of Le Verguier, where the Germans had fortified themselves in a mill. This stronghold was surrounded and 180 of the garrison were forced to surrender.

On the right flank there was equally hard fighting. Holnon had been taken yesterday as a preliminary to today's attack, and from this point the British went forward. No great advance was expected in this zone, however, as the line had already been pushed forward practically to the old positions.

TOLD TO HOLD AT ST. QUENTIN

Germans Ordered to Give Up "Not One Foot More of Ground."

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Sept. 17, (via Montreal.)—The Germans are in their defensive positions near St. Quentin, and the Fourteenth Reserve Corps has been ordered not to give up one foot more of ground. A captured document, signed by General von Morgen, dated Sept. 10 and addressed to the Fourteenth Corps says:

"Hitherto, owing to military reasons, we have allowed the British to occupy desolate enemy country. Now, however, you have taken up strong defensive positions. Not one foot more of ground is to be given up."

After exhorting the men to defend their homes, their families, and the Fatherland, the document adds:

"You are more than a match for the enemy, who only attacks with dash when accompanied by tanks. These we will destroy. I expect every man from general to junior private to do his duty in the imminent decisive battle."

General von Morgen was reported to have fled hastily in an automobile early in the British attack north of the Ancre.

DESTROY 14 GERMAN PLANES.

British Lose 11 Machines in Fierce Day's Fighting Along Front.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—Three hostile airplanes on a night bombing expedition were brought down inside the British lines last night, according to the official statement on aviation issued tonight. Fourteen enemy machines were destroyed altogether, and five others driven down out of control. The statement follows:

"After their heavy losses on the previous day enemy aircraft were less active yesterday. The weather on the British front was fine, with a strong wind.

"Our machines were at work all day carrying out reconnoissances and photography far behind the German lines; observing and reporting the effect of our artillery fire and bombing enemy airdromes, ammunition dumps and other selected targets. Eleven hostile machines were destroyed and five others driven down out of control. Ten of our machines are missing.

"At night we heavily bombed three German airdromes, where squadrons working in the battle area are located. Three large hostile night-bombing machines which came over our line were detected by our searchlight, attacked from the air, and brought down. One of our night-flying airplanes is missing. The total weight of bombs dropped by us during the twenty-four hours was 29½ tons."

ROME EXPECTS NEW BLOWS.

Gen. Corsi Thinks Foch May Attempt a Large-Scale Offensive.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Sept. 18.—General Corsi, military critic of La Tribuna, rejoices not only in the great achievements of the present western offensive, but in the possibility of real strategic successes on the whole front in France, which is now rendered possible. So far, it has been a gigantic offensive which has spread along the whole line, causing a forced, rapid and profound retreat, much exceeding expectations.

The English are getting around the first great Hindenburg line, Mangin's army is attacking the St. Gobain stronghold of the Germans, but the American and French action on the Meuse and Moselle opens still wider horizons, threatening directly not only the mineral resources of the enemy but the extremity of the Hindenburg line and yet another German defense, running south of Lille, west of Douai by the Rivers Oise and Serre, from five to ten kilometers behind the Hindenburg line.

Foch's past successes will permit him to attempt a real large scale offensive. The vigor of these achievements is a pledge of the further offensive power of the Allies, which justifies the hopes of even greater successes.

Philip Gibbs's Dispatch from the British Front.

BRITISH REGAIN OLD OUTPOST LINE

By PHILIP GIBBS.

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

second time and two for the third time.

Among those facing our men today were remnants of the 2d Guards Division, whose spirit is at low ebb after their fighting at Mont St. Quentin and Péronne, in which city they were hunted into the ramparts and routed out like rats after a savage defense.

The German Alpine Corps, who were met this morning, are the best class of troops the enemy can now muster, and they fought hard and fiercely at Lincourt and other places outside Péronne, so that, in spite of their losses, trouble was expected from them today.

The Sixth German Cavalry Division, from whom we captured many prisoners in recent days, had proved itself of much value as a dismounted force, notwithstanding the beautiful skyblue coats of the officers and their supercilious pride over their own infantry.

The 201st Division, which has come into line against us for the first time, is made up of men from East Prussia, Baden and Silesia.

The 5th Bavarian, 79th German Division, and 25th are all much tried men. To be fair to all of them, however, I must say that as far as today's fighting goes they put up a brave and stubborn defense, which has only been broken down by the determined efforts of our own men.

Capture of Holnon Village.

Down south, on the right of our line of attack, a preliminary operation was carried out yesterday by British and French troops around Holnon Wood and Savy in order to shorten the distance they wanted to go today, and our troops captured Holnon village while the French advanced half way through Savy Wood. In both cases machine gun nests remained in the village as well as in the wood, with French and British troops ahead, and these were not mopped up in our case until early this morning, while the French had some trouble in clearing their ground of this menace behind them.

No night came before the battle, which was begun at dawn today. It was a night of white magic following a strangely beautiful sunset when the sky was filled with wide wings of flame, and then, when the light faded, with wings of white down, until the stars came out into the pale blue of the sky and the moon rose, flooding all the fields with a milky radiance. There was no wind and the air was warm and the trees stood very still, darkly etched under this starlit heaven. Over the lines shells were bursting and guns firing with a scarlet glow, but behind there was peace and beauty.

Advance Made in Heavy Rain.

At 2 in the morning it began to rain a steady downpour, making the ground soft and sticky, especially where it was cut up by shell craters and chalky trenches, so that it was not good going for the tanks crawling forward from their covers, nor afterward for the men in fighting kit, who had to scramble over that slimy chalk, where there was no grip for feet, and go forward behind the creeping barrage of fire to meet their enemy and his machine guns.

That was unlucky, and the mists of dawn creeping up from the undergrowth of wood, floating in the valleys and hanging low below the rain clouds, prevented aerial observation, and I saw numbers of our planes darting about like swallows, as though distressed by this lack of vision when the battle was in progress below.

Later the weather cleared shortly after dawn, as I went over our old battlefields through the stricken city of Péronne and the villages beyond on a far journey through this land of ruin, where gaunt skeletons of trees are like gallows on the sky line and dawn breaks with its light through monstrous shell holes in houses and walls, and in the first twilight of the day there is a leprous look over all the wild litter of these fields.

We had no long preliminary bombardment before this attack. At 5:20, when our men rose and went away, it was a brief hurricane fire followed by a moving barrage, to which our troops kept close with perfect confidence. Several of them afterward told me that it was a very powerful wall of shellfire and so accurate that no shells burst short to do them harm.

The enemy retaliation by artillery was quick and not outrageously heavy, according to official views, though violent enough in the opinion of the men who had to risk it and were wounded by it. Fortunately, they were beyond its mean point of impact, to use a gunner's phrase, before the full weight of it fell. The losses were light in the first assault, if I might judge from the casualties in the field dressing stations to which our walking wounded came first.

It was significant of the end of open warfare for the time being, now that the enemy is protected by the Hindenburg line, that most of these cases had been hit by shell splinters and not by machine-gun bullets, as in recent fighting. Certainly I've seldom if ever seen so much fire from long range guns as this morning when these high velocities were bursting with high clouds of colored smoke over a wide line of country behind Le Verguier and Hargicourt. It almost amounted to a barrage, which is not generally possible with high velocities.

In the area to which I went, the splendid men of the Australian corps who had been fighting almost continuously since the end of March—when they checked the German advance on Amiens and immediately took the offensive at Hamel and Villers-Bretonnaux, and after that brilliant action began their victorious progress over a long stretch of country from which they drove the enemy to Péronne and out of it and far beyond—told me this morning that things had gone well and that they were satisfied with their morning's work.

Germans Run to Surrender.

The enemy put up a hard fight in some positions, especially at Le Verguier, which he defended by many machine guns, and at Ascension Farm beyond, and Villeret, where there was trouble in throwing him out. This struggle was maintained by groups of machine gunners who sold their lives dearly. But on other parts of the Australian front some of the German infantry started running toward our troops as soon as our barrage fire opened and actually risked its deadly barrier in order to surrender to our Australians before they reached their trenches.

Once a battalion of Australians took 180 prisoners, and at an early hour these troops of ours had well over 500 under escort. I passed batches of them down the tracks through the battlefield, looking over their shoulders at the fire behind them from which they were escaping, and crossing open country in order to avoid their own high velocities. They were muddy and dirty, and some lightly wounded, and I noticed that few wore their big steel helmets, most of the others having discarded them to walk more easily in field caps or without headgear.

They were haggard and worn-looking, and I had a sense of pity for some of those youngsters among them, who were weak and wearing big spectacles and tunics too big for their narrow chests. They were mixed in physique and class, some tall and strapping fellows walking sturdily, others puny and hobbling to keep pace; some with cleancut, healthy faces, others sallow and sickly and longbrowed and evil-looking.

Some badly wounded Germans were brought down to our advanced dressing station flying its Red Cross flag over the wreckage of the recent battlefield and laid out there on stretchers amidst our own men and attended in turn by the doctors. One German had a bayonet wound, but most of them had been hit by shellfire and were badly mauled.

Down the roads came tall Australians walking sturdily in spite of wounds and muddy after their night in the rain, but splendid to see, as these men always are, because of their strength and individual character. One of them raised a wounded hand to me and said:

"I was going back to Australia in two days' time. This will delay my trip, but it's luck all the same. Life is sweet."

The Australian gunners were moving forward with more batteries and ammunition transport, and little groups of mounted men rode about the field behind the fighting line, making a fine picture as they were silhoutted on the skyline above these wide desolate fields of thistles and rank corn growing amidst shell craters and sandbag emplacements and upheaved gunpits.

Further north, where the English troops are fighting, there was very hard resistance and the enemy struggled for a long time at Templeux le Guérard, where fifty prisoners were taken, and at Ronssoy, where 100 surrendered after a stubborn defense.

At Ephev there was most trouble, and the fire of the German machine guns kept our men at bay so that they tried to get around the village from the north, but even then could not cut it off owing to the sweep of fire from its redoubts. Firing still seems to be in progress there. This was where most resistance was expected by us, for the German Alpine Corps garrisoned the place and, as I have said, they are good troops, who are not likely to yield without a hard fight.

Hargicourt was another storm centre, but our troops are around about it and have made good progress in its neighborhood.

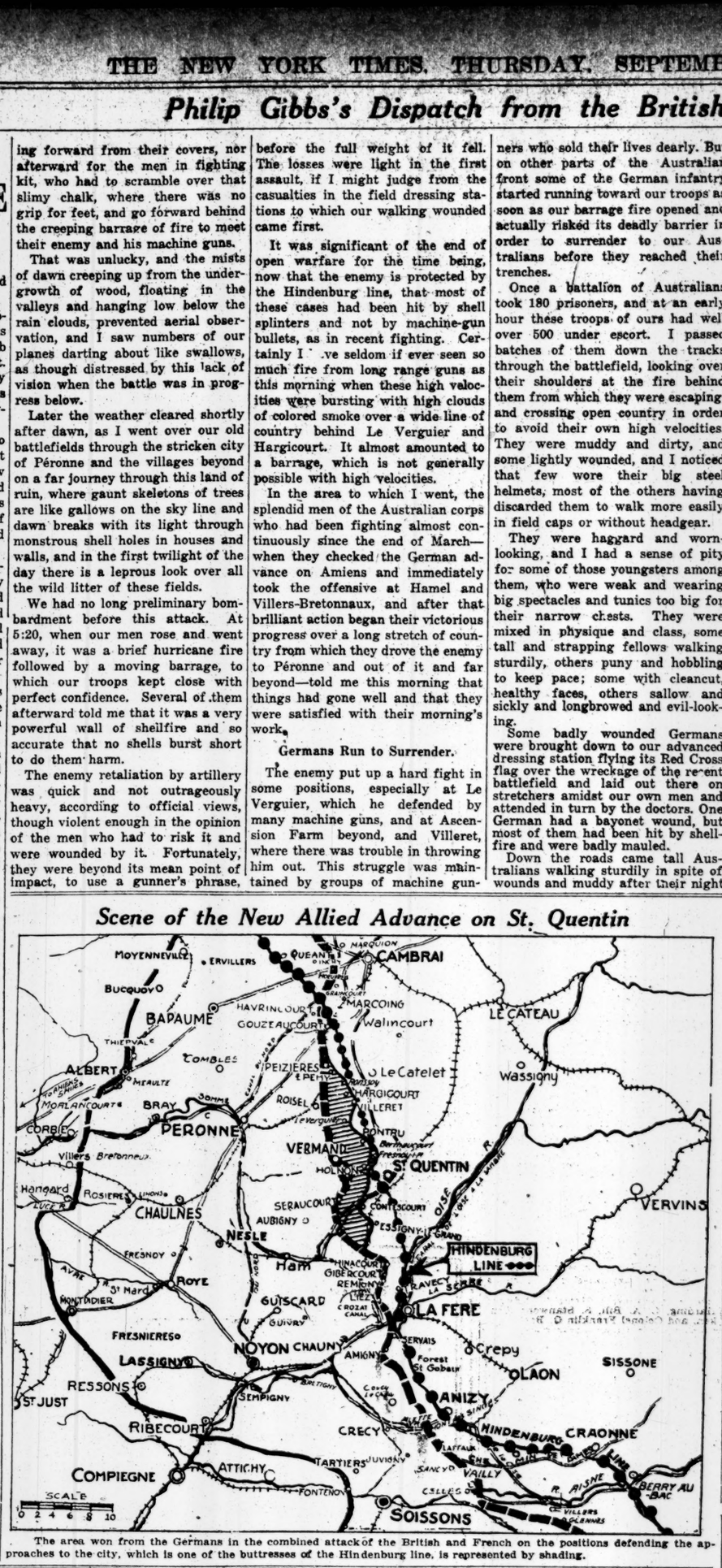
Further north they are reported to be in the beetroot factory south of Villers Guislan.

Turning to the south part of the line, it now seems that Fresnoy has been captured by the British troops, but the position is obscure at Pontru, where other bodies are engaged, and the French on the right have not yet advanced very far after their gallant progress yesterday.

It is too soon yet to sum up the result of the day's fighting, because it is difficult to get exact news, owing to bad observation from the airplanes and the state of the ground, but there is no doubt that, in spite of the strong and obstinate defense of some divisions of Germans, obeying a stern command to hold the British back from approach to the Hindenburg line at whatever price in blood because of the enormous importance of these positions to the fate of the whole German army and the prestige of their race, the British made substantial gains today and the total of prisoners, now about 3,000, is in itself good proof of success. The loss of Moeuvres, which the enemy attacked yesterday after violent gunfire extending from that place to Havrincourt, is unfortunate, but doubtless it will be retaken before long.

Meanwhile, as I end this message, it has begun to rain again. That will not help the British, but one comfort in it is that it may prevent night bombing over their lines. Lately the enemy has been flying giant planes by night—monsters which carry a crew of eight men and bombs containing 2,000 pounds of explosives. During the past week the British have destroyed several of these. They have come crashing down alight and are but heaps of ashes on the earth, but the British have four of their monster bombs, which are thirteen feet long and larger than anything yet seen in aerial warfare.

Scene of the New Allied Advance on St. Quentin



The area won from the Germans in the combined attack of the British and French on the positions defending the approaches to the city, which is one of the buttresses of the Hindenburg line, is represented by shading.

DROP 13 TONS OF BOMBS ON DOCKS AT BRUGES

LONDON, Sept. 18.—British army and navy aviators in the last forty-eight hours have dropped thirteen tons of bombs on the docks at Bruges and a German airdrome in Belgium, says an official statement from the Admiralty today. In air fighting eleven German airplanes were destroyed.

Five enemy seaplanes which approached the east coast of England were driven off by four British machines, one enemy machine being destroyed. The statement reads:

"During the last forty-eight hours Royal Air Force contingents working with the navy have dropped thirteen tons of bombs on the docks at Bruges and on the Maria Alter airdrome. Eleven enemy machines and a kite balloon were destroyed, and seven machines driven down out of control. Four of our machines are missing.

"A formation of five enemy seaplanes approaching the east coast was met and engaged by two seaplanes and two airplanes. One German machine was destroyed, the others retiring eastward."

AMERICANS BUILD STRONG FRONT LINE

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

in contact with our front lines. The morale of the captured Germans is not high.

American Airmen Active.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE LORRAINE FRONT, Sept. 18, (Associated Press.)—American aviators have performed many feats of daring and endurance the last few days.

One of the most trying experiences was that of Lieutenant Snyder, of a reconnoissance group, who flew with another officer over the enemy lines at a height of less than 1,000 meters in a rainstorm. They remained in enemy territory more than two hours, always flying at a low altitude. They penetrated a distance of thirty-three miles and brought back much valuable information. Although they were repeatedly fired at by anti-aircraft guns and passed through several rainstorms, they returned safely.

Three enemy balloons were destroyed last night by Lieutenant F. Luke, Jr., of Phoenix, Ariz., on a flight over the German lines. This makes his total nine balloons in three days.

With Lieutenant J. F. Whener of Everett, Mass., Lieutenant Luke left his airdrome at dusk and crossed the line. Within thirty-five minutes the American aviators had completed their work of destruction, and the flames could be seen from the American airdrome.

One other balloon was destroyed yesterday, and three more are believed to have been shot down, but the reports have not been confirmed. Bad weather prevented bombing, however, and the only observation possible was the adjustment of artillery fire.

German infantry attempted to attack the American lines west of the Moselle on Tuesday evening, but the enemy troops were driven back by the fire of the American artillery. When observers reported that a light line of German infantrymen was approaching the American big guns threw a terrific barrage into that area. There were no further movements by the enemy.

Aviators reported this morning that there were no living Germans in the region where they were sighted last night. A number of dead, however, were seen.

In the artillery exchange of Tuesday the American gunners held the upper hand, destroying German ammunition dumps near La Chaussée, in addition to a big gun, and making direct hits on the railroad near Chambley. A number of box cars also were destroyed by direct hits near Chambley.

Tuesday night the Germans threw 800 shells into the regions around Xammes, Beney, and Château St. Benoit.

German aviation machine gunners and bombers attacked what they supposed to be the American positions in the region to the west of Vandières last night. The mist and low clouds, however, prevented them from finding their targets. The Germans themselves were located and driven back by anti-aircraft fire.

The flying machine gunners dropped near the ground at several places in their determination to find the American troops, but the weather conditions were too much for them. The bombers flew at a higher altitude, but they, too, were hampered by the weather and possibly by misinformation as to the American positions, and wasted numbers of bombs.

Owing to the effectiveness of the American and French anti-aircraft fire a number of the German machines were hit, the observers reported. When last seen the crippled planes were returning hastily to their own lines.

Official Reports of the Day's Operations

British

LONDON, Sept. 18.

Night Report—At 5:30 o'clock this morning the troops of the Third and Fourth British Armies attacked with complete success on a front of about sixteen miles from the neighborhood of Holnon to Gouzeaucourt. On the whole of this front our troops, advancing in heavy storms of rain, carried the enemy's positions by assault.

Sweeping over the old British trench systems of March, 1918, they reached and captured the outer defenses of the Hindenburg line in wide sectors.

On our right, divisions composed of English and Scottish troops captured Fresnoy-le-Petit, Berthaucourt, and Pontru, meeting with and overcoming strong hostile resistance, particularly on the extreme right of our attack.

In the right centre two Australian divisions captured the villages of Le Verguier, Villeret, and Hargicourt. Pushing forward with great determination, they established themselves in the old German advanced positions west and southwest of Bellicourt, having penetrated the enemy's defenses to a depth of three miles.

In the left centre the 74th Yeomanry Division and other divisions composed of East County and London troops captured Templeux-le-Guérard, Ronssoy, Epehy, and Peizière, also penetrating to a great depth.

North of Peizière the 21st Division attacked over the northern portion of the sector defended by it with so much gallantry on the 21st and 22d of March. Having captured its old front trenches, together with the strong point known as Vaucelette Farm, and beaten off a hostile counterattack, it pushed forward for more than a mile beyond this line, capturing several hundred prisoners and a German battery complete, with its teams, in the course of its advance.

On the left of our attack, other English and Welsh troops carried the remainder of the high ground south of Gouzeaucourt, reaching the outskirts of Villers-Guislain and capturing Gauche Wood.

Over 6,000 prisoners and a number of guns have been captured by our troops in the course of these successful operations.

Day Report—As a result of our operations yesterday on the southern portion of the battlefront we gained possession of Holnon village, with several prisoners.

This morning our troops attacked northwest of St. Quentin.

Yesterday evening the enemy attacked at Moeuvres under cover of a heavy artillery barrage and pressed our troops back to the western outskirts of the village.

By a successful local operation carried out during the night we advanced our line slightly immediately south of the La Bassée Canal.

French

PARIS, Sept. 18.

Night Report—Our troops, co-operating with the British, made progress west of St. Quentin. We advanced our lines two kilometers [about 2¼ miles] between Holnon and Essigny-le-Grand on a front of ten kilometers.

We reached the western outskirts of Francilly-Selency and captured Savy Wood and Fontaine-les-Clercs. We hold the southern outskirts of Contescourt. We have taken several hundred prisoners in this operation.

We made progress to the west of Jouy [northeast of Soissons.] The enemy strongly counterattacked on the plateau to the east of Allemant. We drove him back and gained more ground, taking 130 prisoners.

Day Report—South of the River Oise there was artillery activity throughout the night.

Violent counterattacks by the enemy in the region of the plateau northeast of Sancy obtained no result. The French troops maintained their gains.

In Champagne and in Lorraine we executed a number of raids on the German positions and made prisoners.

German

BERLIN, (via London,) Sept. 18.

Night Report—Anglo-French attacks were carried out on a wide front from Havrincourt Wood to the Somme. Counterattacks are now progressing against our enemies, who penetrated in the centre of the battlefield between Hargicourt and the Omignon rivulet.

On the rest of the front enemy attacks failed. We are fighting everywhere west of our old Siegfried positions.

Day Report—Enemy thrusts near Ypres, repeated several times, and enemy partial attacks on both sides of the La Bassée Canal, were repulsed.

Attempts made by the enemy to work his way forward toward our lines north of the Holnon Forest, as well as partial attacks against Holnon and Essigny-le-Grand failed.

Between the Ailette and the Aisne the French continued their attacks. In the forenoon they pressed forward between Vauxaillon and Allemant and during the afternoon, after the strongest fire on the whole front, they made a thrust with strong forces in the region south of the Laffaux-Chavignon road. The enemy temporarily penetrated our lines, but was driven back by a counterthrust.

Enemy attacks directed against the remainder of this front failed before our lines.

There were minor reconnoitring engagements on the Lorraine front and in the Sundgau.

GLOBE SPRINKLERS
FIREMEN EVERY TEN FEET

Did your plant help make this record?

The National Fire Protection Association states that from 1897 to 1917, out of 18,795 fires in sprinkler equipped buildings, 69.4% were extinguished by sprinklers and 33.1% held in check. 95.5% assurance against fire.

Many of these plants installed Globe Sprinklers and paid for them out of insurance premium reductions.

GLOBE AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER CO.
Singer Building Cortlandt 6790

The tender heart of the American soldier. Beautiful rotogravure illustrations showing his affection for homeless French refugee children. Mid-Week Pictorial for the current week. Ten cents at all news stands.—Advt.

Every Night

The New Version of
CHURCHILL'S CABARET
Is Presented at 7:15 & 11:15

Featuring brilliant artists in clever numbers, the new entertainment adds a pleasure to dinner and supper not offered elsewhere.

Special Dinner, $1.65
DANCING ON THE MAIN FLOOR

Unquestionably the world's most famous restaurant, Churchill's remarkable popularity is a visible tribute to the superiority of its *Cuisine* and *Entertainment*.

Luncheon and Afternoon Tea, With Dancing

CHURCHILL'S
"More Than a Restaurant—A Broadway Institution"
At 49th Street

BUSINESS HOURS—9 A. M. to 6 P. M. Daily

FRANKLIN SIMON

Men's Banister Shoes

America's finest shoe of the coveted "A" Grade

$9.50

THE BANISTER SHOE has for years been recognized as the finest of all shoes that are produced. Its quality has kept pace with its reputation. Year by year it is better known and a better shoe! And this season, when the high cost of leather is impairing the quality of so many shoes, the Banister Shoe stands forth as an example of the Quality that never Quits!

"A" Grade Banister Shoes
in models of our own designing

Same quality as last season and at the same prices

Men's Banister Shoes . . . $9.50
In mahogany, black, tan and Ko-Ko calf, or patent leather.

Men's Banister Shoes . . . $11.00
In the above leathers with contrasting buckskin tops, or with fancy tips; or in all cordovan.

Men's Shoe Shop—2 West 38th Street
Separate Shop on Street Level

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE

PEACE PLANS LAID WHEN KAISERS MET

Two Emperors Said to Have Decided on the Drive at Great Headquarters in August.

NO SURPRISE TO FRENCH

Paris Has Learned to Expect Overtures Whenever the Foe Is Meeting Reverses.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 18.—The Austrian peace suggestion is the culminating point in a plan first devised at the four-day meeting of the German and Austrian Emperors beginning on Aug. 14 at the German General Headquarters. That conference, it will be remembered, was for the ostensible purpose of discussing the Polish-Russian situation. No doubt both these matters were considered, but the real purpose of the conference of the Emperors, it is now known, was to arrange for leading Austria to help the Germans and to fix up plans for a cry for peace in such a manner that it would not appear that Germany was a party to it.

But the attempts now of the Austrian Government in assuming sole responsibility fool nobody in France. The recent actual transfer of Austrian troops to the west front is cited as one of many proofs that the two Governments are in full accord, no matter how far apart the people may be. If Austrian divisions had not been lent, Austria would be in a better position to carry out the bluff that she is manoeuvring peace regardless of the Germans' wishes in the matter.

It may also be said on authority that the present peace offensive plans included an attempt to approach the Allies individually with a proposition of a separate peace. The Austrian note to all belligerents in common is in part intended as a blind to cover attempts at separate action which the Central Powers do not yet seem to realize. Needless to say, however, the futility of the general proposition which Austria puts out openly is just as complete as that of any hidden efforts to separate the Allies. It gets no response whatever, aside from the decision, in French public opinion that is worth considering or that has any weight.

Marked by Air Raid on Paris.

With reference to the effect of the peace plan on the minds of the people, it is significant to state that the offer from Vienna reached Paris almost simultaneously with the German air raiders, who attempted to bomb the city last night for the first time in months. No such raid was at all necessary to put the finishing touches on French hatred for Germany and determination to defeat her. Only Germany herself seems not to know that dropping a few bombs can never scare Paris into being willing to accept an offer such as Austria now puts forth.

What form the official response may take, if any, has not been decided. It may not be a reply at all. The offer may be ignored altogether. On the other hand, it may be a joint reply from all the Allies acting in a certain concert, or they may reject the offer in separate notes, after conference, to assure unanimity in form as well as in spirit.

Not a particle of surprise was caused in France by the offer. It had been entirely discounted by all the preliminary moves arranged by the Emperors, including the utterances of Burian, Solf, von Payer, and the speech of the Kaiser himself at Essen. These various speeches were as sure an indication of the coming formal suggestion as artillery preparation is a signal for an infantry attack. In addition to these peace barrage details, there is in general principle the axiom that Germany always cries for peace, or gets her agents to do it for her, when she anticipates trouble.

The only difference this time is that the trouble came so suddenly it got ahead of the cry of peace. For example, the Berlin peace offer of December, 1916, was in anticipation of a big allied offensive which Germany knew of in advance and feared. The German peace suggestion of August, 1917, was in anticipation of what Berlin then feared Kerensky could do with the Russian offensive. But this time the trouble was not anticipated.

No Thought of Peace.

There was no thought of peace suggestions in the minds of the German General Staff in the middle of last July, when they were approaching Paris and the Channel forts. They were confident then that they could win the war before the Americans were effective. So the lightning change in the situation between July 15, when the Germans began their last advance, and July 18, when the present unbroken series of allied victories began, left no interval to the enemy to talk peace before their troubles began.

It was about three weeks later, when military troubles were piling mountain high and all hope of winning before America got in had vanished, that the two Emperors got together at German General Headquarters to lay the foundations for the present peace manoeuvre. And to save his face and avoid trying for peace when he was being driven steadily back, William insisted that the formal suggestion should come from Karl.

Now that it has come it amounts to nothing more than an excuse for the Central Powers' rulers to say to their disgusted people that they have tried again to stop the war. It is not necessary for the Allies to get German delegates to some neutral city to learn Germany's idea of peace, according to opinion here. Von Payer has just stated that idea in its latest form and it is impossible.

CLEMENCEAU FIRM FOR SUPREME VICTORY

Premier Tells the French Senate That Nation Demands a Strong and Just Peace.

PARIS, Sept. 18.—"We will fight until the hour when the enemy comes to understand that bargaining between crime and right is no longer possible," Premier Clemenceau declared in an eloquent address in the Senate last evening. "We want a just and a strong peace, protecting the future against the abominations of the past."

The Premier, who was enthusiastically greeted as he took the tribune, received an ovation as he concluded, and the Senate voted that his address should be posted throughout the country.

In beginning, M. Clemenceau spoke of the gratitude the people of the allied nations feel toward those marvelous soldiers of the Entente" by whom those nations would "at last be liberated from the barbarian menace." He recalled the threatening attitude of Germany toward pacific France, which had endured for a half century, "the infamous wounds, brutalities and tyrannies of an enemy who would not forgive us for having saved from the wreck the consciousness of right and our indefeasible claims to independence." He pointed out how, without the slightest pretext, Germany hurled herself on French territory, devastated the fields of France, burned and pillaged her towns and villages and enslaved her men, women and children.

"The enemy thought that victory would cause all this to be pardoned," the Premier continued, "but fortune has changed. The day of glory has come. Our sons are completing the formidable task of their fathers, and with brotherly nations are securing a supreme victory. All right-minded humanity is with our troops, who are liberating the nations from the furor of evil force."

The Paris newspapers treat Premier Clemenceau's speech as in effect a reply to the Austro-Hungarian peace note, coupling it with that of Arthur J. Balfour, the British Foreign Secretary. They declare that the responses which President Wilson, Secretary Balfour and Premier Clemenceau have made show them in agreement on the question and as unwilling to permit a dicussion of a peace which would dissipate the storm driving against the Central Powers.

CALLS ON GERMANS TO HOLD OUT TO WIN

Berlin Government Seeks by Posters to Flag the Failing War Spirit.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Sept. 18.—Reports from Germany show that the German Government for some time past has plastered posters in towns to fan the lagging war spirit of the people. One of the most recent posters of this kind reads:

"German citizens! We gave the enemy a good beating in the Spring! Much more than he will admit, he knows that he cannot beat us, and that, therefore, we have won. So hold out a little longer, German citizens! Our enemies are weak and tired of war, and will soon give in. For the sake of the Fatherland hold on longer and Germany will have won the war in spite of what the enemies say."

This shows that the German Government has no intention of making a peace without victory if it can prevent it; and that they have determined to make another military attempt.

The Hague is heavily patroled by police and troops tonight for the eventuality of food riots.

Cars Built for Germany Go to France

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 18.—Three hundred steel coal cars, which Secret Service officials say were built by the Orenstein-Arthur Koppel Company for secret shipment to Germany by way of Mexico, will be sent to France for use in coal fields recaptured by the Allies, according to an announcement here today. The Orenstein-Arthur Koppel Company's plant near here was sold at auction last week by A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Enemy Property Custodian, to the Pressed Steel Car Company, which will build 2,000 more cars for the Allies.

URGE WILSON TERMS AT LABOR CONGRESS

American Delegates Call for Indorsement of President's Full Peace Program.

PLANS FOR THE FUTURE

Direct Participation of Labor Representatives in Peace Settlement Conference Proposed.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—The American delegates to the Inter-Allied Labor and Socialist Conference today presented proposals that the conference indorse the fourteen points laid down by President Wilson as the conditions on which peace may be established and maintained.

The American proposals declare "it to be our unqualified determination to do all that lies in our power to assist our allied countries in marshaling all their resources to the end that the armed forces of the Central Powers may be driven from the soil of the nations which they have invaded and now occupy and that these armed forces shall be opposed so long as they carry out orders and respond to the control of the militaristic and autocratic governments of the Central Powers which now threaten the existence of all self-governing people."

The fundamental principles which must underlie the peace treaty are declared by the American delegates to be as follows:

"A league of the free peoples of the world in a common covenant for genuine and practical co-operation to secure justice, and therefore peace, in the relations between the nations.

"No political or economic restrictions meant to benefit some nations and cripple or embarrass others.

"No indemnities or reprisals based upon vindictive purposes or a deliberate desire to injure, but to right manifest wrongs.

"The recognition of the rights of small nations and the principle that 'no people must be forced under a sovereignty under which it does not wish to live.'

"No territorial changes or adjustment of power except in the furtherance of the welfare of the peoples affected and in the furtherance of world peace."

The proposals assert that the following basic principles should also be incorporated in the treaty of peace:

"In law and in practice the principle shall be recognized that the labor of a human being is not a commodity or an article of commerce.

"Involuntary servitude shall not exist except as punishment for crime for which the party shall have been duly convicted.

"The right of free association, free assemblage, free speech, and free press shall not be abridged.

"Seamen of the merchant marine shall be guaranteed the right to leave their vessels when they are in a safe harbor.

"No article or commodity shall be shipped or delivered in international commerce in the production of which children under 16 years of age have been employed or permitted to work.

"The basic work day in industry and commerce shall not exceed eight hours.

"Trial by jury shall be established."

The American proposals favor a world labor congress at the same time and place as the peace conference, and also direct official representation of workers in the official delegations of each of the belligerents formulating the peace treaty.

In an address to Congress on last Jan. 8 President Wilson outlined fourteen points as comprising the American program for world peace. The points were:

Open covenants of peace.

Freedom of navigation upon the seas.

Establishment of equal trade conditions among nations consenting to the peace.

Reduction of armaments.

Impartial adjustment of colonial claims.

The evacuation of all Russian territory and the erection of Russia into a free nation.

The evacuation and restoration of Belgium.

The surrender of all French territory and the wrong of Alsace-Lorraine to be righted.

Readjustment of the frontiers of Italy.

The peoples of Austria-Hungary to have the freest opportunity of autonomous development.

Rumania, Serbia, and Montenegro to be evacuated and restored.

Nationalities under Turkish rule to be assured security of life, and the Dardanelles to be free.

An independent Polish State to be erected with access to the sea.

A general association of nations to be formed to afford mutual guarantees of political independence and territorial integrity.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Sept. 18.—Commenting on Gompers's visit to the London Labor Conference, Vorwärts asserts that Gompers has now perceived that the conference may set in motion a more important political factor than America has ever dreamed of. Gompers's Americanism will have to be reckoned with, this paper concludes.

BELGIUM TO REJECT GERMAN PEACE BID

Government Decides to Refuse It "Without Elaboration," Paris Hears.

PARIS, Sept. 18.—The Belgian Government, after consultation with the Allies, according to the Petit Parisien, has decided to refuse without elaboration the reported offer of a separate peace made by Germany.

An Amsterdam dispatch Tuesday said that dispatches received from Berlin declared that nothing was known in competent circles in Berlin regarding the reported separate peace proposal to Belgium.

Information was received in London on Sunday night to the effect that Germany had made an offer to Belgium. The terms included the provisions that Belgium should remain neutral until the end of the war; that Belgium should use her good offices to secure the return of the German colonies, and that the pre-war commercial treaties shall again be put into operation. The proposal contained no admission that Germany had wronged Belgium nor anything concerning reparation or indemnities.

SECURITY LEAGUE APPROVES

Executive Committee Thanks Wilson for His Reply to Austria.

The Executive Committee of the National Security League adopted a resolution expressing its gratitude to President Wilson for his "prompt and emphatic rejection of the hypocritical note of Austria."

The committee also adopted a resolution instructing all of the branches of the league to use every effort to further the success of the Fourth Liberty Loan. Colonel Charles E. Lydecker, President of the league, who presided at the meeting, appointed the following committee to carry this resolution into effect: Alexander J. Hemphill, Edward Harding, C. A. Bill, S. Stanwood Menken, and Colonel Franklin Q. Brown.

PRESIDENT'S REPLY CHEERS OUR army

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

dent Wilson's reply to Austria-Hungary's peace note, its attitude might be characterized as one of grim approval.

The report of the Austrian suggestion that a peace conference be held circulated rapidly yesterday from headquarters far in the rear to the front line trenches and the officers and men alike expressed the belief that none of the allied Governments, certainly not theirs, would yield to what they regarded as a trick of the Central Powers to gain time.

As the news of President Wilson's brief answer moved steadily toward the outposts and was passed on by one soldier to another, there was a feeling of relief among the officers of high rank and an air of satisfaction among the enlisted men. The attitude of the soldiers, often repeated, was:

"Sure, he won't. The Kaiser can't put over anything like that on him."

The American Army, as yet only slightly scarred by war, has all the enthusiasm which characterizes all armies at the beginnning of hostilities. The Americans want Germany to be defeated.

The Austrian prisoners in the hands of the Americans appear to realize the danger to them of the constantly increasing American army and are not inclined to underestimate the menace that goes with the enthusiasm borne of a victory so easily bought as was that in the St. Mihiel salient. The Austrians continue to insist that the peace offer was not a trick of Germany's, but that it should be attributed solely to Austria's determination to get out of what her people regard as a bad bargain.

Whatever the motive behind the enemy move, there is no doubt that the American soldier would be disappointed if peace were made at present unless it were based virtually on unconditional surrender.

SEE CHANCE TO SPLIT AUSTRIA FROM ALLY

Allies Can Now Win, Say French Soldiers, But a Keen Reply Might Help Demoralize Foe.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 18.—"The best reply to the enemy peace offensive will be made on the battlefield," said a French officer today.

That sentence sums up the attitude of all the soldiers with whom THE TIMES correspondent discussed the subject.

Whatever may be the viewpoint of the civilians at home, the army realizes that the German military machine is cracking and, fortified by that knowledge, refuses to accept the possibility that the enemy may avoid by negotiation the just punishment which is drawing hourly nearer.

The American victory has convinced every one that a successful military decision can be reached by the Allies. The last few doubters, (and there never had been many pessimists in the French Army,) who shook their heads over the "lack of training of the American troops," have changed their tone, and now agree that our army in France is already one of the best trumps in Foch's hand, instead of waiting till next year, as they had formerly suggested.

At the same time it is widely felt that the Austrian proposal will receive serious consideration, and, if possible, a collective reply made which will bring home to the Hapsburg sovereign and his people the full danger of their continued identification with Germany and the German interests.

While many hold the opinion that Austria's cunning trap was really laid by Germany, those who possess more extensive knowledge of the European situation before and during the war insist on three factors which controvert such a sweeping judgment.

The first is the nature of the Austro-German association, wherein Austrian ambitions eastward, combined with Hungarian hatred of Russia, made the double monarchy a willing ally of the Kaiser, posing as a Teutonic bbarrier against the Slav flood. Russia's downfall has removed that bugbear effectually.

Secondly, Austria was originally forced in the alliance by Bismarck as a result of military defeat. The Germans have never been popular in Austria and especially under the new Emperor there already have been instances or restiveness against the German yoke and signs of a tendency to break away.

Finally from a military, political and economic standpoint Austria's condition is desperate. Revolution threatens evermore. Wide regions are under martial law, menaced by bands of brigands and deserters. No help can be expected from Germany, who, on the contrary, is demanding that Austrian troops be sacrificed in France.

And for the first time the German Army is so weakened as to be unable to take active steps to repress the unpalatable show of independence by her Austrian ally.

In short, it suggests that the Allies, while steadfastly refusing to be drawn into any kind of conference, should, nevertheless, leave an open loophole through which not only Austria, but even Turkey and Bulgaria might, if possible, be detached from the Teuton confederation.

RUMOR OF PEACE DRIVE WHEN REICHSTAG OPENS

Majority Leaders Said to be Drafting a Resolution with Hertling's Aid.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—It is rumored in Berlin that when the Reichstag meets there will be another peace demonstration similar to that of July, 1917, according to an Amsterdam dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

It is said that the terms of a peace resolution are now being drafted by the majority leaders in consultation with the Imperial Chancellor. The Reichstag will convene on Nov. 5.

Rutgers Opens as War College.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Sept. 18.—Rutgers College opened its one hundred and fifty-third year this morning as a war college with an enrollment of 500 students, 275 of whom are members of the freshman class. The college has already been placed on a war basis, with the required number of hours of military drill and special war courses.

ADVERTISEMENT.

FORCE

Mental and *physical*—to the utmost—that's what we need now.

Your capacity to *do* depends on your "Human Machine"—see to it that that greatest of all engines, your Heart, is running perfectly. Be sure that it will make the hill—and carry through—*strong*.

Rest—and an intelligent going over of your vital machinery is a patriotic necessity. Don't *think* you are all right—KNOW IT

And, in this connection—

THE GLEN SPRINGS
The Pioneer American "Cure" For Heart Disorders
WATKINS GLEN NEW YORK
Wm. F. Leffingwell, Pres.

$8 For The Head-Liner In Autumn Alpines

THE manufacturer surely had $10 in mind when he designed this Soft Hat I'm selling at $8. Twinkling of nap, it's a "star" that outshines any value I've seen.

Silky-soft in fur; astonishingly light of heft; comfortable to the head as your own hair, good-looking as Douglas Fairbanks.

Trimmed with a highly polished Genuine Russia Leather Sweat-Band. Ribboned with a Pure Gros-Grain Silk Band. Lined with Brilliant Satin, stamped in Gold.

Colors—Seal Brown and the new Italian Green.

John David Soft Hats, $4, $5, $6, $7.

Velour Hats, made in U. S. A., $7.50 and $10.

JOHN DAVID
Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes
Broadway at 32nd Street

Business Hours—9 a. m. to 6 p. m. daily

In The Franklin Simon Men's Furnishings Shop

Field Comforts
For the Men in Service
From a wrist watch to a suit of armor

REMEMBER that more comfort for him means more discomfort for the Hun. There are a lot of things he needs and won't ask for, being a military man and not given to complaining. We aim to carry about everything there is in the shape of military requisites and furnishings, and the following items are only a few of a hundred and one comforts that a boy wants with him Over There:

Bedding Roll	$14.00
Mattress and Combination Sleeping Bag, made of Kapok Fiber, to fit into Bedding Roll	13.50
Folding Cot, to fit into Bedding Roll	5.00
Folding Chair, also to fit into Bedding Roll	2.75
Overseas Cap, made of Serge or Whipcord	3.50
O. D. Blankets	12.50
Compasses $2.50, $3.50 and	4.50
Waltham Wrist Watches, $20.00 and	30.00
Liberty Belt, Regulation	10.00
Flashlight (Daylo)	2.05
Comfort Kit (especially designed for overseas service)	7.50
Life-Saving Belt (Made of Rubber and Compressed Air Cylinder)	6.50
Bullet-Proof Body Armor	25.00

Men's Furnishings Shop—4 West 38th Street
Separate Shop on Street Level

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE

Business Hours—9 a. m. to 6 p. m. Daily

FRANKLIN SIMON
HAND-TAILORED
Pure Worsted O. D. Serge
UNIFORMS
for Officers
$35.00
Which is Actual Cost!

OBVIOUSLY, we lose money on every uniform we sell, but we would rather lose the money than lose the opportunity of rendering a genuine service to officers in the American Army. There are no uniforms in New York like these at a price like this and that is all there is to it.

No charge for necessary alterations

Also at Cost!
Officers' Regulation Winter Army Overcoats
of O. D. Melton
$20 $30 $40 $45

Officers' Doughboy Footwear
Endorsed by Six U. S. Major Generals over their signatures

Doughboy Riding Boots	$28 to $32
Doughboy Moccasin Trench Boots	20
Doughboy Oil Grain Trench Boots	25
Doughboy Cordovan or Calf Dress Shoes	12
Doughboy Service or Garrison Shoes	9.50 and 11.50
Doughboy Puttees	9.50 to 16.00

New York Headquarters for Doughboy Footgear

Men's Shops—2 to 8 West 38th Street
Separate Shops on Street Level

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE

Early Autumn Overcoats

THE LOW PRICE OF
$25
SURPRISES EVEN US

WE present this morning a limited number of gallantly-styled Overcoats of engaging comfort for an Autumn day such as this.

GROUP 1
Knitted Cloths in vario-forms of Gray and Green with a slight surface heather on them. Through-buttons and patch pockets identifies the model further.

GROUP 2
Silk lined Oxfords—the silk lining extending to and including the peak lapel—with a slight in-at-the-waist trimness. Beautifully tailored and handsomely fabricked.

GROUP 3
Roughish Cheviots—among them are Bonnie Mixtures, Oxfords, Light Grays and Browns—jauntily styled with liberal patch pockets. These models are skeleton-lined and, of course, button-through.

We Repeat: The Low Price of $25 Surprises Even Us

Saks & Company
BROADWAY *At 34th* STREET

Do you need help in your financial plans?

Under existing conditions, making his financial plans and arrangements is one of the most difficult tasks confronting the business man. He cannot be too well advised, and if he has established banking relations with a strong, service-giving institution like the Bankers Trust Company, and has put himself into a position where he can draw upon its accumulated business knowledge and experience, he is especially fortunate.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY
Member Federal Reserve System
Downtown Office: 16 Wall Street
Astor Trust Office: Fifth Ave. at 42nd St.

MISSION GARDEN TEA
For Sale by Grocers
55c per Pound

America's part in the second battle of the Marne. The story as told by special correspondents with the American and French army. Current History Magazine for September—25 cents a copy.—Advt.

LIEUT. CHAS. D. BAKER IS REPORTED KILLED

Son of Stephen Baker, New York Banker, Won Cross for Bravery Under Fire.

HEATH E. NOBLE SUCCUMBS

Wounds Fatal to Young Lieutenant, Whose Father and Brother Are Also Serving.

Lieut. Charles D. Baker, son of Stephen Baker, President of the Bank of the Manhattan Company, 40 Wall Street, has been reported killed in action, it was learned yesterday, although his name has not yet appeared in the casualty lists. When last reported he was serving with the 165th Infantry.

The Lieutenant was graduated at Princeton in 1913 and entered the employ of the Bankers Trust Company. He joined Squadron A in 1915 and went with it to the border, returning a Sergeant in 1917. He was then commissioned a First Lieutenant, but left the 69th when the regiment was at Camp Mills to go South and arrange for the transportation of 1,600 horses and mules. When his ship left a Southern port he was the highest ranking military officer abroad, and as such was responsible for the welfare of every soldier abroad. The vessel missed its convoy, and when midocean was reached it was found that enemy agents had loosened rivets, so that the transport was in danger of going down with all on board.

On this occasion the coolness of Lieutenant Baker and the care he took of his men attracted the notice of the ship's crew and when he went ashore the entire crew gave him round after round of cheers. He joined his regiment at once, and on May 8 he received the War Cross for "bravery and presence of mind under fire in the trenches." For three days Lieutenant Baker, his eardrum burst by a shell and in agony, refused to leave his men in the trench and kept up their morale by constant encouragement.

Lieut. Heath E. Noble of Company I, 168th Infantry, was cited for bravery two days after he died from wounds on July 20. He was 22 years old, and with his father and brother had long been a member of the 14th New York Infantry when war came. His father, Sergeant John Noble, is with the Second Pioneers in France, and the brother, Sergeant Harry Noble, is in France with Company C, 106th Infantry. Lieutenant Noble was a Plattsburg man.

Lieut. Joseph A. Skratt, reported killed in action, lived at 429 East Ninth Street. He went to Camp Upton, wholly untrained, went overseas as a Sergeant in the 305th Infantry and then was commissioned and assigned to the 306th Machine Gun Battalion. He was formerly an architect employed by Andrews & Co., Metropolitan Tower. He was 22 years old.

Lieut. Ellsworth Olmsted Strong of Battery A, 305th Field Artillery, has been killed in France. He is a son of the Rev. William E. Strong of Newtonville, Mass. He was 24 years old, was graduated at Dartmouth in 1916, and was commissioned in 1917 at Plattsburg.

Lieut. Robert B. Woodbury of a regiment of engineers recruited in Philadelphia, was killed in action on Aug. 4. He was a lawyer in Pottsville, Penn., and was recently mentioned in dispatches for exceptional bravery.

Lieut. Albert H. Beli, Jr., of Greensburg, Penn., was killed in action on July 23. He was 24 years old and was graduated at Monmouth College. He was a senior in the Law School of the University of Pittsburg when he entered the Second Officers' Training Camp at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

Lieut. Samuel A. Greenwood of Niagara Falls, N. Y., an aviator, was killed by falling on Aug. 12. He was 21 years old and served at the border in Battery A, Third Heavy Artillery. He was trained at the Cornell Field and at Love Field, Tex.

Lieut. Bert D. Pirtle of the 26th Infantry, was killed in the taking of Château-Thierry on July 19. His home was at Hazelwood, Penn. Seven of his twenty-seven years of life had been spent in the infantry.

Duncan Q. Guiney of Company L, 107th Infantry, died on Aug 21 from wounds received in action, according to a letter received by his parents last night at their home in Van Cortlandt Terrace, Yonkers. The letter was written by a nurse in an Australian base hospital in France. Guiney was 27 years old, was graduated at the New York University Law School in 1917, and was employed for a while by the law firm of Burr & Maxson. On Aug. 12 he wrote that the 107th would enter the first line trenches the day following.

Frederick J. McKenzie, who enlisted in a regular infantry regiment, has been killed in action. McKenzie was one of a number of newsboys who enlisted from the Brace Memorial Newsboys' Home, Duane and William Streets. He was an orphan and was born in Providence, R. I.

Sergeant Joseph H. Levey of 3694 Broadway, killed on Aug. 18, was 23 years old. He got his preliminary training at Camp Upton and was transferred to the 306th Field Artillery. He was formerly a salesman for Marshall Field & Co., New York branch.

John Nelson of the 306th Field Artillery was killed in action on Aug. 18, according to the notification sent to his former home, 155 East Sixty-ninth Street. He was 31 years old and a chauffeur.

Corporal Edward Brent, dead from wounds, was a former 7th Regiment man, who was picked to join the 165th Infantry. He was 21 years old, lived at 155 West Eleventh Street, and was cited for capturing four Germans single-handed last February. Two brothers are in the service.

Corporal John Ruoff was killed in action on Aug. 15, two days after he had been promoted. He lived at 2,212 Clinton Place, Woodhaven, L. I., was 23 years old, and went abroad in Company I, 306th Infantry.

Corporal Edward Naden of the Marine Corps was killed in action on June 6, according to the notification sent his father, Arthur Naden, at 197 Myrtle Avenue, Irvington, N. J. He was born in England twenty-three years ago and entered the service the day America declared war.

Anton Jerabek of 1,290 First Avenue hesitated when his aged parents said "Go" because he feared that an accident to him meant destitution for them. Finally the father and mother prevailed and he waived exemption and joined the 308th Infantry. Yesterday a telegram stated that Jerabek died in action on Aug. 17. He was 24 and a chauffeur.

Sergeant Frederick Clark White of Company L, 109th Infantry, was killed July 15 at Château-Thierry. White was 26 years old, and was part owner of a hotel in Binghamton, N. Y.

Edward J. Light of 2,994 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, was severely wounded on July 21, according to word received by his mother. He is 21 years old and went across in Company K, 28th Infantry.

SWISS-GERMAN AGREEMENT.

It Provides for Trade Between Swiss and Northern Neutrals.

BERNE, Sept. 18.—An agreement has been reached between German and Swiss delegates concerning the transit of Swiss exports and imports through Germany, according to an official statement. Henceforth, after the approval of both Governments, Swiss cottons, silks, and watches will be allowed to pass through Germany to Holland, Denmark, Norway, and Sweden, and exports from those countries to Switzerland.

Other merchandise will be dealt with in accordance with individual cases, especial attention being paid to goods without which workmen cannot continue their employment.

A similar arrangement was discussed concerning the transit from Rumania and Russia of various commodities, but for the present each consignment must be dealt with individually.

SENATOR FOUND NAVY ITCHING FOR A FIGHT

Thompson Says Rodman Reported All Well and Asked Only to be Left Alone.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—"I asked Admiral Rodman if there was any message I could take for him to the Secretary of the Navy, or if there was anything we could do for him in Congress," said Senator Thompson of Kansas in telling the Senate today of a recent talk he had with Rear Admiral Hugh Rodman, who has command of American battleships in British waters. The Admiral's reply as repeated to the Senate was:

"Not a thing. Tell the Secretary we have everything we need over here and that everything is running perfectly smooth, and for God's sake to let us alone."

The spirit of America's navy, Senator Thompson said, was succinctly expressed by Admiral Rodman.

"With such a spirit, we need have no fear that our navy is not in safe hands," said Senator Thompson, "or, like Admiral Dewey, even with the cable cut, whenever a fight comes, which all of our men and officers are itching for, victory will surely be on our side."

Senator Thompson alluded to the statement of Admiral Scheer of the German Admiralty, who recently declared he did not "doubt for a moment we shall bring England to her knees by submarine warfare."

Cry of the Drowning Man.

"This cry is simply like that of the drowning man," said Senator Thompson. "It is the last effort to alarm the country over the submarine.

"One of the best items of information I am able to bring home to the people of the country is the fact that the intended object of the submarine warfare has proved a failure. I think I can also safely say that the submarine is no longer a serious menace to transportation across the seas. It is, of course, an annoyance and a great hindrance, and as long as there is a single submarine in the waters of the sea every effort must be made by the allied powers to destroy it, for it is an outlaw and must not exist.

"The truth is that Germany never had more than 320 submarines all told, including all construction before and since the war. We have positive knowledge of the destruction of more than one-half of these submarines, and we also know that it is practically impossible for Germany to keep in operation more than 10 per cent. of those remaining. It therefore reduces itself into a negligible quantity so far as its ultimate effect upon the war is concerned.

"I feel I owe it to the mothers and fathers of the country, whose boys are daily going upon the transports and crossing the seas, to tell them the exact facts. It will be observed that the transportation of troops and supplies goes on just as vigorously and almost as uninterruptedly as if the submarine did not exist.

Small Loss of Ships.

"I saw a reliable statement in France to the effect that there is one ship of some character leaving the Eastern shores of America for the war zone every six minutes, and it is only a few ships which are ever torpedoed, estimated at about 1 per cent. This is less than the loss by storm and accident in the earlier days of transportation, and is not much greater than such loss now.

"We must bear in mind that we read only of the ships which have been torpedoed and see but little account of the hundreds of ships which pass over the ocean undisturbed. Three hundred thousand soldiers are conveyed across the Atlantic every thirty days, and an average of about 500,000 tons of freight carried to the French coast. There are warehouses in one of the ports of France with a capacity of over 2,000,000 tons."

Senator Thompson spoke of the close co-operation existing between the British and American navies.

"With such a combined fleet," said the Senator, "no one need worry about the German fleet ever coming out of its hiding place and doing any real harm."

TANKS A BIG FACTOR IN ST. MIHIEL VICTORY

Got Their Gasoline by Bobsled—Some Drivers Manoeuvred by Gun Signals Only.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE LORRAINE FRONT, Sept. 18, (Associated Press.)—Squadrons of American-manned tanks, operating for the first time on a large scale in the attack on the St. Mihiel salient, played an important and dramatic part in the defeat of the Germans.

Divided into brigades—light, intermediate, and heavy—the tanks swung out on the field of battle immediately after the barrage. Before the day ended they had entered the villages of Nonsard, Pannes, Lamarche, and Beney considerably ahead of the infantry.

Early in the action difficulty was experienced in getting to the front sufficient gasoline, although a great fleet of gasoline tanks had been prepared to carry supplies. The gas tanks were attacked by the enemy or were mired, and it was here that American ingenuity came to the rescue.

Barrels of gasoline were trundled and rolled over the roadless fields by daring volunteers to meet the most pressing need. Bobsleds, curiously enough, were found more efficient than wagons in carrying supplies, since they could be dragged over the mud without being mired, and on them hundreds of gallons of gasoline were conveyed to the fighting tanks.

The advance of the tanks brought out many examples of daring on the part of their crews. One major whose machine was equipped with a thirty-seven-millimeter gun instead of a machine gun violated his orders and went far ahead until he was within range of Nonsard. With one well-placed shot he knocked two Germans out of a church steeple from which they were firing a machine gun.

A lieutenant, shot through the palm of the left hand by an explosive bullet, was sent to a hospital, but escaped and walked six miles back to the field. He appeared at his tank with the statement that he could "carry on" with his right hand.

Several others were wounded, but remained on duty. No one was killed, however, even though a German six-inch shell plowed clear through a small tank, destroying it, injuring only one of the crew. Another tank captured a battery of 77s, but was so far ahead of the infantry it could not turn over the guns to them.

The story is told of another tank which went into a town with a Sergeant armed with a rifle perched on the turret. This machine captured two batteries of 77s, five machine guns and many men.

Tanks were occasionally as much as two miles ahead of the infantry, throwing consternation into the Germans. Part of the success which attended their share in the battle was undoubtedly due to the intensive training given the drivers who had been taught to operate the machines blindfolded, guided only by signals from the gunners. This sometimes is necessary when the drivers are blinded temporarily by splashes of mud.

For several days before the offensive the tanks which were to take part were manoeuvred in an interior town, while the civilians watched them with amazement, with no knowledge of what their actions portended. Some time before the battle the tank crews received their final instructions on a hypothetical battlefield mathematically divided up into debarking points and supply depots.

AMERICAN CASUALTIES OVERSEAS REACH 34,791

268 Names in Army's New Lists, And 22 in the Marine Corps

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—The War Department today gave out two army casualty lists, which contained 268 names, bringing the total for the army to 31,683. One Marine Corps casualty list was issued, which contained 22 names bringing the total for that arm to 3,108. The total for army and Marines is now 34,791. Army lists today contained the names of 74 killed in action, 22 died of wounds, 1 died of accident, 8 died of disease, 110 severely wounded, 5 slightly wounded, 45 missing, and 31 prisoners.

SUMMARY OF ARMY CASUALTIES TO DATE.

Deaths.	Previously Reported.	Sept. 18.	Total.
Killed in action	5,549	74	5,623
Lost at sea	291	..	291
Died of wounds	1,797	22	1,819
Died of accident and other causes	829	1	830
Died of disease	1,746	8	1,754
Total	10,212	105	10,317
Wounded	16,966	115	17,081
Missing, including prisoners 4,237	48	4,285
Total	31,415	268	31,683

SUMMARY OF MARINE CASUALTIES TO DATE.

	Officers.	Men.
Deaths	37	919
Wounded	64	1,925
In hands of enemy	..	11
Missing	1	151
Total	102	3,006
Total		3,108

ARMY CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED SEPT. 18.

The following army casualties, with next of kin, were announced today:

KILLED IN ACTION—74.

Lieutenants.

SKRATT, J. A.; Mrs. C. Skratt, 429 E. 9th St., New York.
CRANE, LEOLINE O.; Mrs. Ethel Crane, Columbia, Tenn.
LUSK, WILLARD T.; James W. Lusk, Roswell, N. M.
McGILLEN, G. F.; Miss G. McGillen, Brookline, Mass.

Sergeants.

LEVOY, J. H.; Mrs. R. Levoy, 3,694 Broadway, New York.
LAMONT, THOMAS E.; Mrs. Jessie Whitacre, Yuma, Mich.

Corporals.

RUOFF, J.; C. Ruoff, 2,213 Clinton Pl., Woodhaven, N. Y.
BICKFORD, E. E.; J. Bickford, North English, Iowa.
CAMPBELL, W. N.; Mrs. N. Campbell, Morristown, Tenn.
SHANON, GEORGE M.; Michael Shanon, Boston, Mass.
VALENTINE, JAMES T.; Mrs. J. Feensy, Berwick, Penn.
WILLMAN, H. W.; J. B. Willman, Stillwater, Okla.
CASH, CLAUDE C.; Mrs. Eula Cash, Mount Holly, N. C.
HILDRETH, WILLIAM A.; Mrs. A. Hildreth, Leon, Kan.
PHEE, J. E.; Mrs. H. G. Phee, Jamaica Plain, Mass.

Mechanic.

WRIGHT, RALPH W.; George M. Wright, Gladwin, Mich.

Privates.

JERABEK, ANTON; Mrs. A. Jerabek, 1,290 1st Av., N. Y.
KOHEN, J.; I. Kohen, 1,658 Washington Av., New York.
KUZBARSKIS, F.; G. Aiduckonis, 418 Tilden Av., Utica, N.Y.
MARGRAF, E. G.; Mrs. M. Margraf, 360 E. 108th St., N.Y.
NELSON, JOHN; E. Nylund, 155 E. 61st St., New York.
POTTINEO, M.; V. Bellina, 86 Goerck St., New York.
SILBER, M. W.; G. Silber, 589 Broadway, Bayonne, N. J.
WHITE, C.; Miss M. E. White, 3 W. 63d St., New York.
WIESZCZECINSKI, CASIMIR; Mrs. Estelle Wieszczecinski, 18 Rommell Av., Buffalo, N. Y.
BROUGHTON, WILLIAM; W. Broughton, Thompson, Conn.
WASHBURN, JASPER N.; Mrs. E. Newlove, Ripley, N. Y.
BEYER, WILLAM W.; J. A. Beyer, Detroit, Mich.
BRITTON, SAMUEL W.; Frank Britton, Sazon, W. Va.
CARINGELLO, MIKE; John Regnold, Tacoma, Wash.
DE GITIO, ALEXANDER; S. De Gitio, Musciano, Italy.
HUBER, GEORGE W.; Mrs. M. Huber, Minneapolis, Minn.
KOZLOSKI, JOSEPH J.; B. Beleska, Grand Rapids, Mich.
MOYER, DELBERT M.; Mrs. M. A. Moyer, Centralia, Kan.
PENN, JOHN EARL; Walter J. Penn, Goodes, Va.
PICKETT, GEORGE; J. W. Pickett, Jonesboro, Ark.
PIERCE, WILLIE L.; Mrs. M. Pierce, Exeter, Tex.
ROSENZWEIG, HENRY; John Rosenzweig, Morley, Mich.
SCHAEFER, WILLIAM; Mrs. Julia Schaefer, Pekin, Ill.
SOLARI, ANGEL; Mrs. Mary Solari, Napa, Cal.
SOZZI, FRANCESCO; Domenic Capelli, Tomasa, Penn.
McLAIN, EARL LEONARD; Herlan McLain, Gray, Okla.
MARR, WALTER A.; Mrs. Walter B. Marr, Lowell, Mass.
MARTIN, ROBERT; G. W. Martin, McAlester, Okla.
MIDDLETON, HIRAM; Sam Middleton, Disney, Ky.
MOORE, CHARLES M.; Mrs. Mollie Jamestown, Penn.
OHMS, ARTHUR HENRY; Charles W. Ohms, Milan, Ill.
POE, CLARENCE H.; Mrs. Claude Poe, Birmingham, Ala.
REID, GROVER C.; Mrs. G. L. Reid, Evansville, Ind.
RIDD, EARL R.; Brigham A. Ridd, Salt Lake City, Utah.
ROSS, WENDELL A.; Mrs. Bertha Ross, Appleton, Minn.
SASEK, JAMES; Joseph Macek, Chicago, Ill.
SIMMONS, JESSE H.; John A. Simmons, Armada, Ark.
SPENCER, JAMES; Mrs. Hattie Spencer, Fenwick, W. Va.
STAFFORD, H.; Mrs. M. Beaujeaux, Mandeville, La.
STEEL, HENRY J.; Mrs. William Lee, Shelbyville, Ind.
TRIPLET, ERNA W.; Mrs. Ethel Jones, Earlsboro, Okla.
WEIBLE, WILLIAM; Mrs. Fannie Weible, Altoona, Penn.
BERRY, STANLEY H.; Mrs. M. Berry, Philadelphia, Penn.
DANIELS, LEWIS F.; Mrs. M. Ace Daniels, Pomeroy, Ohio.
FELTER, ADAM; Mrs. F. Felter, Minsk, Poland, Russia.
FOLMER, FRED; Tony Folmer, Avondale, Mon.
GALIN, FRITZ W.; Mrs. Amelia Galin, Cullman, Ala.
HOWELL, JAMES P.; James P. Howell, Tooele, Utah.
HUNTLEY, J. L.; G. M. Huntley, Rutherfordton, N. C.
JOHNSON, EMIL K.; Henry Johnson, Montevideo, Minn.
JURASINSKI, J.; Mrs. K. Jurasinski, Milwaukee, Wis.
MAERTZ, HENRY; Solomon Maertz, Sheboygan, Wis.
MIDDLETON, ATT; Green Middleton, Greenville, Ky.
NELSON, ERATUS I.; John C. Nelson, Leland, N. C.
SCHREIBER, F. C.; Mrs. L. Schreiber, St. Paul, Minn.
SLEMMER, W.; Mrs. E. Siemmer, Philadelphia, Penn.
SULLIVON, JOHN; Louis Wacker, Washington, D. C.
WELLS, LESTER; Miss Ida Pulley, St. Anthony, Idaho.

DIED FROM WOUNDS—22.

Lieutenants.

NOBLE, H. E.; Miss M. Noble, 552 17th St., Brooklyn, N.Y.
LIETEMEYER, I. J.; F. M. Lietemeyer, New Iberia, La.

Corporals.

COXE, E. G.; Mrs. M. J. Coxe, 156 W. 11th St., New York.
BOONE, JACOB O.; Henry E. Boone, Spray, N. C.
BRENTON, DAVID C.; W. Brenton, Indianapolis, Ind.
SHUSTER, JAMES E.; Sol G. Shuster, Jeanette, Penn.
FORBES, JAMES L.; Henry Forbes, Linn Creek, Mo.

Wagoner.

RUMBAUGH, G. H.; Mrs. V. L. Rumaugh, Chicago, Ill.

Privates.

ALLMOND, CARL K.; G. W. Allmond, Wynne, Ark.
CHAMPAGNE, A.; Miss L. Champagne, St. Joseph, Canada.
DAVIS, HENRY; Sam Smith, Newport, Ark.
EVANS, ABRAHAM D.; Walter E. Evans, Urbana, Ohio.
GRIFFETH, WESLEY E.; Mrs. O. Griffeth, Dedman, N.M.
BLAKE, RAYMOND E.; Lewis Blake, Pawtucket, R. I.
CRELLER, KARL W.; William A. Creller, Alburg, Vt.
HARRIS, L. F.; Mrs. W. P. Harris, Johnson City, Tenn.
HARVEY, WALTER A.; Edward Harvey, Phoenix, Va.
HUBICK, HENRY J.; Mrs. Bertha Nolan, Chicago, Ill.
KLONDER, WALTER; Frank Klonder, Chicago, Ill.
OFTEDAHL, NORMAN E.; H. L. Oftedahl, Chicago, Ill.
PHILLIP, EDWARD; Mrs. Rosie Phillip, Chicago, Ill.
PORTER, EZRA; Charlie Conley, Farley, W. Va.

DIED OF DISEASE—8.

Privates.

ETTER, SIDNEY S.; J. E. Breed, Portland, Ore.
INGRAM, TILLMAN; Sam Knox, Grenada, Miss.
MILHOLLAND, JOHN L.; Mrs. M. Haupt, Baltimore, Md.
PATTERSON, ARTHUR D.; A. J. Patterson, Maudlin, Mon.
RHOADS, LEE; John M. Rhoads, Tucumcari, N. M.
ROBINSON, G. Jr.; Mrs. M. McDonald, Pascagoula, Miss.
STEVENS, JOE; Mrs. Jane Acles Stevens, Carlton, Ga.
WIMBERLY, F. P.; Eli W. Wimberly, Electric Mills, Miss.

DIED FROM AIRPLANE ACCIDENT—1.

Lieutenant.

KOHLMEIER, C. L.; C. C. Kohlmeier, Los Angeles, Cal.

WOUNDED SEVERELY—116.

Major.

PATCH, JOSEPH D.; Mrs. J. D. Patch, Wentsville, Mo.

Lieutenants.

GATES, PAYSON G.; H. P. Gates, Los Angeles, Cal.
LEMON, WILLIAM L.; Mrs. E. Lemon, Acworth, Ga.
WOOTEN, JAMES C.; John T. Wooten, Columbia, Tenn.
DELPH, LEONARD A.; Mrs. A. Delph, Pottsville, Penn.
KRIECHBAUM, ROY R.; Mrs. R. R. Kriechbaum, Chambersburg, Penn.

Sergeants.

VALENTINE, CALVIN; C. Valentine, Hempstead, L. I.
JAMES, FRANK; Mrs. Sarah James, Wilkes-Barre, Penn.
KANE, ANDREW R.; Mrs. A. Kane, Philadelphia, Penn.
SMITH, WILLIE; W. M. Smith, Minneapolis, Minn.

Corporals.

SHILAND, T. W.; Mrs. M. A. Shiland, Cambridge, N. Y.
FARMER, W. P.; Mrs. Alice Farmer, Blanchardville, Wis.
GASS, HENRY; Mrs. Armanda Gass, Reading, Penn.
TYHURST, ROY; William Tyhurst, Annapolis, Ill.

Mechanics.

KEENER, PHILIP; Mrs. Connard Keener, Kane, Pa.
RILEY, NORRIS ROBERT; Mrs. M. Riley, Warren, Md.

Privates.

FERNIMO, DANIEL; Mrs. Lilly Fernimo, 313 Sheldon St., Hartford, Conn.
LIGHT, EDWARD J.; Mrs. Anna M. Light, 2,994 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
RUNCO, CARMELO; V. Runco, 320 E. 102d St., New York.
JOHNSTON, RICHARD J.; William Johnston, 790 10th Av., Long Island City, N. Y.
PETROCCIONE, HARRY C.; Mrs. Mary Petrocciono, 605 E. 138th St., New York.
SUCHOMSKI, S.J.; S.Suchomski, 144 Clark St., Buffalo, N.Y.
MILLER, WILFRED; Lewis Miller, Chembuscu, N. Y.
MORTON, WILLIAM C.; Mrs. Flora Morton, 78 Van Buren St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
NEUMAIER, C.; G. Neumaier, R.F.D. 2, Prospect, Conn.
NIXON, F.; Mrs. R. Nixon, 162 W. 85th St., New York.
TRIPOLI, D.; J. Tripoli, 76 Front St., Buffalo, N. Y.
WOVOWICKI, WALDISLAW; John Populski, Box 297, Long ville Place, Lisolenmville, Staten Island, N. Y.
TOMEL, M.; K. Tomel, 44 Lexington St., Newark, N. J.
ANDERSON, WILLAM M.; D. L. Anderson, Norton, Va.
BOWLES, BROOK C.; John M. Bowles, Byrnside, W. Va.
COCKERLINE, C. C.; Mrs. E. Cockerline, Estacada, Ore.
DALON, WILLIAM J.; Ed Dalton, Browning, Wis.
FINK, BENJAMIN; Al. Erkenboack, Grant, Mich.
FLYNN, EDWARD A.; Mrs. B. M. Flynn, Anaconda, Mon.
FOLKNER, JAMES M.; F. D. Folkner, Pontotoc, Mich.
GEDELMAN, IVEN; Mrs. Clara Gedelman, Marvin, Ill.
HEATH, WILLIAM M.; Mrs. E. Burgess, Antonah, Utah.
HENDERSON, G. C.; J. N. Henderson, Stockton, Mo.
KATH, CHESTER; Fred Kath, Milwaukee, Wis.
KELLY, FRANK; Mrs. Minnie Perez, San Francisco, Cal.
KIELY, JOHN J.; Mrs. M. A. Kiely, Westfield, Mass.
KNOTT, THOMAS L.; Mrs. F. Knott, Cincinnati, Ohio.
KUSHNER, GEORGE W.; Mrs. G. Levy, Chelsea, Mass.
LOONEY, CLAUD F.; W. J. Looney, Point Peter, Ga.
McCARTHY, T. J.; Mrs. S. K. Gray, East Arlington, Vt.
McGEE, LESTER F.; B. A. McGee, Angier, N.
MEILE, DAVID F.; Ludwig Merkle, Bowdle, S. D.
MONTAGUE, L. Y.; Mrs. F. Montague, San Diego, Cal.
O'CONNOR, JOHN M.; Andrew O'Counor, Keene, N. H.
PORTER, WILLIAM G.; W. S. Porter, Blanket, Texas.
PORTES, JUAN; E. H. Gepsalan, Washington, D. C.
ROSE, LEWIS M.; Hiram F. Rose, Athol, S. D.
RUTLEDGE, V.; Mrs. H. Rutledge, Fort Springs, W. Va.
SHANNON, FRANCIS V.; Mrs. V. B. Ivie, Annapolis, Md.
THOMPSON, E.; Mrs. Ida E. Thompson, Wellston, Ohio.
WAGNER, JOHN H.; S. J. Wagner, Arthur, N. D.
BLACK, JOE; Mrs. Joseph Black, Minot, N. D.
BLACKMAN, G. F.; W. S. Blackman, Heath Springs, S. C.
BRANDON, W.; Mrs. E. C. Brandon, Bloomsburg, Penn.
DUNN, LORANCE; Amos R. Dunn, Los Angeles, Cal.
FRANCIS, JAMES W.; Laura Gorman, Boston, Mass.
GRISOLONA, DOMENICO. No emergency address given.
GROSS, GEORGE B.; Jacob Gross, Louisville, Ky.
HANES, FRANK; Mrs. E. St. Clair, Fredericktown, Mo.
HIPSHIRE, GRAGG; Lee Hipshire, Lexington, Ky.
HOUSE, RUFUS; William House, Oneida, Wis.
JOHNSON, McKINLEY; James M. Jordan, Speight, Ky.
KAYSING, H. C.; Mrs. H. C. Keysing, Maplewood, Mo.
KINSEL, BARNEY J.; Mrs. F. Pisanko, Kulpmont, Penn.
LEIGH, CRAVEN; Mrs. M. Leigh, Clifton Height, Penn.
McDONALD, C. E.; Mrs. R. A. McDonald, Philadelphia, Penn.
MILLER, FRED J.; John Miller, Weatherford, Okla.
MINER, JOHN; Mrs. Minnie Miner, Tomah, Wis.
MOORMAN, HENRY E.; A. Moorman, Burkettsville, Ohio.
MORGAN, PAUL W.; Mrs. Grace Morgan, Easton, Penn.
MURPHY, JOSEPH S.; Mrs. Dora Murr, Columbia, Penn.
NELSON, GEORGE C.; Mrs. M. Nelson, Augusta, Kan.
OLSON, WALTER; Mrs. Anna Olson, Oconto, Wis.
PIERCE, DEIGHTON B.; B. E. Pierce, Billings, Mon.
RILEY, JOHN F.; Mrs. Joseph Genunel, Merse, Penn.
RINGSTAD, OSCAR G.; Martin Ringstad, Dalton, Minn.
SCAHILL, PATRICK J.; Margaret Byrne, Cleveland, Ohio.
SCOTT, GEORGE W.; Mrs. O. L. Scott, Minot, N. D.
SHUTON, FELIX; Mrs. Sophie Shuton, Stutsen, Russia.
SMITH, RAYMOND; Gaten Noble, Markesan, Wis.
SMITH, WILLIAM W.; J. M. Smith, Croom, Fla.
SMITS, FRANK W.; Mrs. Adele Smits, Chicago, Ill.
MUNROE, HARRY L.; Mrs. E. M. Munroe, Lynn, Mass.
MURRAY, MALCOLM M.; E. L. Murray, Burlington, N.C.
NEISS, ARCHIE G.; Mrs. J. L. Neiss, Wakefield, Mass.
NELSON, PAUL A.; Paul Nelson, Gardner, Mass.
PETERSON, C. G.; Mrs. A. E. Peterson, Denver, Col.
POTTRAS, OMER J.; O. M. Pottras, Nashua, N. H.
PROHL, ARTHUR J.; Mrs. F. C. Prohl, Hammond, Ind.
SANITA, RALPH V.; Mrs. A. M. Sanita, Providence, R. I.
SHEA, MORTIMER F.; Mrs. Mary Lunny, Lowell, Mass.
SLANKSKY, JERRY; F. Slanksky, North Judson, Ind.
SPARAGUE, FRANCISCO; Mike Sparague, Ambler, Penn.
STANTON, P. J.; J. J. Stanton, West Quincy, Mass.
STOKES, FRANK C.; Mrs. M. Parker, Sampson City, Fla.
STRZELEC, GEORGE W.; Joseph Strzelec, Chicago, Ill.
SUSTERKA, JOSEPH, Jr.; Joseph Susterka, Chicago, Ill.
THIBAUDEAU, LEO; Mrs. A. Thibaudeau, Worcester, Mass.
TURCO, CERILLI; Mrs. Adilada Turco, Rome, Italy.
WALKER, ALBERT; Mrs. Matilda Walker, Joliet, Ill.
WASIELEWSKI, V.; F. Scribner, Detroit, Mich.
WILKINSON, EARL; Leman Wilkinson, Bridport, Vt.
WILSON, BEN F.; William F. Wilson, Jeanette, Penn.
WITTEN, CLARENCE; Edgar D. Witten, Harold, Ky.

WOUNDED (DEGREE UNDETERMINED)—5.

Privates.

McGROARTY, U. A.; Mrs. K. Rommell, 351 Schenck Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
MYERS, GEORGE I.; Mrs. Mary L. Myers, Oktaha, Okla.
BANKS, ELMER; Mrs. Miggie Banks, Chesterfield, Ill.
HULL, ROY J.; Mrs. Ellen Childers, St. John, Wash.
KAPUSTA, KONSTANTY. No address given.

MISSING IN ACTION—45.

Sergeant.

KINDERVATTER, L. B.; H. C. Kindervatter, 84 Main St., Irvington, N. Y.

Cook.

SMITH, MEDARD W.; William H. Smith, Louisville, Ky.

Privates.

EVENING, W. V.; S. Koslak, 2 Valley Road, Fort Washington, N. Y.
RUBINSTEIN, SAM; D. Glaston, 129 21st St., Bayonne, N.J.
WILLSON, H.; Miss C. Loring, Stuyvesant Falls, N. Y.
OLSON, CHESTER; Olaf Olson, Wautoma, Wis.
PUGH, ARTHUR; Joseph Pugh, Winanar, Ind.
SOBER, FRED E.; Mrs. Lizzie Sober, Shelton, Neb.
STEGEMAN, E.; Mrs. M. Stegeman, Milwaukee, Wis.
THEDFORD, FOUNT H.; J. H. Thedford, Bardley, Mo.
TOMEK, ANTON, Jr.; Anton Tomek, Pierce, Neb.
TURNER, OSCAR E.; Wytt T. Turner, Emberton, Ky.
ARMSTRONG, EDWARD V.; G. Bennet, Marianna, Penn.
BUSSE, JOSEPH N.; Mrs. Veda Busse, Seattle, Wash.
BYBEE, GLENN D.; David Bybee, Piatt, Ill.
DAY, CAGE P.; Mrs. William Reed, Del Rio, Texas.
DERKACZ, HENRY D.; Steve Derkacz, Delray, Mich.
ELFERS, ORIE E.; Mrs. Ally M. Bridge, Auburn, Wash.
FRESHOUR, WARREN A.; Mrs. M. Freshour, Aurora, Ill.
GARLAND, WARREN W.; Mrs. I. Garland, Swan River, Manitoba, Canada.
GROVER, FINLEY B.; Alson Grover, Waukesha, Wis.
HERSHMAN, JACOB M.; V. Hershman, Noworadomsk, Poland, Russia.
HIMEBAUGH, F. S.; Mrs. H. E. Himebaugh, Malvern, Iowa.
HOLM, WENDELL, W.; C. Holm, Chelo Harbor, Wash.
HOUROLE, SYLVAIN; Mrs. M. Viel, San Francisco, Cal.
JONES, CHARLES J.; Mrs. Louisa Jones, Eastman, Ga.
KIRST, EDWARD C.; Mrs. L. Kirst, Chicago, Ill.
KOPEC, JOE; Mrs. Mary Koplec, Warsaw, Poland.
KUBKO, STANISLAW; John Kubko, Detroit, Mich.
LARSON, WALTER; Mrs. A. Peterson, Kenosha, Wis.
LUTZ, ERNEST G.; J. J. Lutz, Papillion, Neb.
McAULEY, CHARLIE C., Jr.; C. C. McAuley, Troy, N. C.
McCLAIN, EURNA F.; Mrs. Julia Batz, Honor, Mich.
NELSON, HARVEY RAY; W. Nelson, Bay City, Mich.
PAGE, ALFRED W.; Mrs. L. Page, Easthampton, Mass.
QUINCEN, CHARLES J.; T. Quincen, St. Louis, Mo.
RINEHART, JACK E.; B. T. Rinehart, Oaktown, Ind.
ROEHRIG, RICHARD; Mrs. H. Roehrig, St. Louis, Mo.
RUDNAY, ANDREW A.; Louis Rudnay, Chicago, Ill.
SHAMBLIN, WILLIAM; D. M. Shamblin, Haywood, W.Va.
STOCKSTILL, H. E.; G. S. Stockstill, Picayune, Miss.
STOTZ, JOHN, Jr.; John Stotz, Sr., Armour, S. D.
TRIPLETT, CLARENCE L.; Jesse Triplett, Clayton, Ala.
WIDGEON, R. E.; Mrs. V. Widgeon, Princess Anne, Va.
WOLVERTON, LESTER; Eutaw Wolverton, Edinburg, Va.

PRISONERS—3.

Lieutenant.

FERGUSON, C. J.; Mrs. C. J. Ferguson, Cambridge, Mass.

Corporal.

BUCHTER, HAROLD; James Gilpin, Greentown, Penn.

Private.

HETU, JOSEPH P.; Mrs. Delia Hetu, Woonsocket, R. I.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING IN ACTION, NOW REPORTED WOUNDED, (DEGREE UNDETERMINED.)

Privates.

HAYES, ROSS H.; Waldport, Ore.
INLOW, GROVER C.; Iuka, Miss.
KERN, MOODY I.; Ether, N. C.
LIGHTBOWN, JAMES E., Whitinsville, Mass.
MANSON, WILLIAM D., Boston, Mass.
RITCHON, AUGUSTA A., Schulenburg, Texas.
PECK, JOSH, Eden, Miss.
RANKIN, WILLIAM H., Chicago, Ill.
TUTT, ROBERT B., Middletown, Ohio.

ERRONEOUSLY REPORTED KILLED IN ACTION, SHOULD BE DIED FROM ACCIDENT AND OTHER CAUSES.

Private.

McGOWEN, SORSBY K., Los Angeles, Cal.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED KILLED IN ACTION, NOW REPORTED WOUNDED IN ACTION.

Privates.

GENZ, EDWARD J., Elizabeth, N. J.
PERRY, CLYDE C., Alboin, Me.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING IN ACTION, NOW REPORTED KILLED IN ACTION.

Corporals.

BOWMAN, FRANK J., Lawton, Ok

PEACE OFFENSIVE STIRS BERLIN STRIFE

All the Political Troubles of Germany Accentuated by Austria's Move.

HERTLING GENERAL TARGET

And Rumors of a Scheme to Upset Him Are Current in Capital.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 18.—The Austro-Hungarian note, whatever its fate may be, has achieved one thing. It has been directly instrumental in bringing forward in an aggravated form the whole political problem with which Germany is faced and that is again a matter of moment in the Fatherland. A call for the further democratization of Germany is heard in wider circles and in more clamorous tones. That such an important matter as a revision of the treaties with Russia should be carried out without consultation with the Reichstag; that the Government intended in connection with the Vienna note to go on its way without entering into a real contract with the representatives that the democratic part of the Government has demonstrated its Pan Germanism through von Payer's speech; that Eastern Kings are being made, as in feudal times, and that these obvious disagreements in the Government have created a situation which borders on a serious crisis are certain.

There is a general demand from the Socialists all around to the National Liberals that the Reichstag should be called at once and that a meeting of the Main Committee alone is not enough. Indeed, it is declared in Berlin Reichstag circles that a majority parties' scheme for a democratic Government to succeed that of Hertling is already cut and dried.

The Count is regarded by all as a demonstrated failure. The Pan Germans have lost their faith in his ability to favor them by tricking Moderates, and at a Pan German League field day at Hanover a couple of days ago he was described by one speaker as "that crafty Swabian, that little Würtemburg fellow of the lower sort whose presence in Bismarck's place is an insult to the German people." Thereat the Pan Germans applauded loudly.

Both the Vossische Zeitung and the Berliner Tageblatt wash their hands of him and characterize the Government's statement regarding its ignorance of the Vienna note as arrant nonsense.

Vorwärts says that nobody has a good word to say for the Government. It describes the struggle going on in the Foreign Office "between the views of the civilian elements and the military dynastic influences"—a struggle which "seriously threatens co-operation between Germany and her allies."

Particularly does the Socialist organ condemn the "game of blindman's buff which is being played by the Government with regard to the Finnish throne," maintaining not only that such action would create hard feeling against Germany, but also that such things should be left over until Europe had become more stable.

It prints a protest from Finnish circles showing how the German monarchial [illegible] have forced a King on Finland against the wish of the vast majority of a people who are among the most democratic in the world, and it makes good fun of the fact that Prince Friedrich Karl has sent to Finland for a professor who in the brief period of six weeks is to teach Finnish to Finland's future King.

Finnish in six weeks, even with a master, is indeed mental punishment. Any one who knows the difficulties of that intricate and beautiful language might well wish such mental punishment for all the Hohenzollerns, which The Vorwärts doubtless thinks but dare not say. It also admits that "unbending adhesion to the Brest-Litovsk treaties" is a hindrance in the way of peace.

The Vossische Zeitung declares that the members of the Government are so much at variance that anything like a consistent war aims policy is impossible. It expresses amazement that the Government thought it could do any good to Germany by a revision of the Brest-Litovsk treaties, and that journal as good as admits that it is out of all question that Germany can force the Entente to recognize those treaties.

Therefore, that paper, too, comes round to the view that the preservation intact of those treaties, which von Payer insisted on, is a serious barrier against peace.

Both the Vorwärts and Vossische Zeitung have in the past expressed great delight at the Eastern "peace," and have proudly declared that no alterations at the bidding or suggestion of the Entente will be permitted by Germany under any conditions.

As to the question of the Government to succeed Count Hertling's Administration, it would be rash to prophesy a thoroughly militarist and Pan German Government would appear to be too daring an experiment at this time of the day, and a mixture of moderates and reactionary elements, as has been demonstrated by the present Government, would result in a hopeless failure.

Whether the third alternative is possible, whether the progressive elements are strong enough to act effectively, remains an interesting question for time to solve. At least it may be said that the democratic temper of Germany has been roused as never before.

KAISER FORCED TO SEEK PEACE, SAYS DANIELS

Secretary Tells Annapolis Class That Allied Victories Caused the Drive.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Sept. 18.—Military success is the only argument German militarists can understand, Secretary Daniels declared here today, speaking at the graduation exercises at the Naval Academy when 646 new Ensigns received their commissions after an intensive ten-week course of study.

"The attention of the world in the last few days," Mr. Daniels said, "has been centred upon four things": First, the victories of the allied forces, culminating in Pershing's advance and capture of prisoners; second, the scream of the Kaiser at Essen; third, Germany's offer of a treaty of peace with Belgium; fourth, Austria's suggestions of a conference of all the belligerent nations for the purpose of exchanging views.

"These four incidents are not separate, but closely related. The last three were inspired by the first. If the allied forces had not won military victories, no such remarkable speech as Wilhelm made to the workers at Krupps' would have been delivered. Then tender to Belgium would not have been made, and the Austrian feeler for a talk-fest would not have been put forth."

Mr. Daniels said the German war lords had never understood President Wilson's utterances until he declared last April for "force without stint or limit." Even then, the Secretary continued, the German leaders scoffed at the ability of a democratic nation to put an army in the field in less than a generation that could meet successfully the veteran German divisions.

The German leaders, Mr. Daniels said, scoffed at the ability of the United States either to train an army for this war or to transport it after it had been trained.

"Is it any wonder," he said, "after it began to sink into Germany that American troops were fit to fight and took their places as equals with the soldiers of allied nations, that for the first time in his history the German Emperor thought it necessary to take a 'hand primary' of the workers and compel them to promise publicly to go on with their work for the Fatherland That speech, not so much for what it said, but because of the compulsion of making it, was the best proof that the German will to go on in a hopeless war is waning.

"The answer of President Wilson to the Austrian note is direct and leaves nothing to be desired. That answer sent consternation to those who want a peace 'made in Germany,' and is a trumpet call to all who have highly resolved that the peace which the world needs can only come with the abandonment of conquest and the acceptance of the rights alike of the weak and the powerful.

"When the German ruler and people are ready to retire into their own territory and recognize that not a foot of land or a dollar of booty can be retained by conquest—when that moment arrives, they will accept the just and moderate terms of President Wilson, approved by the Allies."

OFFER TO BELGIUM FRAMED IN BERNE

High Unofficial German Acted as Go-Between with Envoy of Albert There.

PARIS ANGERED BY AFFRONT

Invaded Kingdom's Acceptance of Terms Would Impair Allies' Justification in War.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 18.—The announcement of the fact that the Germans as a part of their peace offensive have offered definite conditions to Belgium has met with quite a different reception here from their effort through the Austrian disguise to beguile the Allies into pourparlers that in view of the present military situation would be entirely of benefit to the enemy.

While Austria's proposal has been received with a kind of amused disdain, the offer which has been made to Belgium has provoked angry feeling that the Germans have so misunderstood the perfect loyalty to the Allies of the little people over whom King Albert reigns that they should have dared to approach them with a proposal which is both a stupid insult and practically absurd.

Paris regards this latest German step as merely another instance of that inherent thick-headedness of the Kaiser's diplomats which has already cost the Huns dearly in every part of the world. The star instance of this simple inability to realize the sheer impossibility of the German method in the eyes of the rest of the world was of course the German policy toward America, which had the direct result of bringing into the world against her a power in whose ever-growing strength Germany already reads her certain doom.

Origin of Belgian Offer.

The proposals to Belgium originate in a long series of "conversations" in Switzerland between Hintze and Hertling, on the one part, and a highly placed unofficial German personage who was made use of as a link between the German Foreign Secretary and Imperial Chancellor and the Belgian Minister at Berne. When the matter was regarded by the three German emissaries as ripe for launching, the German propositions were formally placed in the hands of the Belgian Minister for transmission to the Government of King Albert.

In the event of Belgium's falling into the trap, Germany would at one stroke deprive the Allies of what has always been unassailable justification for their entry into the war against the Central Empires. As a further result, a breach would be opened in the economic and colonial wall which has enabled us since the beginning of the war to enclose the enemy powers in a ring fence and will enable us after the war to keep them there.

The German appeal to Belgium marks the climax of the enemy effort which began toward the end of 1915, when Cardinal Hartmann, Archbishop of Cologne, while staying in Rome, laid the first planks in the affair. Soon afterward a mission composed of German Catholic representatives, which included Herold Belser, Welstein Meyer, Irlkuckof and Neuhaus, made a tour through the whole invaded territories, including, of course, Belgium.

Former German Attempts.

By the Declaration of Havre, Feb. 14, 1916, however, the Belgian Government announced its firm adherence to the pact of London and that it would in no circumstances sign a separate peace. This put an end to German intrigues for the time being. The next attempt, having Belgium for its object, was made under the guise of the Papal note on Aug. 1 last year. Once more the Belgian Government, in a note published last February, gave Germany to understand that her intrigues had failed.

Germany was by no means inclined to accept this check as final, however, and for a third time in March last and again in June she began attempts to induce Belgium to withdraw from the Allies. The result of this third effort is seen in the proposals just made public.

In all these endeavors to bring about peace with Belgium, Paris opinion, official and otherwise, sees the same object, the principal of which is to bring Belgium into the political, economic and military orbit of Germany and compel her to give guarantees for the benefit of her brutal oppressor.

In sum, Germany is striving by her present effort to induce Belgium to consent to be absorbed into the Teuton Empire, which it has been the policy of France and Great Britain for a century past to prevent.

The only new feature of the German proposals is that the enemy now makes use of the word "independence," a word he hitherto has refused to whisper in regard to Belgium. Effectively, in view of other conditions in the proposals, the word means absolutely nothing. Its significance lies in the fact that its mere employment indicates that adversity already has begun to drive Germany to take the first footstep on the hard road of submission that lies before her.

The benefit to the Allies from the German proposals to Belgium is that they have enabled the whole allied Cabinets once more to exchange views on the specific problem with the result of binding them more closely together than ever before.

Cements Belgian Factions.

A further result will be, now that the word "independence" has been pronounced by Germany, to cancel the differences which have for so long existed among the Belgians themselves and divided them into neutralists, who desire a return after the war to the former status of neutrality, and independents, who are anxious for a closer union with the Allies.

Henceforward, thanks to the latest German blunder, both parties will be as one.

According to the Echo de Paris, the German emissary employed as a go-between in the proposals to Belgium was "a near relative of Queen Elizabeth," who, it will be remembered, is a Princess of Bavaria.

PRINCE LVOFF JOINS LEADERS AT OMSK

Czechoslovaks Capture Perm—Germans May Evacuate Russian Baltic Provinces.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Important developments in the Russian situation are believed to be forecast by the presence at Omsk, the seat of the Central Siberian Independent Government, of Prince Lvoff, who was the head of the first Russian Provisional Government. The Russian Embassy today received a cablegram announcing his arrival at that point for conferences with Russian leaders of all parties.

Secretary Lansing today received a cablegram from Consul Harris at Irkutsk, stating that a courier has arrived at Samara, on the Volga, from Moscow, on Sept. 12, with a report on the situation in European Russia. He declared in his report that hunger and disorder prevailed everywhere, and that the Germans had tried persistently to arrange an alliance with some strong group of Russians against the Bolsheviki, but, failing in every effort in that direction, had concluded an alliance with the Bolshevist Government.

The courier reported that the German military authorities had begun to remove articles of utility from the Baltic provinces, and this had led to the assumption that it was preparatory to a withdrawal from those provinces, particularly from Esthonia and Livonia.

The State Department permitted it to become known today that it had instituted inquiries, through both the Norwegian and Swedish Governments, concerning the status and condition of Acting Consul General Poole at Moscow, from whom no word has been received for fifteen days. When his last message was sent, Consul General Poole had elected to remain in Moscow, although permission had been given to him by the Bolshevist authorities to leave Russia.

John Sookine, who came to the United States a year ago as a member of the mission sent by the Russian Provisional Government, and has collaborated here with Ambassador Boris Bakhmetieff, has decided to return to Russia, because he believed that developments in Russia have created a situation that requires a reframing of that country's foreign relations and general war policy, in which he considers the regeneration of Russia's fighting capacity essential above almost everything else.

PARIS, Sept. 18.—(Havas.)—A dispatch from Vladivostok announces that the Czechoslovak forces have captured Perm.

If the report of the capture of Perm is true, it means that Czechoslovaks have advanced across the Ural Mountains about 180 miles from Ekaterinburg, which they captured some time ago. Perm is the capital of the Government of Perm, and is situated on the Kama River. Near it is one of the large Russian ordnance works. The population at the last census was about 50,000.

Mail Service to Archangel.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Mail service to Archangel, Russia, suspended June 16, has been resumed, but mail for other parts of Russia will not be accepted for dispatch through that port. The Post Office Department announced today that Archangel mail would be accepted, subject to such opportunities as are offered for dispatch by commercial liners and Government transports. Mail for certain other parts of Russia is accepted for transmission via the Pacific.

AUSTRIAN NOTE A DISTRESS CRY

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

new, and that both utterances are perfect in their kind."

In opposition to that section of opinion which wants to see the Austrian proposals rejected out of hand, there is a growing insistence on the necessity of issuing a reply which will give the German War Lords no opportunity of rallying their people. The Westminster Gazette, in particular, points out that whereas President Wilson has in a series of admirable speeches and official addresses laid down in principle the essentials of the new world order and is in a strong position when he simply refers back to his own utterances, the Governments of the Entente have not yet spoken with the same clearness and fullness, and that there is everything to gain by a united joint declaration. The basis of that declaration, according to The Gazette, would be disarmanent.

Wants Disarmament Pledge.

"The only fruitful question which can be put to the Prussian militarists is, Will they disarm? That and nothing else is the test of the extermination of Prussian militarism. That alone, with the necessary safeguards, is its own guarantee; and there is no other foundation in which a League of Nations can be built."

The Manchester Guardian and London Star argue strongly for the view that the Allies can so present the case to Austria that her desire to quit the war will be greatly increased, her antagonism to Germany stiffened, her reluctance to send further reinforcements to the French front deepened.

"Or," says The Guardian, "they may make such an answer as will throw Austria back in despair into the German arms."

This point of view is dismissed as "the fear of a small and timid minority" by the Northcliffe papers, which declare that a flat rejection of the Austrian proposals "such as has just been given by President Wilson" cannot drive Austria back into the arms of Germany because she is already in them and there is no reason to suppose she has any intention of leaving them. Though nothing can yet be predicted with certainty, it is the opinion of the best judges whom THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent has been able to consult, that the Entente Governments will agree to the policy of a united reply which, while refusing to enter a conference on the lines suggested by the Austrian note, will leave the door open for further proposals based on the acceptance of certain essential principles necessary to a stable peace.

BRANTING ON PEACE MOVE.

Considers Proposal an Advance in Tone Over Previous One.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—The London Daily Chronicle's Stockholm correspondent wires that commenting on the Austrian peace note, Branting states in the Social Democrat that the Entente should examine Burian's note in the light of the speeches of the Kaiser and von Payer. Branting characterizes it as an advance in tone from the so-called peace invitation of 1916.

The form in which it has been presented makes brutal its rejection, but it does not follow from this that the Austrian proposition will be accepted, of course. Branting says the day will come when discussions over the preliminaries will be completed by direct negotiation, but the question arises, has this initial discussion brought about the necessary approach in the principle, "The world must be made safe for democracy". Branting proceeds to say those were the winged words of Wilson when he led the United States to take up Germany's challenge. If the rulers of the Central Powers really and sincerely desire to obtain for their peoples the blessing of an early peace, the world will demand from them the actual recognition of the fact that only by the successful application of the principles of democracy both in Germany and among the nationalities within Austria-Hungary can this vow of President Wilson's be realized. The hindrances in the path of democracy in these countries must be removed.

This is, for the moment, a greater and more direct move in the direction of peace than the making of propositions concerning the new forms of negotiation.

Great Western
Champagne

BRUT SPECIAL (Absolutely Brut)
SPECIAL RESERVE (Very Dry)
EXTRA DRY (Medium)
Only American Champagne ever awarded Gold Medals at Foreign Expositions
Produced by the old French slow method of fermentation in the bottle, taking from six to seven years of time.
Pleasant Valley Wine Co., Rheims, N. Y.
AMERICA'S OLDEST & LARGEST PRODUCERS

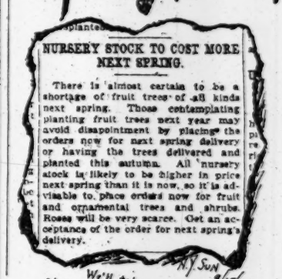
Might as well blend your own smoking tobacco as bother to mix cocktails.
Club Cocktails
are mixed by experts of best liquors, and aged to the smoothness of liquid sunshine.

Stern Brothers
West 42nd Street (Between 5th and 6th Avenues) West 43rd Street
Continuing the Important Sale of
FURS & FUR GARMENTS
For Women and Misses
Which includes Luxurious Coats and Handsome Small Pieces developed in the most fashionable pelts of the most reliable grades,
At prices that will probably not be duplicated again this season:
Hudson Seal Coats — 40 inches long, with deep shawl collar and cuffs, at $225.00
Hudson Seal Coats — 45 ins. long; full flare belted model; deep shawl collar and cuffs, at $265.00
Hudson Seal Coats — 40 and 45 ins.; collar and cuffs of natural squirrel, beaver or skunk, $325 & $350
Hudson Seal Coats — 45 inches long; full flare belted model; deep shawl collar of skunk, at $295.00
Natural Muskrat Coats — 45 inches long; large collar and cuffs of Hudson seal, at $165.00
Attractive Fur Coats — Of Natural and Taupe Dyed Nutria, at $225.00
SCARFS AND MUFFS

Scarfs		Muffs
$37.50, 42.50	Skunk	$34.50, 45.00
$22.50	Moleskin	29.50
$26.50, 42.50	Black Lynx	$26.50, 42.50
$32.50, 59.50	Beaver	$29.50, 37.50
$14.50, 21.50	Taupe Nutria	$16.50, 22.50
$14.50, 21.50	Natural Nutria	$16.50, 22.50
$24.50, 47.50	Hudson Seal	$16.50, 27.50

A large assortment of
Animal Shape Fox Scarfs, silk lined, $24.50 to 95.00
Animal Shape Wolf Scarfs, silk lined, $34.50 to 59.50

Idle Trust Funds
There is no excuse for having trust funds idle.
Our First Mortgage Participation Certificates are legal investments for Trustees.
They provide an investment for the exact sum desired, whether it is large or small, and just now they pay 5%.
No investor has ever lost a dollar.
BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.
Capital and Surplus, $10,000,000
176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn. 350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

Good Advice!

NURSERY STOCK TO COST MORE NEXT SPRING.
There is almost certain to be a shortage of fruit trees of all kinds next spring. Those contemplating planting fruit trees next year may avoid disappointment by placing the orders now for next spring delivery or having the trees delivered and planted this autumn. All nursery stock is likely to be higher in price next spring than it is now, so it is advisable to place orders now for fruit and ornamental trees and shrubs. Roses will be very scarce. Get an acceptance of the order for next spring's delivery.
We'll take your order now at now prices for delivery next Spring
I. HICKS & SON
WESTBURY (Phone 68) L. I.

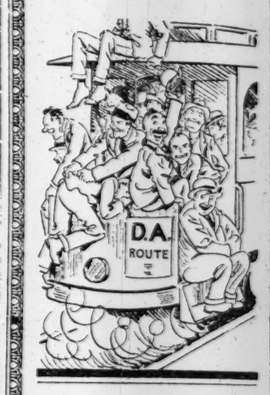
Stern Brothers
West 42nd and 43rd Streets
Boys' Norfolk Suits
as illustrated; sizes 7 to 17 years,
$9.75

One of the new Fall models for school or dress wear, made of grey or brown cheviot mixtures; slash pockets and buckle belt add a smart finishing touch.
Boys' Clothing—On the Third Floor

Saks & Company Announce, Beginning To-day, a
Sale of Men's Shoes
On the Fifth Floor

At $5.95 At $5.95
¶ There are no other shoes like these in New York to-day at $5.95, and there's no likelihood of this offer being paralleled.
¶ They were purchased nearly a year ago, and are presented in this sale at a figure based on costs in effect at that time.
¶ There are four good models to choose from, in Vici Kid, Gun Metal, Russet or Patent Leather. All sizes and widths.
Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

The Joyous Butterfly
HAPPY is the woman who possesses this Charvet creation of seal, which emulates in its "wings" all the rich beauty of the butterfly. Enveloped in the luxurious folds of this warm coat, winter holds no dread for her.
Indeed Charvet's "Butterfly" is just another masterpiece of Charvet's Parisian fur craftsmanship.
Buy W. S. S.
Charvet et Cie
FOURRURES
18 West 57th Street New York

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions are Prices—Quality—Service.
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.
We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.


"Get Aboard!" Open a D. A. No Personal References Required
Our Depositors' Account (D. A.) department is a distinct and self-supporting institution, responsible as such to the State. It is not a lien on the store or its merchandise.
R. H. Macy & Co. Depositors' Account Dept., Private Bankers, under the supervision of the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York.
In its splendidly unique and simple operation it requires the labor only of a small staff of clerks. (As an actual fact we know of no credit system in any competing department store even nearly as inexpensive in operation and maintenance.)
The Proof Lies in the Fact That We Regularly Undersell Our Competitors 6% At Least, Article For Article.
Absolutely One Price to all cash customers—and we sell only for cash—is a statement of the fact as it exists in this store.
What We Do Through Our D. A. is to place at the disposal of all
A Co-operative Buying Power which, through the deposit system, enables our customers to support those conveniences of the charge account THEMSELVES, for which, under the credit system, they are assessed by the store.
You Deposit Your Own Cash At 4%, Credited Daily. You Charge Yourself For the Purchases You Make. The Money Is Yours, the System Is Yours, the Advantages Are Yours.
But—
When the credit house charges you, you pay for—
—The upkeep of the system as the store sees fit to charge for it.
—Interest on the money the store advances in merchandise.
—For "Bad" accounts.
—Whatever the store works out of the transaction as its additional profit.
—Excessive cost of credit sales due to exchanges, returns, goods on approval, extra deliveries, etc.
IF YOU CAN PAY YOUR BILLS MONTHLY, YOU DON'T NEED CREDIT. IF YOU DON'T NEED CREDIT, WHY PAY FOR IT?
"He that sells on credit, asks a price for what he sells equivalent to the principal and interest of his money, for the time he is to be kept out of it; therefore, he that buys upon credit pays interest for what he buys."—Franklin.

NOW
Is the Time to Invest in
5%
GUARANTEED MORTGAGES
Real estate valuations are more conservative than ever—rents are higher than ever—New York's population is greater than ever.
Safest Investment in the World.
LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital, Surplus & Pr. $9,000,000
59 Liberty St., N. Y. 184 Montague St., Bkn.

Unless branded on sole, it is not an Educator
Yes, Educators *Will* Free Your Feet
EDUCATOR SHOES will free your feet from the unrelenting pressure of narrow, pointed shoes—the shoes that are the cause of painful corns, callouses, bunions, ingrown nails and fallen arches. Educators "let the feet grow as they should."
Get the whole family into them, and walk with ease and grace.
MADE FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN
Remember, there is no protection stronger than the EDUCATOR trademark, for it means that behind every part of the shoe stands a responsible manufacturer—Rice & Hutchins, Inc., Boston.
RICE & HUTCHINS
EDUCATOR SHOE

Bal Educator for Women

RESINOL HELPS END YEARS OF SKIN TROUBLE
Oct. 14—"My face and neck broke out with a skin trouble that caused intense pain and loss of sleep. At last I had to give up my position and could not go anywhere. After five years of this trouble, and having used many other preparations, I tried Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap. The pain and smarting was relieved at once, and when I had used 1½ jars of Ointment and seven cakes of Soap the trouble disappeared. Now my skin is clear, and when I shave it is as soft and pink as a child's." (Signed) Jerald H. Kessler, 303 East 93rd St., New York City.
Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap are sold by all druggists.

WEAR FURS *and* SPARE WOOLENS
FOX SCARFS $25
Taupe, Poiret, Brown, Kamchatka
CHAS. HORWITZ, 41 E. 8th St.
2 blocks west of Wanamaker's.
Phone Stuyvesant 137.

GERMANS INCITED REDS' MASSACRES

Shooting of Patriotic Poles "En Masse" Among the Measures Taken.

MURDERS CALMLY ORDERED

How Bolsheviki Proceeded to Carry Out Their Masters' Will Shown by Documents.

THE BETRAYAL OF RUMANIA

Agents Sent by Reds to Disrupt Ally While Brest-Litovsk Peace Farce Was On.

Supplied by the Committee on Public Information.

INSTALLMENT V.

TROTZKY AND RUMANIA.

The machinations of Trotzky, inspired by the German General Hoffman, for the disruption of Rumania are disclosed in the following:

DOCUMENT NO. 37.

[Counterespionage at the Stavka.]

TO THE COMMISSION ON COMBATING THE COUNTER-REVOLUTION:

Commander in Chief Krilenko has requested the counterespionage at the staff to inform you that it is necessary to order the following persons to the Rumanian front immediately: From Petrograd, Commissar Kuhl, Socialist Rakovsky, Sailor Guleshin, and from the front the chief of the Red Guard Durasow. These persons should be supplied with literature and with financial resources for agitation. To them is committed the task of taking all measures for the deposing of the Rumanian King and the removal of counter-revolutionary Rumanian officers.—*Director of Counterespionage, Feierabend; Secretary N. Drachev.*

NOTE.—*This marks the beginning of large-scale work to disorganize the Rumanian army. That in its early Winter phases it advances disappointingly to Germany is evidenced by vengeful steps taken later by General Hoffman and Trotzky from Brest-Litovsk, when in the middle of January Trotzky, at the request of General Hoffman, ordered the arrest in Petrograd of the Rumanian Minister Diamandi. The contents of this letter, written by Joffe, were telegraphed to Washington in February and photographic copy of letter forwarded.**

At about the same time the Rumanian public gold reserves in custody within the Kremlin walls at Moscow were seized by the Russian Government. Diamandi was released from arrest at the demand of the united diplomatic delegations at Petrograd, but his humiliations continued and on January 28 he was ordered from Petrograd, being given less than ten hours to prepare for the departure of a party that contained many women and children. Ambassador Francis sought in vain of Zalkind, who was acting as Foreign Minister in the absence of Trotzky again at Brest, for an extension of the time of departures.

The Rumanian party was thrown pell-mell on a train at midnight. It was delayed in Finland on one excuse and another, not immediately apparent, but in three weeks the minister, leaving behind a large part of his people, was allowed to proceed to Torneo. By good luck he reached there the day after the Red Guard lost Torneo to the White Guard. That day saved his life, for on the person of Svetlitzsky, a Russian commissar who joined him in mid-Finland and accompanied him to Torneo, was found an order to Timofeyeff, the commissar at Torneo, to shoot him. Svetlitzsky was shot instead.

When I passed through Torneo the control officer talked frankly about the details, expressing the opinion that the shooting might have been a mistake, as it was not shown that Svetlitzsky was aware of the contents of the letter. Svetlitzsky, however, was an important person in Petrograd, close to Trotzky.

Our American party brought Guranesco, the first secretary of the Rumanian delegation out of Finland through the lines with us. He had been in Red Finland seven weeks. Behind us at Bjorneburg we left several families of Rumanians who had departed from Petrograd with the minister. We would have liked to have brought them through the lines of the two armies, but our venture was too desperate to permit unauthorized additions to the party.

The marginal notation on this letter is "Execute," initialed "ch," the sign manual of Chicherin, the returned exile from England, at that time Assistant Minister of Foreign Affairs, now Minister of Foreign Affairs.
Have photograph of letter.

*Letter from Joffe at Brest-Litovsk carrying General Hoffman's order through Trotzky to incite agitation against the Rumanian Army, and to arrest Diamandi, the Rumanian Minister.

CONFIDENTIAL.

[No. 771, Affair of Peace Deleg., To report 4 1, Urgent (Initials).]

BREST-LITOVSK, *Dec.* 31, 1917. *No.* 365-*N. K.*

COMR. SHIKEVITCH:

Take copies and send to the Commiss. for Foreign Affairs, personally to Comr. Zalkind.

To the Council of National Commissaries:

Comrade L. D. Trotsky has charged me to bring to the knowledge of the Council of National Commissaries the motives for his telegraphic proposal to arrest the Rumanian diplomatic representatives in Petersburg.

General Hoffman, referring to the conference which had taken place in Brest-Litovsk between the members of the German and Austro-Hungarian delegations on Dec. 29, presented to the Russian delegation in the name of the German and Austrian chief command (a deciphered radiotelegram was exhibited in this connection) a *confidentigl demand* concerning the immediate incitement of the Rumanian Army to recognize the necessity of an armistice and adopting the terms of a democratic peace pointed out by the Russian delegates. The implacability of the staff and the whole commanding force of the Rumanian Army, with regard to which the chief command of the German Army has received the most exact agency information, spoils the excellent impression produced in Germany and on all the fronts by the Russian peace proposition, which has made it possible to again *stimulate the popular feeling against England, France, and America and can bring about an undesirable and dangerous aggravation of the peace question up to the German Army going over to the attack on our front and an open annexation of the territories occupied in Russia.*

The General expressed his opinion that against peace might be the Cossacks, some Ukrainian regiments, and the Caucasian army, in which case they will also doubtless be joined by the Rumanian armies, which, according to the information in possession of the German staff, enter into the calculations of Kaledin and Alexieff. It is greatly in the interests of the German and Austrian delegations that complete harmony should prevail on the entire Russian front as regards the conclusion of an armistice and adopting the terms of a separate peace between Russia and Germany, seeing that in this event the German and Austrian chief command will propose to Rumania their terms of peace, and will be in a position to take up their operative actions on the western front on a very large scale; at the same time General Hoffman, in the course of a conversation with Comr. Trotzky, twice hinted at the necessity of immediately beginning these war operations.

When Comr. Trotzky declared that at the disposal of the council's power there are no means of influencing the Rumanian staff, Gen. Hoffman pointed out the necessity of sending trustworthy agents to the Rumanian Army and the possibility of arresting the Rumanian mission in Petersburg and repressive measures against the Rumanian King and the Rumanian commanding forces.

After this interview Comr. L. D. Trotzky by cable proposed to arrest the Rumanian mission in Petersburg with all its members. This report is being sent by special courier—Comrade I. G. Brossoff, *who has to personally transmit to Commissary Podvoisky some information of a secret character regarding the sending to the Rumanian army of those persons whose names Comr. Brossoff will give.* (NOTE.—Underscore marked "To Sander.") All these persons will be paid out of the cash of the "German Naphtha-Industrial Bank," which has bought near Boreslavl the business of the joint-stock company of Fanto & Co. The chief direction of those agents has been intrusted, according to Gen. Hoffman's indication, to a certain Wolf Vonigel, (Note—von Igel), who is keeping a watch over the military agents of the countries allied with us. As regards the English and American diplomatic representatives, *Gen. Hoffman has expressed the agreement of the German staff to the measures adopted by Comr. Trotzky and Comnr. Lazimiroff with regard to watching over their activity.—Member of the delegation, A. Yoffe.*

Reported January 4, regarding the arrest of Diamandi and others.—M. SHITKEVITCH.

JANUARY 5, 1918.

TO THE CHANCERY:

Send an urgent telegram to Trotzky about the arrest of the Rumanian Minister.—*Savelieff.*

NOTE (as cabled Feb. 9.)—*The date is Jan. 12, western time, the eve of the Russian New Year. The Rumanian Minister was arrested that night in Petrograd, and only released on the united demand of all embassies and legations in Petrograd. Since then he has been sent out of Russia. The letter shows that Trotzky took General Hoffman's personal demand as an order for action. Most important of all, however, it strips the mask from the Lenine and Trotzky public protestations that they have sought to prevent the peace negotiations with Germany from turning to the military advantage of Germany against the United States, England, and France. The aim here disclosed is instead to aid Germany in stimulating feeling against England, France, and the United States, in enabling Germany to prepare for an offensive on the western front. A German bank is named as paymaster for Bolshevist agitators among the Rumanian soldiers. Is Wolf Vonigel, the Field Director, the Wolf von Igel of American notoriety? The similarity in name is striking. Finally, General Hoffman and the German staff are satisfied with Trotzky's watch over the American and English diplomats. Yoffe, who signs the letter, is a member of the Russian Peace Commission. Since this letter was written Zalkind has gone to Switzerland on a special mission.*

July 6, 1918.—E. S.

He did not reach there, being unable to pass through England, and in April was in Christiania.

Espionage and Assassination.

Further disclosures of espionage operations and of assassination orders for the ruthless extermination of Russian patriots follow:

DOCUMENT NO. 38.

[Commission for combating the counter-revolution and pogroms, Dec. 14, 1917, Petrograd.]

MAJ. VON BOEHLKE, ESTEEMED COMRADE:

I bring to your notice that our Finnish comrades, Hakhia, Pukko, and Enrot have advised the commissar for combating the counterrevolution of the following facts:

1. Between the English officers and the Finnish bourgeoisie organizations there are connections which cause us serious apprehension.

2. In Finland have been installed two wireless stations which are used by unknown persons who communicate in cipher.

3. Between Gen. Kaledin and the American mission there is an undoubted communication, of which we have received exact information from your source, and, therefore, a most careful supervision of the American Embassy is necessary.

These reports must be established exactly. Our agents are helpless. Please excuse that I write on the official letter heads, but I hasten to do this, sitting here at the commission at an extraordinary meeting. Ready to service.—*F. Zalkind.*

NOTE.—*The written comment at the top of the letter is "Commissar for foreign affairs. I request exact instructions Schott." It is von Boehlke's question, signed with his cipher name. (See document 5.) The letter may imply that von Boehlke had, in the opinion of his good friend Zalkind, a means of internal observation at the American embassy.*
Have photograph of letter.

DOCUMENT NO. 39.

[Counterespionage at the Stavka, No. 268, Jan. 25, 1918.]

VERY SECRET.

TO THE COMMISSION ON COMBATING THE COUNTER-REVOLUTION:

The 23d of January at the Stavka there took place a conference at which there participated Maj. von Boehlke, assigned from Petrograd. It was decided, upon the insistence of the German consultants, to send to the internal fronts the following persons, furnishing them all powers for dealing with individual counter-revolutionaries.

To the Don: Zhikhorev, Rudnev, Krogults, and Ernest Delgau.

To the Caucasus Front: Vassili Dumbadze, Prince Machabelli, Sevastianov, and Ter-Baburin.

To the 1st Polish Corps of General Dovbor-Menitsky are assigned Dembitsky, Stetkus, Zhimilitis, and Gisman.

Be so good as to take all measures for the quick assignment and the adequate furnishing of the assigned persons with money, reserve passports, and other documents.—*Senior Officer, Peter Mironov.*

NOTE.—*This is an assassination order against individuals. It was not successful against the Polish General. Dembadze and Prince Machabelli were German spies implicated in the Sukhomlinoff affair and sentenced to prison, but afterwards liberated by the Bolsheviki. Lieut. Col. Dembitsky was a Bolshevist Polish officer. Baburin was an assistant chief of staff under Krilenko. The letter is indorsed "Comrade Lunarcharsky, leave with report for Comrade Zenovieff," signature illegible.*
Have photograph of letter.

DOCUMENT NO. 40.

[Counterespionage at the Stavka, No. 51/672, Jan. 19, 1918.]

TO THE COMMISSION FOR COMBATING THE COUNTER-REVOLUTION.

There have been received two notes addressed to the Supreme Commander from the staffs of the Austrian and German High Commands. These notes inform the Stavka that the organiser of the volunteer army in the Don region, General Alexieff, is in written communication with the officer personnel of the Polish legions at the front, with the view of getting the help of Polish officers in the counter-revolution. This information has been received by the Austrian agents from the Polish Bolshevist Comrade Zhuk, who played a large part at Rostov during the November and December battles. On the other side, the representative of the German Government, Count Lerchenfeldt, reports of the rapidly growing movement in Poland in favor of the bourgeoisie estate owners' imperialistic plan to defend with arms the greatest possible independence of Poland, with the broadening of its frontiers at the expense of Lithuania, White Russia, and Galicia.

This movement is actively supported by the popular democratic party in Warsaw, as well as Petrograd, by military organizations guided by the counter-revolutionary estate owners and the bourgeoisie Polish clergy.

The situation which has arisen was discussed on the 16th of January at the Stavka in the presence of Major von Boehlke, sent the Petrograd branch of the German Intelligence Bureau, and it was there decided:

1. To take the most decisive measures, up to shooting en masse, against the Polish troops which have submitted to the counter-revolutionary and imperialistic propaganda.

2. To arrest General Dovbor-Menitsky.

3. To arrange a surveillance of the commanding personnel.

4. Send agitators to the Polish legions to consult regarding the Polish revolutionary organizations known to the committee.

5. On learning of the counter-revolutionary activity of Polish officers to immediately arrest them and send them to the Stavka to the disposal of the Counterespionage.

6. To arrest the emissaries of General Alexieff, Staff Captain Shuravsky, and Captain Rushitsky.

7. To request the Commission for Combating the Counter-Revolution with agreement with the German Intelligence Bureau at Petrograd to arrange a surveillance and observation of the following institutions and persons:

(*a*) The high Polish Committee
(*b*) The Society of Friends of the Polish Soldier.
(*c*) Inter-Party Union.
(*d*) The Union of Polish Invalids.
(*e*) Members of the Polish Kolo of the former state Duma and council.
(*f*) The Chairman, Ledmitsky, and the members of the former committee for the liquidation of affairs of the Polish kingdom.
(*g*) Boleslav Jalovesky.
(*h*) Vladislav Grabsky.
(*i*) Stanislav Shuritsky.
(*j*) Roman Catholic Polish clergy.
(*k*) The Polish treasury, through which, according to agency reports, the Governments of countries allied with Russia intend, with the assistance of the New York National City Bank, to supply with monetary resources the counter-revolutionary camp.

It is necessary to verify the private reports of several Lithuanian revolutionaries that among the church benevolent funds, which are at the disposal of the Polish clergy are the capitals of private persons who hid their money from requisition for the benefit of the State.

In case of establishment of any connection with the counter-revolution the guilty Polish institutions are to be liquidated, their leaders and also persons connected with the counter-revolutionary work are to be arrested and sent to the disposal of the Stavka.—*For Chief of the Counterespionage, Commissar Kalmanovich.*

NOTE.—*Again Germany, through Count Perchenfeldt, was intriguing on both sides. Chiefly, however, the significance of the letter is in the thoroughness of the outlined German plan to crush the threat of armed opposition from the Polish legions of the Russian Army. The troops were fired upon, as indicated. The preceding document really follows this in natural sequence. The next two further elucidate the situation for the benefit of the Poles of the outside world.*
Have photograph of letter.

DOCUMENT NO. 41.

[Counter Espionage at the Stavka, No. 461, Jan. 28, 1918.]

TO THE COMMISSION FOR COMBATING THE COUNTER-REVOLUTION: The special commission on the conflict with the Polish counter-revolutionary troops has begun its activity. All the conduct of its affairs has been located at the counterespionage at the Stavka, where is being collected all information on the counter-revolution on the external and internal fronts. At the commission have arrived members of the Commission for Combating the Counter-Revolution, E. Miekonoshin, I. Zenzinov, Zhilinski, and from Sevastopol Comrade Tiurin. To a conference were called agents announcing their wish to be sent for conflict with the bourgeoisie Polish officers—Dembitsky, Boleslav, Yakhimovich, Strievsky, Yasenovsky, and Adamovich. All those agents are under obligation to carry the affair to the point of open insubordination of the soldiers against the officers, and the arrest of the latter.

For emergency the commander in chief ordered to assign Nakhim Sher and Ilya Razymov for the destruction of the counter-revolutionary ringleaders among the Polish troops, and the commission recognized the possibility of declaring all Polish troops outside the law when that measure should present itself as imperative.

From Petrograd, observers announced that the Polish organizations are displaying great reserve and caution in mutual relations. There has been established, however, an unquestionable contact between the high military council located in Petrograd and the Polish officers and soldiers of the bourgeoisie estate-owning class with the counter-revolutionary Polish troops. On this matter, in the Commissariat on Military Affairs, there took place on Jan. 22 a conference of Comrades Podvoisky, Kovdrov, Boretzkov, Dybenko, and Kovalsky. The Commissar on Naval Affairs announced that the sailors Trushin, Markin, Peinkaitis, and Schulz demand the dismissal of the Polish troops, and threaten, in case it is refused, assaults on the Polish legionaries in Petrograd. The Commander in Chief suggests that it might be possible to direct the rage of the sailors mentioned, and of their group, to the front against the counter-revolutionary Polish troops.

At the present time our agitation among the Polish troops is being carried on in very active fashion and there is great hope for the disorganization of the Polish legionaries.—*Chief of Counterespionage, Feierabend.*

NOTE.—*Have photograph of letter.*

DOCUMENT NO. 42.

[Counter Espionage at the Stavka, Jan. 28, 1918.]

TO THE COMMISSION FOR COMBATING THE COUNTER-REVOLUTION: At the request of the Commander in Chief, in answer to your inquiry, I inform you, supplementary to the dispatch, that the funds sent with Major Bayermeister have been received here. Among the troops acting on the front against the counter-revolutionaries have been prepared several battalions for conflict with the Poles and Rumanians. We will pay 12 rubles a day, with an increased food ration. From the hired sections sent against the legionaries have been formed two companies, one from the best shots for the shooting of officers of regiments, the other of Lithuanians and Letts for the theft of food reserves in Vitebsk, Minsk, and Mogilev Governments, in the places where the Polish troops are situated. Various local peasants have also agreed to attack the regiments and exterminate them.—*Commissar G. Mosholov.*

NOTE.—*These two documents show that the policy against these patriotic soldiers was one of merciless extermination, financed by German money, handed out by a German officer. Baymeister is named in Document No. 5.*
Have photograph of letter.

REDS SHOOT SOUKHOMLINOFF.

Ex-Minister of War Court-Martialed and Summarily Executed.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—General Soukhomlinoff, Minister of War in the Russian Imperial Cabinet from 1909 to 1915, was court-martialed on Sept. 6 and shot on the same day, according to a Petrograd dispatch printed in the newspapers of Vienna and transmitted here by the Amsterdam correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company.

General Soukhomlinoff was sentenced on Sept. 26, 1917, by a Petrograd court to hard labor for life after his conviction on the charge of high treason, abuse of confidence and fraud. Mme. Soukhomlinoff, the General's wife, was acquitted.

WORK AT POINT OF BAYONET.

Engine Drivers on Vladixostok Line Forced to Run Trains.

HARBIN, Manchuria, Sept. 9, (Associated Press.)—The strike on the Chinese Eastern Railway continues to embarrass military movements in the Siberian operations. None of the strikers reappeared for work today, despite the ultimatum that had been presented to them, demanding that they resume their labors this morning. The first train for a week in the direction of Changchum came into the Harbin station this afternoon heavily guarded by Japanese, Chinese and Czechoslovak troops.

In order to maintain military connections with Vladivostok it has been found necessary to force the engineers to work at the point of the bayonet.

Just a Little Money
If just a little money came in—say $253.88—what would you do with it?
We can invest every cent of it for you within 5 minutes at 5% interest in our First Mortgage Participation Certificates.
They are shares in mortgages guaranteed by the Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Company.
This is about the most convenient thing in the investment line.
TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST CO
Capital $5,000,000 Surplus $11,000,000
176 Broadway, New York 175 Remsen St., Brooklyn
350 Fulton Street, Jamaica

Saves Waste
Saves Cooking
Grape-Nuts
Most attractive of all cereal foods.

The COLLEGE $7.00
Walk-Over
The Government recommends oxfords to save leather, but many of our smartest young women already wear them nearly the year 'round. Oxfords will be unusually fashionable this Fall and Winter.
At the price, this is an extremely popular Walk-Over model. It has a straight street-arch, a restful tread, and a modish heel. A sensible shoe, and yet—see how smart this wing-tip effect makes it.
Walk-Over SHOES

The HAWAIIAN $6.00 and $7.00

Walk-Over
For snap and dash, this exquisitely-tailored model stands quite by itself. It has a Rainbow Arch and a high-bred, delicately concaved 2¼ inch Louis heel. A high-heel oxford with all the daintiness of a pump. It snuggles to your ankle, and blends with your hosiery as breath does with air.
Walk-Over Shoe Stores
New York City: 179 Broadway, 144 Bowery, 1173-76 Broadway, 252 W. 125th St., 1439 Broadway, 622 W. 181st St. Brooklyn: 1353 Broadway, 565-7 Fulton St., 5406 Fifth Ave. Bronx: 537 Melrose Ave., Yonkers, N. Y., 9 N. Broadway
Newark, N. J.—705 Broad St. Paterson, N. J.—151 Market St.
Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—297 Main St.

THE STORY OF REVILLON FURS

© 1918
The "Annie Geele" in Winter Quarters
THE great demand for transatlantic tonnage for War purposes made it necessary to replace the Revillon steamers formerly used in Hudson's Bay with a fleet of schooners. These are the *Dorothy C. Snow*, the *Albany*, the *Hilda P.*, the *King George*, the *Violette*, the *Annie Geele*, the *James L.*, the *Romeo*, and the yacht *Emelia*.
These schooners go from point to point in Hudson's Bay and the tributary streams, collecting the valuable white furs trapped by the Eskimos. They can work but a few weeks at mid-summer, and must spend the rest of the year in the ice. The white evening furs at the Revillon showrooms recall vividly the eternally snow covered landscape from which they came.
Revillon Frères
Fifth Avenue at 53rd Street

"And this wireless from Washington . . . orders that every member of the train crew shall be sworn into service."
A necessary precaution to insure the safe delivery of 50 tons of S. H., the new American high explosive.
AMERICAN PEP
By A. STONE
is absolutely spell-binding. Based entirely on fact—it tells how a small band of loyal Americans frustrated time and again the most dastardly attempts of the German spy system to accomplish its purpose. Every page is a thriller.
AT ALL BOOK STORES
$1.50 Net. By Mail $1.60.
The Robt. J. Shores Corp., Pub., 225 Fifth Ave., New York

TO BE SOLD BY THE ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN
COFFEE
NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned, A. Mitchell Palmer, as Alien Property Custodian, on the 19th day of September, 1918, at 10:00 A. M., at the office of the Fidelity Warehouse, 755 Water Street, New York City, will offer for sale, at public sale, to the highest bidder, all or any part, as shall be determined at the sale, of 600 bags of Haiti Coffee, more or less, now located at the Fidelity Warehouse, 750 Water Street, New York City.
A. MITCHELL PALMER,
Alien Property Custodian.
For further information concerning the terms and conditions of the above sale apply to Horace O. Kilbourn, Room 518, 110 West 42d Street, New York City.
JOSEPH F. GUFFEY,
Director Bureau of Sales.

GARRISON
A NEW FALL STYLE IN
Lion Collars
OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA

NEW HEAT
Solves Fuel Question
Price $12.50

Makes your own gas anywhere. Fits into any coal or wood stove. Cheaper than city gas for cooking and heating.
Agencies Open.
See Exhibit Daily. Keep This Ad.
Kendalite Gas Maker
1211 Broadway, near 29th St., N. Y.

American machine gunners at target practice in a French training camp, from a British official photograph, reproduced in the current issue of the Mid-week Pictorial. Ten cents at any news stand.—Advt.

MENACE BULGARS IN MAIN POSITIONS

French and Serbians Have Struck at Vital Point in Enemy's Long Line.

GREEK ADVANCE IMPORTANT

Gen. Maurice Believes That It Portends an Offensive with British Assistance.

By MAJOR GEN. SIR FREDERICK MAURICE.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—Our eyes have been so much fixed upon the Western front, and it has been so long since any event of interest has occurred in Macedonia, that a few words of explanation are necessary, if this latest offensive is to be understood.

The main section of the Allied front lies between the River Vardar and Lake Prespa, twelve miles west of Monastir. Until it was broken by the Franco-Serbian offensive which has just developed, the front ran almost due westward from the Vardar to a point only some 4,000 yards north of Monastir, and that town, which is probably the only place on the Macedonian front not already in their hands, coveted by the Bulgars, has long been exposed to an attack.

From the Vardar to Sokol Mountain, which the Serbians have just captured, a chain of mountains rising to over 6,000 feet in height runs westward for some forty-five miles, and the allied front trenches are now established along the southern slopes of this range. Hitherto the Bulgars have everywhere along this front been in possession of the main heights.

At Sokol Mountain the range bends southward toward Ostrova Lake, and this portion of it has been in the hands of the Allies. West of Sokol the front line ran down into the valley of the Cerna, which river it crossed twice before reaching the neighborhood of Monastir. The River Cerna rises well to the north of Monastir, and after passing some six miles to the east of the town makes a big loop, and, turning northward, between two parallel ranges of hills, flows into the Vardar. The whole of this main section of the front is, then, mountainous in character, with the exception of the valley of the Cerna, which about Monastir is wide and marshy.

Allies's Victory Is Important.

The Franco-Serbian attack, which has just taken place, has been made at the bend of the mountain range of which the Allies have hitherto held only the portion which runs southward at right angles to the front. The heights of Sokol, Dobropolje, and Vetrenisk have hitherto been a barrier to the allied progress down the Cerna Valley, and the Serbian communiqué does not exaggerate when it says that the most important part of the front in the enemy's possession has been captured.

The Franco-Serbians have at once proceeded to widen out their front of attack both east and west, and it is twenty miles from their flank, so that they have gained elbow room. They have now reached the Cerna, and have the alternatives before them of advancing northwestward across the river in its northward course in the direction of Prilep, which would turn the Bulgar defenses in front of Monastir and disengage the town, or of pressing down the Cerna Valley in a northerly direction, which would turn the main range between the Cerna and the Vardar, on which the Bulgars have so long been established.

The country is difficult, very defensible and roadless, and though the Bulgar is said to be war-weary, it is quite possible that he will fight hard in defense of that part of Macedonia which he considers his by right. So it is too soon to begin looking for big results, particularly as we do not yet know whether this offensive is intended to be more than local.

All that can be said at present is that certain very important key positions have passed into the hands of the Allies, and that the Serbians are following up their initial success.

British May Attack on the Struma.

The Greek movement on the Struma front has the air of being a preparation for more important developments on the allied right. Indeed, Mr. Balfour has more than hinted that this is so, and has announced that British troops are to take part. The Struma front has long been purely a British preserve and is probably one of the most unpleasant of all the unpleasant positions which British troops have had to hold in this war.

URGES US TO WAR ON BULGARS

Serb Envoy to Paris Says It Would Bring Speedy Collapse.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 18.—Perhaps the most enthusiastic man in Paris today over the successful attack of the French and Serbian troops on the Bulgarians in Macedonia is Milenko Vesnitch, Serbian Minister to France.

"This is the successful beginning of an offensive by the French Army and the troops of my own country against the enemy in Dobropolje," he said at the Serbian Legation this morning. "It is the last finishing touch to the evidence needed to prove that at last we have unity of front as well as unity of command.

"There is only one thing left to be desired. It is that the United States declare war on Bulgaria and Turkey, and send a few troops to those eastern fronts to prove to our enemies in the Balkans that America is against them. Nothing would more quickly bring about their collapse than this conviction.

"About the first question asked by Bulgarian prisoners of war is whether the United States has declared war on their country. It is the one thing they fear most. I cannot understand why they should not be made to realize that fear to the full. This war is a war of conflicting principles. America stands for one set of principles. Bulgaria stands for the opposite set. Therefore, I cannot see the wisdom of America discriminating between Germany and Austria on the one hand and Bulgaria and Turkey on the other.

"With the collapse of Bulgaria, Turkey would be eliminated from the war almost automatically, and nothing would bring about the collapse of Bulgaria more quickly than a formal declaration of hostilities by the United States, supplemented by the appearance of the American uniform against Bulgarian troops in battle. Furthermore, the United States has declared itself in favor of the liberation of the Jugoslav peoples, and one indispensable preliminary to such liberation is the defeat of Bulgaria in this war."

BULGAR FRONT CRUMBLES

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

splendid morale. They have equalled the endurance, courage, spirit, and sacrifice of French units in repulsing Bulgarian counterattacks. Fighting stubbornly in the face of very energetic resistance, they stormed positions which the enemy had prepared for three years on ground at an average height of 1,800 meters, including several wooded heights which appeared to be impregnable.

BERLIN, Sept. 18, (via London.)—German troops are aiding the Bulgarians in their defence against allied attacks in Macedonia, according to an official statement from the War Office today. The Bulgarians are fighting against the French, Serbians, and Greeks. The statement reads:

East of the Cerna the Bulgarians since Sept. 15 have been engaged in fighting French, Serbians, and Greeks. German battalions also have been employed in repulsing the enemy.

VIENNA, Sept. 18, (via London.)—The official statement issued today reports the repulse of Italian attacks in Albania, near the coast. The Austrian lines inland on this front have been pushed forward to the south of the Berat Ridges, the report adds.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
864 866 868 Fifth Avenue AT 46TH ST N.Y.

introduce

NEW FUR FASHIONS

— FEATURING —

COATS—WRAPS—CAPES—COATEES
STOLES—PELERINES—SETS
AND SEPARATE FURS

Including

softly draped styles

in

Plain and combination effects

of

SEAL—MOLE—SQUIRREL—KOLINSKY
BEAVER—NUTRIA—MINK—CHINCHILLA
and SABLE

Stern Brothers
WEST FORTY-SECOND AND FORTY-THIRD STREETS

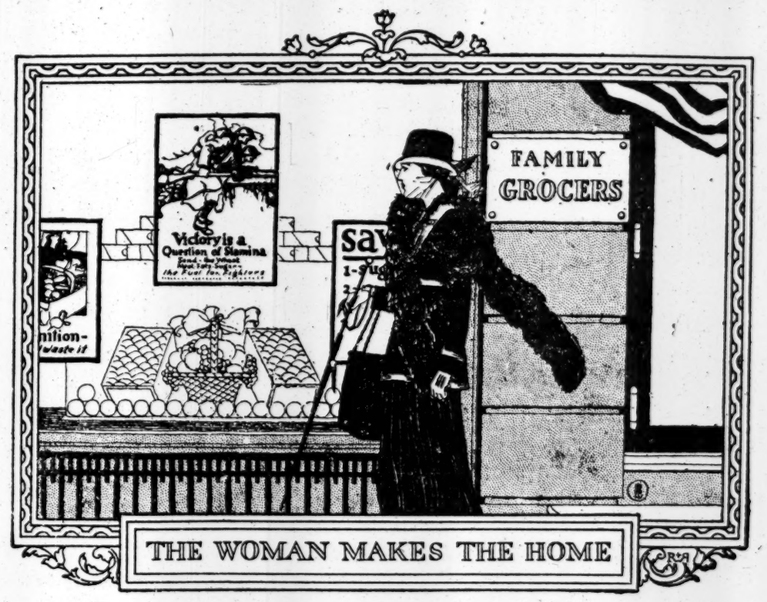
Fine Custom Suitings
Cut to Your Measure
at $33.50

This Sale is now in progress and will be continued throughout the week

AS most of the fabrics offered in this sale are not replaceable except at large advances, it is probable that equal values in custom-made garments will not be available until after the war. . . . All of them of fine all-wool quality --- many limited to one suit pattern and some with extra pair of trousers.

Worsteds *Cheviots* *Tweeds*
Serges *Homespuns* *Topcoatings*

Men's Clothing Section On the Third Floor



The Woman War-Worker's Manual of Arms

ALL the battle calls of the past four years have sounded in the ears of men and women alike—all except one.

THAT one is the call to destroy.

WHAT the war-weary world asks of a woman is that she shall create and not destroy; that she shall husband every resource on the home ground and become a sure and dependable rear guard—watching, waiting, working.

AND no matter what work she may do in addition, the world demands of her *first of all* responsibility in the home.

WOMEN OF TODAY, you whom the soldier leaves behind to guard his home, yours is no ordinary task.

Many women eager to try their hands at their new household duties, are learning that the work demands more than a knowledge of mere cooking.

They need news of the food markets, of buying, of utensils, of the differences in value as well as in the taste of foods, of what food may be used in place of another food, of the changes in the prices of both when this is done, of the bond between Big Business and Every-day Housekeeping, and of the individual home's relation to the life of the nation.

To learn and understand and *apply* all this is not as spectacular as driving a motor or nursing a wounded soldier; but it is a woman's *first* responsibility to a nation at war. Moreover it is work towards a given and a glorious end—the end of victory and peace for which the American soldier is fighting.

And thus it is that the arts of homekeeping have become part of the sinews of war, and the woman who studies to develop them is taking a course in military training—she is an officer in the Home Guard.

Women of today, you who tend the homes of absent soldiers, are you enrolled? The Woman's Home Companion will show you how.

THE COMPANION *is the woman war worker's Manual of Arms; it gives counsel, aid and* DIRECTION; *its program of war work is broad enough to provide you with practical work that will fit your leisure, your home, and your pocketbook.*

WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION

THE CROWELL PUBLISHING CO.

Also Publishers of THE AMERICAN MAGAZINE *and*
FARM AND FIRESIDE

SEE FEW DEFECTS IN AMERICAN ARMY

French Comrades from Poilus to Generals Praise Our Men and Our Capacity.

CAN BETTER CO-ORDINATION

An Expert Suggests Ways to Improve Our Transportation Service.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Sept. 18.—What does the French Army really think of the Americans?

Phrases such as "They are magnificent," or "They fight splendidly," which are the Frenchman's usual reply to this question are agreeable to hear but not particularly illuminating as an estimate of our troops from men who have learned in the hard school of experience to appreciate military qualities.

I have discussed the subject both previous to and since the St. Mihiel battle with French soldiers of all ranks, from Generals commanding armies to simple poilus.

That the composite opinion thus formed contains certain elements of criticism only adds value to the universal and enthusiastic approbation. Sincerity and unmixed praise rarely go hand in hand.

To begin with France's soldiers have nothing but good to say of the Americans as individuals. The genuine and old-established sympathy, proffered by the French at the outset, has ripened into something bordering on affection.

"Your men are so young, so keen, so friendly," said one veteran Sergeant. "How can we fail to like them? Even the language question, which might have seemed a barrier, forms an added bond of sympathy. How can we feel but friendly toward a youngster who is so anxious to be a friend with us that he scorns all fear of appearing ridiculous (the worst handicap of the equally well-disposed Britons) in the strenuous effort to 'get together' by the indiscriminate use of his whole French vocabulary?"

That fact can be taken for granted; the doughboy has a warm place in the heart of the French people.

But how does our army as a military machine strike the French professional soldiers? The opinion, given me yesterday by an officer who has seen the Americans at work in this and other battles, answers the question most favorably.

"I rate the Americans very high, indeed," he said, "even higher than some of my comrades who reckon experience as of cardinal importance. Grant that the Americans lack the four years' war practice which have made the French, British, and German Armies trained and efficient soldiers. But that very thing is not the least factor of the American strength.

"Other armies know the game too well. They are less ready to take risks, have the ingrained feeling, for instance, that they must never outrun the barrage, even when it seems overslow in moving forward.

"Similarly, when the enemy's fire reaches a certain pitch of intensity, one must take cover instead of pushing on. Your men are different, they go ahead all the time. The fact that for the first time in this war a salient has been pinched with a big force of the enemy still inside of it does not count for nothing, remember.

"Then, again, the physical quality of the Americans is of immense advantage as compared with the enemy. The same superiority exists as regards the morale. And your divisions are at full strength, whereas the boche's are dangerously reduced.

"Evidently you are hampered by insufficiently experienced officers. The tendency of this war has been to throw responsibility more and more on the battalion commander. The battalion has become a regular miniature division with its own light field guns, trench mortar batteries, and rifle, grenade, and mitrailleuse sections in addition to the infantry proper. The slightest error on the part of the battalion commander can have grave results.

"That you cannot help, and, anyway, the deficit against you is daily growing less as your officers are learning by experience.

"A private can be trained pretty adequately without hearing a shot fired. But, except in rare cases, the successful officer requires knowledge that comes of war practice."

Another criticism was that the coordination was not always perfect between the artillery and the infantry.

"That happens in all armies," said a French artillery officer, "but long practice has reduced it to a minimum in our case. For your battery, as units, I cannot speak too strongly; the speed and accuracy of their fire always compares favorably with our records and, sometimes, even surpasses them. But after years at the game our gunners seem able to gauge the rate at which to move forward the barrage almost instinctively. It is also a question of perfecting the liaison system, which gradually comes to work nearly automatically. All that is a matter of time, but what I have seen of American gun work in this battle fills me with surprise at the rapidity and success with which the problem is being mastered."

The criticism one sometimes hears that the American troops are too impetuous is already met by a previous speaker.

The St. Mihiel battle has shown that temerity can be a military virtue, especially against troops in the weakened and demoralized condition toward which the German Army is degenerating ever more dangerously.

The most helpful criticism I received was in respect to the transportation service. It is almost impossible to realize the difficulty of finding one's way in the mass of French byroads, especially when an army is advancing and signposts are nonexistent. Such French territorials as are on the roads are generally unable to give the proper direction, even when, as rarely happens, the American Sergeant or Lieutenant in charge of the convoy is able to make them understand where he wants to go.

In my own trips I had plentiful experience of how easy it is to lose one's way, even when accompanied by a French officer expert in reading maps. This difficulty is greatly augmented at night, when it is necessary to drive a clumsy camion on a bad and perhaps a shell-torn road without lights or former knowledge of the country.

"One cannot overestimate the importance of this matter," said an officer of the French transport service, who had been on the job since 1914. "A train of guns or a load of shells that goes astray, or missing supplies for regiments, may hold up the advance at a vital point any moment. I would suggest that as far as possible Americans send with convoys officers expert in reading maps and able to talk French. The value of the transport service is not spectacular or heroic, but it is very great, nevertheless, and it would be well worth while diverting for a time, at least, officers from other positions to remedy this difficulty which exists in all armies, but in the case of the Americans is complicated by unfamiliarity with the country and language.

"At the same time I would like to pay a compliment to your drivers, who simply are inimitable. For years we admired the skill of the Ford ambulance drivers, but the way your fellows navigate huge camions literally takes one's breath away. And yet the percentage of accidents is certainly no higher than ours. This is not the least of the feathers in the cap of the American Army."

FIVE AMERICAN PLANES MISSING AFTER A RAID

Pershing Reports That They Were Attacked by a Superior Force in Lorraine.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Five American planes are missing as a result of an attack by a superior German force during a bombing expedition in Lorraine, General Pershing reported in today's communiqué, which was received tonight by the War Department.

With the exception of artillery activity in Lorraine and Alsace, the American sectors remain inactive.

The bulletin reads:

Headquarters American Expeditionary Forces, Sept. 18:

Section A—Aside from artillery activity in Lorraine and in Alsace, there is nothing of importance to report from the sectors occupied by our troops.

"In the course of a bombing operation in Lorraine, our aviators were attacked by superior forces. Five of our machines are missing."

DENMARK AGREES ON TRADE

Now in Line with Other Neutral European Nations Except Holland.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Danish-American commercial and shipping agreements which have been the subject of negotiations between the War Trade Board and the special Danish Mission in Washington were completed tonight and signed.

Similar agreements have been made with all European neutrals except Holland.

The agreements, which follow closely those made with Norway and Sweden, assure to Denmark a supply of foodstuffs, metals, machinery, textiles, non-edible animal and vegetable products, chemicals, drugs and other commodities required for its needs in an aggregate quantity of well over 332,000 tons annually.

Pursuant to the agreement, a number of vessels sufficient to carry the commodities to Denmark will be placed at the disposal of Denmark out of the Danish tonnage which at present is employed in overseas trade. The remainder of the Danish tonnage in that trade will remain at the disposal of the United States and its associated powers.

No articles imported into Denmark under the provisions of the agreement are to be directly or indirectly exported from Denmark to the Central Powers nor to any neutral country where such exportation will directly or indirectly serve to release for export to Germany or her allies any article or commodity of whatever origin, nor shall commodities which the United States or its associates in the war furnish Denmark be used in the production of any commodity to be exported to the Central Powers.

In return for the facilities for such supplies the agreement provides for a restriction and distribution of exports of food products to the Central Powers and our European associates along the lines of existing restrictive agreements.

TAMMANY CAST OUT IN SMITH CAMPAIGN

Headquarters of Democratic Candidate for Governor to be Taken to Syracuse.

UP-STATE MAN TO RUN IT

This Said to be Answer to Republican Charge—Committee Upholds Wilson.

The campaign of Alfred E. Smith, Democratic nominee for Governor, will be conducted by a committee composed chiefly of up-State Democrats. His actual campaign manager will be an up-State Democrat of prominence who once occupied a position on the bench.

These facts developed at the meeting of the Democratic State Committee yesterday afternoon in the Hotel Knickerbocker. The committee also voted unanimously to remove the Democratic State headquarters to Syracuse. The State Committee will not even maintain a branch office in this city.

It was said after the meeting that this was the Democratic organization's answer to the Republican charge that Mr. Smith, if successful, would owe his election to Tammany Hall, and that his administration would be controlled by Charles F. Murphy.

A more complete answer is to be made by Mr. Smith in a speech in Syracuse a week from today, which will be the nearest thing to a notification that the Democrats expect to hold. The meeting will be attended by the State Committee and its 150 associate woman members, together with prominent Democrats from all parts of the State.

The resolution providing for removal of the Democratic fighting base from this city was offered by Charles F. Ratigan of Cayuga County, who now holds a Federal office. He has never been on terms of cordiality with Tammany.

Chairman Edwin S. Harris of the Democratic State Committee, George R. Van Namee, Secretary; Edward E. Perkins, Treasurer, and Albert E. Hoyt, clerk of the committee, were elected. Under the rules of the Democratic State Committee Mr. Harris will have the appointment both of the Campaign Committee and the Finance Committee.

Under a resolution offered by William H. Kelley, Democratic leader of Onondaga, provision was made for the election of women as associate members from all the 150 Assembly districts in the State. The women will have a seat and a voice in the committee under amended party rules, but not a vote, for that under the provisions of the election law can be won only by election to the committee at the primaries.

There are no regularly elected women members on the Democratic State Committee, but two women sat in yesterday's meeting as proxie for absent members. They were Mrs. Laura Mulcaire, leader of the Democratic women in the Twenty-third Assembly District of Kings, who held the proxy of United States Marshal Power, and Mrs. George R. Armstrong of Albany, who represented Harry W. Blanchard, State Committeeman from the First Albany District.

This resolution, offered by National Committeeman Norman E. Mack, was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, By the Democratic State Committee that we thank the army and navy for the great service they are rendering to our country and the world. Especially do we congratulate the American Expeditionary Force upon their splendid showing on the firing line, which, with President Wilson's wise conduct of the war, will insure to our cause an early peace through victory.

We heartily applaud President Wilson's refusal to be lured into a false move by the tricky diplomacy of the enemy.

Senator James A. Foley, who had charge of the work to corral the soldier vote in the Hylan campaign, told the committee that 330,000 New York men were already enlisted in service, and that of these, 160,000 were abroad.

"At least 100,000 votes should be cast by our boys abroad, and if our experience of last year holds good in this campaign a majority will vote for the Democratic candidates," he said. "In the Maine election this year the vote cast at home resulted in a Republican majority, but of 1,100 fighting men from Maine, stationed at Camp Devens, Mass., 750 voted the Democratic and only 350 the Republican ticket. Needless to say that all the boys in the service are intensely loyal to President Wilson and naturally will vote to sustain him by electing a Democratic administration in this State."

Senator Foley said that at the invitation of Secretary of State Hugo the Democratic organization would send a representative to France as a member of a Commission of Three to collect the soldier vote.

Senator Foley also introduced a resolution pledging the support of the Democratic State organization in the coming Liberty Loan drive "in order that the enemies of civilization may be forced to a speedy surrender." This was adopted by a rising vote.

In a formal resolution offered by former Supreme Court Justice Kellogg, Mr. Smith and all the other candidates on the State Democratic ticket were indorsed.

Mr. Smith will open his campaign in Ithaca next Monday afternoon before the Tompkins County Democratic Club. On Monday night he will speak in Auburn. On Tuesday he will speak in Seneca Falls, Syracuse, and Watertown, and on Wednesday he will speak in Potsdam. He expects to speak at the Oswego County Fair at Fulton on Thursday, returning to Syracuse at night, where he will be notified that he is the choice of the Democratic party for Governor.

WIN COMMISSIONS AT PLATTSBURG CAMP

Men from New York and Its Vicinity Among 400 New Second Lieutenants.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Sept. 18.—Nearly four hundred of the students attending the training camp at Plattsburg Barracks today received commissions as Second Lieutenants of infantry and were assigned to duty at different colleges in the East. The following residents of New York and vicinity were among those who received commissions:

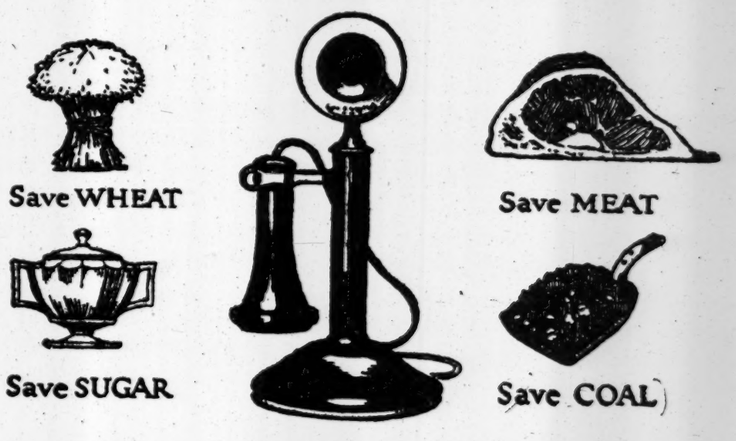
ACKEN, HENRY STANLEY, Maplewood, N. J.—Assigned to Colby College.
ASHTON, HENRY R, Trenton, N. J.—University of Maine.
AFFOLO, GEORGE, 506 West Forty-third Street, New York—Johns Hopkins.
BEEKHARD, ARTHUR JAMES, 52 William Street, New York—Harvard.
BROWN, DONALD LEE, 219 Rugby Road, Brooklyn—Dartmouth.
BERGMAN, RAOUL G., 561 West 180th Street, New York—Brooklyn Tech.
COOK, ANDREW BRUCE, Rahway, N. J.—Johns Hopkins.
CAMERON, CHARLES, East Orange, N. J.—College of City of New York.
CORAN, ANTHONY WAYNE, 501 West Forty-third Street, New York—Syracuse University.
DEAR, ALBERT J., Jr., Jersey City, N. J.—Emory University.
DEHLS, FREDERICK, 432 East Fourteenth Street, New York—Massachusetts Agricultural.
DELOPENHA, FERDINAND A., Upper Montclair, N. J.—Y. M. C. A., Springfield.
ELGAR, QUESTED L., 4,814 Osgood St., New York—University of Georgia.
ELKINS, DAVID SPENCER, 619 West 145d St., New York—Maryland State College.
FEDER, TOBIAS MILTON, 1,071 Washington Av., New York—Mount St. Mary's College.
FINK, EUGENE EDWARD, 207 West 110th St., New York—St. John's, Annapolis.
GIBSON, PAUL FRANCIS, 253 59th St., Brooklyn—Emory University.
GARVEY, MICHAEL JOSEPH, Highbridge, New York—Dartmouth.
HAND, KENNETH CROMWELL, Keyport, N. J.—George Washington University.
HORNUNG, CLARENCE, 54 East 129th St., New York—Delaware College.
HIRSH, JEROME MAXIMILIAN, 522 West 147th St., New York—Baltimore Dental.
HOLTERMANN, HENRY LANGDON, 57 4th Av., New York—Northeast College, Boston.
HOPKINS, RUSSELL, 525 Park Av., New York—Stevens Institute.
JANEWAY, VANZANDT, 200 5th Av., New York—Syracuse University.
KEYES, EDWARD LAWRENCE, Forest Hills, N. Y.—Stevens Institute.
KNOX, ALAN GORDON, 11 Broadway, New York—Harvard.
KLEIN, EDWARD GAFFRON, Newark, N. J.—University of Rochester.
LYNCH, RUSSELL, 410 Park Av., New York—Syracuse University.
LAZURE, CHARLES THEODORE, 2,072 8th Av., New York—Harvard.
LOTANO, ANTHONY JOSEPH, 695 East 187th St., New York—Massachusetts Tech.
LIES, WILLIAM, Jr., 990 Sterling Place, Brooklyn—Tufts.
MORRIS, DAVE HENNEN, Jr., 419 East 70th St., New York—Georgia Tech.
MUMPER, CONRAD N., Trenton, N. J.—North George Agricultural.
MEYER, MARTIN, 772 St. Nicholas Av., New York—University of Georgia.
McCAIRN, PATRICK JOSEPH, 495 West 35th St., New York—College of City of New York.
MADURO, PHILIP EDER, 800 Riverside Drive, New York—Stevens Institute.
McDONOUGH, ANDREW V., Plainfield, N. J.—Delaware College.
ORR, THORNTON WALLACE, 390 West End Av., New York—Georgia Tech.
ORTON, LAWRENCE MITCHELL, Elmhurst, N. Y.—Syracuse University.
PANARO, ROBERT JOSEPH, 338 East 34th St., New York—College of City of New York.
RYAN, HENRY WAGSTAFF, 2,593 Grand Av., New York—Georgia Tech.
SEDGWICK, ROBERT WINTURN, 120 East 22d St., New York—University of Florida.
SCHULTEGIS, ARTHUR, 2,050 Ryer Av., Bronx—University of Georgia.
SMITH, FREDERICK STUMP, 295 Riverside Drive—Fordham University.
SUTTON, WALTER C., Pleasantville, N. Y.—St. Bonaventure.
SIMON, RICHARD LEO, 725 Broadway, New York—Boston University.
SIMMONS, CONRAD CHRISTOPHER, 161 Joralemon St., Brooklyn—Wentworth.
UNDRITZ, FREDERICK RHEINOLD M., West New Brighton, N. Y.—Fordham University.
VOORHEES, GARRETT SCOTT, Jr., Basking Ridge, N. J.—Worcester Tech.
WAGNER, ARTHUR ADOLPH, 17 Harmon St., Brooklyn—Syracuse University.
WEHLE, ARTHUR HENRY, Jamaica, N. Y.—Boston University.
WORKUM, FIFIELD, 59 East 82d St., New York—N. H. College.

France Honors W. N. Cromwell.

The French Government has decorated William Nelson Cromwell, the lawyer, with the medal Reconnaissance Francaise in recognition of his charity work for that country. Mr. Cromwell organized the Atelier des Blesses Franco-Americain which has its headquarters in the Grand Palais in Paris, and gives convalescent soldiers work which enables them to make a living. He recently became a member of the Executive Committee of the Permanent Blind War Relief Fund.

Buy "MILLER"
Electric, Gas or Oil
LAMPS or FIXTURES
For Light—Style—Value.

When you build SEE "Miller" fixtures and get our price. Dealers should have "Miller" lamps for sale. We make a great variety. Buy "Miller" lamps for Wedding Gifts.
Edward Miller & Co., Manufacturers. Established 1844
68 and 70 PARK PLACE, NEW YORK
"Downtown," near Woolworth Building.



Save TELEPHONE SERVICE

BY saving telephone service, you help the Nation in its war program in several ways:

1. You help save CAPITAL that would be required for additions to the plant. The Government has directed all business concerns, including PUBLIC UTILITIES, to reduce capital expenditures to those *absolutely necessary* during the period of the war.
2. You help save EQUIPMENT that would be required for additions to the plant. Because of the difficulties due to the war, of securing supplies and transportation, the federal authorities have directed that all extensions and betterments be confined to *imperative* and *unavoidable* work.
3. You help save LABOR that would be necessary in installing, maintaining, and operating the service. In view of the present shortage of skilled labor in all lines of industry, it is desirable that labor be used as far as possible only for *essential work*.

Will YOU save telephone service in every possible way, by the elimination of unnecessary calling and unnecessarily long talks and by avoiding requests for equipment and forms of service that are not *absolutely necessary?*

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY

A Profitable Library—Books of W. S. S.

Monroe Clothes

MONROE CLOTHES for Fall

Deliver the Goods

IF YOU are too young or too old or your especial skill in the support work for our boys over there keeps you over here—Monroe Clothes for Fall bear a message of economy for you.

WE EASILY maintain our price leadership and deliver the best possible values at the lowest possible prices because we clip off our costs and yours every unnecessary expense.

YOU SHARE with us all the savings we make selling Monroe Clothes
—direct from maker to you
—in low rent Upstairs Shops
—and in the largest volume in America.

MONROE CLOTHES for Fall are ready for you in better variety than ever—and never have we been able to offer greater values.

TAKE THE "SHORT FLIGHT TO ECONOMY" FOR YOUR FALL SUIT AND OVERCOAT—AND YOU'LL LEARN THAT MONROE CLOTHES DELIVER THE GOODS.

MONROE CLOTHES $21
A distinctive line of high grade Clothes for Fall that are *super values.*

MONROE "JUNIOR" CLOTHES SIZES 32 TO 35 WITH EXTRA TROUSERS

MONROE CLOTHES $25
Clothing of the finest quality fabrics—at a wonderful saving.

MANHATTAN
42nd Str. cor. B'WAY
50 E. 42nd " " MADISON
NASSAU " " FRANKFORT
5 CORTLAND " " B'WAY
14th " opp. ACAD MUSIC
23rd " cor. B'WAY
34th " " "
59th " at COL. CIRCLE
125th " cor. 7th AVE
CHRYSTIE " at CANAL

BRONX
Bergen Ave., 149th St.
BROOKLYN
Court & Montague-
Fulton & Hoyt - -
587 Fulton at Flatbush
NEWARK-151 Market St.
JERSEY CITY-Newark cor. Bay
PATERSON-220 Main St.
YONKERS-Getty Square

Monroe Clothes
$17 NO CHARGE FOR ALTERATIONS
SUITS-TOPCOATS America's Largest
EVENING CLOTHES Retail Clothiers
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED OR MONEY REFUNDED

Over-the-top-people—the doers—find rare inspiration in the wonderfully flavored and full-bodied corn flakes

POST TOASTIES

They Save Wheat

1852
AUGUST
W. L. DOUGLAS WAS PUT TO WORK PEGGING SHOES AT SEVEN YEARS OF AGE
FISHING FOR AN HOUR OR TWO IN A NEARBY MILL POND ON RARE OCCASIONS WHEN THERE WERE NO SHOES TO PEG WAS PRACTICALLY THE ONLY PLAYING W. L. DOUGLAS EVER DID.
STAMPING THE RETAIL PRICE ON THE BOTTOM AT THE FACTORY PROTECTS THE WEARER AGAINST UNREASONABLE PROFITS.
W.L.DOUGLAS $5.00 SHOE

BEGAN MANUFACTURING JULY 9 1876

W. L. DOUGLAS
"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

FOR MEN AND WOMEN
$3.50 $4.00 $4.50 $5.00 $6.00 $7.00 & $8.00
BOYS' SHOES BEST IN THE WORLD $3.00 $3.50

You'll never need to ask "What is the price?" when the shoe salesman is showing you W.L.Douglas shoes because the actual value is determined and the retail price fixed at the factory before W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom. The stamped price is W. L. Douglas personal guarantee that the shoes are always worth the price paid for them.

Stamping the price on every pair of shoes as a protection against high prices and unreasonable profits is only one example of the constant endeavor of W. L. Douglas to protect his customers. W. L. Douglas name on shoes is his pledge that they are the best in materials, workmanship and style possible to produce at the price. Into every pair go the results of sixty-six years experience in making shoes, dating back to the time when W. L. Douglas was a lad of seven, pegging shoes.

The quality of W.L.Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the fashion centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York.

CAUTION—Before you buy be sure W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom and the inside top facing. If the stamped price has been mutilated, BEWARE OF FRAUD.

For sale by 105 W.L.Douglas stores and over 9,000 W.L.Douglas dealers, or can be ordered direct from W. L. Douglas by mail. Send for booklet telling how to order shoes through the mail, postage free.

W. L. Douglas
President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., 210 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

W. L. Douglas Stores in Greater New York:

93 Nassau Street.
755 Broadway, cor. 8th St.
847 Broadway, near 14th.
★1352 Broadway, cor. 36th St.
1495 Broadway (Times Sq.)
★ 984 Third Avenue.
★1452 Third Avenue.
★2202 Third Av., cor. 120th St.
★2779 Third Av., bet. 146th & 147th Sts.
347 Eighth Avenue.
★250 West 125th Street.
BROOKLYN
421 Fulton Street, cor. Pearl.
★706 Broadway, near Thornton St.
★1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Avenue.
★478 Fifth Avenue, cor. 11th Street.
★859 Manhattan Avenue.
1779 Pitkin Avenue.
JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Avenue.
★HOBOKEN—120 Washington St.
★UNION HILL—276 Bergenline Ave.
★NEWARK — 831 Broad Street.
★PATERSON—192 Market Street.
★TRENTON—29 East State Street.

Stores marked with a ★ carry complete lines of W.L. Douglas Shoes for Women.

CHAPIN INDICTED FOR KILLING WIFE

Indications That Defense Will Ask That Editor Be Sent to an Insane Asylum.

RAPS WORK OF REPORTERS

Expert Reads Critically Accounts of His Crime and Hearing Before District Attorney.

An indictment charging murder in the first degree was returned by the Grand Jury yesterday against Charles E. Chapin, city editor of The Evening World, who shot and killed his wife in the Hotel Cumberland last Monday. Five witnesses testified before the Grand Jury. They were Captain Tierney of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station, to whom Chapin surrendered himself after abandoning his original intention to commit suicide; Dr. Otto H. Schultz, medical assistant to the District Attorney; Reginald Birchall, stenographer of the Homicide Bureau, and the clerk and chambermaid of the Cumberland Hotel who found the body of Mrs. Chapin.

From all indications it was apparent yesterday that steps will be taken in the near future to appoint a commission in lunacy to judge Chapin's sanity, with a view to having him sent to the Asylum for the Criminal Insane at Matteawan.

Chapin passed a quiet night and slept fairly well. He retired about 11 P. M., awoke in his cell at 1 A. M., and sat for a while with his head in his hands, smoking a black cigar. Then he went to sleep again and did not wake until 4 A. M., when he asked for the morning papers. He read in each paper the story of the murder and then asked that he be permitted to shave himself.

This request was denied, but a barber was called in from the outside and he was shaved. He asked for some breakfast, and when told that there was a restaurant in the Tombs where prisoners with money could buy what they wished if they didn't care for the prison food, Chapin remarked he would have his breakfast from there.

He had some fruit, a pot of coffee, and some rolls. Then he read the morning papers all over again, taking an evident relish, as if by force of editorial habit, in judging the accuracy of the stories printed with reference to himself. He was far from satisfied, and when reporters called at the Tombs to interview him he sent down word to them that he had said all he cared to say, and had nothing to add to the confession he had made to District Attorney Swann and Assistant District Attorney Magee at Police Headquarters.

"You can tell them, however," said the former editor, "that, as well as I know newspaper reporters, I can't understand how they ever managed to distort what I said to Assistant District Attorney Magee as much as they did."

During the day the prisoner received visits from several of his former associates on the staff of The World and The Evening World, and talked to them rationally enough. At times he showed emotion when speaking about his wife. He asked the prison attendants when his wife's funeral would be held, and repeated that he "would be willing to be under any kind of restriction if they would only permit him to attend the funeral." His request had already been refused.

During the day Chapin told friends who saw him in his cell that "he was feeling better than he had for years, and was very content."

Funeral services for Mrs. Nellie Beebe Chapin, wife of the editor, will be held at 8:30 o'clock this evening at the Campbell Funeral Church, Broadway and Sixty-sixth Street. The services will be public and the minister will be the Rev. Dr. Nathan Seagle of St. Stephen's Protestant Episcopal Church.

HOW WOMEN PROVED WORTH

Bravery Which Won French Recognition for Physicians Told.

How three women physicians—Dr. Caroline S. Finley, Dr. Mary Lee Howard and Dr. Anna I. Von Sholly—of the New York Infirmary for Women and Children, 321 East fifteenth Street, won commissions as first lieutenants in the French Army and decorations from the French Government for their work on the battlefield, was told yesterday. The women physicians of the infirmary are trying to raise $200,000, and at a meeting of the campaign committee in the Hotel McAlpin, a representative of the Women's Overseas Hospitals said:

"When the American women physicians arrived in Paris they were told by the French that their services would be gladly accepted if they would agree to enter military service if called upon. Their intention had been to minister to the civilian refugees, but they agreed at once.

"They were not called on for military service until the Germans began the first stage of their last offensive toward Amiens. Then the French Army claimed twelve of them. When a truck arrived with the American women physicians, paying no heed to the scoffers, they went to work, doing whatever they were told to do.

"In the first twenty hours these women had received 300 wounded who had had no medical attention for three days. The Frenchmen laughed no more.

"Dr. Finley asked to be placed in charge of shell shock cases, but was told she could not be spared from the work she was engaged in. The women later proposed that they be relieved for service among civilians. Then the French surgeons 'went up in the air.' The latter told Drs. Von Sholly, Finley and Howard that they not only would not release them, but that wherever they were tranferred the American women physicians must go with them.

"It was during the night of an aerial bombardment of the hospital by the Germans, when eighteen patients were wounded, that the American women showed their mettle. None thought of seeking shelter, but went to the succor of the wounded. In recognition of their capability they have been placed in charge of a ward of the hospital. Dr. Finley now has charge of the septic division. She writes that there is a greater feeling of reward for them now that American wounded soldiers are coming to their hospital. Each has adopted an American soldier as 'her boy,' to whom she is a godmother."

ORDERS BREWERIES CLOSED

President Issues Proclamation Regarding Shutdown.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—By the terms of a proclamation issued today by President Wilson all breweries manufacturing beer and other beverages made of malt, including near beer and other nonalcoholic drinks of that character, must close their doors on Dec. 1.

The President's proclamation provides also that, after Oct. 1, breweries may use, in the manufacture of the beverages placed under the ban, only the malt which is then on hand. They will not be permitted to obtain further supplies of grains and sugar after that date.

In order to prevent the accumulation of large stocks of malt by Oct. 1, the Food Administration has assumed control of the distribution of the necessary ingredients and the Fuel Administration has cut the supply 50 per cent.

The shutting down of the manufactories will throw thousands of workmen on the labor market. In view of the labor shortage it is felt that they can quickly be placed in vital war plants. The brewing plants also may be devoted to some form of war work.

Favor Suffrage in Jamaica.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Sept. 18.—A movement for endowing qualified women with the vote has been started by a member of the Legislature, and enthusiastically taken up by women and men throughout the island. Suffrage demonstrations are being arranged.

Before Your Son Enters the Service He Should Have the Best Schooling Possible.

SOUND COLLEGE PREPARATION

Riverdale Country School

Overlooking Van Cortlandt Park, at West 252nd Street, near Broadway.

RESULTS at the College Entrance Examination Board:

June, Nineteen Seventeen — 16 *Riverdale students secured 96% success.*

June, Nineteen Eighteen — 21 *Riverdale students secured 94% success.*

The country-wide AVERAGE in 1917, the latest figures published, was only 52.9% success.

In either boarding or day departments at Riverdale Country School, there are, literally, but few vacancies, and these principally in the last few years of college preparation.

The new building of Riverdale Country School is perhaps the most healthful and certainly the most beautiful structure of its kind in these parts.

MILITARY TRAINING

For the new illustrated catalogue address

Frank S. Hackett, Head-Master, Riverdale-on-Hudson, New York City.

Telephone Kingsbridge 123.

EAST SIDE BRANCH

Y.M.C.A.

86th St. & Lexington Ave.

New York, N. Y.

Phone Lenox 6051.

Offers practical, short-term courses fitting for patriotic service.

Ship Drafting, Electric Arc Welding, Motor Design, Mechanical Drafting, Machine and Tool Design, Architectural Drafting, Plan Reading and Estimating, Shop Mathematics.

BERKELEY-IRVING School for Boys

311 West 83d St.

"From Primary to College"

39TH YEAR.

Small Classes Individual Instruction.

Afternoon study hour under supervision of teachers. No home study for young boys.

Military Drill. Special preparation for West Point and Annapolis. Every room an outside room. Boys cared for from 8:30 A. M. to 5:00 P. M. Afternoon sports and outing classes.

Separate Gymnasium Building, with large Roof Playground. Swimming Pool.

Centrally located, between Broadway and Riverside Drive. Easily reached by subway, surface lines, elevated and Fifth Ave. buses.

Illustrated catalogue. Headmaster is at the school mornings. Telephone Schuyler 4836.

LOUIS D. RAY, Ph.D., Headmaster.

PREPARE NOW

The demand for well trained office-assistants, accountants, stenographers, and secretaries was never so great as now. Thousands of attractive positions (stepping stones to higher places) are opening every day for those who are qualified to fill them. Safeguard your future by starting today

AT THE

school which has sixty years of success behind it. The school which has graduated thousands of young men and women fully equipped and able to make their way in the business world. Commercial, stenographic, and secretarial courses; commercial Spanish. Send for prospectus. No solicitors.

PACKARD COMMERCIAL SCHOOL

Lexington Ave. and 35th St.

College Preparatory

(REGENTS') INSTRUCTION

Thorough and practical courses in all the Regents' subjects.

CENTRAL BRANCH Y. M. C. A.

55 HANSON PLACE, BROOKLYN.

One block from Atlantic Ave. subway.

Accessible to all New York

Clason Point Military Academy

For Boys. Catholic Boarding & Day School. Directed by the Christian Brothers. Located within the environs of the city, centred in beautiful 110-acre Park, bordering on waters of Long Island Sound. Prepares for College; combines religious training, military discipline. All Athletics. 36th year. Enroll now for Fall term.

Catalog on request.

REV. BROTHER ROBERT, Director. Clason Point Military Academy, (Bronx.) New York City.

Rose L. Fritz School

Registered by the Regents.

Personally supervised by Miss Fritz Winner of 40 Championships

Stenographic and Secretarial Training

New Classes now being formed.

Send for Catalog 334 Fifth Avenue

WYKEHAM RISE

COUNTRY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

F. E. Davies, L. L. A., Principal, Washington, Connecticut. Boston representative, Mabel E. Bowman, A. B., Vice-Principal, Cohasset, Massachusetts.

WILBRAHAM ACADEMY.

Fits for life and for college work. Five brick buildings, modern gymnasium. Athletic field, campus and farm of 250 acres. Enrollment—60 boys. Moderate rates.

GAYLORD W. DOUGLASS, Headmaster, Box 286, Wilbraham, Mass.

SERGIO SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES

Our Logical Method makes pupils SPEAK, 11th Year at 315 Fifth Ave., 32nd St.

FRENCH ITALIAN, SPANISH, &c., taught at Bucci School of Languages to intellectual pupils, wishing to avoid disappointment. Call now. 220 West 59th St. Est. 1905.

Miss Mary Schoonmaker's 345 W. End Av. Bet. 76-77th Sts.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS Reopens Wed., Oct. 2.

NEWTON ACADEMY for boys 9 to 16. Modern equipment. Personal attention. Catalog. Address Principal, Box U, Newton, N. J.

New York University

SCHOOL OF COMMERCE

PRACTICAL PREPARATION *for* BUSINESS

Regular courses in all departments, open to men and women, will be resumed on September 24th. Early registration is desirable. Those who cannot enter Military Service are needed to reinforce our country's thinning ranks in commercial fields.

For the past eighteen years, the School of Commerce has furnished that technical training which the business world demands and which war time needs require.

The regular course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Commercial Science provides for a broad training in the fundamentals of business, with ample opportunity to secure special training in accounting, advertising, banking and brokerage, finance, insurance, scientific management, journalism, real estate, secretarial duties, languages, commercial teaching and commercial law. Special courses in any of these subjects may be taken independently of the regular course leading to the degree. Men and women over 21, with business experience, may be admitted as special students without high school diploma.

At Washington Square—32 Waverly Place

Three divisions—morning, afternoon and evening

At Wall Street—25 Broad Street

Two divisions—late afternoon and evening

Write, call or telephone (*Spring 9300*) for bulletin 17

Secretary, New York University

School of Commerce, Accounts, and Finance

32 Waverly Place, on Washington Square

ROXBURY SCHOOL

CHESHIRE, CONNECTICUT.

Boys 16, 17 and 18 years of age should prepare for college this year and begin their

S. A. T. C. TRAINING

Our method of intensive instruction with careful individual supervision enables students to do *two years' work in one.*

The Government will place boys of 18 years of age in college every three months.

We offer special three and six months' courses covering subjects necessary to officers' commissions in the Army and Navy.

The best trained and most experienced faculty of any school in New England.

Out of 600 final candidates prepared for college in 7 years, 591 were accepted.

Military and Naval Units under U. S. Army and Navy Officers.

150 acres. 2 dormitories accommodating 100 boys. Gymnasium. Athletic Fields. School open all the year. Boys enter at any time.

Personal work limits number of students. *Write now for information.*

W. L. FERRIS, A. B., Director. A. E. CURDY, Ph. D., Headmaster.

Associated Schools for Secretaries

Secretarial Training for Educated Women

KATHARINE GIBBS SCHOOL *of* SECRETARIAL TRAINING

Architects' Building

101 Park Avenue New York

Tel. Vanderbilt 5567

BOSTON SCHOOL *for* SECRETARIES

Nottingham Chambers

25 Huntington Ave. (Copley Square)

Boston Tel. Back Bay 2913

All work individualized so that each student advances as rapidly as *she* is able.

Pupils enrolled 1st and 3rd Mondays each month. Send for booklet.

CHELSEA Y.M.C.A. SCHOOL

The Choice of a School

VERY LARGELY DETERMINES YOUR BOY'S SUCCESS

You will find it worth your while to give careful consideration to Chelsea School—

—Right here at home;

—Unsurpassed record of 23 years in preparing for Business and College;

—Unexcelled Physical and Athletic Training.

Send for Catalog and Details

CHELSEA SCHOOL—23d St. Y. M. C. A. 215 W. 23 St., N. Y. Phone Chelsea 1984

SCHOOL INFORMATION FREE

Call and consult with school specialist. Free information and catalogs of all private schools in the U. S.

AMERICAN SCHOOLS' ASSOCIATION

1012 Times Bldg., N. Y. Phone Bryant 8080

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL

Founded 1764

5, 7 & 9 W. 93D ST. Reopens Sept. 24. Fireproof building. Boys prepared for Columbia, Cornell, Harvard, Princeton, Yale, & other colleges. Approved by Regents. Business Course. Primary. Military Drill. Gymnasium. Playground. Tel. 8787 River.

HAMILTON SCHOOL FOR BOYS

599 West End Ave., S. W. Cor. 89th St.

SPECIAL CLASSES MILITARY PREPARATION

HAMILTON SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

Riverside Drive and 90th Street

TELEPHONE 2239 RIVER.

Register Today in our evening or correspondence classes in Accounting, Business Law, Economics—and win out as a trained man! 706 Singer Bldg Cortlandt 4585 WALTON SCHOOL of COMMERCE

SCUDDER SCHOOL

Secretarial and Household Arts

150 Girls from 25 States and Canada.

Thos. M. Scudder, Registrar, 316 W. 72d St. Tel. Col. 4779.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL

342-344 Fifth Ave. (45th St.) Oldest and preeminently the most successful. Prepares for and obtains excellent positions. Write for Catalog T. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

PRATT SCHOOL, 62 West 45th St. Secretarial training, individual instruction; reservation must be made in advance; references required. Enroll now for Fall session.

D'Arcy Dame Pelmanic Course SECRETARIAL COURSE, also Shorthand, Touch Typewriting, Bookkeeping, and Telegraphy taught individually Day and Eve. 1931 B'way, cor. 65th.

Miller Business School.—Prepares for Secretarial, Stenographic, General Business Employment. Fifth National Bank Building, Lexington Ave., at 33d St.

FRENCH SPANISH ITALIAN

QUICKLY ACQUIRED ON ANY PHONOGRAPH.

You hear the exact pronunciation and learn to speak with perfect accent. You waste no time on appointments, for your teacher is always ready. Use your spare moments and learn to speak another language.

LANGUAGE PHONE METHOD

and Rosenthal's Practical Linguistry.

A system of disc records to fit all phonographs. Simple, inexpensive and convenient.

F. M. C.—French Military Conversation.

A short course for war service.

Call for free demonstration or write for booklet.

THE LANGUAGE PHONE METHOD, 207 Putnam Bldg., 2 West 45th St., near 5th Ave.

BALLARD SCHOOL

for Practical Education

FALL COURSES

Art, Cookery, First Aid, Trained Attendance, Dressmaking and Dress Designing, Millinery, Secretarial Training, Commercial Law, Banking, Foreign Trade, Merchandising, Languages, and Bible Study.

CENTRAL Y. W. C. A.

610 Lexington Ave. Plaza 10,100

Serve Your Country By Restoring Wounded Soldiers To Usefulness.

The New Haven Normal School of Gymnastics will train women as Reconstruction Aides for Government hospitals according to requirements of the Surgeon General's Office. Service home or abroad. Four months' course beginning October 15th. Fee $80. Write at once for information. Dr. E. H. Arnold, Dir., New Haven, Conn.

Lakewood Hall

A College Preparatory School for Girls at Lakewood, N. J.

Reopens Oct. 1st.

Boarding and Day Pupils. General Courses, Riding, the year round, and all other sports.

Lisa B. Converse, A. B., Bryn Mawr College, Principal.

Florence Nightingale School for BACKWARD CHILDREN

233th St. and Riverdale Ave. Tel. 316 Kingsbridge.

BOARDING AND DAY PUPILS

Full particulars upon application.

Brooklyn Law School 305 WASHINGTON ST. BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

Fall Term Begins Monday, Sept. 30th Send for Catalogue

DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS

RIVERSIDE SCHOOL

679 WEST END AVE. (AT 103D ST.)

For Girls. Kindergarten, Elementary, High School. Catalogue. Telephone Riverside 940. Boys through Fourth Grade. Opens October 1st.

THE CASTLE MISS MASON'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

PATRIOTIC WAR COURSES FOR GIRLS AND WOMEN

Box 708, Tarrytown-on-the-Hudson, N. Y.

DWIGHT SCHOOL 72 Park Av. bet. 38-39 Sts.

College & Regents Exams. 39th year. Moderate Fees. *Makes a study of the individual student.*

French taught by experienced lady teacher at my studio or your home; special rates for Americans who prepare to go abroad. Write M 110 Times.

ENGINEER TEACHES algebra, geometry, trigonometry, drafting, surveying; evenings. Mondell, 280 Madison Av.

War Training for Women

A Call to Service—Trained Woman Secretaries are needed to speed Government Work

One of the Government's great needs is for *trained* secretaries and statistical workers. To help supply them, Drexel Institute, in co-operation with the U. S. Civil Service Commission, has prepared special training courses.

Drexel Institute's special war training courses for women have been approved by the United States Civil Service Commission.

Graduates of these courses will be eligible for certification to positions under Civil Service. The certificate of graduation will be the basis for rating; no further scholastic test will be required.

1. A four months' intensive course for High School graduates who are qualified in Stenography and Typewriting and have had one year's experience in business.
2. A one year's intensive course for college graduates. Specific technical and statistical secretarial training of high grade.

Students who enter these courses will be at once in training for their country's service.

Military regulations will be observed.

Enrollment will be limited and applicants carefully selected. As courses begin October 7, we urge you to write at once for complete Bulletin and enrollment blanks.

The Nation needs you.

DREXEL INSTITUTE

Hollis Godfrey, Sc. D., Eng. D., LL. D., D. C. L., President. Philadelphia, Penna.

In addition to the above courses, Drexel Institute offers the regular Courses in Domestic Science and Arts, Engineering and Secretarial Work.

Accountancy Lecture

You are invited to attend, without obligation, a lecture by Charles A. Pace, LL.M., on "The Legal Mind," to be given at 7:45 p. m.

Sept. 19—Accountancy Institute of Brooklyn Central Branch Y. M. C. A., 55 Hanson Pl., Brooklyn

Sept. 20—New York Institute of Accountancy 23d St. Y. M. C. A., 215 W. 23d St., N. Y.

This lecture is the opening session of the evening classes in Accountancy and Business Administration at the above well-known Accountancy Schools. Pace Courses are given.

For bulletins and further particulars apply to: C. W. Stowell, 55 Hanson Pl., Brooklyn, or F. P. Lamphear, 215 W. 23d St., New York.

"New York's Model Preparatory School"

Rhodes School 8-10-12-14 W. 125th St.

FOUNDED MCMXI

A Memorial to John Cecil Rhodes

STATESMAN, PHILANTHROPIST, FOUNDER OF RHODES SCHOLARSHIPS

Thorough and Systematic Preparation COLLEGES, UNIVERSITIES TECHNICAL SCHOOLS At Moderate Tuition Fees

Rhodes is a school with a studious atmosphere, perfect equipment and a thoroughly qualified teaching staff

Early enrollment for the school year, 1918-1919, is recommended.

Obtain Rhodes Academic Catalogue T.

"New York's Model Preparatory School"

The Children's School

For boys and girls from 2 to 9 years

The aim of the school is to prepare each child for a complete life, both as an individual and as a member of the social group. All-day activities make best use of advantages of city life. Hot luncheon served. Afternoon trips in connection with school work. Large roof playground; carpentry shop; auditorium for music and dancing; outdoor nature study; modelling and drawing. Particular attention to spoken French and Science. *Write for booklet.*

Margaret Naumburg *Director*

34 W. 68th St., New York

Cutler School

51 East 61st St., New York

Reopens on Tuesday, October 1st.

BOYS' PREPARATORY FOR BOARDING SCHOOL, BUSINESS OR COLLEGE.

Outdoor drill and expert physical training. Small Classes. Individual Instruction by Capable Teachers.

Henry L. Harrison, A. M., Head-Master. Hiram H. Ruston, A. M., Asso. H'd-Master. Herbert S. Boyd, A. B., Junior Section. Lydia R. Chernosy, Primary Section.

The POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, 85-99 Livingston Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., has established for high school graduates a unit of the Students' Army Training Corps.

Every regularly enrolled student in the technical courses who passes the physical examination and is 18 years or over may, about October 1st, be inducted into the United States Army as a member of the Students' Army Training Corps. He would from that time receive the pay of a private, be supplied with the regular uniform, with lodging and subsistence, and the War Department would pay the full cost of his military and academic instruction. This is an opportunity to work for a commission.

For further information apply to CHARLES A. GREEN, Registrar. FRED W. ATKINSON, President.

BARNARD SCHOOL FOR BOYS

A COUNTRY SCHOOL

REOPENS SEPTEMBER 30.

West 242d St., at End of B'way Subway.

THE all day session allows time for preparation of next day's work as well as school sports. Visitors are cordially invited to inspect the school and meet the Headmaster the week beginning September 16th, between the hours of 10 to 12 A. M., 4 to 6 P. M., to learn of this interesting school life.

Thorough preparation for college. Small classes from primary to college. Military instruction and drill.

The Ely School

In the country, one hour from New York City

Upper School— girls from fifteen to twenty.

Junior School— girls from ten to fifteen.

Reopens September 25th.

ELY COURT

GREENWICH, CONNECTICUT

Franklin School for Boys

18-20 West 89th Street

Modern building. Collegiate and commercial departments. Special attention paid to primary instruction. Limited classes. Study hour. Recreation classes. Gymnasium. 47th year begins Monday, Sept. 30th.

CATALOGUE UPON REQUEST.

Dr. Otto Koenig, Principal. Now at School. Tel. Riverside 5364.

Miss Conklin's SECRETARIAL SCHOOL

Twentieth Year.

Commercial Engineers' Building.

37 West 39th Street.

Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Secretarial, Typewriting, Civil Service and Stenotype Departments.

Day and Evening Sessions.

Call or write for Catalogue.

Eastman-Gaines 1234 B'way & Lenox Ave.

Law School Fordham University

WOOLWORTH BLDG., NEW YORK.

Afternoon Classes 4:15 to 6:15

Evening Classes 7:45 to 9:45

Term Begins Sept. 26. CASE SYSTEM.

WRITE FOR BULLETIN N.

COOPER UNION

Free Instruction for young women in Stenography & Typewriting Telegraphy

Day Session Only.

Apply Now for Fall Term.

Cooper Union, 8th St. & 4th Ave.

Collegiate School For Boys Founded 1833

Is a College Preparatory School with strong Primary and Junior Grades. Modern school building. Large Gymnasium. Military Drill and Supervised Athletics. Afternoon outing classes. 241-43 W. 77th St., N. Y. *250th year begins Oct. 1 Catalogue.*

A. F. Warren, Headmaster.

WOOD'S Business School

FIFTH AV. AND 125TH ST.

39th Year. 60,000 Graduates.

ALCUIN PREPARATORY SCHOOL

113-15 WEST 86TH STREET.

Kindergarten through High School

Re-opens Thursday, September 26th.

Now Open for Registration.

Hamilton Grange School

For Boys and Girls. Kindergarten, Primary, Intermediate and High School Courses.

OPENS OCT. 18T.

513 West 143d Street.

MISS MARSHALL'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

Separate Junior Department, Oak Lane, Philadelphia.

CARSON LONG INSTITUTE

80th year. College, Preparatory, Business courses. Separate building for boys under 13 years. $345 up; Junior, $280. Boys taught *how* to learn and to live. Carson Long Institute, Box 16, New Bloomfield, Pa.

FRENCH LESSONS.—Young Parisienne, college graduate. Armand Delfard, 239 West 45th St.

KNOW HOW TO SPEAK.

Big opportunities for Capable Speakers. See Grace H. Gunn, Carnegie Hall.

KIMBALL SCHOOL, 118 W. 14th St. Stenography, bookkeeping. Secretarial course. Civil Service. Day and evening. Booklet.

McBURNEY SCHOOL 518 W. 57th Street Phone 7920 Columbus

Character, Leadership, Service

Robert R. McBurney was a citizen of New York who stood for enlightened Christian character, leadership, service. The McBurney School, founded in his honor, aims to inculcate the same qualities in its students—boys and young men preparing for college or vocations.

Something You Cannot Give Him

The instructors in the McBurney School are skillful, experienced and devoted specialists in Education. They stand ready to give your boy something he is possibly not getting at present, something that you cannot give him. They will endeavor to form permanent habits of study in him; they will do their best to arouse in him a keen, avid interest in his work; above all, they will teach him self-responsibility and initiative. It is their business to make boys into big-minded, far-seeing, creative men.

Hard Work and Hard Play

A reasonable amount of assistance on your part is vitally necessary, but the McBurney School stands ready to shoulder the larger share of the burden. The School will take the boy off your hands from early morning till late afternoon, (affording both you and him a better opportunity for concentrating on your respective duties.) It will send him home to you, not tired out by a long day of distasteful tasks with a long evening of study ahead, but invigorated by a skillfully arranged and administered alternation of hard work and hard play, and a sense of having "broken the back" of the next day's work.

A Father Said

to us, on enrolling his boy in our Junior Department: "My boy absolutely refused to go back to the school where he was last year."

Perhaps your boy (aged 12 or over) feels the same way. Maybe he feels himself to be a man and wants to go to a man's school, where he can be under man teachers, and be headed for a man's work in life.

Is Your Boy Lost?

in a school too large for him? A retiring boy with good stuff in him often is submerged in a large school. Such a boy may find himself in the McBurney School.

Peach Stones and Gas Masks

It is easier in war than in peace to interest boys in school if you put them in the right school. Following is an extract from a conversation between the head of the Science Department and a parent:

Parent:—"By the way, can you tell me why the Government is so eager for peach stones?"

Teacher:—"Yes, indeed. It has been found that the peach pits make the best charcoal for gas masks."

Parent:—"Now, I should be interested to know if you actually make charcoal from peach pits."

Teacher:—"No, indeed. I have the boys make the charcoal themselves, and test it in their home refrigerators."

Parent:—"You may enroll my boy at McBurney."

Information on request. Interviews by appointment, day or evening. Come and see our Swimming Pool, Outdoor and Indoor Gymnasium, and other distinctive features.

WALTER L. HERVEY, Chairman.

McBURNEY SCHOOL 518 W. 57th Street Phone 7920 Columbus

New York University

WASHINGTON SQUARE COLLEGE

A COLLEGE COURSE FOR PROFESSIONAL MEN AND WOMEN

Graduates of approved normal schools, schools of commerce, law, medicine, veterinary science, and dentistry who have an approved high school education may be granted advanced credit toward the college degree of bachelor of arts or bachelor of science.

Courses are scheduled in the late afternoon, in the evening, and on Saturdays, so that teachers, lawyers, physicians, and others professionally engaged, may attend college without interrupting their professional work.

Washington Square College is located in the University Building at Washington Square, and is thus easily accessible from all parts of New York and its suburbs.

The college conducts its courses in co-operation with the School of Commerce, the School of Law, and the School of Pedagogy of New York University, all located at Washington Square. Opening session, September 25.

For further information address the Registrar, 32 Waverly Place, New York. Telephone Spring 9300

The Clark School for Concentration

A SCHOOL WHERE RECORDS ARE MADE

Boarding and Day Pupils

Formal school opening Sept. 16th. Reclassification of students Oct. 2nd. *Catalog on Request.*

Special Nurses' Certificate Course

Embracing the 18 counts required of those becoming Red Cross nurses. Course commences Oct. 2d. Nominal tuition fees.

Boys' School, 72d St. & West End Ave.

Girls' School, 301 West 72d St.

Main Office at Girls' School—Phone 744 Columbus.

Scoville School FOR GIRLS

Preparatory and Advanced Studies. Music, Art, and Languages. War-time Courses. Term opens Oct. 2.

AUTOMOBILE SERVICE.

2042 Fifth Ave. Tel. Harlem 8437.

THE CARPENTER SCHOOL

310 West End Ave. Col. 4390. 19th year begins Oct. 1. A day school for 72 boys from pri. to college, under personal supervision of H. Manning Carpenter. Hours 9-5. Outdoor exercise 1:30-4 all Wednesday. Report taken from Sargent's Best Pri. Schools: "The boys are from families who wish especially able yet sympathetic supervision. Practical manual training and outdoor life handled with sound common sense."

Gardner School FOR GIRLS

11 EAST 51ST ST.

Boarding and Day School, College Preparatory, Academic and Elective Courses, Music; Secretarial Work. Gymnasium; Swimming Pool. 61st Year begins Oct. 2d.

THE BENJAMIN SCHOOL

144 Riverside Drive. Between 86th and 87th Streets.

KINDERGARTEN

Boys and Girls from Four to Six Years Old.

French Taught.

Telephone Schuyler 8710.

Kelvin School

G. A. L. Dionne, Headmaster, 321 W. 70th St. 18th year. A college preparatory school where your interests and your son's are faithfully served. Office hours, 9 to 12. Telephone Columbus 3066.

ENGLISH THAT BUILDS BUSINESS

You are invited to hear Horatio N. Drury lecture on this interesting subject on Friday Evening, Sept. 20, at 8 o'clock, at Central Branch. Write or phone for admission cards.

CENTRAL BRANCH Y. M. C. A.

55 HANSON PLACE, BROOKLYN.

Accessible to All New York

THE BROWN SCHOOL OF TUTORING

241 West 75th St. Phone Col. 8854.

Founded 1908. Positively one at a time with teacher, teaches pupils HOW TO STUDY and to acquire INDEPENDENCE OF THOUGHT. Percentage of subjects passed in June, nearly double that of other schools. Study supervision. Two years' work in one.

"A School With an Atmosphere of Work."

LEARN AVIATION MECHANICS WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY

MEN & WOMEN.

Aviation Mechanics' Course..$60 (6 weeks)

Aero-Engine Course.....$35 (3 weeks)

Wireless Course.....$25 (4 weeks)

Day and Night Classes Begin Every Monday. Write, Call or Phone for Free Illustrated Booklet "G." (Members of Aeronautical Society of America.)

EAGLE AVIATION SCHOOL Phone Bryant 8073 110-114 West 42d St.

DRAKE BUSINESS SCHOOL

In the Heart of 50,000 Positions.

154 Nassau St., opp. New York City Hall.

Speed Club—30 to 175 Words.

Hours—Days, 9:30 A. M. to 8 P. M. Nights, any time after 8 P. M.

DESIGNING, Dressmaking and Millinery thoroughly taught. Day and evening classes. Chartered under Regents. Low Rates. McDowell School, (Est. 1876.) 23 West 35th St.

INSTRUCTION—Swimming

Learn to SWIM AT ONCE.

Individual Private Instruction SEND FOR BOOKLET T.

Phone Bryant 7100 Baths, Sutherland Pool, 18 West 44th, and West 86th.

Pin Your Faith on Dixon's

The lubricants that have proved their superiority in actual use and scientific demonstration. Don't be content with a camouflage coating that squeezes out quickly and leaves bearing surfaces at friction's mercy. Rely on

DIXON'S GRAPHITE Automobile LUBRICANTS

they stay put—save wear, time and money.

Ask your dealer for the Dixon Lubricating Chart

JOSEPH DIXON CRUCIBLE CO. Jersey City, New Jersey *Established 1827*

BORROW WINS ARVERNE HANDICAP AT AQUEDUCT

BORROW SURPRISES IN AQUEDUCT MUD

H. P. Whitney's Old Gelding Runs Away from Naturalist in Arverne Handicap.

FIVE FAVORITES ARE BEATEN

Robinson Carries Colors Three Times and Wins with Every Mount.

Harry Payne Whitney's veteran campaigner, one of the best handicap performers of his day, furnished one of the many surprises at the Aqueduct track yesterday, where for the second day in succession not a favorite won on the flat. Borrow was the outsider in the Arverne Handicap at six furlongs in which the added starter, Naturalist, was made an odds on choice on the strength of his ability to run in the mud. There was mud enough yesterday, but for once Naturalist took a dislike to the mixture of sand and water and, after following the pace set by Emil Herz's High Cost, the favorite took to the high and comparatively dry ground as he went around the turn.

With Naturalist eliminated by running out Borrow gradually gained on High Cost and when Robinson let him down in the stretch the aged gelding romped to the front at the furlong pole and won with a lot in hand by two lengths. By the time Naturalist was guided into the straight path he was hopelessly beaten and his admirers saw him trail in last, five lengths behind High Cost.

There was another shock for the form players when Little Nearer, which until this year had almost a monopoly of races at a mile and five-sixteenths, was soundly beaten in a selling handicap at that distance by H. L. Pratt's Gamecock. In spite of the fact that Gamecock was liberally supported Little Nearer closed a 3 to 5 choice in the field of three. Gamecock cut out a big lead early, then was eased on the backstretch, but when called on the three-year-old came away again to win easily by six lengths, with Loftus whipping in Little Nearer eight lengths in front of Conduit.

Harry Payne Whitney scored his second winning bracket in the last race when his Tracery-Morningside colt Cirrus graduated from the maiden class. There were sixteen juveniles in the field with Cirrus opening favorite, but receding until 5 to 1 was quoted against him. He won like a good colt, was in front all the way and was only galloping at the end where he had a margin of six lengths over Andrew Miller's Hurricane.

The victory of Cirrus completed a good day for Robinson, who won with all three of his mounts. Besides the Whitney horses Robinson piloted R. McKeever's Syrdarya, the victor in the first race for two-year-olds.

The steeplechase was a real cross-country affair in which the three contestants took their time and did the job well. Captain J. E. Davis's Brooks led all the way, but nearly lost the race when Bush eased him in the last few strides.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For 2-year-olds, claiming, purse $600; six and a half furlongs. Time—1:21 1-5.

Syrdarya, R. McKeever's br. c., 108 pounds, by St. Valma-Injosen, 4 to 1, 3 to 2, and 7 to 10. (F. Robinson).....1
Antoinette, S. Lewis's b. f., 102, by Santoi-Vinaigrette, 2 to 1 and even. (W. Kelsay).2
Earlocker, Brighton Stable's b. c., 118, by Fair Play-Lady Aristocracy, 1 to 2, third. (L. Lyke).....3
Umbala and Hindoostan also ran.

SECOND RACE.—Steeplechase Handicap, for 3-year-olds and upward, by subscription of $10 each, with $700 added; about two miles. Time—4:44.

Brooks, Captain J. E. Davis's br. g., 5 years, 148 pounds, by Leonid-Insolence, even, 1 to 3, and out. (S. Bush).....1
Crest Hill, Morton L. Schwartz's b. g., 6, 135, by Simmons-Allie Darden, 1 to 2 and out. (V. Powers).....2
Max Meadows, J. H. Lewis's br. g., 6, 153, by Moharib-Gin Fizz, out for third. (D. Byers).....3
Only three starters. Skibbereen scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, nonwinners of $1,500 at any time or three races of any value since April 30, 1918, purse $600. Time—1:40.

Assume, John Leonard's b. g., 4 years, 120 pounds, by Disguise-Chancery, 18 to 5, 6 to 5, and 1 to 2. (L. Ensor).....1
Kashmir, Meadow Brook Stock Farm's ch. c., 3, 100, by Delhi-Gingham, 6 to 5 and 1 to 2. (C. Hughes).....2½
Valor, J. S. Ward's ch. c., 4, 115, by Ballot-Muriel, 1 to 2, third. (H. Thurber).....3
Chief Lolly and Buckboard also ran. Lady Dorothy, Manister Tol, Madame Curie, and L'Infirmiere scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—Arverne Handicap, for 3-year-olds and upward, by subscription of $25 each, starters to pay $50 additional, with $1,500 added; six furlongs. Time—1:14 1-5.

Borrow, H. P. Whitney's b. g., aged, 114 pounds, by Hamburg-Forget, 9 to 2, 4 to 5, and out. (F. Robinson).....1
High Cost, Emil Herz's b. c., 3, 107, by Von Tromp-Mitten, 7 to 10 and out. (A. Shuttinger).....2
*Naturalist, J. E. Widener's ch. g., 4, 124, by Rabelais-Nature, out for third. (W. Knapp).....3
Only three starters. *Added starter. Motor Cop, Hollister, Ima Frank, and Enfilade scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, selling handicap, by subscription of $10 each, with $700 added; one mile and five-sixteenths. Time—2:15 3-5.

Game Cock, H. L. Pratt's ch. c., 3 years, 102½ pounds, by Ballot-Almadie, 8 to 5, 1 to 3, and out. (G. Walls).....1
Little Nearer, R. L. Ahles's b. g., aged, 114, by Golden Maxim-Leonalia, out for place. (J. Loftus).....2
Conduit, J. F. Cobb's br. f., 4, 112, by The White Knight-Chute, out for third. (R. McCrann).....3
Only three starters. Wise Man scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden 2-year-olds, purse $600; five furlongs. Time—1:00 1-5.

Cirrus, H. P. Whitney's b. c., 115 pounds, by Tracery-Morningside, 5 to 1, 2 to 1, and even. (F. Robinson).....1
Hurricane, Andrew Miller's b. c., 115, by Zeus-Nunda, 4 to 1 and 2 to 1. (A. Shuttinger).....2
Tableau d'Honneur, W. S. Kilmer's ch. c., 115, by Mordaunt-Ardoise, 7 to 5, third. (T. Rice).....3
Clare Boothe, Leading Star, War Smoke, Tapageur, Maggie Maitland, L'Effare, King Plaudit, Donado, Miss Prisby, Joe Joe, Grandee, Austin, and Sinn Feiner also ran. Young Adam, Different Eyes, Rol Craig, Balarosa, Florence L., Herodias, Sir Martin, and Tag scratched.

Weather, showery; track, sloppy.

AQUEDUCT ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, claiming, six furlongs. Nightstick, 123 pounds; Fullux, 120; Wise Man, 120; Pickwick, 118; Midnight Sun, 113; Jack Mount, 111; Orderly, 111; Poacher, 111; Decisive, 109; Housemaid, 108; Currency, 104; Everest, 104; Prunes, 104; Gold Tassel, 101.

SECOND RACE.—Steeplechase, selling, for 4-year-olds and upward; about two miles. *Garter, 144 pounds; Single Stick, 139; Northwood, 139; Toppy Nix, 132.

THIRD RACE.—For mares, 3 years old and upward, selling, one mile. *Golding, 115 pounds; *Right, 112; Gold Tassel, 108; Resistible, 107; Koh-i-Noor, 107; The Banshee II., 107; Wild Thyme, 107; Babette, 104; Ballymooney, 104; *Rose of Autumn, 95.

FOURTH RACE.—Babylon Handicap, for 2-year-olds, six furlongs. Eternal, 132 pounds; Sweep On, 125; Purchase, 123; War Pennant, 113; Questionnaire, 113; Osgood, 104; Grimalkin, 102; Escota, 100.

FIFTH RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, handicap, one mile and a sixteenth. Midway, 122 pounds; Gloomy Gus, 111; Ticket, 111; Daddy's Choice, 98.

SIXTH RACE.—For 2-year-old fillies, conditions, five furlongs. Pen Rose, 113 pounds; War Kiss, 109; Ophelia, 109; Blushing Beauty, 105; Stickling, 105; Looking Up, 101; Yvette, 101; Misericorde, 101. *Apprentice allowance claimed.

POLO GROUNDS MEET TODAY

Big Program of Sports and Military Exhibitions to be Given.

The elaborate program of sports and military and naval exhibitions arranged by the New York A. C. and the Universal Sunset Club for the Polo Grounds yesterday was abandoned because of the rain. The officials expect, with agreeable weather, to promote the carnival this afternoon.

Otis in Lead for Cue Title.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—Charles Otis of New York defeated August Keickhefer, the present title holder, in the first of three blocks tonight for the three-cushion billiard championship. Kleckhefer was outplayed throughout, losing by a score of 50 to 45 in seventy innings. High runs were Otis, 5; Kiekhefer, 3.

BILLY KELLY EASY VICTOR.

Great Two-Year-Old Succeeds In First Race Against Older Horses.

HAVRE DE GRACE, Md., Sept. 18.—Commander J. K. L. Ross's great two-year-old, Billy Kelly, made his first start against older horses this afternoon in the Eclipse Purse at six furlongs. The rain and sloppy track held no terrors for Billy Kelly though he was opposed by Prince of Como and Hauberk, the latter a pronounced mudder. Sande had no difficulty in sending Billy Kelly to the front and he won with plenty to spare with Prince of Como second and Hauberk third. The Ross colors also were carried to the front in the next race by Monomoy.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds; claiming; purse $715; six furlongs. Manoeuvre, 115 pounds, (Johnson,) $8.80, $4.60, and $3.30, won; Clean Gone, 115, (Sande,) $4.80 and $3.10, second; Sunningdale, 115, (Troxler,) $2.80, third. Time—1:17. Armant, Utilis, Toddler, Clip, Hasty Lady, Prevaricate, Fostoria, Mormon Elder, and Sundaria also ran.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $715; one mile and seventy yards. Thrift, 109 pounds, (Kleeger,) $14.60, $7.10, and $4.60, won; Candidate II., 103, (Johnson,) $7.40 and $4.80, second; Helen Atkin, 103, (Rodriguez,) $3.50, third. Time—1:49 2-5. Petelus, Prince Henry, Dave Campbell, Roxboro II., and Expression also ran.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $715; one mile and seventy yards. Charles Francis, 112 pounds, (Doyle,) $8.40, $4.70, and $3.70, won; Sea Gull, 112, (Kummer,) $5.30 and $3.50, second; Glory Belle, 109, (Denyse,) $9.20, third. Time—1:49. Euterpe, Silver Sandals, Syphon Boy, and Dr. Charcot also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—Eclipse Handicap; for two-year-olds and upward; purse $1,015; six furlongs. Billy Kelly, 104 pounds, (Sande,) $2.40, $2.60, and out, won; Prince of Como, 110, (Collins,) $3.50, second; Hauberk, 114, (Kleeger,) out, third. Time—1:14. Highland Lad also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; purse $715; one mile and seventy yards. Monomoy, 144 pounds, (Sande,) $4.30, $3, and out, won; Queen of the Sea, 111, (Kummer,) $4.40 and out, second; Yaukeag, 109, (Sneideman,) out, third. Time—1:48 2-5. Fountain Fay also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $715; one mile and seventy yards. Gold Crest Boy, 112 pounds, (Parrington,) $10, $4.80, and $3.10, won; Trial by Jury, 115, (Kleeger,) $3.30 and $2.40, second; Wood Violet, 103, (Rodriguez,) $2.60, third. Time—1:49 2-5. Darkey, Tranby, Uncle Sand, The Belgian II., and Humiliation also ran.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $715; one mile and a sixteenth. Miss Filley, 104 pounds, (Dickens,) $47.90, $16.50, and $7.30 won; Fairly, 112, (Collins,) $5.70 and $3.70, second; Tootsie, 104, (De Ford,) $3.80, third. Time—1:52 1-5. Lytle, Captain Marchmont, Colonel Valentine, Egmont, and Millrace also ran.

HOPE TO GET BILLY KELLY.

Owners of Two Other Crack Youngsters Ready for Race.

Formal announcement of the special race which, it is hoped, will go far to settle the championship of the two-year-old division, was made yesterday by Fred Rehberger, Racing Secretary of the Queens County Jockey Club. For a race over the six-furlong route during the present meeting at Aqueduct the club will add $2,500 to the sweepstakes of $2,500 each suggested by the owners, the conditions imposed being that three of the crack two-year-olds must start, no two to be owned by one man.

As J. W. McClelland, owner of Eternal, and the Brighton Stable, owner of Purchase, have already agreed to race, the consummation of the event depends on whether Commander Ross will send on Billy Kelly or Sir Barton to fulfill the condition. Secretary Rehberger said yesterday that little would be gained by the competition of Sir Barton with Eternal, as the former youngster apparently met with no mishaps in the Futurity, in which he was beaten by Dunboyne. Rehberger also said that in staging the special race it was the idea of the Queens County Jockey Club officials to give New Yorkers a chance to see Billy Kelly in action and to settle as far as possible the question of two-year-old supremacy.

The matter of weights to be carried remains in abeyance, but unless otherwise arranged by the owners each horse will be required to carry the same weight. It is understood that Mr. McClelland will be satisfied to let his colt shoulder 127 pounds and allow Purchase to come in with the allotment of 119 that he had in the Futurity. Commander Ross, if he decides to start Billy Kelly, is certain to ask no concessions for his champion.

NAVY SQUAD FILLING UP.

Three of Last Year's Eleven Join in Gridiron Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Sept. 18.—Coach Doble's main squad of Naval Academy footballers is rapidly filling up, the additions today being Roberts, halfback; Coldwell, guard; and Saunders, a line man, of last year's team. The most important absentees are Arthur and Foster, who are expected to put up a great fight for centre, which has been vacated by Goodstein's graduation, and Wheelchol, who has a good chance of taking Martin's place in the backfield.

The heavy rain this morning prevented the usual morning practice of the main squad, but it was on the field this afternoon. A big squad of new men also reported. The muddy field gave an excellent opportunity for handling the ball under adverse conditions. There was some snappy signal and formation work for both squads, as well as passing and kicking.

TENDLER FLOORS CHANEY.

Quaker City Lightweight Has Better of Bout on Points.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 18.—Lew Tendler, the Philadelphia lightweight, outpointed George Chaney of Baltimore in a fast six-round bout here to-night. Tendler had the better of the first three and the last round. In the third, he knocked his opponent down for a count of six, but Chaney came back stronger and showed to advantage in the fourth and fifth rounds.

CANADIAN SENIORS BEAT U. S. GOLFERS

Close Match for Governor General's Trophy—D. P. Kingsley Defeats Minister Burrell.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Sept. 18.—Stars and Stripes flew alongside the Union Jack above the Royal Montreal Golf Club's headquarters at Dixie today when the seniors' international match between the United States and Canada was played to a victorious finish for the Canadians. The narrow margin indicated by the score of 23 points to 19 shows how close was the play.

The principal match was between W. E. Truesdell, senior champion of the United States, and Champion G. S. Lyon of the Canadians, the latter winning easily by eight up. The respective totals were 30, 37—76 and 43, 44—87.

Seven pairs started at 10 o'clock this morning in the international match. D. P. Kingsley, President of the United States seniors, amid much applause, drove off the first ball. He had as his opponent Martin Burrell, Canadian Minister of Agriculture. Mr. Burrell was defeated by Mr. Kingsley.

The welcome address to the visitors from the American Seniors' Association was made at the close of the luncheon this afternoon by W. R. Baker, C. V. C., President of the Canadian seniors. Mr. Baker was honestly sorry, he said, to see the Governor General's trophy, which was offered for the international match, stay in Canada, as every member would have been delighted to see it won by the American team.

"Our Canadian brothers, who long ago showed us the path of duty that leads to liberty," was the toast proposed by D. P. Kingsley for the American Seniors.

The Hon. Martin Burrell spoke on behalf of the Government. Touching on the war he told of the delight with which the United States was welcomed into the circle of allied nations, and the spirit of entente cordiale that existed between the two countries in golf as well as politics.

The summaries:

AMERICAN SENIORS VERSUS CANADIAN SENIORS.

U. S. A.	Pts.	CANADA.	Pts.
W. E. Truesdell	0	George S. Lyon	3
C. J. Waldo	1	George T. Brown	2
J. A. Tyng	2	P. D. Ross	1
D. P. Kingsley	3	Hon. M. Birrell	0
William Clark	3	J. E. Caldwell	0
G. K. Presbery	0	E. A. Bennard	3
J. H. Ottley	2	W. R. Smyth	1
George Wright	0	A. A. Wilson	2
Joe Pitney	0	D. R. F. Ruttan	0
M. W. Herbert	0	J. W. McGregor	1
George P. Fiske	0	G. C. Holland	3
Joseph A. Flynn	2	G. E. Moberly	0
—— MacDonald	0	W. N. Machan	3
Dr. S. M. Elmendorf	0	H. M. Greene	3
T. J. Wesson	2	T. A. Ralphe	0
L. H. Tolsom	3	F. Reid	0
W. H. Canterbury	0	Col. J. B. Miller	1
Otto Hochmeyer	1	Dr. Ross	0
Total	19	Total	23

Majority for Canada, 4 points.

RED CROSS GOLF PUT OFF.

Evans and Jones Likely to Play Travers and Kirkby Next Sunday.

It may be that the Red Cross match scheduled for the Englewood Country Club, which was postponed yesterday because of the rain, will be held on Sunday next. The meeting was to have brought together Charles Evans, Jr., national amateur open champion, and Bobby Jones opposed to Jerome Travers and Oswald Kirkby, and the last named said if possible, Englewood would hold the match on Sunday. Evans and Jones are scheduled to play at the Worcester Country Club to-morrow against Louis Tellier and Tom McNamara, and on Saturday they will meet Lieutenant Francis Quimet and Jesse Guilford at Braeburn.

The women's two-day tournament at the Arcola Country Club scheduled to begin yesterday, will start this morning with an eighteen hole medal play handicap. After luncheon, mixed foursomes will be the attraction, and quite a number of men are expected to take part. Another medal round will be run off to-morrow, followed by approaching and putting.

The Yountakah Country Club has long been desirous of conducting a Red Cross match over its links, and now that one has been scheduled there, the officials are working hard to make it a great success. The meeting will bring together John G. Anderson and Tom McNamara opposed to Oswald Kirkby and John Hobens, on Saturday next, at 2:20 P. M.

PRINCE LOREE IN FRONT.

Shaw's Trotter Stands Hard Drives to Capture Hoster Stakes.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 18.—Prince Loree, winner of the $10,000 stake at Syracuse last week, and owned by Captain David Shaw of Cleveland, won another $10,000 trot here today when he defeated a field of nine in the Hoster Columbus Stakes in straight heats, outstepping Ante Guy, a slight favorite in the betting. Prince Loree had to stand up under hard stretch drives in each heat.

One of the greatest battles ever seen on this track developed in the Horse Review Futurity for three-year-old trotters, which David Guy eventually won in the third heat in a wire to wire drive with Nella Dillon. The half was trotted in 1:02. This clip told and the mile was won by David Guy in 2:07¼. He had a nose to spare. At no time did a length separate these game trotters in the final mile. David guy broke the first heat and Nella Dillon won by herself. She had the second heat and race apparently won when Murphy made a great drive the last 100 yards and collared Nella.

Belle Alcantara won the 2:07 pace in straight heats. Zombrino was the contender in the first heat. The large field of fifteen horses started in the 2:15 trot in which Jack K. was the winner.

BIG ENTRY FOR TITLE MEET.

Service Athletes Predominate in List for Track Games at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—Entries for the National A. A. U. outdoor track and field championships, to be decided at the Great Lakes Naval Training Station next Friday, Saturday and Monday, reached a total of 781 tonight. The list is a record-breaker, surpassing all expectations.

Seventy-five per cent. of the men are in the army or naval service and will compete under the colors of twenty or more service camps. The Great Lakes Station alone entered a squad of sixty, among them several national champions. The Pelham Bay Naval Training Station entered sixteen performers.

The entry of seven athletes from the Royal Air Force of Toronto, Canada, was received today. The list included Earl Thompson in the all-round event and Carl Mertens in the three-mile walk.

The junior events will be run off on Friday and the senior championships will be decided Saturday. Fourteen men will compete in the all-round championships on Monday, on which day the relays also will be run off. Probably twenty teams from all sections of the country will compete in the relays.

"It looks like the biggest athletic meet in years," said Justice Bartow S. Weeks of the New York Supreme Court tonight. Justice Weeks will be the honorary referee of the games.

Three athletes who are in the aviation service and stationed at Scott Field, near St. Louis, will fly to Great Lakes to compete. Lieut. R. W. Harwood, a former Harvard pole vaulter, will be one of the fliers.

INDIANA SHOOTER LEADS.

H. J. Mueller Tops 400 Men in Individual Match at Camp Perry.

CAMP PERRY, Ohio, Sept. 18.—Wind, rain, and foggy weather interfered with the shooting of the national individual and the special pistol team matches which were opened here today.

Only 400 of the 1,650 entered in the individual match completed the course today, some shooting through heavy showers. In this match, which is being shot in four stages on the 200, 300, 500, and 600 yards ranges, H. J. Mueller of the Indiana team is in the lead with 289 out of a possible 300. S. G. Hall, California, is second with 280, and Captain George E. Parsons, 13th Cavalry, has 278 for third place. This match will be concluded tomorrow.

TENNIS TOURNEY DELAYED.

Mixed Doubles of Women's Title Meet Will Begin Today.

Yesterday's heavy downpour interrupted the women's New York State tennis championship tournament which is being conducted on the courts of the New York Tennis Club. The deluge turned the courts into a quagmire and precluded any possibility of progressing with the tournament. Mrs. Percy Wilburn inspected the courts when there had been a little let-up in the downpour, but hurriedly returned to shelter with the information that tennis could not be played, unless through the medium of rowboats.

The mixed doubles play will get started today and promises to be productive of interesting tennis.

If you're a smart runabout—

How about a *"Scotch Mist" overcoat?

Then if it rains, who cares!

A gentleman's overcoat of handsome Scotch cheviot.

Rainproof!

All wool, of course.

All our clothes are.

For men 18 to 45—

*"Westpointer" shoes.

For "over there"—wool underwear. Clammy cotton chills.

The "Rogers Peet" Camp Toilet Case. Compact. Durable, $3.50.

*Registered Trademark.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. "The Four Corners" Broadway at 34th St.

Broadway at Warren Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

Back up our Fighters! Buy W. S. S.

Shoes That Fit You

The thing that you will notice at once about your first pair of Dr. A. Reed Cushion Shoes is that they seem to be made for your individual foot.

There is no period of pain in breaking them in. They handle you gently from the first. The cushion conforms pleasantly to each curve of your foot-sole.

For Fall and Winter wear these shoes will give you immunity from damp feet and resulting colds, for the cork in the sole is an unsurpassed protection.

SOLD ONLY AT

1372 Broadway, at 37th St.

12 Park Place, Woolworth Bldg.

Dr. A. Reed CUSHION SHOES

For Men Made by J. P. SMITH SHOE CO.

CHANGE TO REIS UNION SUITS

BACARDI Makes the Perfect COCKTAIL, RICKEY or HIGHBALL. Try It and Be Convinced.

RACING AT AQUEDUCT

Every Week-Day

BEGINNING AT 2:30 P. M.

TODAY

THE $2,500

Babylon Handicap

A 2-Mile Steeplechase

And 4 Other High-Class Contests.

SPECIAL RACE TRAINS

leave Penn. Station, 33d St. and 7th Ave., also from Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn, at 12:30 and at intervals to 1:55 P. M. Special Cars Reserved for Ladies. Course also reached by Trolleys.

GRAND STAND $3.30; LADIES $1.65.

Including War Tax.

Kennedy 12 Cortlandt St.

Big values our success.

All Fur Felt and Fast Colors $2.40, $2.90 & $3.40

Rich Velours $5.50, Worth $7

EXTRA VALUE CAPS, 65c & 95c

Durability Depends Also on Style

LONGEVITY has always been a point with Weber and Heilbroner clothes.

★ ★

In addition you are continually satisfied with the suit you buy.

★ ★

You like the style, because you look well in it.

★ ★

While it wears well because its quality is of the highest, it conserves best because you don't tire of it.

Fall overcoats—light and medium weight—domestic and imported.

We have anticipated our clothing wants sufficiently to provide the same standard of all wool fabrics as in the past

Weber and Heilbroner

Eleven Stores

241 Broadway, 345 Broadway, 775 Broadway, 1185 Broadway, 44th and Broadway, 1363 Broadway, 58 Nassau, 150 Nassau, 20 Cortlandt, 30 Broad, 42nd and Fifth Ave.

OLD CROW RYE

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

America's Finest RYE

WHISKEY

HAND MADE SOUR MASH

STRAIGHT PURE RYE

STRENGTH AND QUALITY AS ALWAYS

SOLD BY ALL FIRST CLASS DEALERS

BEWARE OF RE-FILLED BOTTLES

H. B. Kirk & Co., New York, N. Y.

SCHINASI BROS.

NATURAL

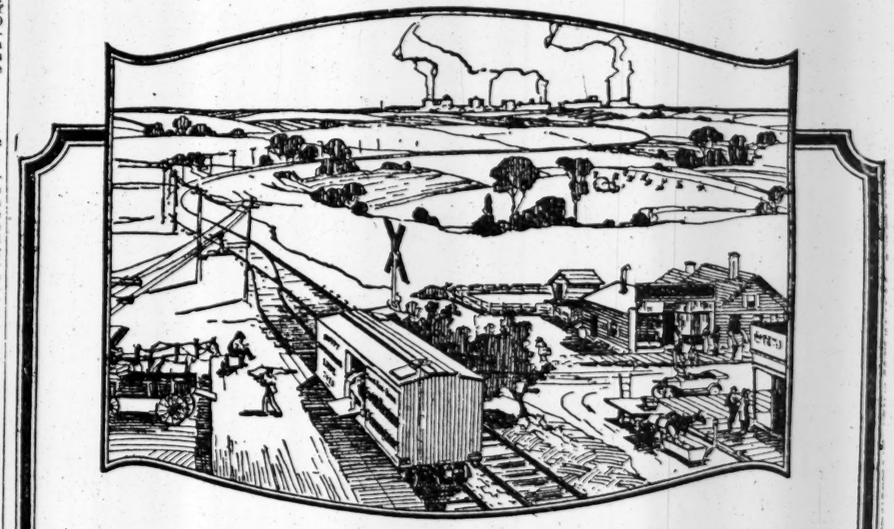
The *Original* Egyptian

CIGARETTE

Just as I said—Now that you've learned how good they are, you wonder that you never tried Natural Cigarettes before.

Just Twenty Cents.

Pledge to Buy W. S. S. Regularly



You Can't Eat Meat 100 Miles Away

Preparing meat is only a part of Swift & Company's usefulness.

The finest meat in the world wouldn't do *you* any good one hundred miles away from your table.

Swift & Company efficiency has made it possible to place complete lines of products in the smallest and most remote communities.

To be sure the work is done well Swift & Company, through its branch houses and car routes, brings the meat to the retail dealer for you.

Swift & Company lays out car routes covering towns—big, little, medium size—which are not served by a Swift branch house.

Salesmen find out in advance what is wanted by the dealers in every town.

They are followed by refrigerator cars loaded with retailers' orders, which are delivered at each town—fresh, clean, and sweet—once or twice each week.

Swift & Company operates a large number of car routes like this, from fourteen distributing plants.

This is a necessary and natural part of the packer's usefulness. It fits into the industry in an orderly, effective way. It makes *better* meat *cheaper* from one end of the land to the other.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

Ten Wholesale Distributing Markets in Greater New York

Central Office, 32 Tenth Avenue

G. J. Edwards, District Manager

SWIFT & COMPANY U.S.A.

NATION'S JOB NOW TO AID SOLDIERS

Colonel Roosevelt Says Country Is United in Demanding Dictated Peace.

PRAISES WAR CAMP WORK

League for Woman's Service Starts $200,000 Drive as Miss Wetmore Calls on All to Serve.

The National League for Woman's Service began a drive for $200,000 to enable it to continue its war activities last night with a "victory-of-arms-only" dinner at the Hotel Biltmore. Miss Maude Wetmore of Rhode Island presided, taking the place of James M. Beck, who was unable to be present. More than 500 members of the league and their guests attended the dinner. Besides Miss Wetmore, the speakers were. Colonel Roosevelt and Lieut. Col. Frank S. Evans, D. S. O., of the British Military Mission to the United States.

Colonel Roosevelt, contrary to his usual custom, spoke without notes, and his speech was largely laudatory of the war work of women's organizations like the National League for Woman's Service.

In introducing the Colonel, Miss Wetmore made a short speech which was punctuated by the diners with applause and laughter.

"I hold that, from this time on in this country," said Miss Wetmore, "citizenship should be conditional on service, and not on sex. I wouldn't let any man vote who was not eager and willing to serve his country in peace or war. [Applause.] And I'd let every woman vote who was willing. [Laughter and applause.]

"That is, I would exclude both the boy who was not raised to be a soldier and the woman who raised him not to be a soldier. [Laughter.] And I am not at all sure that I am speaking of an impossible idea. I earnestly hope that the day will come when we will tell the conscientious objector to rendering service to his country that we won't interfere with his conscience, but that he has got to go and exercise it somewhere outside the country. [Laughter.] If his conscience makes him act like a tom-fool, he can't do it here."

With this, Miss Wetmore presented to the diners Colonel Roosevelt.

Colonel Praises War Work.

"You have avoided," said the Colonel in addressing the league, "the ever-present danger in any organization of this kind to try to revolve in an orbit of its own. You have made your choice between the shell and the kernel. You have taken the kernel of service, and let the shell of credit be taken by whoever wished to have it. Whatever agency has developed any special activity to that you have been ordered willing to turn over work—to the Red Cross, to any branch of the Government itself, to the Department of Labor, to the Department of Agriculture, or whatever it was, caring nothing except but for the fact that you had done a definite piece of work that you had done a job worth doing.

"My own knowledge of your work has been especially in connection with the War Camp Community Service," Colonel Roosevelt continued. "I grew interested in the War Camp Community Service from having myself seen the admirable nature of its activities in certain camps here and in the West.

"War, at the present day, is, I think, more terrible than it has ever been in the past, and at the same time, more is done to help the soldier who fights than has ever been the case in the past. The fighting man, the men on the other side, our sons and our brothers, have to go against every species of death and torture which the mind of man can imagine. I believe they suffer a greater risk than ever was endured in a similar space of time by any soldiers before.

Nation's Job to Aid Soldiers.

"It would be incredible, were such the case, if we who stay behind didn't do everything in our power for them and that is just what you are doing. And that is what such an organization as the War Camp Community Service renders by giving the men the chance to have decent enjoyment, recreation that is wholesome, the pleasure that isn't merely pleasure because it is indispensable to their fitness. You can't expect the soldier to do the best work if he doesn't get the kind of a chance for the relief from that work which means the toning him up to the dot when he goes back.

"This is the nation's war, the whole people's war. If democracy is to have any permanent place in this world, in the face of autocracy and despotism, it must be by efficiency in doing the work of peace or of war that is necessary for the nation to do. Fourth of July speeches won't save us. We shall be saved, as a nation, only if we are able to do the job necessary for a free people to do.

"Did I say 'doing the job?' I should have said helping to do it, for the real job is being done by the fighting men at the front. [Applause.] Nothing irritates me more than a type of placard which reads that 'food will win the war,' or something like that will win the war. This war will be won by one thing, and that is by the fighting capacity of the men at the front. But they cannot show their fighting capacity if the nation is not organized behind them.

Calls for Dictated Peace.

"The quicker we organize the woman power of this country, the quicker the man power of our fighting armies will bring Germany to her knees. The kind of peace I want is the peace we dictate to and impose on Germany. [Great applause.] As for a conference with Germany, Austria and Turkey, I would as soon advocate a conference between a criminal and a judge as to the sentence the judge should impose on the criminal. [Laughter.] We can get that dictated peace, that peace which will assure us against having to fight the war all over again in another decade, speedily and with a minimum of bloodshed, only if we organize all our strength in this country.

"If we only keep our eyes on the Bolshevist failure, we shall fail as badly as they have. We have, in this country, got to steer clear of the Romanoff failure just as much as we have got to steer clear of the Bolshevist failure. We have got to show the capacity of self-restraint here, the capacity of wise progress, and we must have the wisdom to refuse recognition to an unwise movement that was never heard of before."

Lieut. Col. Evans followed Colonel Roosevelt, and when he concluded the dinner was over. The drive will be under the direction of Mrs. Elizabeth Rudyard Currier, and forty-one teams will work under her direction. Each team will be made up of a Captain and five workers, and funds will be solicited throughout the city. The progress of the drive will be reported each day at luncheon at the Biltmore, where drive headquarters has been established.

FIRST DOSE, SAYS PERSHING.

Tells Lloyd George American Army Will Try to Supply Some More.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—In reply to the message sent by Premier Lloyd George to General Pershing, congratulating him on the American victory in Lorraine, in which the Premier, who received the news on his sickbed, declared it was "better and definitely more palatable than any physic," the American commander has sent the following telegram:

"Your congratulations are deeply appreciated. It shall be the endeavor of the American Army to supply you with occasional doses of the same sort of medicine as needed from now until the final victory has been attained. I trust this will find you fully recovered from your ill[illegible]."

FIGURE REGISTRANTS WILL REACH 12,870,000

Totals from 31 States Received by Crowder, Who Calls It a "National Triumph."

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Complete returns from Thursday's registration in thirty-one States and the District of Columbia show an enrollment of 7,651,252 men, as against the official estimate of 7,628,350. These led Provost Marshal General Crowder to announce tonight that it was plain that practically all men of the new registration ages came forward.

"There is no shortage between the number of men that exist, alive, and the number that registered," said General Crowder. "This is where he have scored a national triumph. If registration day means anything it means that this nation is unanimous in the war win—and to win it completely, decisively, and forever."

General Crowder pointed out that before the registration his office estimated, on the basis of figures furnished by census experts, that the registration would total 12,778,758, and that the returns so far received indicated that the actual registration would be at least 12,870,000.

Registration totals from fifteen States, not previously reported, were announced as follows:

State.	Registration.	Estimate.
Colorado	123,[illegible]	112,149
Georgia	287,[illegible]	309,972
Kansas	210,924	200,413
Michigan	434,118	408,965
Nebraska	155,[illegible]0	137,665
Nevada	16,081	16,116
North Carolina	251,608	263,242
North Dakota	83,628	87,929
Ohio	782,741	739,427
Pennsylvania	1,140,322	1,087,692
South Carolina	157,877	170,649
South Dakota	77,807	77,179
Tennessee	257,660	251,865
Virginia	251,025	241,974
West Virginia	179,685	167,700

Complete returns are lacking from Alabama, Arizona, California, Idaho, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, New Mexico, New York, Oregon, Texas, Wyoming and Washington.

RUSSIAN COMPOSER HERE.

Serge Prokofieff Says Musicians Are Still Active in His Land.

Sergé Prokofieff, said to be among Russia's most promising composers since Stravinsky, and just arrived in New York from Petrograd, told yesterday at the home of Adolf Bolm, the Russian dancer, at 15 East Fifty-ninth Street, some of his experiences in leaving the land now ruled by the Bolsheviki. Leaving by the last of the weekly trips of the Siberian express last May, he traveled literally between the battle lines, and the train was held up or sent ahead accordingly as the tracks were controlled by the fighting forces of revolutionists, pro-Germans, Russian loyalists, and Czechs.

Mr. Prokofieff, who is a big specimen of the fair-haired northern Russian race, hopes to produce here his works for orchestra, either with the Society of Friends of Music or the local Russian Symphony, now under the Presidency of Colonel William Boyce Thompson. He said musicians in Russia were still active when he left, and Glazunoff, the head of Petrograd Conservatory, had obtained 50,000 rubles for its work from the Bolsheviki.

Russia was "socialized," he said; many homes, landed estates, even bank deposits, fawn over for general use; peasant farmers placed on the nobles' land, and lodgers quartered by the new Government on the families having unoccupied rooms. Mr. Prokofieff, who is also a pianist, played a farewell in Petrograd, and on the same day there were concerts in other halls by Glazunoff, Albert Coates, and Challapine.

"BOHEME" AT WAR BENEFIT.

San Carlo Company to Sing Puccini's Opera for Italian Relief.

Puccini's agents in America have given permission to the Italian Relief Committee here to present his opera, "La Bohème," at a special war benefit by the San Carlo Opera Company at the Shubert Theatre next Monday. Signor Puccini, as Italy's foremost living composer, has been active in doing his bit for the Relief Committee's work abroad. Impresario Fortune Gallo expressed especial pleasure last night that his company would be able to sing "La Bohème" at the start of its additional fourth week, just announced, before leaving New York.

"The opera is perhaps the most popular of all modern works, in Italy as elsewhere," Mr. Gallo said, "and the Messrs. Ricordi, represented here by George Maxwell, control the rights to its performance in America for many years to come. The San Carlo singers take pride in being able to give it for the cause of the Italian Relief Committee, and an interesting feature of the event is that Giuseppe Agostini, the tenor, also sang Rodolfo years ago at the first production of 'La Bohème' in America."

Monteux to Open Boston Concerts.

BOSTON, Sept. 18.—Pierre Monteux, who is to serve as first French conductor for the Metropolitan Opera Company the coming season, has been engaged by the Boston Symphony Orchestra to conduct eight concerts during October. Announcement of a conductor for the remainder of the season is expected within a few days.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Crops and Croppers" will be withdrawn from the Belmont Theatre at the end of this week, and the house will pass under the control of William A. Brady.

[illegible]rama, "The Living Corpse," has [illegible]ed "The Redemption," and will be Arthur Hopkin's next production at the Plymouth. John Barrymore will have the leading role.

Henry B. Walthall, well known in the films, will return to the stage next month in "Tamar and Sabinoff," a play by Ruth Sawyer. George H. Brennan will make the production, and the leading feminine role will be played by Khyva St. Albans.

Edwin Arden has been engaged for the cast of "Three Wise Men," which Smith & Golden will soon offer in New York. The piece is a drama by Austin Strong.

Ed Wynn will be in the cast of "Sometime," a musical piece which Arthur Hammerstein is producing.

"Stop That Man," a farce by George V. Hobart, has been placed in rehearsal by the Shuberts.

FOWNES

In leather, fur, silk or fabric, the name Fownes is a guarantee of quality, since 1777. Fownes sets the standard in style, fit and service; for Military and Civilian requirements.

At the Principal Shops

The name is always in the glove.

American art has produced FILOSETTE surpassing any imported fabric glove.

TOLISHUS, DISLOYAL, TO SERVE 15 MONTHS

Law Clerk for Whom Schoeneck Interceded Sentenced After Pleading "Guilty."

IN ARGUMENTATIVE MOOD

Defendant Admits He Was Mistaken About America, and Has Now Altered His Opinions.

Special to The New York Times.

AUBURN, N. Y., Sept. 18.—John A. Tolishus, former clerk in the law office of Lieut. Gov. Edward Schoeneck, whose intercession for Tolishus caused a State-wide sensation, was sentenced by Judge C. W. Ray tonight to serve one year and three months on each of five counts and to pay a fine of $100 on one count for violations of the espionage law.

The sentences, which are to run concurrently, will be served in the Maryland State Penitentiary at Baltimore. The defendant's plea of "not guilty" was changed to "guilty" after Judge Ray denied a motion to set aside the indictment on the ground that the espionage law was unconstitutional.

Frank W. Gregg, United States District Attorney, assailed Tolishus bitterly, asserting that his education, his oath as a lawyer, his contact with loyal Americans should have led him to be loyal to America.

"What will the people of America think," he asked, "if our courts send ignorant aliens, who need interpreters to defend themselves, to long terms if this educated lawyer is allowed to go without a substantial fine and a substantial term in prison?"

Edgar N. Wilson, attorney for Tolishus, had made an impassioned plea for leniency, asserting that Tolishus had not tried to evade the draft, but had been disqualified because of physical disabilities. District Attorney Gregg, however, launched into a scathing denunciation of Tolishus when, picking up Mr. Wilson's declaration that Tolishus was not a slacker, he showed that the young lawyer had availed himself of every loophole to escape the draft and had actually asked for complete exemption because of a remediable physical defect.

Prosecutor Denies Bias.

Mr. Wilson asserted that Tolishus was being made the victim of politicians and newspapers, and Mr. Cregg rejoined with heat that he challenged anybody to show that his office had been conducted in any but the just and lawful manner.

There was keen interest in the case and the courtroom was packed to the doors. As Tolishus stood up for sentence the chimes of a nearby church rang out with the national anthem. Behind Judge Ray hung a large American flag. All in the courtroom were deeply moved, but while there was some sympathy for the prisoner, his attitude of indifference, even his controversial nature, revealed itself at times and made an unfavorable impression. He spoke long in his own behalf, holding in a way a sort of joint debate with Judge Ray, in his endeavors to excuse himself or his disloyal utterances.

"I don't think you could have said these things unless you had disloyalty in your heart," declared Judge Ray.

"I never had any love for the German Government," said Tolishus, "but I had a regard for the fate of my parents and my sisters over in Lithuania, which made me look on Germany as an object of sympathy. I would not have said these things if I really meant them. I have sense enough to know that the army has a firing squad."

The defendant continued to talk for some time, Judge Ray finally lecturing him and concluding, "It is your failings, the attitude of your mind, of which I am speaking."

"Well, I am afraid that I have misunderstood America then," said Tolishus. "I felt that it was my right to criticise the Government. If I didn't feel I had that right I could have stayed in Germany and lived under the autocracy. My course may have been mistaken, but I have never been for Germany. At the outset I was for Germany as against Russia, because the Russians invaded Lithuania where my people were. My attitude changed since the Russian revolution and since the Brest-Litovsk Treaty.

Ideas Have Changed Now.

"My ideas have changed, because much has come out in the last few months. I never intended to harm this country. I have adopted this country, and I am loyal to it. I may have done wrong, but as the Frenchman says, 'It is war,' and one life, more or less, does not matter."

Judge Ray, in sentencing Tolishus, emphasized the patience shown by President Wilson, who "had held aloof from this war until it was almost made a political issue, and who had not rushed into it, because he was actuated by the highest and most noble motives." In the final arraignment District Attorney Cregg insisted that an amended affidavit filed by the defense alleging political bias and newspaper influence be incorporated into the record in order to clear an imputation previously made that the prosecution had been inspired for political reasons.

SAYS WE EXAGGERATE ST. MIHIEL SUCCESS

Berliner Lokal-Anzeiger Still Insists It Was Not Such a Great Victory.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Sept. 18.—Repeated efforts to show that the St. Mihiel victory was not a startling success are proof that the American bugbear is getting on the Germans' nerves. The Lokal-Anzeiger says:

"It was to be expected that the whole Entente press would try to make a big success out of the operations at St. Mihiel when the American Army fought for the first time independently under Pershing. Our expectations regarding the fighting capacity of the all-American Army were somewhat premature. The German Army did not fight for a decision, but went back to prepared positions as soon as the evacuation, which was being prepared for days, was ready.

"In spite of reports of booty and victories, the Americans were unable to disturb the retreat of the Germans from St. Mihiel. In order really to endanger this, the Americans and French would have had to hold Combres Heights and to advance to the south in front of Thiaucourt. Combres Heights were recaptured, and to the south the American attack was brought to a halt in time through the use of reserves. The gap between the northerly and southerly point of attack remained wide enough to allow the garrison of St. Mihiel to retire to safety.

"It is quite natural that the Americans should take prisoners during this attack, although the numbers given are very much exaggerated. The number of Germans missing does not nearly reach the number of prisoners announced by the Americans. Such falsehoods can only be explained by the Entente's necessity of painting the first American attack as a big success for political reasons. Even the progress of operations between Arras and Soissons does not fulfill Foch's hopes and expectations."

PERSHING LAUDS FEIGL.

Writes Father His Son Was Type of the Best in American Spirit.

Colonel Frederick Feigl, editor of The Tammany Times, at 38 Park Row, yesterday received from General Pershing a letter of tribute and sympathy on the death of his son, Lieutenant Jefferson S. Feigl, who died in action on March 21. The letter follows:

American Expeditionary Forces,
Office of Commander in Chief,
France, Aug. 5, 1918.

My Dear Colonel Feigl:

I have had a very careful investigation made of the circumstances of the death of your son, Second Lieut. Jefferson Feigl, concerning whom you wrote me under date of May 24, 1918.

I found that as he entered his battery position, near Beaumont, on the morning of March 21, 1918, upon returning from his tour of duty at the observation post in his command, he was struck by a fragment of an shell from a hostile battery which had suddenly opened fire.

Lieutenant Feigl was unquestionably the "type and exemplar of the best in American spirit and action," for he risked and gave to his country his most precious possession—his life.

I am glad to send to you, his father, this acknowledgment of deep sympathy for you, and my appreciation of his and your great sacrifice.

JOHN J. PERSHING,
Commander in Chief, American Expeditionary Forces.

Lieutenants Feigl was a Pattsburg graduate and when killed was serving with a regular army infantry unit.

BROOKLYN HAIRCUTS $1.

Self-Shavers to be Penalized in Scale Adopted by Barbers.

Brooklyn will become famous for its long-haired men if a scale of prices agreed upon last night at a joint meeting of the Master Barbers' Association and the Journeymen Barbers' Association at New Plaza Hall, Grand and Havemeyer streets, Brooklyn, is enforced. This is the scale:

For self-shavers.—Hair cut, $1. Shave, 20 cents.

For steady customers.—Hair cut, 40 cents. Shave, 20 cents.

This scale was deemed necessary to enable the master barbers to pay the journeymen a minimum weekly wage of $20. Two hundred men were present at the meeting.

Mme. Schumann-Heink in Hospital.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 18.—Ernestine Schumann-Heink, the contralto, is a patient in Michael Reese Hospital, where she has sought a haven for rest and recuperation, it is explained. "Mme. Schumann-Heink has for the greater part of the last year worked very hard in camps and cantonments," said an intimate friend, "and she regards a hospital as an ideal place wherein to pull herself together and tone up her nerves."

W. & J. SLOANE

Value is not measured by what you pay, but by what you get for your money.

WAR CONDITIONS

precluding, at present, the further importation of

ORIENTAL RUGS

are not reflected in extravagant prices for our stock.

Our large collection, composed of examples of antique and modern production, offers an opportunity for satisfactory selections for all requirements, at very reasonable prices.

AN ASSORTMENT SPECIALLY PRICED

represents values not to be duplicated during the war period.

Special Sale of Carpets on 5th Floor
Domestic Rugs Specially Priced on 1st Floor

FIFTH AVENUE & 47TH STREET, NEW YORK

THINK INFLUENZA CAME IN U-BOAT

Federal Health Authorities See Possibility of Men from Submarine Spreading Germs.

PLANS TO COMBAT DISEASE

New York Health Commissioner Says Department Is Ready Should Outbreak Come.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—That the outbreaks of Spanish influenza, which have given army officials some concern, may have been started by German agents who were put ashore from a submarine, was the belief expressed today by Lieut. Col. Phillip S. Doane, head of the Health and Sanitation Section of the Emergency Fleet Corporation.

"It is quite possible that the epidemic was started by Huns sent ashore by boche submarine commanders," he said. "We know that men have been ashore from German submarine boats, for they have been in New York and other places. It would be quite easy for one of these German agents to turn loose Spanish influenza germs in a theatre or some other place where large numbers of persons are assembled.

"The Germans have started epidemics in Europe, and there is no reason why they should be particularly gentle with America. Of course, there is no way of proving that the disease was started here by German submarine agents, but it is well within the range of possibility."

A program of prevention was started today in all the Eastern Shipyards. Colonel Doane sent his staff physician, Dr. W. F. Coon, to Boston to take charge of the situation and instructed C. E. Turner, his sanitary engineer, to ask the port authorities of that city to examine all passengers of incoming ships. All shipyards on the East coast and in the Great Lakes region have received instructions as to methods of combating the disease.

Surgeon General Rupert Blue of the Public Health Service telegraphed today to health officers in different parts of the country to report all cases of Spanish influenza. No report had been made, General Blue said tonight, on the three cases that developed in New York today. These and other cases that may develop in there are expected to be reported, however, under the request telegraphed today.

Brig. Gen. Robert F. Noble, U. S. A., who is Acting Surgeon General of the Army in the absence of Surgeon General Gorgas in Europe, also said tonight that no report had been made to him on the cases in New York.

Now that the disease had found entry into New York, Federal health officials fear it will spread rapidly there. But unless it is more virulent than the outbreak now sweeping the army camps great fatality is not expected. In Europe there has been considerable fatality, but this is attributed to the fact that the population has been undernourished and less able to resist its attacks.

Both Surgeon General Blue and General Noble said tonight that it would not be possible to quarantine civilians against the disease. To do that, it was asserted, would mean absolute noninterecourse.

The cases that have developed so far in this country have been very mild. There are something like 10,000 cases in the army, of which about 3,000 are at Camps Devens, Lee, and Upton. But there have been only a few deaths so far in the army. They occurred at Camp Devens.

While it has become the fashion, General Blue said, to call the present outbreak Spanish influenza, he said it was not a new disease, but was the same as that which swept this country in 1899 under the name of influenza. That epidemic, he explained, started at Constantinople and spread to San Francisco inside of six weeks.

The present epidemic had its origin in Spain. It spread to Germany and all over Europe, has made its way to Central America and Mexico, the West Indies, and Hawaii.

NEW YORK PREPARED FOR INFLUENZA SIEGE

Three Cases, Originating in the City, Reported—Health Department Takes Action.

Three cases of Spanish influenza were reported to the Board of Health yesterday. They were not army or navy or incoming ship cases, but persons living on Manhattan Island, all in or near the middle section of Central Park West or in cross streets leading to it. Health Commissioner Copeland lives in the territory where the germ has developed. Two other cases, sailors from ships in the harbor, were also reported yesterday. Speaking of these native cases yesterday Commissioner Copeland said:

"It looks very much as if we were in for our influenza siege. Three of the five cases reported today were simonpure New York breed. They are not at all serious, and all have been quarantined. Every precaution has been taken to prevent the spread of the disease, but we are going to have more cases. The hospitals are ready for them.

"When cases develop in private houses or apartments they will be kept in strict quarantine there. When they develop in boarding houses or tenements they will be promptly removed to city hospitals, and held under strict observation and treated there. If we are going to have a visitation, and it looks as if we are, it is no more than many other communities have had and we must all keep our heads. The citizens of New York may be sure that the Health Department is as ready to handle this situation as it is possible to make it."

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 18.—Rear Admiral Joseph W. Oman, commandant of the Second Naval District, and naval medical officers say they feel that the situation relative to Spanish influenza shows some improvement daily. There were 241 new cases reported today in and about the Newport naval area and four deaths. By direction of the Navy Department the quarantine against enlisted men of the navy departing from Newport without a special pass was lifted today.

AYER, Mass., Sept. 18.—There were three deaths from pneumonia, resulting from influenza, at Camp Devens today. The victims were Privates Irving B. Rich of Brookline, Levi Perri of Franklin, and William Kingston of Talcottville, Conn. About 3,500 cases of influenza were reported under treatment at the base hospital, new cases nearly equaling the number of patients discharged.

BOSTON, Sept. 18.—Influenza and pneumonia continued today to take victims in New England. Within the twenty-four hours ending at 10 o'clock tonight forty-one deaths were recorded by the health authorities. At the naval camps and stations in New England there were eleven deaths, and army camps and forts reported four. Several cities and towns within a twenty-five-mile radius of Boston reported deaths among the civilian population. A warning against public hysteria was issued tonight by Dr. William C. Woodward, Health Commissioner of Boston. He said that fear would lower the vitality of those exposed to influenza, and added that the rainstorm of today undoubtedly would result in a larger death list tomorrow, but that there was no cause for alarm, as the health authorities had the situation well in hand. The second death of a prominent Boston physician engaged in fighting the epidemic was recorded today, when it was announced that Dr. J. J. Denning of the South Boston district had succumbed to pneumonia.

CAMP UPTON, L. I., Sept. 18.—Twenty-new cases of Spanish influenza caused the camp authorities today to close the Liberty and Buffalo Theatres and forbid entertainments in the Y. M. C. A., Knights of Columbus, and Jewish Welfare Board Buildings.

Tonight seventy-four men who were the first to be stricken by the disease last week were discharged from the base hospital, but were segregated for additional observation.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP DIX, WRIGHTSTOWN, N. J., Sept. 18.—In spite of previous reports to the contrary, there were only 150 cases of influenza in the base hospital at Camp Dix today. The balance of the cases, including most of the 200 that were reported yesterday, are being treated in the regimental infirmaries. Of the cases in the hospital thirty-five have developed pneumonia. Of five deaths from pneumonia at Camp Dix yesterday three were traceable to influenza. The organizations that have been hit hardest are those made up of hardy Westerners from the 34th Division.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:15. PRESS AND PUBLIC PROCLAIM KLAW & ERLANGER'S SENSATIONAL SUCCESS THE GIRL BEHIND THE GUN THE VERY BEST MUSICAL COMEDY WITNESSED IN NEW YORK FOR MANY YEARS! ROOF ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC Open All Year. Phone 246 Bryant.

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Sat., 2:20. First Matinee Today 2:15 CHARLES FROHMAN Presents OTIS SKINNER IN HIS NEW COMEDY TRIUMPH, 'HUMPTY-DUMPTY'

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way & 38th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Sat. & Wed. at 2:20. "A charming comedy of adventure with all the interest of 'Alias Jimmy Valentine' and 'Raffles' combined." Someone in the House "Constantly diverting & absorbing."—World.

CRITERION B'way & 44 St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Sat. & Wed. at 2:20. THOS. A. Wise as Barnum A Comedy by Harrison Rhodes & Thos. A. Wise

GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evenings 8:20. Matinees Sat. & Wed., 2:20. BOOTH TARKINGTON'S PENROD (Dramatized by Edward E. Rose.) "BEST FUN IN THESE PARTS."—Tribune.

CORT THEATRE, W. 48th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:20. JOHN CORT'S OPERETTA Fiddlers Three "A BRIGHT SPOT IN THE NEW THEATRICAL SEASON."—Eve. Sun.

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:20. MATINEE TODAY AT 2:20. "DADDIES" "Will Appeal to Every One."—World.

LIGHTNIN GAIETY B'way, 46 St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:20.

GEO. COHAN Thea., B'y, 42 St. Bryant 592 M. Evs. 8:20. Mat. Sat. 2:20. MITZI in "HEAD OVER HEELS." "Mitzi tumbles head over heels into a real musical comedy success."—Eve. World.

COHAN & HARRIS THEA., W. 42d St. Tel. Bryant 6344. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Sat. & Wed., 2:20. 3 Faces East The Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written. Hundreds turned away at every performance.

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Tel. Bry. 37 Mats. Sat. & Wed. (Pop.) 2:20. GOING UP The Talk of the Town The Aviation Musical Comedy Sensation.

BELMONT Thea., West 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30. CROPS and CROPPERS With EILEEN HUBAN

STANDARD B'way, 90th St. Evs. 25c to $1. ANGLIN in "BILLETED" MARGARET Mat. Today 25-50c Next Week—"TURN TO THE RIGHT."

MANHATTAN Op. Ho., 34th, near 8th Av. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. POSITIVELY LAST 2 WEEKS DAVID BELASCO Presents TIGER ROSE Original Lyceum Theatre Cast & Production. Always 500 Orchestra Seats at $1.00. Coming—The Wanderer Beginning Sept. 30

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'WAY & 47 ST. Daily Mats. 25c-$1. VALESKA SURATT AVON COMEDY 4, "MOONSHINE" with EDMUND HAYES, RUTH ROYE, & GEORGE WHITE.

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'WAY & 96 ST. STELLA MAYHEW Rita Mario's Orchestra, Stampede Riders & others. VAN & SCHENCK

QUEEN DEPLORES HOLLAND'S CONDITION

At Opening of States General Wilhelmina Expresses Sympathy for People's Distress.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Sept. 18.—The Hague has assumed the usual yearly gala aspect for the opening of the States General by the Queen. Today the streets are more densely crowded than ever before, and owing to rumors of an expected demonstration the roads are closely guarded by a strong detachment of troops, the garrisons having been specially reinforced for the occasion. A large crowd had collected round the palace since early morning, and when the Queen, accompanied by the Prince, left in her golden chariot amid the cheers of the crowd, a hundred salutes were fired and a military band started playing "Wilhelmus."

The gala cortège, with outriders, then proceeded to the famous historical Riddersaal in the Binnenhof, where the Queen was received by a commission and Court Chamberlains, and where the first Peace Conference was held. The sun, coming through the stained-glass windows, lit up the motley throng of gold lace and uniforms. Members of both Chambers, civilian authorities, Court Chamberlains, and even diplomats, all displayed gold braid, save the members of the American Legation, who were conspicuous by their lack of uniform.

Chargé d'Affaires Alexander Kirk was accompanied by Mrs. Kirk, Military Attaché Colonel Davis, and Third Secretary Engers. The seats of the Entente diplomats were divided from those of the Central Empires by an aisle. It is perhaps significant that the representative of the Holy See was seated with the latter.

The new Cabinet gave special animus to the occasion and seats were in great demand and very strictly controlled owing to rumors of possible disturbances.

The Queen, who wore a sea-green dress, addressed the assembly from the throne, speaking clearly and laying special stress on the first part of her speech, which bore special reference to the seriousness of the present food situation; and expressed her sympathy for the cares and sorrows caused by the extraordinary distress of the people, and thankfulness for the preservation of peace in Holland.

The Queen also spoke on the acuteness of the economic situation, and of Holland's intention to defend her neutrality, although this latter question was not so strongly emphasized as last year, when the period was more critical.

The importance of the Indian Colonies was was also emphasized, and the effort to relieve the burdens of mobilization without detracting from the defensive strength.

The Telegraaf considers the whole speech very pessimistic, and points out that the last measure is extremely difficult at a time when the Germans may be driven back from Belgium into Holland in the near future.

The Secretary of the States General, speaking to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, said: "You see we are really a democratic country, and, unlike the rulers of other countries, our Queen comes to us to open the States General."

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'WAY and 50th St. Evs. at 8. MATINEE TODAY AT 2. MOST GIGANTIC SHOW IN NEW YORK PASSING SHOW of 1918 150 PEOPLE | 30 SCENES | 500 COSTUMES Sunday Night Concert BIG BILL OF BROADWAY FAVORITES.

CENTURY Thea., 62d, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:10. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:10. THE WORLD'S GREATEST ENTERTAINER AL JOLSON And incomparable Company of 150 in the sizzling, whizzing cycle of laughter SINBAD Always Good Seats 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50.

ROOF CENTURY THEATRE AT 11:50. CENTURY GROVE MIDNIGHT REVUE BEAUTIFUL GIRLS 'N' EVERYTHING A BIG HIT....MOLLIE KING

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. at 8. Mats. Today & Sat. at 2. MAYTIME with JOHN CHARLES THOMAS. JOHN T. MURRAY—Eileen Van Biene. Heard and Seen by 500,000 People.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. TRIUMPHANT MUSICAL SUCCESS. (Two Years at Daly's Theatre, London.) The MAID of the MOUNTAINS With WILLIAM COURTENAY "Music light, charming and melodious."

48TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. THE WOMAN ON THE INDEX "Excellent Interest-compelling Melodrama."—Charles Darnton, Eve. World.

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. She Walked In Her Sleep

HUDSON West 44th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:30. LOUIS MANN & SAM BERNARD IN FRIENDLY ENEMIES

FULTON 46 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Sat. & Wed. at 2:20. "'Over Here' is a play of patriotism, strong for war."—Herald. "OVER HERE" A new 4-act play by Oliver D. Bailey.

REPUBLIC W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. at 2:30. Marjorie Rambeau In "WHERE POPPIES BLOOM."

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. The Novelty Hit of the Season, Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers. The UNKNOWN PURPLE With RICHARD BENNETT. "THANK HEAVENS, 'THE UNKNOWN PURPLE' IS NOT A WAR PLAY."—Stephen Rathbun, Eve. Sun.

BIJOU Thea., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. OLIVER MOROSCO Presents Jack Lait's New Comedy "ONE OF US"

ASTOR THEA., 45th & B'way. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Mr. and Mrs. SIDNEY DREW Personally in a Spoken Comedy KEEP HER SMILING

PRINCESS Thea., 39, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. STUART WALKER Presents JONATHAN MAKES A WISH A PLAY FOR FATHERS AND MOTHERS AND SISTERS AND BROTHERS

Loew's 7th Av. At 125th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. TO-DAY, 25c & 50c. BLANCHE BATES AND HOLBROOK BLINN in "GETTING TOGETHER" Next Week.....THE VERY IDEA"

Shubert-Riviera B'way & 97th. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Today. Best Seats 50c. Highest Price Orchestra Seat $1 Evs. YES OR NO Next Week—"SEVENTEEN"

OPENING WEEK LOEW'S METROPOLITAN FULTON-SMITH-LIVINGSTON STS. BROOKLYN World's Largest, Finest and Costliest Theatre VAUDEVILLE & PHOTO PLAYS Afternoons 10 & 15c Nights 15c & 25c CONTINUOUS 11 A. M. TO 11 P. M.

EVERYTHING AT THE Hippodrome De Wolf Hopper—Houdini — Belle Story—Bert Levy —Chas. T. Aldrich and 1,000 others. MAT. TODAY Best Seats $1.00 Except Boxes. Eve. at 8:15.

"STANDARD FOR FORTY YEARS" McBride's THEATRE TICKET OFFICES UPTOWN 1497 Broadway DOWNTOWN 71 Broadway

Learn to Sing LA MARSEILLAISE In French. THE PEOPLE'S LIBERTY CHORUS L. CAMILIERI, Conductor. High School of Commerce, 155 W. 65 St. Mon., Thurs., 8 P. M.

PARK THEATRE, COLUMBUS CIRCLE. BEGINNING MONDAY, SEPT. 23 SOCIETY OF AMERICAN SINGERS Mon., Wed. and Sat. Eves., MIGNON, Maggie Teyte, Ruth Miller; Henri Scott, John Hand. Cond., Hageman. Tues. and Fri. Eves., DAUGHTER OF THE REGIMENT, Bianca Saroya, Julia Henry, Craig Campbell, David Bispham. Thurs. Eve. and Sat. Mat., CARMEN, Marguerita Sylva; Ricardo Martin, Henri Scott.

YORKVILLE Theatre, 86 St., nr. Lex. Av. Subway Sta. Tel. Lenox 8888. TUESDAY SEPT. 24 Adolf Philipp Presents Eve. 8:20 a New Comedy-Drama, "TELL

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, SEPT. 19, 1918.

OFFICES: [Telephone Bryant 1000.]

Times Building.....Times Square
Times Annex...43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown.....1 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem..2,109 Seventh Av., near 125th St.

Bronx.....2,914 Third Avenue
Washington Heights.....3,525 Broadway
Brooklyn.....401 Fulton Street
Staten Island....98 Stuyv. Pl., New Brighton
Queens.....317 Fulton Street, Jamaica, L. I.
Elizabeth.....250 Morris Avenue
Hoboken.....61 Second Street
Jersey City.....89 Montgomery Street
Paterson.....13 Park Avenue
WASHINGTON.....Riggs Building
CHICAGO.....1302-1304 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS.....409 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT.....403 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....742 Market Street
LONDON.....12 Salisbury Square, E. C.
PARIS....Au Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonnière

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

TWO CENTS in Metropolitan District (50 mile radius). Three Cents within 200 miles. Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents, City; Seven Cents elsewhere.

By Mail, Postpaid.	One Year.	Six Months.	One Month.
DAILY & SUNDAY.	$11.00	$6.00	$1.00
One week, 35c.			
DAILY only.....	9.00	4.50	.85
One week, 30c.			
SUNDAY only.....	3.00	1.75	.30

The above rates apply to U. S. soldiers and sailors abroad.

CANADIAN RATES.

DAILY & SUNDAY..	$11.00	$6.00	$1.00
One week, 35c.			
DAILY only.....	9.00	4.50	.85
One week, 30c.			
SUNDAY only.....	6.00	3.25	.55

FOREIGN RATES.

DAILY & SUNDAY..	$26.00	$13.30	$2.40
DAILY only.....	17.40	8.90	1.45
SUNDAY only.....	9.75	5.12	.85

Binder, Picture Section, $1.75; Magazine, $1.25.
THE ANNALIST, (Mondays.) per year, $4; Canada, $4.50; other countries, $5.
Binder for 26 issues, (one vol.,) $1.25.
TIMES BOOK REVIEW, (Weekly,) per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.
TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, (Thursdays,) 1 year, $5; Canada, $6; other countries, $6.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.25.
THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $3. (foreign, $4.) Per Copy, 25c.
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.

All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NO NEGOTIATED PEACE.

Austria and Germany have themselves to blame if, when they confess defeat and propose peace, the proposal is peremptorily rejected as insincere. Sincerity, good faith, truth, honor, common honesty, all these they are no longer credited with. They have forfeited the last shred of reputation by bringing on this war and by the manner in which they have conducted it. They have themselves to blame if, when they propose peace, the most substantial guarantees of their good faith are demanded. That is the meaning of The Associated Press dispatch from Washington published yesterday in which it was said that, if Austria now makes another move by offering to restrict the discussion "to the principles laid down" by President WILSON as the only "basis of peace," it would be demanded that as an evidence of good faith she and her allies would have to give pledges that would leave no doubt about the matter. We quote from the Washington dispatch of The Associated Press:

> It was said authoritatively today that such a proposition undoubtedly would be accepted. But this statement was accompanied by a significant reminder of conditions which must be met preliminary to any such discussion. These are that the Central Powers
>
> Must withdraw completely from all occupied territory in France and Belgium, Italy, Russia, and Serbia.
>
> The Germans must drop the subterfuge of the Brest-Litovsk treaty made by Germany with Russian agents hired to betray their country.
>
> They must loosen their hold upon the wheat fields of Ukrainia and the oil wells of Serbia and Russia.
>
> And all this must be done before America would consent to talk of peace, even upon the basis of the President's stipulation.

These are conditions which THE TIMES on many occasions has suggested as necessarily antecedent to any talk about peace; the conditions enumerated at Washington "authoritatively" are even more comprehensive. The Central Powers certainly must have understood that there would be no negotiated peace with them. In a sense, any discussion of peace would be a negotiation, but that sense of the word is now inapplicable. Negotiation means trade, a bargaining. There will be no trade, no bargaining with the criminal Powers which had long planned this war, which began it and have carried it on like outlaws. In the end they will stand at the bar, and will have to accept the sentence imposed. The terms of that sentence have been repeatedly enunciated by President WILSON, they are the terms all the Allies are resolved to enforce.

That has always been the attitude of THE TIMES, it is the attitude of THE TIMES today. It will not be changed. Some of our readers and good friends have very evidently misunderstood a recent editorial article published in these columns. If there was in that article any warrant for the impression that this newspaper has in the slightest degree changed the attitude it has consistently maintained from the beginning of the war we wish to disclaim absolutely any purpose of that nature; if such an idea did anywhere find lodgment, it should be dismissed forthwith as contrary to every purpose and policy in this war which THE TIMES has sustained and does sustain.

THE TIMES regarded the Austrian proposal as a confession of defeat, we construed it as an offer to surrender. If we erred it was in putting that construction upon the invitation from Vienna, for that was the foundation of our comment. It is very evident that Washington did not accept that construction, the country does not accept it. This lends confirmation to what we said in the beginning of this article, that the reputation of the Teutonic Powers is so bad that even when they want to surrender the world believes they are shamming. For this they can blame only themselves and they must realize that further humiliations and more explicit terms of surrender will be demanded, with guarantees.

Construing the note as a surrender, we entertained the belief that the proposal might be considered, but only on the principle long ago laid down by President WILSON, that the result should make it everlastingly sure "that this agony must not be gone through with again." We declared that that was "the foundation principle." The article continued:

> A peace that left Germany master of the East would be a crime against ourselves and our posterity. Over the lands of the Near East and the whole of the old Empire of the Czars she can be permitted to have no dominion. Control of vast regions where she could renew her now diminished might she must once and for all time renounce. The restorations and reparations to be decreed in the West are equally indispensable, but reiteration has made them familiar. It is in the East that the new danger will arise, there with iron resolution it must be destroyed.

This is the very substance of the conditions reported by The Associated Press to have been "authoritatively" laid down at Washington as preliminary to any discussion. Washington proposes them as conditions to be imposed beforehand, a suggestion which THE TIMES had made in advance of any knowledge of the statement from the National Capital.

That we should have been misunderstood in a matter of so great importance is regrettable, and we desire to remove the misunderstanding by the unequivocal declaration of the firm belief we have always held that no peace should be made with our enemies save on the principles laid down by President WILSON. There can be no negotiated peace.

AMBASSADOR DAVIS.

The appointment of Solicitor General JOHN W. DAVIS to be Ambassador to England is evidently not political, but one of those appointments which proceed from a personal knowledge of the man and his qualifications. It is such an appointment, for instance, as was that of Secretary LANSING to the post he now holds. Mr. DAVIS is not known to the country, and though he had served one term in the West Virginia lower house and one in Congress his real public life began with his appointment to the Solicitor Generalship. But he has been in the State Department for five years, in such relations with the Secretary of State and with the President that they cannot escape being intimately acquainted with his character and abilities. That they have conferred on him this dazzling promotion is conclusive on both points.

Like Secretary LANSING himself, Mr. DAVIS had won his distinction in law, not in politics. He is the President of the West Virginia Bar Association. The country, we think, is much better pleased with these non-political appointments, these promotions for fitness, than it would be with the appointment of men it knew better by name, but knew only through their activity in politics. It is evident that, as this appointment is not political, it is not social either, and certainly not, as some Ambassadorships have been, a reward for campaign contributions; it is a working appointment, made because the appointee's previous work has shown his superiors the kind of work he is fit for.

HOLDING GERMANY AND POUNDING HER.

The guns of the fortress of Metz are in action. Thus far has the first initiative of the American Army proceeded in the making of history. It is a long way to the taking of Metz, perhaps; but it is not a long way to the artillery command of the Briey coal field by the allied forces. That would not be so spectacular a victory as the capture of Metz, but, continued through the Winter, it would be a real and heavy disaster to the enemy.

Even if the American attack had had no such object, it would still have served FOCH'S general purpose of striking the enemy from every point of the compass, so as to weaken his strength and make it impossible for him to reinforce any threatened point. Today, for instance, HAIG is pushing his advance toward St. Quentin, MANGIN is before Malmaison, and the Serbians and French are climbing the Macedonian ridges. Perhaps there are Bulgarians on the west front, perhaps not; but if there are, no more will be sent there, and if there are not, none at all will be sent there. In whatever direction LUDENDORFF casts his eyes for help, a new attack from the Allies immediately begins. Even the minor operations of the Italians in the Brenta Valley are sufficient to worry the Austrians into keeping their forces where they are, and may have been begun in response to the news that Austrians were going to the French fronts.

What success we are achieving in the Far East is less easy to find out, but of one thing we may be sure, the Bolshevist reports of defeats inflicted on the Allies are made out of whole cloth. All the trustworthy news we receive points to the redemption of Western Siberia. Meanwhile, even the Bolsheviki admit their defeat on the Archangel front, though why they should tell the truth in this one instance must remain for the present an inscrutable mystery.

While the German armies are being held in place by a succession of blows from different directions, while the process of exhaustion of their man power is becoming more and more rapid, it is the duty of the Allies not to slacken their blows, but to increase them. Germany may have hoped for some slackening; but if she did, how significant a commentary on her hopes is supplied by yesterday's news from Washington—the War Department calling on Congress for $7,347,000,000, of which $1,985,000,000 is for armament and $1,277,854,000 for transportation. That last item means simply that as Germany's man power falls the man power of the Allies is to increase; that as Germany weakens they are to grow strong.

On the defensive everywhere, and now plainly unable to regain the offensive anywhere from lack of men, this Washington item is not the least significant one in the catalogue of Germany's troubles. She knows what has happened to her in 1918, and by reading the Washington news she can form an estimate of what will happen to her in 1919.

FIT TO BE GOVERNOR.

The formal process of notification that he is the Democratic candidate for Governor was served yesterday upon Mr. ALFRED E. SMITH. If the Governor of New York should know the business of the State of New York, who in modern memory has been better qualified for the post in that respect than Mr. SMITH?

He has made himself from humble beginnings. Many men have done that, many men have had something or much of those sterling and engaging gifts of personality and talents of popularity that are his, and have been humbugs, demagogues, or ineffective and futile public servants playing to the gallery or neglecting to form themselves by steady intelligent study, by assiduous penetration of public questions as they arise, into competent and skilled public men. Mr. SMITH has never been the dupe of his popularity. He has prepared himself for and has shown himself more than equal to all the public duties to which he has been called. In his twelve years as a member of the Assembly, for four of which he was the Democratic leader; as Speaker, as Chairman of the Cities Committee, as a member of the committee that revised the New York City Charter, as Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, as a member of the great committees of the Constitutional Convention, where his work drew praise from Republicans whose praise is an honor, like GEORGE WICKERSHAM and ELIHU ROOT; in the city offices which he has held, he has shown thorough knowledge accompanied with liberal ideals.

He knows this city. He knows this State. The lasting antinomy of the two would be ended, at least for a time, if he should become Governor. He knows how to make budgets; and the fact that he is a brilliant and exceptional offshoot of Tammany Hall is not an offset to his positive qualifications for the office. He began his political career in the only way it was natural and possible for him to begin it. He has grown in a way Tammany has not. He has fitted himself to be Governor. He understands the business.

PURSE AND PRIMARY.

To the deep bosom of the Senate Elections Committee has been intrusted a resolution introduced by Mr. POMERENE of Ohio, authorizing the committee to investigate expenditures in the recent Senatorial primaries in Michigan and elsewhere, if elsewhere large unwarranted expenditure has been made. In Michigan the successful Republican candidate, Mr. NEWBERRY, expended some $176,000, of which $147,000 odd was for advertising. Made by a Republican, such a prodigality of advertising fills the Democratic soul of Mr. POMERENE with sorrow and suspicion. It must be unwarranted. Pray you, look into it.

It appears that the Department of Justice, in the wealth of its leisure, has begun to investigate campaign expenditures in New York, Illinois, Michigan, Ohio, West Virginia, and other States. Thus does virtue swell in austere souls, and thus we are reminded again that there will be some elections on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November.

If much of ancient principles were left in ancient names, there might be wonder at a Democratic Senator who invokes the power and authority of the Senate, if such authority and power it have, to investigate the expenditures made by, or made in behalf of, a candidate for Senator who may or may not be elected.

But that is only a detail of the comedy. HENRY FORD prepared himself unconsciously for his candidacy by an earlier Monte Cristo pacifist and anti-preparedness advertising campaign. His opponent, less known, can't advertise without exciting indignation at Washington.

In the bad old days, before the "popular" election of Senators and the all-saving primaries, there were Senators who relied upon their talents and their experience, who would have scorned to go, hat in hand, before the people. Imagine CHARLES SUMNER or GEORGE F. HOAR or ROSCOE CONKLING or THOMAS F. BAYARD depending on a campaign fund or advertising themselves, if they had had the money. "We have changed all that." We have the open primary. How are you going to forbid the open purse? Isn't it necessary for any aspiring citizen to make known to his fellow-citizens his aspirations and qualifications for office? Senator KENYON of Iowa says that, if Congress doesn't look into "these enormous expenditures," "a poor man" will soon be unable to be elected to "the Senate." Well, irrespective of plutocracy or poverty, there are some mighty poor Senators.

MR. KONTA BEARS WITNESS.

An illuminating sign of the times is Mr. ALEXANDER KONTA'S letter to The World expressing approval of President WILSON'S answer to Austria-Hungary. "The time has clearly "arrived," he says, "when the people "of Hungary and all Hungarians in "America must realize that no peace "proposals emanating from Hapsburg "bootlickers will ever be seriously "considered by the Allies, whose sole "aim and purpose from the beginning "has been to remove once and forever "the foul source from which the "calamity of the present world conflict sprang. They must realize that "the days of Hohenzollerns and Hapsburgs, of broken oaths and secret "diplomacy, are at an end."

And, further, "All Hungarians "* * * wish the Czechs all luck in "the splendid cause for which they "are fighting. To the Slovaks, who "have been their brethren for a thousand years, they cry 'Godspeed!' "For all Hungarians know that if "self-government and independence "are to be the reward of those liberty-loving peoples, then the same reward cannot be denied to Hungary "itself."

The point is that the views expressed in his letter are quite accurate, and that they have hardly ever been heard heretofore from leaders of the Hungarian population in this country. One Hungarian, Mr. EUGENE S. BAGGER, has written much in America to the effect that the oligarchy which rules Hungary is as detrimental to the real interests of the Hungarian people as to those of the Slav races subjected to the Magyars, and that if this oligarchy were overthrown, if Hungary were democratized and reduced to the districts inhabited by Magyars, it would be quite possible for the Magyars to live together in amity with the newly made Slav States around them.

But the principal voices among "Hungarian-Americans" have protested against any such ideas. STEPHEN TISZA and the rest of the ruling class of Hungary have convinced the bulk of the people that the interests of people and oligarchy are one, but there is a considerable and apparently a growing opposition. It can hardly be doubted that most of the Hungarian population in this country is in very little sympathy with the aristocratic fire-eaters who have turned the country over to Prussia, but most of their spokesmen have in the past stood on the side of TISZA and done their best to persuade the American people that the war is being fought to preserve Hungarian liberties, one of which was the right to oppress the Slavs and Rumanians.

Now a great many people in the allied countries, and this includes most of the leaders of those Slavs whom the professional Magyars hate so enthusiastically, think that complete allied victory will serve the true interests of the Hungarian people, just as in the long run it will serve the true interests of the German people. Most of the Slav leaders believe that an independent Magyar State reduced to its natural boundaries and deprived of the territories occupied by the races now oppressed could live in harmony with its Slav neighbors either in a Danubian confederacy such as was talked of years ago, or in a greater League of Nations. But among Magyars living in America, to whom such ideas ought to come more easily than to their compatriots at home, few but extreme radicals have heretofore held this view. Hence the importance of this repudiation of the jingoes by a man of Mr. KONTA'S prominence. His picture of Magyars calling "Godspeed!" to the Slovaks, "their brethren for a thousand years," shows which way the wind blows. Magyar-Americans are beginning to fall into line; and, as in the case of the German-Americans, it will probably be discovered that the rank and file were in line long before their leaders.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

He Had to Keep Up His Strength.

A double indiscretion was committed by the German General whose headquarters in a village of the St. Mihiel salient were described yesterday in one of THE TIMES special dispatches. Or perhaps the indiscretion was single and the duality was in the consequences of it.

This General, it seems, though of course he must have known about the plans to abandon that territory now so convincingly reported from Berlin, must have let them slip from his powerful mind. At any rate, when he did depart, there were in his movements indications of haste, such as a surprise attack creates, rather than of carrying out, as intended, a long-matured purpose. How otherwise is one to explain that this subordinate but still highly placed war lord left behind him so many proofs of the luxury in which he and his staff had been living?

They had a fine house, finely furnished, a table well set with silver and linen, and close at hand was a stock of assorted meats and vegetables in amount and quality most pleasing to contemplate. They must have been most pleasing to the General, that is. Possibly the sight of them, thus and there accumulated, would have awakened other emotions in the minds of the hungry German civilians at home, and have caused the German soldiers on the firing lines uneasy questionings, to say the least.

It is obvious, therefore, that by delaying his departure as long as he did this son of Thor made a mistake. It enabled his foreign enemies to get a much-revealing glimpse at the sort of militarism with which they are contending, and it risked the arousing at home of a suspicion that the hardships of war are not quite fairly apportioned through the several social ranks by the one class that does the dividing. For of course the description of that General's headquarters will circulate, sooner or later, to the east of No Man's Land as well as to the west of it, and emphasis will be given to it by the fact that, among the spoils of war captured by the Americans, were great numbers of a pamphlet declaring that nettles, sorrel, and several other plants commonly scorned as weeds, could be eaten, and should be, by patriotic Germans of the commoner sort as evidence of their devotion to the Fatherland.

A Prisoner Taken in the Air.

Among the many interesting and exciting stories that have come from what was the St. Mihiel salient until its prosiliency was abolished by the unfeeling American and French soldiers is one which, so far as can be recalled, is without a precedent—an entirely new revelation as to the possibilities of aerial warfare.

It seems that Captain CHARLES BIDDLE—of Philadelphia, naturally—while flying at a great height encountered and fought with a German flier. There was nothing new or remarkable in that, of course, nor was it strange that at the first exchange of bullets the German was wounded and his airplane damaged. But the German's wound was not serious and his machine was not so much injured as to be out of control. That being the situation, Captain BIDDLE, had he followed the usual procedure, would have finished off his helpless foe and sent him crashing to earth.

Instead, whether from disinclination for the performance, if it could be avoided, of a duty distinctly unpleasant, or because he aspired to the glory of doing what no other aviator had ever done, the Captain in some way signaled that the German should consider himself a prisoner and should guide his machine to a landing within the American lines. The alternative to obedience was death, and the German aviator obeyed.

Now, it has not been expected that aviators should bring back trophies of this kind. Aerial battles have always been of the ultimate decisiveness except when one or the other combatant, losing hope of victory, succeeded in making his escape. Probably Captain BIDDLE will not have many imitators, and he may not himself ever have again just the combination of circumstances and conditions that made his achievement possible. But he did bring home a prisoner from the clouds!

Some other day, perhaps, he or another aviator will rescue a friend or foe from a falling plane before it and he reach the ground. That is impossible, indeed, but it is the aviators' business to do the impossible, and they accomplish it so often that no real surprise can be felt at anything they do.

Mr. Edison Offers an Idea.

"Yours for the Fourth Liberty Loan" does not strike one at first hearing as a particularly thrilling "slogan" with which to enter on the next money-raising campaign. It is from the estimable MR. EDISON, however, that the suggestion comes to have everybody put those words at the end of every letter written from now until the loan has been carried through, and the heads of the Liberty Loan Committee in Washington have declared the idea a good one.

It has one merit, at least—no harm would be done by accepting and carrying it out—and that is more than can be said for some other well-intentioned proposals for hastening the loan to its inevitable success.

A great number of letters are written in this country every day—40,000,000, the postal authorities say—and it is not impossible that if every one of them bore the suggested legend as a reminder to every recipient—and to every sender—the results would be measurable in dollars and cents.

A KNOWLEDGE OF GERMAN

Found Most Useful in Diplomatic Work—English in Germany.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit me to offer a few words of approval of a letter in your issue of Sept. 14 on "Fourteen States Bar German." In moments of stress it is perhaps natural that indignation, sincere and righteous, may overleap itself. The Americans can afford to neglect no foreign language; and to refuse to make ourselves masters of the language of our enemies is as illogical as it is impractical. Are we to set up, through a mistaken patriotism which in the end will prove unpatriotic, an American expurgatorial index that will "bar" Goethe and Heine and Novalis and Jean Paul Richter? Somebody will, similarly, propose that we shall cease to hear Wagner and try to arrange the "Blue Danube" and "Die Lorelei" for ragtime!

Our enemies know better than that; you may be sure that English and French will not be neglected in Germany. When all Berlin was singing the Hymn of Hate and "strafing" England, The Times of London and even The National Review were displayed in the hotels and Shakespeare played to crowded houses. The Germans wanted to know more of the psychology of their foes.

Personally speaking, if I had not had a smattering of the German language and the voluntary assistance of Mr. Knapp of the Otis Elevator Company, who had left Berlin, (when I say "assistance" I mean much more than the word implies in mentioning this most competent and unselfish gentleman,) the synopsis of the reports from the German daily papers, which our State Department desired, could not have been made. I regretted that I had not made more of my opportunities for acquiring the language which Mr. Knapp had so thoroughly mastered.

Is the future diplomatist to be hampered because German is "barred?" Is the Teutonic spirit to be so tamed that it will not be necessary to understand it? Canst thou brook the leviathan by pretending that it is dead? The war ought to teach us that we have too long rejoiced in our insular ignorance of foreign peoples and affairs.

MAURICE FRANCIS EGAN.
Winter Oaks, Mountain Lake Park, Md., Sept. 14, 1918.

Consideration of the Crown Prince.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The moderation of the Germans who, according to the Crown Prince, have no wish in their strategic retreat to "annihilate" the Allies, recalls Homer's description of the shield of Achilles, one design on which represented a village attacked by lions; the village dogs barked, but they "refrained from biting the lions."

L. C. L.
New York, Sept. 6, 1918.

THE AUSTRIAN OFFER

As It Appears to the Races Fighting Against Her Tyranny.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The offer of the Austro-Hungarian Government for a confidential and unbinding discussion of war aims with a view to hasten peace negotiations indicates what immense differences there are between the Entente on one part and Germany and her allies on the other in their views of a future peace. In fact, is a compromise possible between a criminal and a judge? In the moment when unmoved justice is preparing to safeguard humanity in the future against similar crimes the criminals are offering negotiations. The Austrian note naïvely states that Germany and her partners are entirely innocent; they did not attack anybody, they are only defending themselves! Against whom are they defending themselves? Did Belgium perhaps attack Germany first or did Serbia attack Austria and Bulgaria? Similar cynicism prevails throughout the whole note.

This note indisputably must have been discussed among all the allies of Austria and notwithstanding "the Austro-Hungarian Government has resolved to point out to all the belligerents, friends and foe, a path," &c. One might think that Austria intended to surprise even her allies!

The ruins in Belgium, Serbia and northern districts of France do not represent for Austria any mischief, but when the Allies are nearing the frontier of Germany, and when they unquestionably will come to that of Austria, then "the further continuance of the bloody struggle must transform Europe into ruins."

When the allied Governments clearly defined as their war aims the liberation of the oppressed nations; when the Government of the United States officially declared in June "that all branches of the Slav race should be completely freed from German and Austrian rule"; when a few days ago the Government of the United States recognized the Czecho-slovak National Council "as a de facto belligerent Government clothed with proper authority to direct the military and political affairs of the Czecho-slovaks," then the Austrian note came to state that the Allies have admitted that Austria-Hungary must itself solve its internal problems!

With such cynicism is Austria offering discussion of war aims.

Meanwhile it is indisputable that this new peace offensive is an act of Germany. She wants to attain two aims:

(1) To try to save Austria, which for Germany means to win the war. The Austrian question was one of the main reasons for the present war. Destruction of Austria means failure of all the German plans for domination, means liberation of Europe from German peril.

(2) To gain time for organizing resistance against the allied attack. Germany indisputably is working in Finland, the Ukraine and Turkey to get help in men, and she will succeed in that if given time.

Germany and her allies know clearly what the war aims of the Entente and United States are and she has no need to hear them through "a confidential and unbinding discussion." These conditions Germany cannot and will not accept through compromises but when defeated. The peace, therefore, is not possible without victory.

Our allies are now on the way to victory and we Jugoslavs are firmly convinced that they will not abandon it. The fate of the whole of humanity and not only of us small nations depends on this victory.

L. MICHAILOVITCH,
Former Minister of Serbia to the United States.
New York, Sept. 16, 1918.

An Invitation to Venizelos.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In behalf of more than fifty Greeks I wish to express my sincerest expression of gratitude for the masterful editorial inviting Venizelos, the savior of my native country, to visit the United States. It is a credit to the American people that THE NEW YORK TIMES, a newspaper of the highest standard, was the first to grasp the opportunity in inviting Venizelos to visit our shores.

I am sure that the presence of such a great statesman will do more toward combating the tremendous propaganda of Bulgaria in dissuading the United States from declaring war against her than all the arguments and editorials in the world.

The editorial which you have written regarding Bulgaria and Turkey—two tools of Prussia—refutes any arguments that any sleek propagandist may have to make. It was pleasing beyond imagination.

A. MARKATOS.
New York, Sept. 16, 1918.

New Hampshire's Sons.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a New Hampshire man I have enjoyed reading an editorial in this Morning's TIMES entitled "The New Hampshire Senator." When the editor, however, assures us that "in Mr. Drew one sees a successor of the old great race, Jeremiah Mason, Webster, Jeremiah Smith, Isaac Parker, and the rest, too often borrowed by Massachusetts," he goes astray a bit. Isaac Parker was not of New Hampshire; but Joel Parker was—and the Harvard Law School "borrowed him"—if that be the proper phrase.

F. W. H.
Washington, Sept. 7, 1918.

RETROSPECT.

Another day sent songless down the surge
Of untongued days—hid formless in the heart,
Lost in poor stoic sufferance! Thus to fail
Of ultimate song—to watch the light die down
Of fires within—to hold one to a task
The blind to beauty might as well achieve!
Life's lyric purpose—can it be to drown
'Neath wave of Things the spirit's lovely word
And break the beauty of her fashioning?

Yet is this not the soul's one questioning?
A great throng goes with music at the heart,
Wearing the cross of silence—sold to days
Of loveless labor and unvisioned nights!

White singing God, heard in a million souls
That shut Thee out and blunder down the dark,
Fearful to serve the jealous inner flame
Lest outer fullness fail—forgive the shame
And send us back to singing! Though the track
Lead through blind toil, still give the eagle's sight
To penetrate back where the Song lies deep—
To win from dark a finer light, from noise
A stiller peace. Spirit of Song, lead home—
Home to the long, low light, the old, far call!
Wakener of our dead music, break our bonds—
Yea, Pilot of our singing, be not far!

MARY SIEGRIST.

DESERTING INTO HOLLAND.

New Yorker, Back from Visit, Tells of German Soldiers' Flight.

Gerald Van Casteel of 115 Broadway, a former Deputy Assistant District Attorney, who has returned from a visit of ten months to Holland, said yesterday that along the entire length of the Dutch boundary all German infantry had been withdrawn and replaced by marines, men who had never taken an active part in the war. Dutch officers, Van Casteel said, told him that Germany was forced to replace the soldiers with marines because of frequent desertions.

"It had been the custom to send regulars from the German armies after periods of fighting for intervals of rest and recuperation on this quiet sector of the neutral border," said Mr. Van Casteel, "but immediately after the recent big German offensive three regiments of infantry crossed into Holland and accepted internment. Some of them frankly said they wanted no more fighting like that in which they had been engaged.

"Germany has combed Holland for grease and all kinds of lubricating materials. Their chief necessities just now appear to be cotton, wool, leather, rubber, nickel, and brass. While I was there German agents got possession of a quantity of tires, rubber, and other materials, and prepared to smuggle it by rushing the Dutch sentries. Armor was placed atop of their car to protect the occupants from bullets. As the roads leading from the Dutch slue are barricaded, the Germans in this case took the car through woods, smashed a wooden fence between sentry posts, and finally made the run to the German side under fire from the Holland guards.

"Practically all resentment over the seizure by us of Dutch ships has disappeared, and the people generally are pronounced for the allied cause, but Holland's position continues to be a very difficult one, and one which requires the most skillful diplomacy. Holland cannot openly offend Germany, because upon the will of the latter depends the coal supply. Yet Holland is trying at every point to be true to her neutral duty by enforcing the laws, and to do this she is carrying a great financial burden by mobilizing her man power in arms.

"I know from my own observation that the talk we have sometimes heard of Holland favoring Germany is nonsense. But for the German menace Holland undoubtedly would be clearly on the side of America and her allies. If there were no other reasons Holland would continue to oppose any alliance with Germany on economic grounds—the danger of losing her colonies, Java and Sumatra."

PLEDGES BOLIVIA IN WAR.

Retiring Consul General Says South America Stands with Wilson.

The Bolivian Club of America gave a luncheon at the Bankers' Club yesterday in honor of the retiring Bolivian Consul General, Adolfo Ballivian, who has been appointed Bolivian Minister to England. The occasion was also one of welcome to the newly appointed Consul General to New York, Dr. José Manuel Gutierrez, who was formerly Secretary of Commerce of Bolivia.

Mr. Ballivian said he was sorry to have to leave after seven years' residence here. "When we from Latin America are away from the United States," he added, "we always desire to come back to this great country and again confirm the impression we have of your institutions and your people.

"When the United States entered the war," Mr. Ballivian said, "and presented to the world the altruistic principles for which it stands—freedom, liberty, and equality—it evoked the greatest applause from the peoples of Latin America. You may be sure that all Latin American countries have responded to these principles, and it is a source of pride with every Bolivian that his country was the first after yours to sever diplomatic relations with Germany. We all trust that the war will end in the way so nobly pointed out by President Wilson."

Dr. Gutierrez, who followed, declared that at this time it was "most necessary we should all work for closer union."

Others who spoke were F. A. Pezet, former Minister from Peru, and C. Cusicanqui of Bolivia.

TELLS OF TORPEDOED SHIP.

The Mount Vernon Saved by Skill of Engineer, Says Passenger.

Special to The New York Times.

VERONA, N. J., Sept. 18.—Details of the torpedoing of the transport Mt. Vernon were given today by a passenger, the Rev. Nelson B. Chester, pastor of the Caldwell Presbyterian Church, who arrived last night after spending several months at the front in France as a Y. M. C. A. Secretary. Mr. Chester said the Mt. Vernon was saved by a "wonderful" chief engineer and efficient engine room crew, when the ship, which was formerly the German passenger boat Kronprinzessin Cecilie, was torpedoed 200 miles off the English coast. The ship returned to port under her own steam.

Mr. Chester said there was some confusion among passengers when the ship was struck, but no panic. The call to abandon the ship came immediately after, and all took their stations by the boats for more than four hours while the chief engineer and his men stopped the gap in the ship's side and got up steam in the boilers still intact.

During his service in France, Mr. Chester was slightly gassed. Speaking of the American soldiers, he said: "It is impossible to do them justice. Are they optimistic? Well, I should say they are, and then some. You can't say too much about the boys who are over there. They are out to win and they will win."

200 ATTEND WAR SCHOOL.

Red Cross Instructs Nurses and Workers at the Waldorf.

Two hundred nurses and other workers of the Red Cross attended yesterday's session of the Red Cross School of Information at the Waldorf-Astoria. These schools are being established throughout the country for the instruction of workers who are enrolling for Red Cross service with practically no knowledge of the duties they are to perform.

The first school of this kind was established a year ago in New York by Mrs. Richard Aldrich for local workers. The school was so successful that Harvey Gibson, General Manager of the Red Cross, decided to make the work universal. Joseph Swann, Deputy Red Cross Commissioner Overseas, who has just returned from the front, was the principal speaker yesterday. The greater number of nurses and others in attendance are from New Jersey.

ADOPT EDISON'S LOAN IDEA.

Committee Indorses Suggestion of Form for Ending Letters.

Special to The New York Times.

ORANGE, N. J., Sept. 18.—Adopting a suggestion made by Thomas A. Edison, the Liberty Loan Committee in Washington has urged every person, business firm, or corporation in the United States to adopt the form for ending letters during the next five weeks, of "Yours for the Fourth Liberty Loan."

The suggestion was made by Edison as one of the most feasible ways of circulating propaganda, as every letter would contain a personal appeal above the writer's signature. According to the Post Office Department, this form will be repeated more than 40,000,000 times every twenty-four hours if followed by all.

J. W. DAVIS SELECTED AS ENVOY TO BRITAIN

Solicitor General, Who Will Succeed W. H. Page, Is Now on Foreign Mission.

CHOICE PLEASES CAPITAL

West Virginian, Only 45 Years Old, Won Many Friends While a Member of Congress.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Secretary Lansing today announced the selection of John William Davis of West Virginia as American Ambassador to the Court of St. James's. He will succeed Walter Hines Page, whose resignation was recently tendered to take effect on the qualification of his successor.

Several months will probably elapse before Mr. Davis, who is at present the Solicitor General of the United States, enters upon the discharge of his new duties as Ambassador. He is head of the American delegation to the American-German Prisoners Conference, which will meet in Berne, Switzerland, on Sept. 23. Before going to his new post at London he will return first to the United States.

There are several reasons for this. In the first place, it is the desire of President Wilson and Secretary Lansing to confer with Mr. Davis before he qualifies as Ambassador. This is the usual practice. In these conferences Mr. Davis will receive an intimate inside understanding of questions and policies, such as will be involved in the successful filling of his new rôle as Ambassador. Secondly, Mr. Davis has personal and official matters to close up in this country before retiring as Solicitor General, and, in the third place, he will complete his work as a member of the conference to be held at Berne.

The selection of Mr. Davis is, of course, pleasing to the British Government, which had been sounded in advance of the announcement, and is regarded with satisfaction throughout official Washington. Mr. Davis is a splendid lawyer, a fine speaker, a man of good personality, and liked and admired by all who know him. He is comparatively young, and in the very prime of vigor, having been born at Clarkesburg, W. Va., April 13, 1873. From the Washington and Lee University he won his A. B. degree in 1892, and his LL. B. degree in 1895.

Admitted to the bar in the latter year, Mr. Davis was Professor of Law at Washington and Lee University in 1896 and 1897. Then he took up practice of his profession at Clarkesburg. In 1899 he was a member of the West Virginia House of Delegates, Democratic candidate for Presidential Elector at Large in 1900, delegate to the Democratic National Convention at St. Louis in 1904, and between 1911 and 1915 he was a member of the House of Representatives in the Sixty-second and Sixty-third Congresses.

While in the House Mr. Davis established his reputation as one of the best lawyers in that body, and his modest and charming personality won him the admiration of a wide circle of friends. He attracted the attention of President Wilson, who offered him the position of Solicitor General, and it was on Aug. 30, 1913, that Mr. Davis resigned from Congress to accept that appointment.

Mr. Davis was President of the West Virginia Bar Association in 1906, and is a member of the Phi Kappa Psi, the Phi Beta Kappa, and the Masonic and Elk orders, and belongs to the Metropolitan, University, National Press, Chevy Chase and Lawyers' Clubs of Washington. He is a close friend of Secretary Lansing.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—The appointment of John W. Davis as Ambassador to Great Britain was applauded in the House today, when Democratic Leader Kitchin and the Republican leader, Mr. Gillett, spoke in commendation of his selection. After referring to the long service of Mr. Davis in the House and praising his personal qualities, Mr. Gillett said:

"I must say frankly that I have not entertained very highly many of the appointments made by the Administration. I had hoped a Republican might have been appointed as evidence that politics has adjourned, but I can think of no appointment that will give more satisfaction on both sides of this House than that of Mr. Davis. I feel sure he will uphold the high standards of Americanism that so long have represented the United States at the Court of St. James's."

While Solicitor General Mr. Davis argued important cases in the Supreme Court, including those involving the constitutionality of the Selective Service act and the Adamson eight-hour law. The Government won both cases. Among the anti-trust suits which he has argued for the Government were the International Harvester, United States Steel, and the Anthracite Coal cases. Other notable Supreme Court cases defended by Mr. Davis were the railroad mail pay and import customs suits, several cases involving the constitutionality of the 1913 income tax law, and the so-called pipe line cases, involving the constitutionality of the Interstate Commerce Commission Act.

Mr. Davis is married and has one daughter now attending college.

OFFER MEDIATION IN CHINA.

America and England Would Unite the North and South.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—The United States and Great Britain have joined in an attempt to mediate between North and South China as a result of reports from

TAKE DEAD CARDINAL TO CITY HOME TODAY

Great Procession Will Escort the Prelate's Body—Preparing for the Funeral.

HIGHEST TRIBUTES PLANNED

Guard of Honor Night and Day at the Cathedral While the Body Lies in State.

In memory of John Cardinal Farley, Archbishop of New York, who died on Tuesday night at his Summer home, Green Acres, on Orienta Point, Mamaroneck, St. Patrick's Cathedral yesterday was draped in purple. The funeral services, which will be of a solemn and imposing character, will continue for five days, until Tuesday morning, when the body will be laid in the crypt of the Cathedral, with the bodies of Archbishop Hughes, Cardinal McCloskey, and Archbishop Corrigan.

At both the Summer home of the late Cardinal and at his city residence there were many callers yesterday and scores of messages were received from all parts of the country, expressive of sorrow at the death of a high church dignitary who had endeared himself by the simplicity and charm of his life to thousands of persons.

The funeral services really commenced at the dead Cardinal's country home yesterday morning, where, after prayers had been said during the night for the repose of his soul, a requiem mass was celebrated by Bishop Patrick J. Hayes, Chaplain General of the Roman Catholics in the army and navy. Other masses were said in succession by Monsignor Joseph J. Mooney, the Rev. John H. Farley, nephew of the Cardinal and Dr. Carroll, the Cardinal's private secretary. Attired in his robes of office, the Cardinal's body was placed in the chapel of the house.

Plans for the Funeral Procession.

The funeral procession today from the Cardinal's Summer home to his city residence at Madison Avenue and Fiftieth Street, in the rear of the Cathedral, will be unusual and noteworthy for its assemblage of the most prominent members of the clergy and laity in the Roman Catholic Church. At noon vespers will be said at the house by Bishop Hayes, and absolution will be pronounced by the local priest at Mamaroneck, the Rev. Father Joseph P. Donohue. It is expected that the cortege will get under way for the journey to the city by 12:30 o'clock. The journey is expected to occupy about three hours. The procession will be composed entirely of automobiles, of which there will be fifty, carrying about 200 persons. It will be preceded by a motorcycle police squad from New York City offered by Police Commissioner Enright, and a squad of mounted police will bring up the rear. Following the motorcycle police will come the automobiles bearing the Catholic clergy, then the hearse, and, following, the automobiles with the invited Catholic laity.

The Knights of St. Gregory, acting as a guard of honor, will form the first part of the laity division. The marshals from the Knights of St. Gregory will be Justice Victor J. Dowling and Dr. McParlan, one of the physicians in attendance at the Cardinal's last illness. Among other members in the Knights of St. Gregory division will be Morgan J. O'Brien, John G. Agar, W. Bourke Cockran, Dr. James M. Walsh, Nicholas Brady, James Butler, Thomas Kelly, Adrian Iselin, John J. O'Rourke, and Michael Mulqueen. Following them will come the Trustees of the cathedral, then the managers of the orphan asylum, and the managers of the protectory.

The route of the funeral procession will be on the Boston Post Road from Mamaroneck to Larchmont, Pelham, Mount Vernon, to the White Plains Road to Williamsbridge, to the Gun Hill Road, to the Concourse, to 149th Street, thence over the 145th Street Bridge to Seventh Avenue, down to 110th Street and to Fifth Avenue to the Cathedral. At 112th Street and Seventh Avenue the procession will be met by a detachment from the 69th Regiment with its band. The latter will replace the motor cycle police at that point.

In all of the towns through which the procession will pass the parochial school children will be lined up on the streets and their number will be increased by the public and members of the Catholic churches in the localities.

As the cortege approaches the Cathedral vespers will be sung by the clergy and choir and the body will be taken to the Archepiscopal residence, where it will lie in state. The body will be dressed in the full robes of scarlet. The body will remain in the Cardinal's home until tomorrow afternoon, when it will be taken to the Cathedral and placed before the High Altar with the head toward the altar, as is customary with the clergy, the body of a layman lying with the feet to the altar.

Cathedral Guard of Honor.

While the body lies in state in the Cathedral it will be watched day and night by a guard of honor composed of members of the Knights of St. Gregory, the Holy Name Society, St. Vincent de Paul's Society, and other organizations of the church.

On Saturday morning a solemn mass will be celebrated, and in the evening of Saturday, Sunday, and Monday, at 8 o'clock, prayers for the dead will be offered. No requiem mass will be celebrated on Sunday, but there will be the ordinary masses.

On Monday morning there will be solemn requiem mass attended by all the clergy, with the two American Cardinals, Cardinal Gibbons of Baltimore and Cardinal O'Connell of Boston, enthroned in the sanctuary. On Tuesday morning next, at 10 o'clock, prior to the burial, the final solemn mass of requiem will be celebrated by Archbishop Bonzano, the Apostolic Delegate at Washington, and the eulogy will be delivered by Cardinal Gibbons.

The body will then be placed in a metallic coffin, and deposited in the crypt after a procession of the priests, prelates, Bishops, Archbishops, and the two Cardinals. A short time after the interment, Cardinal Farley's red hat will be suspended from the roof of the Cathedral, above the altar, where the hat of Cardinal McCloskey is now hanging, being a time-honored custom in the Catholic Church.

The Vatican has been notified of Cardinal Farley's death, but no reply had been received last night. It is expected today. After the Cardinal's body is placed in the crypt the leading church dignitaries will assemble a the Archepiscopal residence, where the will of the late Cardinal will be read. Vicar General Mooney, who has been administrator of the diocese for over a year, probably will remain in that office.

Tribute by Cardinal Gibbons.

Among the many testimonials and messages of grief at the death of the Cardinal received during the day at the offices of the Cathedral was the following telegram from Cardinal Gibbons:

I am deeply grieved to learn of the death of my old and dear friend the Cardinal, and I offer my most sincere sympathy. I will be present at the funeral on Tuesday. Peace to his noble soul.

At a special meeting of the Board of Management of the Catholic Club of the City of New York last night, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, Realizing the loss which is ours, we mourn the death of our revered and beloved Cardinal, his Eminence John H. Farley, Archbishop of New York, whose faithful soul, on the night of Sept. 17, 1918, answered the call from the throne of God.

Whereas, in his death a chieftain of the Church has fallen in the vanguard of service to God and country, where with Christian humility, but steadfast as the rock, he stood for the faith of Him who taught, "To Caesar the things that are Caesar's and to God the things that are God's," and

Whereas, During his apostolic career he maintained the standard of Catholicism in the high place where his illustrious predecessors had set it, and fostering every influence that made for the advancement of religion and humanity, he aided and honored the Catholic Club of New York with his counsel and friendship; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we, the members of the Catholic Club, bowing with resignation to the mandate which takes from his children in the faith a father, desire to express our sentiments of profound reverence and sorrow for our departed prelate; and

Resolved, That the most fitting tribute which we, as Catholic laymen, can pay to his memory is devotion to the sterling patriotism which he professed and fidelity to the truths of religion planted by him in the field where he fell, surrounded by harvests which he had reaped for Christianity; and

Resolved, That the clubhouse of the Catholic Club be appropriately draped in mourning for a period of thirty days; that all social functions be canceled during said period; that these resolutions be spread upon the records of the club, and that a copy be transmitted to the administrator of the Archdiocese of New York.

Maurice B. Blumenthal, General Counsel in the United States for the Independent Order Free Sons of Israel, paid the following tribute last night to Cardinal Farley:

"The death of Cardinal Farley removes from the theatre of great human endeavor one of its most brilliant and beloved characters. Great as his loss to the Roman Church may be, his loss to the world is irreparable. His ardent and conspicuous advocacy of the struggle for universal freedom and justice in which our country is now engaged is one of the most beautiful inspirations of the hour.

"In purpose, labor and achievement his life exemplified the highest ideals of human and advanced civilization. He so conducted his life's work for the perpetuation and leadership of Catholicism as to show due regard for the honest professions of all other creeds. He was a pronounced opponent of religious persecution and bigotry, and in that respect the Jew and other non-Catholics have lost a valued friend."

EDWARD E. KERWIN.

Vice President of Virginia Railway Company Dies at Hotel Imperial.

Edward E. Kerwin, Vice President of the Virginian Railway Company, with headquarters in Norfolk, Va., one of the ablest operating railroad executives in the country, died yesterday morning at the Imperial Hotel, Broadwey and Thirty-first Street, after a brief illness of heart disease. Mr. Kerwin was in New York to attend a meeting last Monday of the Directors of the Virginian Railway Company.

Mr. Kerwin was born at Turner, N. Y., Dec. 18, 1861, and entered the railway service Aug. 1, 1871, as water boy with a section gang of the New York, Lake Erie and Western Railroad. After a few years as trackman he was agent and operator for the same road. He was chief dispatcher and later trainmaster of the Iowa Central Railway, and in 1902 he became superintendent of the New Jersey Central and Lehigh and Susquehanna division of the Central of New Jersey Railroad. In 1914, he became general superintendent of the Minnesota and St. Louis Railroad, holding this position until a year and a half ago, when he was elected operating Vice President of the Virginian Railway Company.

Gen. Loyd Wheaton Dead.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—Major Gen. Loyd Wheaton, civil war veteran, and famous as a Philippine warrior, died here last night. He was 80 years old. General Wheaton rose to his rank from a Sergeantcy before his retirement in 1902.

Commander John P. J. Ryan, U.S.N.

Commander John P. J. Ryan, U. S. N., retired, died Sunday at his home in Albany. He was born in Albany Sept. 5, 1869, and was a Naval Cadet at Annapolis from 1886 to 1889, when he resigned, being reappointed in May of that year. He was honorably discharged in June, 1895, and the following April he entered the navy again as an assistant engineer, and in 1899 attained the rank of Lieutenant. He was assigned to active duty at the Brooklyn Navy Yard at the outbreak of the present war and was retired as a commander in the same year.

Alfred W. Lewis, Editor, Dies at 75.

Alfred Walter Lewis, one of the oldest editors of The Associated Press service, died suddenly last night at his home, 133 Remsen Street, Brooklyn, from heart disease. Mr. Lewis was born in Lake Ontario, N. Y., seventy-five years ago. Thirty-six years ago he succeeded his father, Walter Owen Lewis, as ship news editor of The Associated Press, attached to the New York office. He was known among his friends as "Captain," although he had no military or marine title. He is survived by his wife.

Obituary Notes.

SOLOMON BERLINER, a veteran of the civil war and at one time connected with the police force in the Philippines, died on Tuesday. During the war he was a member of the Anderson Zouaves of the 62d New York Volunteers.

SIMON KARL SAENGER, formerly President of the United Singing Societies of Brooklyn and New York, died Tuesday in a hospital at Germantown, Penn., aged 80 years. Mr. Saenger, who was a cigar manufacturer, led in the effort that resulted in the big singing festivals in this country. Under his leadership the United Singers won the Beethoven bust at the Newark, N. J., festival.

GEORGE LEWIS BARNARD, a retired plumbing contractor of Millburn and Maplewood, N. J., died Tuesday night at his home, 27 Maplewood Avenue, Maplewood. He was born in New York sixty-five years ago.

Sister MARY HERCHMANS McGEAN, 78 years old, a sister of the Right Rev. Mgr. James H. McGean of St. Peter's Church, Barclay Street, died yesterday afternoon at St. Catherine's Convent. She was a professed sister of mercy for fifty years and was known for her work among prisoners in the city prisons and on Blackwell's Island.

The Rev. ROBERT LOWRY, 82 years old, who was admitted to the Home for the Aged in Mount Vernon about ten days ago, died Tuesday in St. Luke's Hospital. He was for many years a rector of St. Thomas's Chapel, in East Sixtieth Street.

NATHAN B. WILLIAMS, a once prominent Connecticut merchant, died Tuesday at his home in Lebanon, Conn. He was 96 years old and a descendant of a Connecticut signer of the Declaration of Independence.

JOHN HAYDOCK, Sr., retired, a pioneer in the wholesale hosiery and underwear business in this city, died Tuesday night in his apartments at the Hotel Belleclaire, Broadway and Seventy-seventh Street. Mr. Haydock was 75 years old and was born in New York City. He retired fifteen years ago.

JOHN HENRY DOYLE, a brother of William A. Doyle, former Democratic leader and Fire Commissioner of the old City of Brooklyn, died on Monday at his home, 453 Fifty-seventh Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Doyle was 58 years old, and until two years ago served as janitor of Public School 118.

JAMES LAMBERTON, an Inspector in the Bureau of Incumbrances, and formerly for twenty-three years with the City Works Department in Brooklyn, died at his home, 198 Chestnut Street, Brooklyn, on Tuesday. He was born in Scotland fifty-nine years ago.

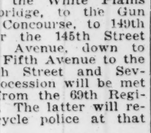
AUGUST KALB, proprietor of the Franklin Square Hotel in Long Island City, and a member of the Hempstead Lodge of Moose, died on Monday, aged 59 years.

EDWARD J. NEVILLE, 74 years old, died of pneumonia on Tuesday at his home, 111 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn. Mr. Neville was a veteran of the civil war, and for forty years was in the employ of the old Broadway ferry.

ISAAC EDMUND WRIGHT, 78 years old, of Gifford Park, Tuckahoe, N. Y., died suddenly yesterday from heart disease in his real estate office, 14 South Fifth Avenue, Mount Vernon. He was born in Haverstraw, and was a building contractor in Manhattan for many years. Mr. Wright was a civil war veteran.

CORNELIUS ELTING CUDDEBACK, a lawyer of Port Jervis, N. Y., for forty-five years, died at his home there yesterday morning. He was graduated from Yale in 1871 and Columbia in 1873. He was President of the Minisink Valley Historical Society.

Real Estate Is Worth What It Earns



and it takes an organization experienced in property management to maintain its maximum earning power.

Wm. A. White & Sons
Established 1868
46 Cedar Street
Telephone 5700 John

WILLIAM KENT DEAD.

Former Dean of L. C. Smith College of Applied Sciences, Syracuse.

GANANOQUE, Ontario, Sept. 18.—William Kent of Montclair, N. J., former dean of the L. C. Smith College of Applied Sciences, Syracuse University, died here today at the age of 67. Mr. Kent had long been an expert of the properties of steel and iron as applied to structural purposes. For several years he was associate editor of The Engineering News and editor of Industrial Engineering. He held many patents and was the author of several technical works.

Mr. Kent was born in Philadelphia and was graduated from Stevens Institute of Technology in 1876. He had lectured at many colleges and technical schools, including Cornell, Illinois, and West Virginia Universities, Brooklyn, Franklin, Stevens, and Worcester Polytechnic Institutes. He was a member of many engineering societies, was Vice President of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers from 1888 to 1890, and in 1905 he was President of the American Society of Heating and Ventilating Engineers.

Born.

BARISH.—Mr. and Mrs. Meyer Barish (nee Sayde Shapiro) announce the birth of a daughter, Sept. 17, 1918, at Sanitarium, West End Av. and 77th St.

Engaged.

REYNOLDS—WILLIAMS.—Ethyl Williams to Warren D. Reynolds.

Married.

ABNEY—TODD.—On Saturday, Aug. 31, at Hong Kong, China, Florence Bullard Todd, daughter of Mrs. Frederick W. Todd of Boston and of Orange, N. J., to Evelyn Edward de Wynersley Abney, Esq., of Hong Kong and of London, England.

HERZFELDER—ELIAS.—On Sept. 18, at the Hotel Majestic, by Dr. Sidney E. Goldstein, Ruth Cecelia, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Solomon L. Elias of 53 Hamilton Terrace, to Mr. Harry P. Herzfelder of Flushing, L. I.

SCHAPPELL—TOWERS.—Sept. 14, Estelle Towers to Harry L. Schappell.
Brooklyn.

PEARSALL—GILMAN.—Sept. 14, Margaret H. Gilman to Lewis P. Pearsall.
Newark.

STREETER—TAYLOR.—Sept. 14, Isabella Taylor to Noyes D. Streeter.

Died.

ARKADIJ.—Suddenly, at Washington, D. C., on Sept. 17, Anne Comstock Arkadij, daughter of Theodore S. and Anne Wright Comstock of Rome, N. Y.

AUSTIN.—Lillian Derning Austin, wife of late Cleland Austin, died suddenly at Canton, N. Y., Sept. 17, 1918.

BAYKIN.—Sept. 18, in her 52d year, Clara, (nee Goldfield,) beloved wife of Victor and devoted mother of Benjamin, Robert, William and Bella. Funeral at the convenience of the family.

BLEIER.—On Tuesday, Sept. 17, 1918, Simon, husband of Albina, father of Bertha Hamel, Abraham L., Oscar and Louis. Funeral Friday, 10:30 A. M., from 272 Lenox Av.

BOYLE.—In West Hoboken, on Tuesday, Sept. 17, 1918, John A., beloved husband of the late Margaret Boyle, (nee Carleton.) Relatives and friends, also St. Michael's Holy Name Society and Carroll Council, K. of C., No. 1,378, are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, 348 Central Av., on Friday, Sept. 20, 1918, at 8:30 A. M.; thence to St. Michael's Monastery, where a solemn high mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of his soul.

BRECK.—Elizabeth Head, daughter of George W. and Katharine Head Breck, suddenly at Flushing, L. I., in the 9th year of her age. Funeral private.

BRADY.—Thomas, suddenly, on Sept. 17, beloved husband of Mary Brady, (nee Masterson,) native of Parish of Drumard, County Longford, Ireland. Funeral from his late residence, 428 East 57th St., on Friday, Sept. 20, at 9 A. M., thence to the Church of St. John the Evangelist, where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul.

BUHL.—At his home, 510 7th St., College Point, L. I., Sept. 18, 1918, Julius A. Buhl. Funeral from his late home, 510 7th St., College Point, L. I., Friday, Sept. 20, 1918, 2 P. M.

CASANO.—Sept. 17, Frederick Casano. Services Stephen Merritt's Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Friday, 1 P. M.

CEDER.—Andrew, age 27, suddenly, on Sept. 15, of pneumonia, while in service of his country, in the navy. Buried with full military honors in U. S. Naval Cemetery, at Chelsea, Mass.

COHEN.—Members of Palestine Lodge No. 36, I. O. F. S. of I., are invited to attend the funeral of our late brother and Ex-President, Joseph E. Cohen, from his late residence, 52 West 119th St., on Friday, the 20th instant, at 10:30 A. M.
DR. H. P. HIRSCH, President.
JULIUS EPSTEIN, Secretary.

CUDDEBACK.—Cornelius Elting, at his home, Port Jervis, N. Y., Sept. 17. He is survived by his wife, who was Anna Dill Wills, and by his son and law partner, Samuel M., and a daughter, Anna M. He graduated at Yale in 1871 and from Columbia Law School in 1873. He had always enjoyed a large practice in Orange and adjacent counties. Funeral from his late residence Saturday, at 2:30 P. M.

DAVIDSON.—Suddenly, in the service of his country, at Kingsville, Texas, 2d Lieut. Edward Crawford Davidson, Jr., United States Aviation, age 22 years, beloved son of the late Edward Crawford Davidson and Marie A. Davidson of Elizabeth, N. J. Notice of funeral later.

DUCKER.—Henrietta A. Passed away Wednesday, Sept. 18, wife of Morris Ducker and mother of William and Mrs. Sol Levy. Funeral services from her late residence, 895 West End Av., Friday, Sept. 20, at 10 A. M. Omit flowers.

DUCKER.—Henrietta A. Members of the Amelia Relief Society are respectfully requested to attend the funeral services of our beloved Director, who passed away Sept. 18. Services to be held on Friday, Sept. 20, 10 A. M., from her late residence, 895 West End Av. Signed by order of the President, MRS. I. STEINAU.

DUCKER.—America Lodge, No. 14, U. O. T. S.: Sisters, you are requested to attend the funeral of Sister Henrietta Ducker on Friday, Sept. 20, at 10 A. M., from her late residence, 895 West End Av., N. Y. Interment Mt. Neboh Cemetery, Brooklyn, at 11 o'clock. By order of the President.
HENRIETTA BRESLAUER, Secretary.

DYAS.—Sarah. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, B'way, 66th St. (Frank Campbell's,) on Friday, 3 P. M.

ERDRICH.—Sept. 18, 1918, Sigmund Helen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Mark S. Erdrich. Funeral services will be held at Meyer's Funeral Parlors, 228 Lenox Av., Friday, 10 A. M.

FARLEY.—The Executive Council of the United States Catholic Historical Society announce, with great sorrow, the death of its Honorary President, His Eminence John Cardinal Farley. A charter member of the society, his interest in its objects and aims and his enthusiastic participation in its work continued to the day of his lamented death.
STEPHEN FARRELLY, President.
JOSEPH H. FARGIS, Secretary.

FRAZER.—On Tuesday, Sept. 17, 1918, Alexander Frazer, Sr., in his 76th year. Funeral services will be held at the Lefferts Place Chapel, 86 Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., Brooklyn, Thursday, Sept. 19, at 8 P. M.

FRIED.—On Sept. 18, 1918, after a short illness, in her 44th year, Regina, beloved wife of Harry and dear mother of Joseph D., Arthur, Leo, Edwin A., and Irving. Notice of funeral later. Kindly omit flowers.

FRISCH.—Nathan, beloved husband of Rosa, and father of Irving, Tuesday, Sept. 17, in his 53d year. Funeral services at his home, 275 West 140th St., Thursday, at 1 P. M.

GALBRAITH.—At her residence in Spring Lake, N. J., on Wednesday, Sept. 18, Sophia L., widow of John Cliston Galbraith. Funeral private. Baltimore (Md.) papers please copy.

GRUNGE.—Retail Liquor Dealers Central Association: We regret to announce the sudden demise of our late brother and Delegate from the 28th District, Arnold Grunge. Services on Thursday evening, at his late residence, 420 Amsterdam Av., 8 P. M. Kindly attend. Funeral Friday, at the convenience of the family. Fraternally yours,
WM. McCLENAHAN, Pres.
T. D. O'Connor, Sec.

HALL.—Sept. 15, Emma L. Hall. Services Stephen Merritt's Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Thursday, 2 P. M.

HAMPTON.—On Sept. 17, 1918, Wade Hampton, husband of Frances Cosgrave, in his 69th year. Funeral services at his home, 201 Raymond Av., South Orange, N. J., Thursday, Sept. 19, at 5 P. M. Interment at Pittsburgh, Penn.

HAYDOCK.—Suddenly, on Sept. 17, John, father of James E., John, Jr., and Lillian Haydock, and Amee Collier. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, B'way, 66th St., (Campbell Bldg.) Friday evening, 8:30 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn.

HESSENBERG.—Sept. 18, Sophie Hessenberg, in her 82d year. Funeral services Friday, Sept. 20, at 1:30 P. M., at the residence of her son, 159 East 107th St. Daughters of Peace and Friends invited. Please omit flowers.

HOADLEY.—At Newark, N. J., on Wednesday, Sept. 18, 1918, Lyman, husband of Mary Olmstead Hoadley. Funeral service will be held at his late home, 544 Mount Prospect Av., Newark, on Saturday, Sept. 21, at 3 o'clock.

Died.

HUSSEY.—On Sept. 17, Katherine M., (nee McCarthy,) beloved wife of Thomas J. Hussey, at her home, 37 10th Av., Rockaway Park, L. I. Funeral from St. Francis de Sales Church, Belle Harbor, L. I., Friday, Sept. 20, at 10 A. M. Automobile cortege. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent. Masses will be appreciated.

KEENAN.—Mary A., at Rockaway Beach, L. I., on Tuesday, Sept. 17, 1918, Mary A. Keenan, (nee Myles,) native of County Cavan, Ireland, widow of the late Bernard Keenan, and mother of Mrs. Alice Gallagher, Mrs. Mary Comerford, and Bernard A. Keenan. Funeral from her late residence, 449 Berry St., Brooklyn, on Saturday, at 9:30 A. M., thence to the Church of the Epiphany, South 9th St., near Bedford Av., where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of her soul. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

KERWIN.—E. E., of Norfolk, Va., Vice President of Virginian Railway Co., died in New York early Wednesday morning of heart trouble, after very brief illness. Funeral announcement later.

KOEPKE.—Tuesday, 17th, Minna Koepke. Funeral services at her late residence, 3,105 Park Av., corner 158th St., Thursday, 2 P. M.

KENT.—Suddenly, on Sept. 18, William Kent, late Dean in Syracuse University. Funeral services at Gananoque, Ontario, Sept. 20. Interment at Cedar Lawn, Paterson, at convenience of family.

KYLE.—Joseph, in his 78th year, at his residence, 344 West 18th Street. Funeral services in Sixteenth Street Baptist Church, 259 West 16th Street, Thursday, 10 A. M.

LEWIS.—Suddenly, on Sept. 18, at 133 Remsen St., Brooklyn, Alfred Walter, beloved husband of Sarah Hatfield Lewis and son of the late Harriet and Walter Owen Lewis. Notice of funeral later.

McGEAN.—Berchmans, on Wednesday, Sept. 18, Sister Mary Berchmans McGean, Professed Sister of Mercy, in her 79th year. Requiem mass in St. Catharine's Convent, Madison Av. and 51st St., on Friday morning, at 9:30 o'clock.

MOLYNEUX.—At Newark, N. J., on Tuesday, Sept. 17, 1918, William John Molyneux, in his 58th year. Funeral services will be held at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Mary Molyneux Cohn, 26 Nairn Place, Newark, on Thursday, Sept. 19, at 2:30 P. M.

MORGAN.—Suddenly, at his residence, 53 East 78th St., Frank Morgan, beloved husband of Evelin Trussell. Funeral private.

NEWMAN.—On Sept. 17, after a short illness at his residence, Hotel Chatham, Walter George Newman, in his 58th year. Remains may be viewed at the Boyertown Chapel, 43d St. and 8th Av., New York. Interment will be made at the convenience of the family on Thursday. Virginia papers please copy.

O'FLAHERTY.—James, Sr., aged 69, Sept. 17. Burial from late residence, Essex Fells, N. J. Mass will be held 11 A. M., Friday, at Holy Cross Church, West 42d St., between 9th and 10th Avs.

PETERS.—At Denver, Colo., on Tuesday, Sept. 17, 1918, Walter G. Peters of Bushkill, Penn., in the 35th year of his age. Funeral at Bushkill at convenience of family.

POE.—On Sept. 17, 1918, at Sciota, Penn., Theodore Moore, son of the late James W. and Isabella M. Poe and brother of William Van Antwerp Poe. Funeral service at his late residence, 45 West 130th St., on Friday, Sept. 20, at 8:30 A. M. Members of Republic Lodge, No. 690, F. and A. M., Constitution Chapter, No. 250, Coeur de Lion Commandery, Mecca Temple, Scottish Rite bodies, invited to attend. Interment private.

POE.—Coeur de Lion Commandery, No. 23, Knights Templar.—Sir Knights: You are requested to attend the funeral services of our late Eminent Sir Theodore Moore Poe, at his late residence, 45 West 130th St., on Friday evening at half-past 8 o'clock.
ARTHUR GINNEVER, Commander.
SAMUEL C. WILSON, Recorder.

RUNNELLS.—Helen Rutherford, beloved wife of John Sumner Runnells, died in Chocorua, N. H., on Tuesday, Sept. 17, in the seventy-fifth year of her age. Notice of funeral will be made later.

SMITH.—At her home, 50 Central Park West, New York, Wednesday, Sept. 18, 1918, Adah Doremus, wife of C. Minturn Smith and mother of Mrs. Felix A. Jenkins, Mrs. D. Renwick Earle, Lawrence Joseph B. Renwick, Jr., and Cadet John P. Renwick. Private funeral services will be held at the convenience of the family.

STRATTON.—Mary Post Stratton, wife of John Stratton, in the 61st year of her age. Funeral from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. W. B. Edwards, 1,195 President St., Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

STODDART.—On Monday, Sept. 16, 1918, John Cameron Stoddart, Jr., only child of Lieutenant John Cameron Stoddart and Marion Riker Stoddart, aged 3 years and 8 months. Funeral services at the residence of grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence B. Riker, 432 Scotland Road, South Orange, N. J., on Thursday, Sept. 19, at 2:45 P. M., on arrival of train leaving Hoboken 1:51 P. M., for Mountain Station. Interment at convenience of family.

STORMS.—On Tuesday, Sept. 17, Matilda, wife of John J. Storms. Funeral service at St. Agnes Chapel, West 92d St., near Columbus Av., Friday, Sept. 20, at 10:30 A. M.

WEISEL.—At 88 Central Park West, on Sept. 18, in her 76th year, Lydia, widow of Jacob, and mother of Leonora Stern, Anna Neumann, Morris, and Hugo. Funeral at convenience of family.

WRENN.—On Tuesday, Sept. 17, 1918, Thomas A. Wrenn of Cranford, N. J., in his 72d year. Funeral services at his late residence, 22 Cranford Av., Cranford, N. J., on Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

WRIGHT.—Suddenly, on Sept. 18, Isaac E. Wright, aged 78 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 5 Gifford St., Tuckahoe, on Saturday at 2 o'clock.

ZELLER.—On Sept. 18, 1918, Dorothea Zeller, in her 76th year. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Rose Kurr, 167 Coligni Av., New Rochelle, N. Y., on Friday, at 1:30 P. M. Interment private.

ADVERTISEMENT.

The Immediate Relief to Italy Fund

No Delays
No Red Tape

Contributions Cabled Weekly

ITALIAN REFUGEE CHILDREN

The Money You Give This Week Will Be Doing Its Work Next Week.

Conditions throughout Italy continue very serious indeed. The suffering among the civil population, impoverished and exhausted by three long years of war, is extreme. **Destitution is widespread.** Underfeeding has greatly reduced the vitality of the population and **tuberculosis is rapidly increasing,** even among the little children. **Thousands of prisoners** returned by the enemy **are helpless physical wrecks.** There are large numbers of **maimed and blinded soldiers** to be re-educated for self-support. Several hundred thousand **Refugees** are still a charge upon the community. **If the Italian Line is to be held** securely until the end of this conflict, **Italy behind the Line must be greatly strengthened** and her sufferings relieved, and much help must reach her **before cold weather sets in.**

Assistance sent through us is **effective** and **immediate.** Contributions are **cabled weekly** to centers of Relief Work in Italy. Kindly send us a check **now,** making it payable to **"The Immediate Relief to Italy Fund,"** and forwarding the same to our Banker, Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall St., New York City.

Honorary Officers of the Organization:

Honorary President
His Excellency,
The Italian Ambassador.

Honorary Vice-President
Her Excellency,
The Ambassadress.

Officers and Executive Committee:

Mr. Chas. MacVeagh, Hon. Elihu Root, Hon. Chas. S. Fairchild, Mr. J. P. Morgan, Mr. George Wharton Pepper, Mr. Richard Trimble, Mr. Lewis Niles Roberts.

LOVERS of Italy—HELP Her in Her EXTREMITY!

Died.

ANGEL.—Charles A., St. Joseph's Hospital, Sept. 17. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

BAUMGARD.—Alma, Sept. 15.

BEYER.—Leopold, 801 West End Av., Sept. 16. Funeral private.

BODDIS.—John, 660 Magenta St., Bronx, Sept. 15.

BROCK.—Joseph P., 387 East 92d St., Sept. 17. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

BULGER.—Andrew T., 365 East 150th St., Sept. 16.

CALLAGHAN.—Maria W., 525 West 152d St., Sept. 17.

COE.—Samuel H., Sept. 16. Funeral 2,343 8th Av.

CONROY.—John, 406 West 34th St., Sept. 17. Funeral today, 9:20 A. M.

COONEY.—Mary E., 15 West 63d St., Sept. 16.

CROGHAN.—Margaret J., 465 2d Av., Sept. 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DIETRICH.—Herman, Sept. 15. Funeral 535 2d Av.

EARLEY.—Joseph F., 1,238 Tinton Av., Bronx, Sept. 15.

FINTEL.—Christopher, 2,204 Creston Av., Fordham, Sept. 16. Funeral private.

FREDERICK.—Bertha, 506 East 85th St., Sept. 16, aged 85. Funeral private.

FRIESS.—Sophie, 1,833 Wallace Av., Bronx, Sept. 15, aged 77.

GREGORY.—George E., 524 West 184th St., Sept. 16.

GRIFFIN.—Nora, 534 West 125th St., Sept. 17. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

HAMILTON.—Frank C., 11 East 32d St., Sept. 16, aged 54.

HEILDLAUFF.—Mary L., Tompkinsville, S. I., Sept. 15, aged 75.

HERRELL.—May, Sept. 15. Funeral 20 East 127 St.

JAEGER.—Margaretha, 1,419 Greene Av., Sept. 17, aged 59.

JOHNS.—Emma, 523 West 133d St., Sept. 16.

LAMY.—Ebba, Sept. 17. Funeral 131st St. and Amsterdam Av. today, 2 P. M.

LEAHY.—Ellen, 525 1st Av., Sept. 15.

LEE.—Margaret, 76 West 69th St., Sept. 16. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

LEOPOLD.—Luisa, 77 East 114th St., Sept. 17. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

MEYER.—Fannie, 255 West 114th St., Sept. 16.

O'CONNELL.—Eugene, 338 Broadway, Sept. 16.

PENDER.—Margaret, 645 Melrose Av., Bronx, Sept. 17. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

LAFFERTY.—Florence, 301 West 134th St., Sept. 16, aged 18. Funeral today.

RONNER.—Mary H. A., 3,477 3d Av., Sept. 15, aged 62.

ROSENBERG.—Abraham, 422 Brook Av., Bronx, Sept. 16.

SCELLEY.—Mary, Sept. 17. Funeral 374 7th Av. today, 10 A. M.

SHERIDAN.—Catherine, 649 2d Av., Sept. 16.

STERN.—Henry, 242 West 112th St., Sept. 15.

WASHINGTON.—John J., 222 West 122d St., Sept. 15.

WENGEL.—Louise, 402 West 42d St., Sept. 16.

Brooklyn.

ANSMAN.—Elizabeth H., 208 North Henry St., Sept. 15.

BAGLEY.—Charles, 796 Eastern Parkway, Sept. 16.

BONKER.—Sarah, 15 Greene Av., Sept. 17. Funeral service today.

CAMPBELL.—John, 440 Park Av., Sept. 15.

CURLEY.—Margaret, 145 Grove St., Sept. 15, aged 19.

DELANEY.—Elizabeth, 28 East 4th St., Sept. 16.

DOUGLAS.—Eliza A., 508 Lexington Av., Sept. 16. Funeral private.

DOYLE.—John H., 453 57th St., Sept. 16. Funeral 9 A. M.

EASON.—William C., 503 Atlantic Av., Sept. 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

FUCHS.—Lillie, 278 Wadsworth St., Sept. 15.

GEORGE.—Joseph L., 232 Madison St., Sept. 17. Funeral notice later.

GOEPERICH.—Emilie, 1,405 Jefferson Av., Sept. 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

KEENAN.—Thomas J., 723 Wythe Av., Sept. 16, aged 57.

LAYDEN.—Joseph M., 3,112 Snyder Av., Sept. 15.

LEATHEM.—Adeline, 38 5th Av., Sept. 16. Funeral today.

LEDERER.—Adolph, 117 Irving Av., Sept. 17, aged 45. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.

McNALLY.—Edward, 288 Sackett St., Sept. 15, aged 61.

NEVILLE.—Edward J., 111 Jefferson Av., Sept. 17, aged 74. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

REDINGTON.—John M., 4,721 11th Av., Sept. 16.

ROCHE.—Mary E., 388 Shepherd Av., Sept. 16. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

SAENGER.—Simon K., 1,230 Bushwick Av., Sept. 17, aged 81. Funeral service today.

SANFORD.—Ann, 933 Gates Av., Sept. 17, aged 39.

STELLING.—J. J. Frederick, 212 Cornelia St., Sept. 17, aged 65. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

STOLZ.—Theodore C., 951 President St., Sept. 17. Funeral tomorrow.

WASHINGTON.—John J., 222 West 122d St., Sept. 16.

WESTERVELT.—Elizabeth S., 666 Bedford Av., Sept. 17. Funeral service today.

WOJIDKOW.—Louis, 51 Euclid Av., Sept. 15. Funeral private.

Jersey City and Newark.

BUTTERLEY.—James, Jr., 145 Alexander St., Newark, Sept. 17.

CHAMBERLAIN.—James H., 43 North 11th St., Newark, Sept. 17.

DURKIN.—Maria, 93 Highland Av., Newark, Sept. 16.

EDWARDS.—James H., 62 Van Reipen Av., Jersey City, Sept. 17.

GAUCH.—Emma, 474 Mount Prospect Av., Sept. 15, aged 69.

GILMARTIN.—Patrick, 916 South 18th St., Sept. 15.

HAFF.—Maney, Sept. 16, aged 60. Funeral 380 Broad St., Newark.

HEIN.—Victoria P., 76 Pastime Av., Sept. 15, aged 29.

HELLRIEGEL.—Magdalena, 22 Somerset St., Sept. 15

BREWER HELPED BRISBANE BUY PAPER

C. W. Feigenspan Arranged a Loan of $375,000 for Purchase of Washington Times.

$250,000 STILL DUE MUNSEY

Editor Replies to A. Mitchell Palmer's Assertion That Liquor Interests Own Big Newspaper.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—A. Mitchell Palmer, the Federal custodian of alien property, addressing the Pennsylvania State Democratic Committee, declared in Harrisburg, Penn., last Saturday that he had gathered proof that German brewers in the United States in association with the United States Brewers' Association, furnished several hundred thousand dollars to buy a newspaper in one of the chief cities of the nation, which Mr. Palmer declared was fighting the battle of the liquor traffic "under the shadow of the dome of the Capitol."

The Washington Times, bought from Frank A. Munsey a little more than a year ago by Arthur Brisbane, is the only newspaper "under the shadow of the dome of the Capitol" which has recently changed hands, so far as is known. The Washington Herald, published by C. T. Brainard, called upon Mr. Palmer editorially yesterday to give the name of the paper to which he referred.

Mr. Brisbane publishes an editorial statement in The Times today that to buy The Times he borrowed $375,000 through a loan arranged for him by C. W. Feigenspan, a brewer, and President of the Federal Trust Company of Newark, N. J., and the further statement that he still owes Mr. Munsey $250,000.

Mr. Brisbane's Editorial.

Mr. Brisbane's editorial statement follows:

"Mr. C. T. Brainard manages Harper & Brothers for J. Pierpont Morgan, the owner.

"He manages and edits The Washington Herald with a brilliancy and success punctuated during the last year and a half by unsuccessful efforts to sell the paper to me.

"Mr. Brainard's Washington Herald expresses interest in the ownership of The Washington Times and wants to know if it is owned by the brewers.

"Mr. Brainard will not resent the statement that a question coming from him would ordinarily deserve little attention. But his questions may interest others. Here are the facts:

"The Washington Times is 100 per cent. my property.

"It was purchased from Frank A. Munsey for $500,000, of which sum—as has been previously stated in this column—$250,000 is still due Mr. Munsey. And he holds in his possession the entire stock of The Washington Times as security for the payment of the balance of purchase money due him.

"To buy the Times and put a losing property on a paying basis, I required approximately half a million dollars.

"Mr. C. W. Feigenspan, president of the Federal Trust Company of Newark, N. J., is a friend of mine and a brewer. As every newspaper editor in the country knows, I have for more than twenty years advocated as a temperance measure the suppression of whisky traffic and the encouragement of light wine and light beer.

"At my request Mr. Feigenspan agreed that he would arrange for me a loan of $500,000. It turned out that I required a less amount; $375,000 was sufficient for the expenses involvde in putting The Washington Times on a paying basis.

"This amount I borrowed from Mr. Feigenspan between June, 1917, and November, 1917. And the money, in due course, will be repaid with interest.

"If I have any further reply to make to Mr. Brainard, I will make it to Mr. Morgan, who owns Mr. Brainard, or to Mr. H. P. Davison, who manages Mr. Morgan."

Brisbane Issues Statement.

Mr. Brisbane, in a statement made public tonight for publication in the morning, explained how he financed the purchase of The Washington Times, and made public the text of the letter from Mr. Fiegenspan defining the agreement under which money was borrowed from the latter and this friends.

Mr. Fiegenspan wrote that he and a number of his friends had "for years felt very strongly public welfare and our own industry—because of your well-known convictions—would be benefited by your personal ownership of a newspaper."

The letter then set forth that $295,000 of the $500,000 sought by Mr. Brisbane had been advanced; that the balance would be supplied as soon as possible; that after a period of five years Mr. Brisbane would repay, at his discretion and convenience, on account of the principal so much of the profits from the newspaper as he might deem could be taken out of the business without interfering with its proper operation, and that he was under no obligation to pay "the sumb contributed" except out of the profits.

The agreement further provided that no interest was to be paid, that the principal could be repaid at any time, that the agreement should not be considered as giving Mr. Fiegenspan or his associates any interest in the newspaper and that should the paper be sold at any time, Mr. Brisbane would repay up to the full amount of the principal any sums received from the sale of the newspaper.

Mr. Brisbane said that the offer of the loan without interest was not accepted and that the principal of $375,000, the full amount borrowed and the interest would be paid.

C. W. Feigenspan, when he was informed at his office at the Federal Trust Company in Newark yesterday afternoon of the statements made respecting him in the editorial of The Washington Times, made the following statement:

"That speaks for itself. It is more or less a private matter and I do not care to discuss it further."

NEWSDEALER FIGHTS BAN.

Williamson Seeks Permanent Injunction to Retain License.

After hearing argument upon the application of John Williamson, a Brooklyn newsdealer, for a permanent injunction to restrain the Commissioner of Parks in Brooklyn from revoking his license to maintain a news stand at Borough Hall, Justice Cropsey, in the Supreme Court, yesterday ordered counsel to file affidavits today. Williamson operates his stand now under a temporary injunction after his license was withdrawn by John N. Harmon, the Commissioner of Parks in Brooklyn, in accordance with a letter from Mayor Hylan that newsdealers could not refuse to sell any newspaper. Williamson refused to sell the Hearst papers.

Lemuel E. Quigg, counsel for Williamson, said the law did not require that a newsdealer should dispense every one of the sixty-four daily publications in this city. Sale of the Hearst papers by Williamson had caused disorder, he said, because persons bought them and tore them up in front of the stand. In response to questions of Justice Cropsey William B. Carswell, Assistant Corporation Counsel, said it might rest with the Commissioner whether a policeman should be kept in front of the stand all the time to prevent disorder and with the Federal authorities whether the sale of "German papers full of German propaganda" should be stopped if there were a public demand for them. The Assistant Corporation Counsel said the Mayor had no power to revoke licenses, but that the Park Commissioner could take them up.

WOMAN'S LAND ARMY BEGINS TEN-DAY DRIVE

Hopes to Enroll a Million Women to Engage in Farm Labor in New York State.

A ten-day drive to enlist 1,000,000 women for farm labor was begun yesterday under the auspices of the New York State Woman's Land Army, with headquarters at the Hotel Biltmore. "Utilizing the machinery of the Liberty Loan and War Savings Committee, the land army made its appeal for recruits from one end of the State to the other, launching the most intensive drive within New York City. Fully half the total number of women required will be raised from Greater New York, if the campaign meets with success.

With the drive only in its initial stage, the committee was not able to give definite figures on the first day's result, further than that Ulster County, with a quota of 6,025, had gone over the top before 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Thousands of enrollments were turned in at headquarters toward evening from New York City despite the discouraging weather. In addition to the returns from New York City and Ulster County, scattering reports were received by Mrs. Otto R. Eichel, Chairman of the Field Organization, which indicated that every one of the six districts of the State had made an auspicious start. From Albany County came word that the workers had already made a large inroad upon their quota of 17,500.

In Manhattan forty-five of the War Savings Stamps headquarters with their regular solicitors have been turned over to the land army for the period of the drive. The War Savings Stamps Committee has also given permission to the land army to use the remainder of its booths here, but the Campaign Committee will be obliged to supply solicitors for them.

Another organization which is putting the full force of its staff behind the land army campaign is the Four Minute Men, whose speakers throughout the State will devote their entire attention to the land army drive all next week. The committee plans to have solicitors in each audience to enroll members on the spot. This will require a small army of volunteer workers, as there are 1,400 Four Minute speakers in New York City alone.

In addition to the solicitors needed, the committee is appealing for volunteers to assist in the distribution of posters and other literature and do general work around the headquarters.

The purpose of the New York State Woman's Land Army is to institute a camp system which will provide a source of short time labor, subject to call, at reasonable cost, at the same time insuring all the workers adequate and wholesome food, assuming the entire responsibility for sanitary conditions, proper housing and careful supervision.

HOLD BISHOP IN MONEY CASE

Greek Church Prelate Accused of Getting Cash Wrongfully.

Alexander Nemelofsky, bishop of the Russian Greek Catholic Church, and pastor of the Church of the Resurrection at 28 East Seventh Street, who recently successfully opposed the efforts of a faction in the church to oust him as bishop, was arrested yesterday in a civil suit against him and the church brought by Xenia Cooks, a woman 60 years old, who has been a member of the church for two years. Bishop Nemelofsky was released in $500 cash bail furnished by the Rev. Sergius Snegireff of the Russian Greek Church of St. Nicholas.

The plaintiff alleges that Bishop Nemelofsky induced her to give money to the church as custodian, representing that it had power to receive deposits the same as a bank, and was much more sound. At one time she had $800 deposited, and when she tried to take out the balance she alleges that the bishop refused to pay it over.

The order of arrest was granted in the Supreme Court on the allegations by the plaintiff that the money was obtained from her by fraud, and that Bishop Nemelofsky might leave the jurisdiction of the court before the trial. Bishop Nemelofsky denied the plaintiff's allegations and said that the money was given to the church.

Heckman-Wagner Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Heckman of 526 West 113th Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Virginia Eason Heckman, to Lieutenant Carl Richard Wagner, a son of Mrs. Louis C. Wagner of 310 West Eighty-sixth Street, and a brother of Lieutenant L. C. Wagner, Jr., of the Aviation Corps, U. S. A.

Francis X. Carmody to Marry.

The engagement of Francis X. Carmody, a lawyer and well known speaker of Brooklyn, to Miss Emily C. O'Leary, a public school teacher and daughter of Mrs. John O'Leary of Brooklyn, has been announced. Mr. Carmody's first wife died three years ago. He is a prominent figure in the Knights of Columbus.

Engaged to Lieut. Grosvenor L. Ball.

The Rev. and Mrs. Frederick Wolcott Jackson of Glen Ridge, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Screven Jackson, to Grosvenor Lowrey Ball, son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Haines Pierson of Lawrence, L. I.

Miss Jackson's father is at present engaged in Y. M. C. A. work in France. Her uncle, John Jackson, formerly Minister to Greece, has recently been looking after the interests of British prisoners in Germany.

Lieutenant Ball, who was with the 306th Infantry, has just returned from France, and is to be stationed at Camp Devens as an instructor in Infantry Intelligence.

Miss Seabury to Wed Ensign Hoyt.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Seabury of Boston have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Alice Allan Seabury, to Joseph Blachley Hoyt, Jr., son of Joseph B. Hoyt of 303 Madison Avenue, this city. Miss Seabury is a member of the Vincent Club in Boston. Mr. Hoyt, who is an ensign, entered Harvard with the Class of '19, but left in his sophomore year to join the Naval Reserve.

City Chamberlain's Daughter Weds.

The marriage of Francis J. Coyle and Miss Alice Josephine Johnson, a daughter of City Chamberlain Alfred J. Johnson and Mrs Johnson of this city, took place yesterday morning in the Church of the Holy Trinity, West Eighty-second Street. The bride had only one attendant, the bridegroom's sister, Miss Louise Coyle of New Haven, Conn. James B. Hoey was Mr. Coyle's best man, and the ushers were Lieutenant E. E. Barrett and Louis H. Hinchcliffe. A small reception was held at 311 West Seventy-eighth Street.

Lieut. Reeves Marries Miss Rossiter.

The wedding of Lieutenant Charles Reeves, U. S. A., a son of Mrs. Howard Reeves of 97 Lincoln Road, Brooklyn, and Miss Elizabeth Rossiter, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Clinton L. Rossiter and a granddaughter of the late Judge W. W. Goodrich, was solemnized yesterday at 12:30 o'clock at the residence of the bride's aunt, Mrs. Howard Gibb, 11 East Sixty-eighth Street, this city. The Rev. Dr. Charles Carroll Albertson of Brooklyn, performed the ceremony. Miss Peggy Reade, the bride's little niece, was the flower girl and the bride's only attendant.

Ordered to Conserve on Straw Hats.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18. — Men's straw hats are the subject of the War Industries Board's latest conservation order. Manufacturers were ordered today to introduce no new styles next season, to turn out no more than enough to meet the estimated demand and to restrict the height of crown, weight of brim and trimmings.

COPELAND EXPLAINS HEALTH BOARD PLANS

Commissioner Says Changes Look to Efficiency and Better Team Work in Department.

MORE POWER TO MONOGHAN

Mayor's Family Physician Will Supervise the Work of the Various Bureau Chiefs.

Discussing yesterday his plan for borough control of the city's health, Commissioner Copeland said that it involved only a better administration of the Health Department and was an administrative measure pure and simple.

"I have retained all the bureaus," he said, "like the Sanitary Bureau and the Bureau of Communicable Diseases, for instance, and the experts to direct them, which were established by Commissioner Goldwater, and, for the purpose of more efficiency and better team work, I have put these bureaus under the headship of the Sanitary Superintendent, Dr. F. J. Monaghan. Under him, one for each borough, will be Assistant Sanitary Superintendents, all of them physicians, who draw salaries of $3,500 a year each. But neither the Sanitary Superintendent nor his deputies are new appointees, of course. They are provided for by the city charter.

"When a matter requiring the especial and particular attention of a certain bureau comes up, the Director of the bureau consults with the Sanitary Superintendent and recommends a course of action. If the Sanitary Superintendent and bureau director cannot agree, the matter is referred to the Commissioner for final decision. When the course of action has been decided on, it is reported to the proper Assistant Sanitary Superintendent to be carried out. That is all there is to the new plan."

When Dr. Lee K. Frankel, Medical Director of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, was asked what he thought of the plan, he said:

"I am inclined to the opinion that it is a step in the right direction. It has this to recommend it, it conforms strictly to the provisions of the city charter and the sanitary code. Furthermore, it conforms to the plan on which every great business is run. There is a central authority with assistants in the main office and territorial assistants. For instance, the medical department of a life insurance company is a department of experts, like the heads of the Health Department bureaus, but, in many cases taken up by them, they act in an advisory capacity. Their decision is not final and should not be.

"This, as I understand it, is what Dr. Copeland has done, and all that he has done. If that be true, I think he has, in theory, done a good job. Whether the theory will work well in practice depends entirely on the ability of those who carry it out. That is up to Dr. Copeland. I assume that he, like every other boss, will remove incompetents when and where he finds them."

Dr. Monaghan, the Sanitary Superintendent, who has become one superior of the bureau experts and the assistant sanitary superintendents, is the family physician of Mayor Hylan. He was promoted recently from Secretary of the Board of Health to the place he now holds.

LIQUOR DEALERS TO FIGHT.

500 Attend New Jersey League's Meeting at Atlantic City.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 18.—Declaring that the idea of national prohibition was never tolerable to the American public until the Anti-Saloon League, with the war as a pretext, wrapped it up in an American flag and sent it out as a stalking horse to arouse, excite, and delude the people, until they had men fearing their "patriotism might be suspected," George T. Carroll, President of the Liquor Dealers' Protective League of New Jersey, bitterly assailed the "antis" in his annual address before the delegates, who began their thirty-fourth annual session here today.

Close to 500 wholesale and retail dealers, now faced by what the President termed "a procession of ever enlarging ills ahead that is startling when grouped," gathered here at the biggest convention in the history of the organization, to plan out a campaign by which they hope to save something from the business wreck that is engulfing them. With the "stop order" on the manufacture of beer becoming operative on Dec. 1, Carroll predicted that all beer in stock would be exhausted before April 1.

President Carroll directed the dealers to get busy in the campaign to prevent permanent prohibition through ratification by thirty-six States, declaring that "States rights" were above those of Congress on the question, and that it would "savor of treason for any State to surrender" such rights.

With reference to local option, President Carroll warned delegates to "take every precaution against defeat at local elections and to be particularly careful in making choices at the primaries next week, especially so in the cases of State Senators and Assemblymen who are favorable to us. We should not let New Jersey be one of the states to ratify the Constitutional Amendment, and a friendly legislature could help us to come into our own again by repealling the local option law."

REBUKES GERMAN EDITOR.

Court Admits "Pan German" Chapter of Book in Prieth Case.

Edwin S. Prieth, one of the proprietors of The New Jersey Freie Zeitung, who is on trial with his brother in the United States District Court in Newark on the charge of violation of the Espionage Act, was rebuked by Judge Thomas G. Haight yesterday after court attendants had reported seeing him in conversation with one of the jurors. The possibility of a motion for a mistrial to be made today, when the case was to have gone to the jury, was discussed by Government counsel. Both Prieth and the juror denied they were talking about the case.

Several witnesses testified to the good character of Prieth and his brother, Benedict, and while Edwin S. Prieth was on the stand counsel engaged in argument upon the admission of a chapter of Professor Usher's book upon "Pan Germanism." Counsel for the defense said some of the writings forming the basis for the charges against the defendant might be traced to the impression made upon him by reading the chapter. As precedent for the admission of the book, counsel cited a ruling in the case of Harry Thaw, when it was decided that testimony upon the impression made upon the defendant's mind by a conversation with his wife might be admitted. Judge Haight read the chapter and admitted it to evidence, despite objections of Government counsel.

NEW YORK FLIER KILLED.

Lieut. J. L. McKeever and His Comrade Die in Fall Near Fort Worth.

FORT WORTH, Texas, Sept. 18.—Second Lieutenants James L. McKeever of New York and John M. Widenham of Los Angeles, Cal., both stationed at Love Field, Texas, were killed late today when their airplane went into a side slip and crashed to earth, twelve miles north of here.

RELIEF STEAMER ATTACKED.

Bjuernstjerne Bjoernsen, Carrying Belgian Supplies, Escapes.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 18.—A special to the Berlingske Tidende from Christiania reports that the great Norwegian steamer Bjoernstjerne Bjoernson, for the Belgian Relief Committee, en route from America to Amsterdam, was attacked by a German submarine off the Shetland Islands outside the war zone. The steamer is now in Bergen.

BANKERS IN CONFERENCE ON RESTRICTING LOANS

Delegations from Largest Cities Meet Capital Issues Committee at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—A delegation of leading bankers from New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Chicago, Cleveland and other cities conferred today with the Capital Issues Committee to discuss methods for further restricting credit for essential war purposes and enlarging the committee's function to include supervision of bank loans for construction and similar capital purposes.

The bankers were told that the committee would consider carefully all suggestions before promulgating regulations requiring banks and borrowers to obtain the committee's approval before making a loan of more than $100,000 for construction purposes. The Federal Reserve Board is now discussing methods of aiding the committee to put into effect the restriction of bank loans.

The delegation of New York bankers which conferred yesterday with the Capital Issues Committee in Washington consisted of James S. Alexander, of the National Bank of Commerce; Charles V. Rich, of the National City Bank; Charles H. Sabin, of the Guaranty Trust Company; Albert H. Wiggin, of the Chase National Bank, and Pierre Jay, Chairman of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

It was announced six weeks ago in Washington that the Capital Issues Committee, which has been passing upon applications for new issues of stocks, bonds and notes, planned to extend its field of activity by reviewing bank loans of $100,000 and more made for capital purposes. About two weeks ago Frederic H. Curtiss, Chairman of the Boston District Capital Issues Committee, sent out a letter to banks and trust companies in his district requesting them to advise their customers that in cases where they apply for bank loans for capital purposes they should first communicate with the local Capital Issues Committee.

It is understood here that the New York bankers vigorously opposed the extension of the reviewing powers of the local committee to bank loans. They take the position that right along they have been doing everything in their power to curtail the volume of loans; that they have consistently discouraged their clients from borrowing money for purposes which appeared to be not absolutely essential for the prosecution of the war, and that the compulsion of submitting loan applications to a committee would needlessly cause a considerable amount of trouble and inconvenience.

In the opinion of the leading bankers, the object sought to be accomplished can best be attained by giving the banks freedom and trusting to their patriotism and honor that they will not grant loans for capital purposes where such loans are not absolutely necessary. The request to co-operate with the Capital Issues Committee along those lines—a request which has already been made by the main committee of the Federal Reserve Board—is believed to be sufficient.

LETTER FROM BLUE DEVIL.

French Soldier Praises America and American Hospitality.

When the Blue Devils visited Indianapolis last May they were entertained by local citizens. Maurice Carlier was the guest of Martin Rehfuss, Jr., County Fuel Administrator. He has written a letter to Mr. Rehfuss, a translation of which reads:

"Having returned to France, I hasten to thank you very much for the welcome you gave us while sojourning in your beautiful United States. Never, never shall I forget your fraternal love. I have been so happy to notice that America and France are united, as a soul in the body, for the freedom of the world.

"I have related to my fellow-citizens of France all that you have done and what you are still doing for us. I have told them of your love. I have also told them that France has a big sister in big America, upon whom we can depend. I shall always tell my American friends how you received the Blue Devils in your city and I shall kiss them for you. You may be sure that in the field of battle our hearts beat and our blood flows together, because we are fighting with the same object, the security of the world and the crushing of this accursed race called German.

"Once more, thank you. As to forgetting, never! How can I forget? When I came back from my absence in France I found my family in a pitiful condition. Driven from their village by the Huns by shell and fire, they are now destitute without any resources. How we curse the boches and he will never forgive them for their barbarism. Forget? Never!

"Thank you, and much love from a Blue Devil."—Indianapolis News.

PLANS FOR WAR WORK DRIVE

Campaign Machinery for Seven United Funds Being Prepared.

Organization of the campaign machinery for the united war work campaign in this city is well advanced under the direction of John D. Rockefeller, Jr. At a meeting yesterday of directors of the work for the seven organizations, it was decided that collections of money in the streets and in the surface, subway and elevated cars should be handled more carefully than in recent campaigns. This work will be under the general supervision of the Salvation Army.

The house-to-house canvass will be directed by the Knights of Columbus. Representatives of the American Library Association will handle publicity affairs, and the Jewish Welfare Board will take up the organization of boys and girls for war relief work. The work of women in the campaign will be directed by the Young Women's Christian Association.

The War Camp Community Service will deal directly with the men in uniform who assist in the drive, while the Young Men's Christian Association will have charge of the detail work of the campaign.

UNITE WOMEN'S WAR BODIES

Council of National Defense Creates Field Division to Aid Work.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—In order to amalgamate the women of the country into one closely-knit body for war work, and at the same time to make its State Councils more immediate Federal agencies, the Council of National Defense today created a Field Division, in which are merged the State Councils section and the greater part of the machinery of the Woman's Committee of the Council.

The effect of the new organization, according to announcement made today, is to put both men and women of the council under one control. Washington directed body, and thus to carry out President Wilson's idea that the council's machinery should be used in co-ordinating the war activities of the whole people. It is the belief of Grosvenor B. Clarkson, Secretary of the council and of the Advisory Commission, who now becomes, as well, Director of the Field Division, that one valuable result of the new plan of operation will be to make far more effective and useful the widespread desire on the part of the women of the nation to be of service in the national emergency.

The Field Division will be headed by Secretary of the Interior Franklin K. Lane. The women are Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, Mrs. Joseph R. Damar, Mrs. Stanley McCormick, Miss Ida M. Tarbell, Miss Agnes Nestor, and Miss Hannah H. Patterson, all members of the Women's Committee of the council.

WILL SHOW WAR TROPHIES.

Exhibits on Special Trains to Aid Loan Campaign.

Bearing a comprehensive display of trophies collected on the field of battle by the men of the American army and navy, two special trains will leave this city on the morning of Sept. 28 for a tour of the Second Federal Reserve District in behalf of the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign.

Veteran fighters from the army, navy and marines will accompany the exhibits, and will explain to the various audiences the particular significance of the relics, which were won by our soldiers on the fighting front. The tour will cover the entire twenty-two days of the drive, and will include practically every city and hamlet in New York, New Jersey, Western Connecticut and Long Island.

Of these trophies the larger guns will be mounted on flat cars, while the other pieces have been arranged throughout the train for public inspection.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The annual meeting of the New York Credit Men's Association, for the election of officers and members of the Executive Committee for the ensuing year, will be held at the rooms of the association, 320 Broadway, at 12:30 P. M. today.

Rudolph Singer, a Director of the Joske Brothers Company, San Antonio, Texas, and local representative and merchandise manager as well, has resigned after thirty-four years' connection with the organization. The resignation will take effect on Oct. 1. Mr. Singer is well known in local business circles.

The Fall, 1918, edition of The Review Directory of women's and children's wear manufacturers is now being distributed by John M. O'Connor & Co., publishers, 281 Fifth Avenue.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(C). This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—In Room 432, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Motion calendar.

US(Smedley. David M Hicks, Inc(LVRR Co. Thompson(NY Realty Owners. Kelly(Gams SS Line. Sasso(N E SS Co. Aktiebologet Radius(Davis. Rubin(Moody. Hannevig & Johnson(Stand Shipbldg Cor. Pell(McCabe & Gray. Andrew Institute for Girls(NY Steam Co. Vidal(S A Secur Co. Olark(Pochotas Fuel. Venne(Gaves. Cassidy(Cassidy & Son Mfg Co. Levine(Press. Brown(Fletcher. Saunders(Stnir. Cohen(Stroudsburg Ribbon Mills. Wood(Patten. Grampetruzzi(Italia Societa De Navigazione a Vapore. Heyman(Trow Directory P & B Co. Hugetz(Compania Transatlantica. Matter of Hollingsworth Wood. Gleason(Phil. & Reading C & I Co. Carter & Co. Ltd(Austin Nichols &(Co Fer-Mil-Lac Process Co(Lessing. US(John Doe. Barlurick(A Baldwin Co. Ltd. Stelle(Lefko. Matter of Herrara. Heilner & Long Br RR Co. Hennevig & Johnson(Sutherland & Co. Sofienopoulis(Stand Conn. Tobacco Co. Matter of Weet. Garfinkel(Local Bd 98 Katz(same. Peeler(same. Milch(same. Goldberg(same. Melnick(Local Bd 104.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—at 10:30 A. M., in Room 328, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, N. Y.—Criminal.

US(Leo Wasservogel and Rena Von Koppers. US(Sidney Bidner and Samuel Goldman.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Philbin, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Jackson(Shubert. (2.) Re CNY(35 177th St.) Young(Potter. Re Wheat Export Co (New Century Co. Gelvan(Manaccus. G I Wilson & Sons(Puck Pub Co. De Terrduenne(Stern. Osterweil(Benesch. Peo ex rel Groeschke (Segar & Gross Co. O'Keefe(CNY. Lady Duff Gordon, Inc (Lady Duff Gordon Costume Co, Inc. Bunin(Wilner. Indiana Flooring Co(E L Bruce Co. Gibson(Con Mar Eng Ben Assn. Le Permentier Shipbuilding Corp(Childs Rosenthaler(Loretta Corp. Hieckel(Griece, (2.) Nassoit(Pierce. Young(Timlin. De Hart(Newman. Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum(Jaffe. Bloomingdale(Dowd. Mantell(Mantell. Re Mindlin (Long Island Drug Co. Donohue(Rice. Katz(Katz. Riordan(Martineau. Damon(The Peppok Ry Co. Friedman(Purgatch. Pulise(Wright. Keiser(Pulise, (2.) Kelly(same. Heyman(Trow Directory P & B Co. Hugetz(Compania Transatlantica. Matter of Hollingsworth Wood. Gleason(Phil. & Reading C & I Co. Carter & Co. Ltd(Austin Nichols &(Co Fer-Mil-Lac Process Co(Lessing. US(John Doe. Barlurick(A Baldwin Co. Ltd. Stelle(Lefko. Matter of Herrara. Heilner & Long Br RR Co. Hennevig & Johnson(Sutherland & Co. Sofienopoulis(Stand Conn. Tobacco Co. Matter of Weet. Garfinkel(Local Bd 98 Katz(same. Peeler(same. Milch(same. Goldberg(same. Melnick(Local Bd 104.

PART II.—McAvoy, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part III.—Recess.

PARTS IV. to VIII., inclusive, adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Recess.

PARTS III. to XVIII., inclusive, adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohslan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Wills for probate: Henry Koch. Rebecca Frohman. Amelia M. Eldred.

Cecilia Schnitz, (cott) B. Peck. Maria Kipske. James M. Cahn.

TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Strek(Michel. Taylor(Hershowitz. Kanfer(Livingston Holding Co. Neu(Finnigan. Tornay(Reiners. Rosenfeld(Sternberg. Naphel(Bauman. Markowicz(Hirsch.

Bresko(Smith. Baird(Berkowitz. Moskowitz(Wald. Kesington Mfg Co(Rowe. Rubin(Feinberg. (2.) Weiner(Rothblatt. Kerr & Co(Thayer, (5.)

PART II.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Parts I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—McAvoy, J.—Re Philbern Sample Shoe Shop—Alfred H. Townley. Re Moore—Philip J. Sinnott. Salke(Stanley—Martin Conboy. Hughes(Hughes —Mortimer S. Brown. Northcroft(Northcroft—Frank W. Chambers. Foster(McCann—John H. Regan. McCalmont(Farson—Hon. David Leventritt. Re Harper—Michael H. Wolfe.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—McAvoy, J.—Commonwealth Ins. Co.(Germad Realty Co., Inc. —Philip C. Samuels. Marie L. Peter(Robert S. Streep et al.—Jean H. Norris. Margharetta C. Spedden(Filbach Realty Co.—Frederick L. Kane.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM, (Chambers)—Mitchell, J. —At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar to be called Friday, Sept. 20.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.

De Seutis(Int R T. Foster(Altman. Minogue(Lynch. Fassler(Wynne. (2.) Spiirys(Kutz & Leibowitz.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Cropsey, J.—At 10 A. M.

Re U S Fidelity & G Co. (Ornstein.) Clermont Sewer Pipe Co(Fox. Gamble(Falkenberg. Kelly(NY Cons RR. King(same. Bryant(BH RR Co. Same(same. Colomba(same. Glendale(Nas E RR. Mulligan(same. Radice(same. Graf(B, Q Co & S RR Traub(same. Schlessman(Schlessman. Re Church of the Holy Comforter.

Smith(B H RR Co. G Brew(Cllo Realty Corpn. M Brew(same. Re Merchants Personal Loan Co. O'Leary(Sand. Re Domb. Cantor(Frucht. Peter E Blauvelt(Mfg Co(Blauvelt. Lawson(Bohen. Mitchell(Galland. (2.) Tarnouski(Tarnouski Porter(Church. Jacob(Prudential Ins. Alpern(Seigel. Friedman(Silverman Scully(Scully.

PART II.—Van Siclen, J.—Ex parte business, at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

Wills of: Kingsley Swan, John Peck. Charles Dalberg. Wm. Prevost. Lorenz Knippert, Karl Olsen. Phebe Bishop. Horace Bailey.

Accountings of: Hugh Dougherty, George Pease, Geo. Homiblow, Bryan Smith, Wilhelmina Tormey, Gedt Gerkin.

Administration of: George Bizel, Anna Walsh.

Estates of: Fred Fisher, Ann McAntee, Ella Claire, Zippe Lenine, Cleise Frisbie.

County Court.

CIVIL—Adjourned for the term.

CRIMINAL—Adjourned for the term.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

JOHN A. LARKIN, a shoe dealer at Kingston, N. Y.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against him by these creditors: Louis M. Taylor, $248; Dorothy Dodd Shoe Company, $1,240, and Nathaniel Fisher & Co., $696. Judge Hough appointed Robert P. Levis receiver. Liabilities are $15,000 and assets said to be $10,000.

BIG N DRESS COMPANY of 25 West Twenty-sixth Street.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this corporation by these creditors: Silver Silk Company, $500; M. H. Schwartz, $800, and P. Carbone, $696. Judge Hough appointed Robert P. Levis receiver. Liabilities are $15,000 and assets said to be $10,000.

BIG N DRESS COMPANY of 25 West Twenty-sixth Street.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this corporation by these creditors: Silver Silk Company, $500; M. H. Schwartz, $800, and P. Carbone, $696. Judge Hough appointed Robert P. Levis receiver. Liabilities are $15,000 and assets said to be $10,000.

IRVING I. GURFINKEL and SAMUEL S. MEISTER, who comprise the firm of Gurfinkel & Meister, wholesale jewelers at 37 Maiden Lane.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this company by these creditors: Jacob J. Pomranz, $350; Berman Pomeranz, $1,240, and Samuel Goldkopf, $184. Judge Hough appointed Marcus Helfand receiver. Assets were $10,000.

JOSEPH JACOBS of 108 East Nineteenth Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,847 and assets of $900.

GEORGE J. MOLLOY, a baker in woolens at 388 Broadway, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $70,489 and assets of $70,750, consisting of stock, $7,750; accounts, $4,000, and real estate, $59,000, mortgaged for $17,000. The real estate is at 607 Seventh Street, 985 and 987 President Street, Brooklyn, and sixty lots at Hempstead Gardens, L. I.

FRANCES KRAL, doing business as Kral's Novelty Shoe Parlor, at 24 East 116th Street, has made an assignment to Marcus Helfand, who said the liabilities are $15,000 and assets $10,000.

JACOB COHN, a dealer in men's furnishing goods at 98 Warren Street, has made an assignment to Joseph P. Koseman.

Judge Hough, in the United States District Court yesterday, granted discharges to these bankrupts: George H. Morris, butter and eggs, 185 Duane Street; Anthony Levane, 576 East 178th Street; Julius W. McAfee, manufacturer's agent, 605 West 171st Street; Weinberg & Himmelstein, as the Globe Lighting Fixture Company, 102 East Houston Street; Jacob Schulman, farmer, at Newburg; Charles H. Hooning, baker, Oxaining, and Locker Brothers, clothing, 320 Sixth Avenue.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Aldeharan Co.—B. Felnberg.....$288.41
Buchman, Samuel—A. Strauss.....500.16
Berger, Morris, and Berger Realty Const. Co.—C. Reinhardt et al.....183.20
Bogel, Abraham D.—H. V. Landwehr.220.82
Color Projection Corp.—C. M. Williamson et al.....419.85
Coward, Wm. J.—Bonwit Teller & Co..584.70
Deane, Mary M. E.; Joe Deane, and Cyprian L. Deane and Camille C. Powder—L. Werner.....1,123.83
De Great, Geo. E., and Robert T. Boyd —Cadillac Taxicab Co.....126.73
Emden, Victor—J. S. Watson.....143.70
Dominney, Geo.—S. B. Klee.....320.00
Gifford, Geo. B.—Alphons Custodis Chimney Const. Co.....2,790.52

NEW YORK.

MILLBROOK INN
MILLBROOK, N. Y.
NOW OPEN
Stop and enjoy good golf on the well-kept, sporty course adjoining the Inn. A pleasant place to spend a week-end or a season. Rooms single or en suite, with or without bath. 88 miles from New York. Booklet and road map on application.
Phone 8 Millbrook.
M. E. SNIFFEN, Proprietor (Hotel La Salle, 80 East 60th St., New York.

Whittier Inn Sea Gate New York Harbor
RESERVATIONS NOW BEING MADE
For SEPTEMBER and OCTOBER
SPECIAL FALL RATES.
Private Boat From Battery, Hotel or Pier, 23rd St., 9:30.
Phone 900 Coney Island.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, Valhalla, Westchester County, N. Y.—City comforts, country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St. 310 and up. Booklet.

NEW JERSEY.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BAFFIN SEAL, H. & H., 1117.—Salts, Behring seal and silvertones wanted; Pekin taupe, and reindeer. Farragut 9992.

BASSIN SEAL Wanted.—H. & H. Farragut 9297.

BEDFORD CORD (Cotton) Wanted.—Open for quantity cream cotton Bedford cord. L. Rosenheim & Co., 119 West 24th.

BEAVER Wanted.—Salt's and Biumenthal's, in nutria, black, taupe, for cash. Call Spring 276, ask for Lawrance.

B. C., ALL SHADES, Wanted.—Velours 0360 or similar. Vene ian Burg. Farragut 2322.

BLANKETS Wanted.—Of all kinds; U. S. Textile. Gramercy 6227.

BOLIVIA Wanted.—F. & H. black and taupe, cash. Call Mad. Sq. 2321.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—315 Columbia; Spring velours, 09070, 0036, 9, 7614, 235; American poplins; any quantities; cash. Merit, Greeley 1122

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Botany F. & H., all shades; must be cheap for cash. Sol Levine & Co., 12 W. 27th.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—F. & H. taupe, plum, delphine, brown, and navy. Vanderbilt 3572.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Taupe, reindeer, plum, also Pekin velour. I. Novick, 45 West 27th. Phone 9644 Farr.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botanies and F. & H. navy, brown, and taupe, for cash. Farragut 4962.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Delphine shade 852. Farragut 4573.

CHIFFON VELVET Wanted.—Black, 40 in. wide; would buy or exchange for other colors. Phone Greeley 6416. Lane Bryant, 23 West 38th St.

COATS AND DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber is placing stock orders on new, snappy styles in coats and velvet dresses. Call with samples all week, 8-10 West 19th, 8th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on new models in misses' and ladies coats. Fifth floor, 45 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted.—Better coats, suits, dresses; any quantity; spot cash. Farragut 5154.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber buying new styles in coats and suits. 12 West 27th St., 8th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on new models. 5th floor, 43 West 33d St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on new models juniors', misses', and ladies' coats. 1,123 Broadway, 5th floor, Room 510.

COATS, Suits, and Dresses Wanted, of better grade jobs; cash. Farragut 9333.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at new Fall styles in coats. 29 West 30th St., 9th floor.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Voiles, nainsooks, Hercules poplins, bleached twills, Jap crepes, bombazines, also plain and fancy cotton. Room 35, 2 West 15th St.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—We are open to buy manufacturers' and jobbers' surplus stocks, &c., if under market price. S. Coster Phone before noon, Columbus 9071.

COTTON PLUSHES Wanted.—All makes and colors; cheap. Farragut 3486.

CORDUROY Wanted.—Will buy white corduroy, also white cotton chinchilla. United Infants' Wear, 462 Broadway.

CORDUROYS Wanted—Any quantity, dark colors; must be cheap. Stuyvesant 2675.

CLARK & DANA Wanted.—Style 5420, or will exchange blacks for other colors. Phone Chelsea 3049.

CHIFFON VELVETS Wanted—Black, navy, brown and taupe, 40 inches wide. Rashkind & Soloff, 244 5th Av. Madison Square 3564.

CHIFFON VELVET Wanted.—Navy, taupe, L. & E. Stern's quality. Phone 3313 Madison Square.

CREPE DE CHINE and Georgine Wanted.—Open for large quantity in white and flesh. Goldberg & Rosenblatt, 137-139 West 25th St.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—White and flesh; $1.05, $1.30, $1.45. Goodman, 6 West 20th.

CRYSTAL CORD Wanted.—Silvertone, Bachmann, 18289, pekin, velour, plushes, kerami; spot cash. Gramercy 1074.

CRYSTAL CORD Wanted.—Holden Leonard Fall shades, any quantity, for cash. Telephone Greeley 2157.

CRYSTAL CLOTH Wanted.—Any shade, any quantity, for cash. Greeley 4321.

CRYSTAL CORD Wanted—Guaranteed sealette; Kerami 09070 serge. Gramercy4807.

DRESSES Wanted.—We are looking at samples of high-class georgette, georgette combination; submit samples between 8-10 A. M. Take freight elevator, 19 West 24th, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber placing stock orders on new models of serge, satin, velvet, jersey, and tricolette dresses; samples daily, 9 to 12. Wiener, 53 West 36th St.

DRESSES, COATS, Suits, Skirts, Waists Wanted.—Better grade; cash. National, Franklin 4343.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on snappy models. 5th floor, 43 West 33d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobs silk, serge and jersey; cash. Fifth floor, 39 West 32d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobs satin, serge, jersey, for spot cash. Farragut 3086.

DUVET DE LAINES AND VELOURS Wanted.—F. & H.; all colors. Madison Square 5825.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—F. & H. navy, silvertone; any make; navy, brown. Madison Square 4082.

DUVET DELAINES AND VELOURS Wanted.—All colors. Madison Sq. 5825.

FELT Wanted.—All colors; will pay cash for any quantity. Stern Publishing & Novelty Co., 149 West 36th St. Telephone Greeley 2906.

FELT Wanted.—72-inch, all wool black. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Tel. Spring 6311, 6312.

FLANNELS Wanted.—Open for large quantity of Pacific flannels. Berent & Co., 42 Broadway. Bro d 3875.

FUSTIANS Wanted.—Pacific Fustians, Nos. 9143, 9262, 9091, 9227, 9206; interested in large quantities; prices must be right and packed for export. Berent & Co., 42 Broadway. Broad 3875.

FUR COLLARS Wanted.—Sealine, large quantities. H. Greenberg, 137 West 25th St.

GABARDINES Wanted.—Open for a quantity of Garfield gabardines, 4666, navy. S. L. Silver & Co., 6 East 32d.

GABARDINE Wanted—Acme, navy or similar. Farragut 8868.

GEORGETTE Wanted.—Open for any quantity, all colors. Esco Waist, 151 W. 25th.

HOWLETT AND HOCKMEYERS Wanted.—No. 880, 36-inch O. D. suede cloth; open for any quantity. G 381 Times.

JERSEY Wanted.—Any quantity; will pay spot cash. Marion Dress, 2 West 33d St.

JERSEY Wanted.—All colors; will pay cash. Casino Dress, 368 6th Av.

KERNAL Wanted for cash. Micheal Bros., 115 West 29th St.

OXFORDS Wanted.—Stevens 7719 or similar. Knobel & Bloom, 145 West 30th St.

PANAMAS Wanted.—Pacific cotton warp Panamas, 50 or 54 inches; all colors. Farragut 4963.

PIECE GOODS Wanted.—90610 or 06077, in black and brown; also S. B. G. L. navy; quote best prices for cash. Williamsburg Mfg. Co., 1,133 Broadway.

PLAIDS Wanted—All wool Broadheads in all colors. G. N. C. Skirt Mfg. Co., 15 East 26th St.

POM POM Wanted.—Am. 0816, all colors, any quantity, for cash; also F. & H. Duvet de Laine black. Telephone Greeley 4321.

POM POM Wanted.—12075, burgundy. Farragut 2477.

POM POM Wanted.—12075, all colors. Phone Farragut 3885.

POPLIN Wanted. — American, all colors, serges No. 9 Gilbert 8200, tricotine 4718, all colors; cash. Farragut 9337.

POPLIN Wanted.—American, all colors, any quantity; will pay cash. Jacob Cohen, 11 West 32d St.

POPLIN Wanted.—American 90610 or 06077 clay, Pekin, black, for cash. Call Gramercy 1297.

POPLINS Wanted.—Lightweight, all colors; also Burgundy, taupe. Chelsea 2709.

POPLIN Wanted.—Will exchange American 90610 and 06077 taupe for navy. Alex. Horvitz & Son, 41 West 25th St.

POPLIN Wanted.—American and gabardines for cash. Farragut 9450, Mr. Aronow.

POPLINS Wanted—American, all colors; also gabardines. Farragut 5166.

POPLINS Wanted.—Open for American brown Poplin for cash. Gramercy 3905.

PLUSH WANTED.—Salt's Peco, also Blumenthal's, 3-in. strips. Phone Farragut 2205.

PLUSH Wanted.—Hudson Bay, Blumenthal's Ungava seal. Gottlieb & Larkind, 38 West 21st St.

SATINS Wanted.—Printed; open for large quantity of cotton back; all colors. Farragut 2368.

SATINS Wanted.—Taupe Kleva Klad. 1,261 Broadway.

SATINS Wanted.—Printed, cotton back, for cash. Farragut 2368.

SERGES Wanted.—Net spot cash, 100, 11433; 100, 54289; 100, 7120; 100, 764; remember, spot net cash paid when bought, quick action; also need wool jerseys and men's serges. 4765 Vanderbilt.

SERGE Wanted.—Can use a large quantity of black navy serge Nos. 9056-528-11438. International Dress & Skirt Co., 138 W. 25th St.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for S. B. G. L. and similar numbers; large quantities. Madison Square 3833.

SERGES Wanted—S. B. G. L., 7614, 7801, 209; American, 3 Whitman; cash. Stuyvesant 2676.

SERGE Wanted—7120 and 227, blacks and navy. Pinkelstein Skirt Co., 138 West 25th St.

SERGE Wanted—Any quantity of O. D. serge, suiting weight. Phone Farragut 4616.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity Juillards 52380 or Amoskeag 7420. Vanderbilt 3732.

SERGES and Silvertones Wanted.—09070, 838, 6234 Holden & Leonard Silvertone. Chelsea 6549.

SERGES Wanted.—Amoskeag 7614. Navy Store, 41 West 25th St.

SERGES Wanted—Black, for cash; jersey, all colors. Loeb Nussbaum, 31 W. 26th.

SERGE Wanted.—Black and navy French serge; bring samples. 7 West 30th, 6th fl.

SERGES Wanted. — 7120; will pay cash. Madison Square 3043.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity, white only, for cash. Phone Farragut 8804.

SERGE DRESSES Wanted.—Also jobs; spot cash. I. A. Hartstein Co., 5 West 31st.

SERGES Wanted.—54289 and 11433, for spot cash. Madison Square 2136.

SERGE Wanted.—838, 7301, 6234, navy. Jerome Frank & Co. Gramercy 5174.

SERGE Wanted.—For cash, 6234; must be cheap. Meadow & Lyons.

SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy 7120, 104, 54289, for cash. Chelsea 2906.

SERGES Wanted.—235, 838, 09070; Velour 0360, brown, navy; cash. Gramercy 845.

SERGE Wanted. — 11433, pay cash. John Traina, 65 W. 56th. Greeley 1748.

SHEPHERD CHECKS Wanted.—All cotton and 25% worsted, 54 inch. R 194 Times.

SILKS Wanted.—Manufacturers, what have you in silks that you cannot use? Cash for large or small lots. Madison Square 376.

SILKS Wanted.—Will pay cash for georgettes, crepes, taffetas, striped shirtings. Mr. Raymond, 44 East 23d St., Room 303.

SILKS Wanted.—Open for odd lots and fancy silk. Madison Square 2094.

SILVERTONES Wanted—602 or 702 Deering Millikan; open for any quantity Burgundy, navy, Pekin, Hague, brown, mole; must be cheap. Grecley 5653.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Holden Leonard's, Joel's, &c.; navy, Copen., Oxford. Tel. Chelsea 9824.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Franz Merz, 6561, Pekin, Burg, brown, rose, taupe. Farragut 2616.

SILVERTONES Wanted—All colors and makes. Duvet de laine. Pasternack, 319 Fifth Av.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All shades, all makes. Madison Square 8466.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Holden, Leonard, or Arthur Joel, Alex. Cohen, 34 East 10th.

SILVERTONES Wanted. — All makes, all shades. Frank & Frank, 141 W. 28th St.

SILVERTONE Wanted. — Navy. Phone Krause, Madison Square 8724.

SILVERTONE Wanted—Navy, any make; spot cash. Madison Square 914.

SILVERTONES wanted, in all shades. Madison Square 9656.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All shades. Sprayregen & Marks, 152 W. 28th. Farragut 2849.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobs, fine Suits, any quantity, pay cash. Greenhut, 38 West 26th. Telephone Farragut 643.

TRICOTINE AND POIRET TWILL Wanted —Navy only; Garfield'c preferred. Klein-Marcus Cloak Co., 7 Division St.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy only, Garfield or F. & H. preferred. Call Madison Square 1404.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield, 4718; and Forstmann. Duvet de Laine. Mad. Sq. 6025.

YUKON SEAL PLUSH Wanted, or similar, quantity for cash, cheap. Branson Bros., 48 West 25th St. Farragut 6264.

VELOUR Wanted.—American 0360, in Pekin, brown. Phone Farragut 3885.

VELOURS AND BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Will pay spot cash. Chelsea 1560.

VELOUR Wanted.—American 0360, all colors, for cash. Call Gramercy 1297.

VELOURS Wanted.—0360, all colors; will pay cash. Gottlieb & Larkind, 38 W. 21st.

VELOURS AND SERGES Wanted.—For cash. J. Matzger & Sons, Spring 6957.

VELOURS Wanted.—0360, in plum and taupe. Phone Greeley 6416. Lane Bryant, 23 West 38th St.

VELOUR Wanted.—American 0360, also Walworth's 3421 poplin. J. F. Dittman Co., 16 West 33d St.

VELOUR Wanted.—Will exchange 0360 colors for brown. Knobel & Bloom, 145 West 30th St.

VELOURS Wanted.—03060 or similar; Pekin, mahogany, Jap, and navy. Madison Square 2698.

VELOURS Wanted.—American K 544 in burgundy or something similar. Farragut 4963.

VELOURS Wanted.—0360, all colors; poplin 06077; serge 09070; navy only. Orchard 8245

VELVETEENS Wanted.—24-inch up to $1 and 27-inch up to $1.20; twill back; all colors. Rashkind & Soloff, 244 5th Av. Madison Square 3564.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—Worrel dyed, all shades; big quantities. Zuck & Gordon, 43 West 33d St.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—27 inch, all colors; open for quantity for cash. Phone Farragut 8804.

VELVET Wanted.—Can use 100 pieces of velvet, for cash. L. Rabinowitz Apparel Co., Inc., 37-39 West 28th St.

VELVETEEN Wanted.—27-inch twill back, good quality black, navy, brown, &c. Elm Costume, 37 West 28th. Farragut 4752.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted.—We are open for all shades in dress weights; what have you to offer? Hugo H. Levy & Bros., 29 West 36th.

WOOLENS Wanted, of any kind, heavyweight and lightweight, old styles, also ends, any quantity, for cash. Call Gramercy 1064.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted.—Keystone 1988 heather mix or similar, dress weight, all colors, any quantity. Harry Kitzenger.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted.—All shades; dress weight; spot cash. Hunvald, 115 West 27th St.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Single and half pieces, Spring weights; spot cash. Farragut 403.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BATHROBE MATERIAL Beacon, for immediate delivery. E. M. Mirsky, 138 West 17th. Chelsea 8618.

BROADCLOTH.—Botanys, radium, 52 inches, burgundy, taupe, reindeer, plum, brown, gray, rose, green, copen. Astoria, 220 5th Av.

BROADCLOTHS.—All shades; velours and serges, plushes, real cheap. Phone Hydol, 5264 Mad. Sq.

BROADCLOTH AND VELOUR.—Botany 315, American 0360, also 0609, 09070, 8158. Stuyvesant 3355.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany and F. & H.; also Duvet de Laine, velours. Farr. 5759.

BROADCLOTH. — F. H. plum, velour 0360 taupe, pom pom 12075 taupe. Farragut 9406.

CHARMEUSE.—36-inch, 40-inch, 54-inch; silks for every trade. Kinstler & Co., 440 4th Av.

CHEVIOTS.—¾ Newhouse 9, 114; Baruch Wolff 316; E. Schwarz 400; Golden 360, 500; McKenny 012C. Greeley 1120.

COATS.—500 Peerless plush, trimmed with goatskin, 10-inch border, 8-inch collar and cuff, satin lining, $17; other plush coats, $14 up; immediate delivery. Ulin Bros., 34 East 12th St.

COATS.—Smart coats in broadcloth or velours, fur trimmed, from $15.50 up. I. Novick & Co., Inc., 45 West 27th St., N. Y. City.

COATS.—1,000 ladies', misses' and juniors' coats, in velours and plushes, to close out, in quantities only, at reasonable prices. Ulpin Cloak Co., 115 University Place.

COATS.—Pom poms, broadcloths, velours, plushes; close out reasonable. Lesser, 47 West 34th.

COATS—Exceptional values, three leading styles, velour, half lined, fur and plush trimmed, $13.50. Alex Kogut, 129 W. 22d.

COATS.—100 very fine velours, fur and plush trimmed; to close out, cheap. Progress Garment Co., 1,133 Broadway.

COATS.—Jobs velours, broadcloths; fur trimmed; big sacrifice. I. Feldman, 54 East 13th St.

COATS.—1,000 wool velours, assorted styles, 10 to 14, $9.75 and $4.75. Nivel, 151 W. 36.

COATS.—Children's; immediate delivery. Levitan Bros. & Zarkower, 136 W. 21st St.

COATS.—Job of 500 ladies' coats. Zimmerman & Carner, 48 West 22d St.

COATS.—500 better coats, fur trimmed; big reduction. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

COATS AND SUITS.—Stouts, at popular prices. Dunn, 127 West 25th St.

COATS.—Job; closing out regular $11.75 up. Schoen & Weissman, 9 West 20th.

COATEES and stoles, plushes, kerami, Behring seal and all fur effects. We are headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

CORDUROY.—Narrow wale for sale. Telephone Farragut 9097.

COTTON PLUSHES.—50 and 54 inches; all shades and qualities for immediate delivery. Phone Gramercy 5053.

COTTON VOILES.—Attention, to exporters, jobbers, cutters. We are now in position to take orders in white and colored voile from December, 1918, to June, 1919; right quality, right price; cotton converter, &c. R 217 Times.

COTTON SKIRTING, novelty diagonal, satin finish, all white; 1802; below market price; 40 pieces. Chelsea 5294.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

COTTON YARN.—40,000; tubes, 10-2; 87½%; sulphur, black, white twist. Phone Gramercy 1240. Box 516 Amsterdam, N. Y.

DRESSES.—We have to close out dresses of the better kind, serges, satin, and georgette. Fairpler Mfg., 148 W. 24th. Chelsea 7086.

DRESSES.—2,000 satin and serge dresses on the rack to deliver; latest models black, navy, and colors. Regent Dress Co., 158-160 West 29th St. Chelsea 8167.

DRESSES.—Special selection broadcloth and velvet dresses for early display ready for delivery; large sizes always on hand. Princess, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES.—Jersey, serge, and satin dresses for immediate delivery; good assortment of colors and sizes. Chelsea 9350. Redfirn, 22 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Are you looking for serges and satins of the better kind? We have them for immediate delivery. Klif Dress Co., 3 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—Wonderful values in satins, serges, jerseys; from $6.50 to $10.75; immediate delivery. Loeb Nussbaum, 31 W. 26th.

DRESSES.—Satin, serge, and velveteen dresses for immediate delivery; special values. Elite Dress Co., 126 West 34th St.

DRESSES.—Satins and taffetas, all colors, newest styles, $6 up; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk Co., 44 East 23d.

DRESSES.—Snappy styles in satins from $6.75 and up; immediate delivery. Aviation Dress Co., 158 West 23d.

DRESSES.—Large stock of serge dresses to close out from $3.75 to $5.50. Jacob Hyman Co., 137 West 25th.

DRESSES.—Special offering in snappy-styled serge dresses at $4.75 up. Kirschner & Bosniak, 20 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Better grade jersey, serge, satin, and tricolettes. Glockner Dress, 40 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—500 dresses, taffeta and satin; closing out cheap. Frank, 150 West 28th.

DRESSES.—275 satin dresses to close out at $6.75. 1 East 27th, 3d floor.

DRESSES.—Serge, to close out cheap. A. Paikules & Son, 1,123 Broadway.

DRESSES.—300 beautiful better satin and serges; big sacrifice. Emanuel, 43 W. 27th.

DRESSES.—50 satin dresses to close out. Modern Costume, 136 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Velvets, serges, satins, jerseys in fish, general orders. Deutsch, 23 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Special values in serges, $7.75 up. La Mode, 13 W. 20th St.

DRESSES.—Jobs, satins, serges, to close. Friedner, 136 West 21st, 10th floor.

DRESSES.—See our $8.75 all-wool French serge dresses. Queen, 149 West 36th.

DRESSES.—Taffetas, satins, and serges to close out. Queen, 149 West 36th.

DRESSES.—See our all-wool serge dresses at $7.75. Nivel, 151 West 36th.

DRESSES.—300 satin dresses to close out. Princess, 19 West 24th.

DRILL.—Heavyweight 36 unbleached drill, suitable for press cloths, 33c. per yard. Phone Greeley 6416. Goodman, 23 West 38th.

FURORA BEAVER.—6 pieces cheap. Gramercy 2871.

JAPANESE leather goods and jewelry; sample lines at discount. Gramercy 2457.

JERSEY.—All colors, any quantity; no lot too small nor too large. Telephone Madison Square 1063.

JERSEYS.—Wool, $3.10, fine lot; act quickly. 74 5th Av., 4th floor.

KHAKI.—Heavy weight woolen khaki, 66 in. wide, suitable for both men's and women's coating, $3.50 per yard; also 60 in. suiting or shirting, two qualities, $1.50 and $1.85. Phone Greeley 6415. Goodman, 23 W. 38th St.

KHAKI CLOTH.—All wool, 14 to 16 oz., also F. & H. Yukon seal. Phone Farr. 2205.

LINING.—Lot Esco, White and flesh, 29½. Madison Square 7566.

NAINSOOK.—6400, 5644; 10,000 yards of each below market value; cash or terms. Goodman, Gramercy 1529-1587.

NEEDLES.—(Hand sewing); 500 mil. English, $3.75 m cash. Tel. Beekman 1768.

OXFORD.—All-wool and cotton warp. Call 220 5th Av., Room 507.

PINCHECK.—Otis and Victor & Achelis's cables. Rugby Mfg. Co., 520 Broadway.

POPLINS.—American 6606½, Dobson's 503; cash or terms. Madison Square 4122.

POPLINS, Amer., Selen, Lorraine, Saxonia Empire, and other known brands; velours, all makes, and all shades kerseys, cheviots, thetons, serges, broadcloths, serges, and venetians, big assortment; terms or cash. Goodman. Gramercy 1529-1587.

POPLINS—90610, 06077, $2.75 net cash; 767, 764, $2.25 net cash. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Tel. Spring 6311, 6312.

POPLINS.—Serges, velours, oxfords, &c., to cutting-up trade; all leading numbers. Evans Brothers, 404 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 292.

POPLINS.—6009 Andrews; 4916, 4860 Brightwood; 503 Dobson; long terms. Farragut 4607.

POPLINS, American, style 6606½, also 06077. Phone Farragut 3885.

POPLINS Wanted.—Brown & Burg American preferred, for cash. Chelsea 4676.

SATIN.—180 pieces 26 Farmer's satin, 45c net. Gramercy 5129.

SERGES.—All shades, 104, 54289, 7008, 528, 1464, 10453, 7120, 10707; Broadhead 500, 3500, navy Whitman's 774; Broadhead 7800, and B. P. N. L., also big variety fancy skirtings in plaids, stripes, and checks. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES.—Terms 60 days; 6120, black, navy, $2; 104, black, navy, $2.50; 1210, 65c.; 1209, 60c.; poplin, 6058, black; Brightwood's, $2.50; 764, botany, $1.57½; sharkskin, $1.37½. Spitzen, Madison Square 1872.

SERGES.—Whitman cotton serge, style T70, 212 pieces, at 28½c, net cash, and all kinds of serges and coatings to close out. Gramercy 6847.

SERGES, VELOURS, AND CHEVIOTS.—09070, 0609, 104; De Land 4900, Kessel's 500, 9, 430, 774. Chelsea 6549.

SERGES.—Will sell 50 pieces 54289, navy, original tickets, at $2.25 cash. Madison Square 377.

SERGES.—French, W. F. R., 44 inches, navy, black, $1.67½, 0360, 11433. Gramercy 845.

SERGES.—American's 0609, Gilbert's 9240, American's cotton warp poplin 6609½; also Pom Pom 12075. Chelsea 6018.

SERGES.—4408, 4060, 4059; all colors; cheap. Gramercy 5143.

SERGES.—11433, 809, 7302, 7008, 4932, 9, 99, 1164; long terms. Farragut 9407.

SERGE.—09070, 0609,, 235, 0310 burella. Farragut 2641.

SERGES.—American poplins, also 11433, 0936, 838, 3670. Farr. 5759.

SERGES.—0696, 09070, 0609. Stuyvesant 1624.

SILKS of every description for the dress, waist, underwear, and retail trade, for immediate delivery; buyers are invited to call at our show rooms; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILVERTONES.—All shades, at the right price. Chelsea 2906.

SILVERTONES.—Garfield's, all colors, at $4.25 net. Telephone Greeley 3877.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna poplins, $2.25 up; also silk stripes, plaids in satins and taffetas; wonderful values; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk Co., 44 East 23d.

SKIRTS.—Woolen and silk, close out; Fall line, complete, $3.75 up. Pioneer Skirt Co., 3 West 29th St.

SKIRTS to close out cheap; all materials. A. Paikules & Son, 1,123 Broadway.

SKIRTS.—The same merchandise for less money. Sallman & Stempel, 520 6th Av.

SNAP FASTENERS.—All sizes, best quality, interesting prices. Phone Broad 4957.

SUITS.—American Woolen Co. all-wool poplin suits, nicely trimmed, $13.75; big stock of coats, suits and dresses for immediate delivery. Abraham Lustgarten, 8-10 West 19th St.

SUITS AND COATS of the better grade for immediate delivery at lowest prices. Gittelson & Steinhaus, 19 West 34th St.

SUITS of the better grade on our racks for your selection. I. C. Cloak and Suit Co., 19 West 27th St.

SUITS.—Broadcloths, poplins, serges; high-class models; reasonable. Lesser, 47 West 34th.

SUITS.—Snappy American poplin, $11.50, and other good values. Excello, 142 West 24th.

TRICOTINE.—Will close out Garfield 4718 navy at $3.70. Madison Square 1520.

TRICOTINES, 4718, all shades; F. & H. broadcloth, all colors. Farragut 2362.

WOOLENS.—Stoney & Starkey 305, 2270, 1776, G. S. Kelley 3000, 701, 300, Carpenter's D-518, American 544, 15020. Phone Farragut 4080.

VELVETEENS.—Boyd's 27 inches, quality 1327, 1427; all colors; reasonable. Gramercy 5143.

VELOURS.—American 0359 navy brown, Stevens 4281, Fleitman 300, Botany Yalama, Parker Wilder 42, 0360, Gera's 10714, 10555, all colors; immediate delivery. Madison Square 9087.

VELOURS.—Storey Starkey 305, 2270; Ottaqueechee 110; Parker Wilder 318; Stursberg Schell 4323; Louisville 99; cheap. Greeley 1121.

VELOURS.—A. W. 032 and 0360, J. P. Stevens 4281, Buckley & Cohen 715; prices reasonable; 60 days. Gramercy 1660.

VELOURS, Kersey, American Wyandotte, Stoney, Baruch, Wolff Ottaquetchee; lowest prices. Farr. 2357.

VELOURS, Meltons.—3-4, 6-4, jobs to close out, cheap. Metropolis Woolen Co., 35 West 21st St.

VELOURS.—Botany 5816, 032; Buckley & Cohen 715; Lawrence 621, W102, R60. Greeley 1121.

VELOURS.—Wool velours for sale; all shades; reasonable. Phone Knickerbocker 909.

VELOURS, Bolivias, cotton and mercerized plushes and broadtails. Madison Square 4362.

VELOURS.—Stevens 4281, Americans 0360; $3 net cash. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Spring 6311.

VELOURS.—332, 0360, 12075, Chase's nutria. Telephone Spring 606.

VELOURS, Yalama.—Black, reindeer, taupe, and Burgundy, to close. Chelsea 493.

VELOUR.—Style 6290 Burgundy. Telephone Gramercy 5174.

VELOURS in all leading colors; 544, 11050, 1300, 13046. Murray Hill 3799.

VELOURS.—0360, 032, K544, 11050; also different kerseys. Chelsea 6018.

VELOURS.—American 0360, 032, all colors. Stuyvesant 1624.

VELOUR.—F. & H. and Botany; also Duvet de Laine. Farr. 5759.

VENETIANS.—Black imported and domestic 32 and 36 inch wide, below market price. Shainberg & Schoenfeld, 257 4th Av. Gramercy 1989.

VELVETEENS.—44 and 36 inch twill and straight back, all colors; immediate delivery. B. C. Miller & Bro., Spring 3287.

WAISTS.—We have 500 doz. voile and organdy waists, to close out, a good bargain for big users. Samuel Streifer, 17 W. 17th St.

WOOLENS.—57 pieces 24-ounce khaki, all wool; 3850; serge 54289; men's overcoatings, mixtures. Mount Freedom Woolen Mills, Gramercy 6648.

YARN.—Khaki wool knitting yarn, spot and future deliveries. Phone Becker, Gramercy 1240.

YARN.—5,000 weekly, white cotton backing yarn, cones 5s. Box 516 Amsterdam, N. Y.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTOR on ladies' silk Georgette and tailored waists; steady supply to right party. G 379 Times.

CONTRACTORS on pajamas; steady supply to right party. Goodman Collar Co., 58 Broadway, Brooklyn.

Allied Industries.

NEEDLES Wanted.—Hand sewing, any quantity, quality, brand, size. Phone Hanover 972.

Help Wanted.

SALESMAN wanted by a petticoat manufacturing concern with large output; established trade $10.50 to $45 per dozen, for the States of Indiana, Michigan, and Illinois; line large enough to be taken out exclusively; commission; no objection to side line; will make advances to the right party; state full particulars by letter. A 29 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, experienced, and dictaphone operator, for knit goods house; good salary for able service. Room 702, 377 Broadway.

STOCKKEEPER, experienced silk piece goods. Apply Reliable Sink Mfg. Co., 260 4th Av.

Situations Wanted.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, experienced, can devote few evenings weekly; small set of books, or other work S 627 Times Downtown.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....6 per cent. for the best names. Tuesday .....6 per cent. for the best names.

The quotations are for six months' paper.

May Commandeer Cottons.

Well-based reports current in the local cotton goods trade yesterday gave rise to the effect that the Government will shortly give manufacturers of this merchandise, who offered bids here recently for various kinds of bandage cloths and other materials, the choice of selling the goods at the maximum prices fixed by the Price-Fixing Committee of the War Industries Board or of having them commandeered. The manufacturers who, according to the report, will be faced by that alternative are those who bid above the maximum price on recent proposals for goods. More specifically, it is said the Government buyers are not pleased with the quantities and prices bid for 38½-inch 44-40 and other bandage cloths, and, needing the goods, may take the reported means of getting them.

Government Work Has Precedence.

Following the recent order of the Priorities Board of the War Industries Board requiring manufacturers of various products to report to it the percentage of their output which is now devoted to direct Government orders, indirect Government orders and orders for goods of exceptional or National importance, some of the larger concerns are sending questionnaires to their customers asking them the proportion of the latters' wares that are going into merchandise of this kind. When the answers show that the materials are wanted for work on Government goods, priority is given these orders in the factories of the producers. Materials of this kind are also handled most quickly by the common carriers, and the questionnaires further give the "primary" manufacturers data on which to base their reports to the Priorities Board.

Broad Market for Jersey Cloths.

There has been and still is great activity in the local market for jersey fabrics. One of the features of the Fall business this year is the greatly increased amount of business which underskirt manufacturers have placed. It is said that underskirts of fine wool jersey, which began to grow popular last season, are this year increasing in favor and are more in demand than ever. The lighter shades in mixed colors are the most sought for this purpose. For dresses a somewhat heavier weave is wanted, and the colors include all the popular varieties of the season. As has always been the case in jersey cloth, mixtures and pepper and salt effects are among the leaders. The mill situation is the only discordant feature in the present market, and this is causing both buyers and sellers allke quite a little concern.

Say It Is Too Early for Laces.

While some of the more exclusive millinery shops here have been showing hats of late that embody brims or inserts of metallic lace, the question is being raised as to whether the idea is a good one. Local wholesalers are said to object strenuously to showing metallic lace effects at this time. They base their objection on the assertion that November would be more propitious for their introduction, as these hats would be good for dress wear at that time. Their early introduction, they argue, will kill prospects of a larger business in them later. Buyers seem more or less noncommittal on the subject at the moment.

High Gray Goods Prices Got.

A new high price for recent sales of 39-inch 68-72ds was established in the local gray goods market yesterday, when spot lots of these cloths were sold from second hands at 20½ cents. This is fully 2½ cents a yard above the maximum price at which the mills can sell the same goods in the quarter that will end on Sept. 30. Second-hand business, for this month's delivery, was done on 38½-inch 60-48s at 14½ cents, or 1¼ cents above the mill maximum. Further sales included odds and ends, sateens, and various special constructions.

Scarcities Hamper Drug Trade.

Drug and Chemical Markets will say today that trading in drugs and pharmaceutical chemicals is restricted, owing to the high prices and the scarcity of many products. The shipping situation makes it impossible to renew supplies of products from the Far East, and many crude drugs are held at extremely high prices. Intermediates are scarce and higher. The tendency in prices of crude coal-tar products is upward. Benzol is in better demand. The heavy chemical market is firm. Carbon tetrachloride is unobtainable on spot. The acid situation is unchanged.

Features in Children's Coats.

Quite a little attention is being devoted in children's coats to those of fur plushes, velvets and velours, according to reports from authorities in the local trade. On a great many of these coats fur trimming is used, and it seems to be very popular in widely separated sections of the country. The demand for this season has been for the finest quality of materials and workmanship at the most reasonable prices possible. A great many of these garments are cut along military lines, sometimes an exact imitation of the American Army officer's hip-length overcoat. For these, of course, a khaki color is used. In others various shades of tan, blue, gray, and Nile green are seen.

Are Keeping Stocks Moving.

"Retailers do not like to hold their stocks more than six weeks," said a local cloak and suit manufacturer yesterday. "They get worried if something hangs on the racks for two months, and become desperate if it is still there in three months. By that time they are almost ready to give the garment away just to get it off their hands. It is for this reason that I believe we are going to be busy right up to the end of this year and, perhaps, over into January, with Fall and Winter garments. Retailers are constantly clearing out their old stocks, and this of course necessitates getting in new ones."

Coats vs. Suits.

"It is difficult at this early date," said an authority in the women's ready-to-wear industry yesterday, "to predict whether this is to be a coat or a suit season. The fact that buyers for the large retail stores of the country have shown a slight preference for suits in their later business might be taken as an indication of what is and is, not to be, but the purchasing public is after all, the final arbiter in such matters. And, in this respect, it is reported that retailers have disposed of more suits up to date than during this same period for several years back. This also would seem to show which way the fashions are going, but then fashions, like the winds, are very changeable, and it is still possible that, in spite of all the signs now pointing to the contrary, coats may lead the season. However, just at this time there is reason to believe that suits are to be most generally favored."

Women Adjusters Successful.

Among other duties in which women are supplanting men to some extent, because of the demands for man-power made by the war, are those of adjusters in retail dry goods stores. They are said to be very successful in this work for the most part, being courteous, firm in their decisions, and less inclined to be imposed upon than men. While here and there women customers whose claims are not allowed take the matter to the men higher up, for the most part they are said to abide by the decision of the adjuster. One of the faculties that capable women adjusters have which is not possessed by men is that of really putting themselves in the position of the customer. In this way they are not only able to serve the store's interest best, but give the customer sympathetic interest and the best "deal" possible.

Goods Now on Show at Our Warehouse

CATALOGUES READY.

New York's Fur Auction Sale

Begins Monday, September 23rd, at 10 A. M.,

At Masonic Temple, 71 West 23rd St., New York

The following merchandise will be offered for sale without reserve:

MONDAY, September 23rd

254	Wolver

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY
NATIONAL CITY BANK BUILDING
NEW YORK

A High-Grade, Long Term Bond Yielding about 6¼%

THE Detroit Terminal and Tunnel 4½% Gold Bonds, due 1961, are a first mortgage on the entire property of the Company.

Principal and interest guaranteed by endorsement by the Michigan Central Railroad Company.

Send for Circular AG-182.

The National City Company

Main Office—National City Bank Building
Uptown Office—514 Fifth Avenue
Correspondent Offices in 31 Cities
Bonds—Short Term Notes—Acceptances

ARE LONG TERM BONDS SATISFACTORY?

YES, especially at present, when high-class seasoned bonds may be purchased at prices seemingly all out of proportion to their value when considered from the standpoint of stability, growth and earnings of the company issuing them.

When by the purchase one is assured of a satisfactory yield for the future, no matter how low interest rates may be.

To those intent upon establishing now a yearly income for a period of years, Circular T-31 will be of interest.

E. H. Rollins & Sons
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston San Francisco Chicago

Tilney, Ladd & Co.

Illinois Central R. R. Co., Joint 5s, due 1963, at the market to yield 5.90%.

New York

Exempt from all Federal Income Tax. Tax exempt in New York State.

$39,000
City of Newburgh
NEW YORK
Registered 5s
Due 1919-1938, inclusive.
Price to yield 4.50%

Legal investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York State.

Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
115 Broadway, New York City.

BALDWIN LOCOMOTIVE

This company's industrial position discussed in a special circular.

Copy A-33, sent on request.

E. W. Wagner & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
33 New Street New York
Tel. Broad 2505.
Buy W. S. S., the Most Stable Security in the World.

INTEREST CREDITED MONTHLY
ON ACCOUNTS SUBJECT TO CHECK
SPECIAL RATES ON TIME DEPOSITS
UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY
55 CEDAR STREET.
BROADWAY AT 73RD ST. MADISON AVE. AT 75TH ST. 125TH ST. AT 8TH AVE.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $6,000,000

New York City Bonds
Barr & Schmeltzer
Members New York Stock Exchange
14 Wall St. Specialists. New York.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Again Irregular, with Some Industrials Advancing Easily on Small Turnover.

Dealings on the Stock Exchange yesterday were confined to a narrower range, and activity at no time reached proportions indicating a break in the deadlock which has existed since the work of the Money Committee became effective. A large share of the day's transactions were concentrated upon Steel, International Mercantile Marine and Mexican Petroleum, but some of the less active industrials showed a greater degree of strength.

The demand for the oil shares continued unabated, with Mexican Petroleum closing a point higher, Texas Company up 2⅝, and Sinclair up ½. There was a marked recovery in American Sumatra and Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies. Steel closed a point under its best price for the session with a net decline of ¼. The market was almost entirely professional, and as such made no pretense of reflecting any changes in the war or banking situation.

Discussions in the financial district turned very largely upon the proposal that the Capital Issues Committee be given supervision over bank loans of $100,000 or more, and the visit of a number of leading bankers to Washington to discuss the matter with officials of the Treasury Department. In some quarters it was the understanding that the Capital Issues Committee proposed to pass upon all bank loans, whatever their purpose, while in others the more likely assumption that the suggested control referred only to new loans for capital purposes was accepted.

The proposed extension of the Committee's powers is too far reaching in its possibilities for evil to be granted without the most thorough weighing of the consequences. It is admissable that the Committee might accomplish good results by laying down general rules for the guidance of bank officers called upon to act on loans; they might even specify industries engaged in war work or production essential to the prosecution of war to which loans should be made according to the bankers' judgment, without further authority, but they would bring about serious interference with legitimate and necessary trade activity if they attempted to hold up all loans until an investigation into their urgency was completed. In many instances of daily occurrence a loan must be granted or denied within the hour.

It is true that supervision of this nature has been attempted in Boston, and with good results, but it has been guided by due consideration of the fact that in many cases loans are manifestly proper, and require no examination. The vast number of transactions exceeding $100,000 which pass through the New York institutions would make the work of examination burdensome, and it is hardly conceivable that the bankers should be denied the right to exercise their own descretion in the majority of applications.

FIRM TONE IN LONDON.

French, Greek, and Japanese Securities Bring Best Prices.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—Money was scarcer and in increased demand on the market today, the authorities apparently having taken the supplies off the market.

On the Stock Exchange there was small trading, but the tone was firm. Entente allied stocks were maintained, the French, Greek, and Japanese securities bringing the best prices. Marconi shares were active. Shipping and oil stocks were harder, while mines received better attention.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	6	High	6½
Low	6	Low	6¼
Renewals	6	Renewals	6½
Last	6	Last	6½

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances 4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	6	Sixty days	6
Ninety days	6	Ninety days	6
Four months	6	Four months	6
Five months	6	Five months	6
Six months	6	Six months	6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for retirement with Reserve Bank, 90 days ..... 4¼@4¼
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days ..... 4¼@4¼
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days ..... 5@5¼

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 60 days 6
4 to 6 months 6

Other Names.

4 to 6 months 6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.75⅞	$4.75¼	$4.75⅜	+.00013
Cables	4.7650	4.7650	4.7650	+.0005
Francs—				
Demand	5.47⅞	5.47⅞	5.47⅞	..
Cables	5.46⅞	5.46⅞	5.46⅞	..

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665 London	$4.75⅞	$4.76.55
5.1826 Paris	5.47½	5.46⅛
China—		
Hongkong	.90.00	90.25
Peking	133.50	134.00
Shanghai	126.00	126.50
19.50 Greece	19.45	19.50
40.20 Holland	47.50	48.00
32.44 India—		
Bombay	35.48	*35.73
Calcutta	35.48	*35.73
5.1826 Italy	6.38	6.35
Japan—		
Kobe	54.75	54.875
Yokohama	54.75	54.875
19.30 Spain	22.80	22.95
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.875	50.00
26.80 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	32.50	32.675
Copenhagen	29.75	29.90
Christiania	30.40	30.50
South America—		
42.64 Buenos Aires	44.60	44.75
34.42 Rio	23.85	24.00
5.1826 Switzerland	4.44⅛	4.42½
51.46 Russia—	Bid.	Asked.
100 rubles	15.10	15.30
500 rubles	13.00	13.20

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.72⅜	$4.71⅛	$4.72⅛	$4.70⅛

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $550,664,613; balances, $45,436,512; United States Treasury debit balance, $2,839,997; Federal Reserve credit balance, $32,316,097.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20.3125@$20.6250 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 49½d, official; in New York, $1.01⅛, official; Mexican dollars, 77¼@80¼c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$6,676,566	$36,690,059
Internal Revenue—		
Inc. and exc. profits taxes	13,191,141	541,483,184
Miscellaneous	50,566,883	240,251,073
Miscellaneous revenue	5,573,671	50,193,482
Total receipts	$76,008,084	$868,617,800
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	563,662,700	2,535,737,440
Excess of total disb. over total receipts	119,791,288	632,192,939
Expenditures	$639,670,084	$3,434,355,291

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 18, 1918.

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Day's sales	243,419	800,660	1,109,215
Year to date	93,327,638	134,727,606	127,558,234

Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge
2½	2⅝	800	Alaska Gold Mines	2⅝	2⅝	2½	2⅝	— 1/16
98	100	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	100	100	100	100	+3½
92	93	100	Am. Agri. Chem. pf.	92½	92½	92½	92½	+ ⅛
92	93	50	Do. odd lot	93	93	93	93	..
69½	70	400	Am. Beet Sugar	69	69¼	69	69¼	+ ⅛
44	44¼	800	Am. Can	44	44½	43¾	44⅛	+ ⅛
91¼	92½	200	Am. Can pf	92¼	92¾	92	92	..
84¾	85½	400	Am. Car & Fdry	85⅜	85½	84¾	84¾	— ½
41¼	42	850	Am. Cotton Oil	41	41⅝	41	41½	+ ⅛
78	85	200	Am. Express	78½	78½	78½	78½	—1½
19¾	20¼	200	Am. H. & Leather	19⅞	20	19⅞	20	+ ⅛
88	88⅝	1,000	Am. H. & L. pf	88⅝	88¾	88	88¼	+ ⅞
26⅜	26⅝	300	Am. Ice	25⅞	26	25⅞	26	—1
48	49	100	Am. Ice pf	49	49	49	49	..
53⅛	53½	2,400	Am. International	52¼	54	52¼	53⅝	+1⅝
41	41½	600	Am. Linseed	40⅝	41½	40⅝	41½	+1
77	77½	200	Am. Linseed pf	77	77	77	77	..
64¾	65	200	Am. Locomotive	65	65¼	65	65¼	+ ⅛
40	43	100	Am.M.lst pf.cfs.of d.	41	41	41	41	—2
77¼	77⅜	1,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref	76⅝	77⅝	76⅝	77½	+1¼
103	104	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	103½	103½	103½	103½	..
132	137	100	Am. Shipbuilding	132	132	132	132	+1½
78	78¾	1,100	Am. Steel F'dries	77⅞	78¾	77⅞	78¾	+1¼
107⅜	108	1,200	Am. Sugar Ref	107⅜	108	107⅛	107⅜	— ⅜
107½	109	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	— ⅜
110⅝	110¼	9,700	Am. Sumatra Tob	108	111½	107½	110¾	+2¾
98⅞	99¼	900	Am. Tel. & Tel	98⅝	99	97⅝	99	+ ⅞
159	161	100	Am. Tobacco	160	160	160	160	..
54¼	54⅝	300	Am. Woolen	54¼	54½	54¼	54½	+ ⅛
15¾	16	300	Am. Zinc, L. & S	15½	15⅝	15½	15⅝	+ ⅛
67¼	67⅝	5,500	Anaconda Copper	67¼	67⅝	67¼	67¼	..
60½	64	100	Associated Oil	60½	60½	60½	60½	..
80½	81	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	81	81	81	81	..
101⅝	102	800	At., Gulf & West I.	100	102	100	102	+2
87⅝	88	7,400	Baldwin Loco	88	89	87⅞	87⅞	— ⅝
1	1⅛	100	Batopilas Mining	1	1	1	1	..
81	81½	3,700	Beth. Steel, class B	81	82¾	80¾	81⅛	— ⅝
102½	103	100	Beth. Steel 8 p.c. pf	103	103	103	103	..
25⅝	26½	300	Booth Fisheries	26	26	26	26	..
38½	38⅝	200	Bklyn Rapid Tran	38⅜	38⅝	38⅜	38⅝	..
145½	146	800	Burns Brothers	144½	146	144½	146	+1½
10¼	10⅜	100	Butte Cop. & Zinc	10½	10⅝	10½	10½	..
19	19½	300	California Petrol	19⅛	19⅝	19⅛	19¼	+ ⅛
63¼	63⅞	400	California Pet. pf	63	63⅞	63	63¼	+1
162⅛	162½	3,200	Canadian Pacific	160½	163½	160¼	162¼	+1¼
67½	67½	1,000	Central Leather Co	66	68	66	67⅝	+ ⅝
86½	87½	100	Chandler Motor	87	87	87	87	— ⅝
57½	58	400	Chesapeake & Ohio	57¼	57⅝	57¼	57⅝	+1½
22	23⅜	200	Chi. Great W est. pf	23	23	23	23	..
49	49¼	800	Chi., Mil. & St. P	48⅞	49	48¾	49	..
76⅞	77	200	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	77⅛	77¼	76⅞	76⅞	+ ⅛
25⅜	25¾	1,400	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	25⅜	25⅝	25	25	— ⅛
76⅜	77⅛	400	C., R. I.& P.T p.c.pf.	76¼	76⅝	76¼	76⅝	+ ¼
15⅜	16	100	Chile Copper	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
38⅛	38⅜	200	Chino Copper	38¼	38⅝	38¼	38⅜	..
34½	35	400	Colombia Gas & El	35	35	35	35	+ ⅛
86	88	100	Consolidated Gas	87	87	87	87	..
7	8	200	Con. Int. Cal. Min	8	8	8	8	..
42	42½	2,100	Corn Products Ref	41¾	42¾	41⅝	42	+ ⅜
101⅞	102	300	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	— ⅛
64½	64⅝	400	Crucible Steel	64¼	64⅝	63⅞	64⅛	+ ⅛
30½	30⅝	2,700	Cuba Cane Sugar	30¼	30⅝	30	30⅛	+ ⅛
79½	80	100	Cuba Cane Sug. pf	79¾	79¾	79¾	79¾	+ ⅛
5¼	5½	600	Den. & Rio Grande	5	5⅛	5	5⅛	+ ⅛
8½	9	1,500	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	8	9¼	8	8½	+ ⅛
53½	53¾	7,600	Distillers' Secur	52¼	53¾	52¼	53¾	+ ⅝
9	9¼	200	Dome Mines	9	9¼	9	9¼	..
15¼	15½	1,100	Erie	15½	15½	15¼	15½	+ ⅛
30⅜	31	600	Erie 1st pf	30¾	31	30¾	31	+ ⅛
39	39	200	Federal M. & S. pf	39	39	39	39	— ⅛
28	29½	100	Gaston, W. & W	29	29	29	29	+ ⅛
180	183	100	General Chemical	180¼	180¼	180¼	180¼	—4½
45½	46	500	General Cigar	45¾	45¾	45¾	45½	+ ½
145	146½	200	General Electric	146	146	146	146	—1
113½	115	300	General Motors	113½	113¾	113½	113¾	— ¼
83	84	15	Granby Consol	84	84	84	84	..
89	90	400	Great North. pf.x d.	89	89	89	89	+ ⅛
30⅝	30⅞	200	G. N. ctfs. for N. P.	30⅝	30¾	30⅝	30⅜	— ⅛
44⅝	44⅞	150	Greene-Can. Copper	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	..
78½	81	500	Gulf States Steel	78½	79	78½	79	+1
95	96⅜	100	Illinois Central	95½	95½	95½	95½	..
53¼	53⅝	1,200	Inspiration Copper	53⅜	53½	53⅛	53½	+ ⅛
6½	6⅝	200	Interboro Consol	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	..
103	106	100	Int. Harv. Corp. pf	104	104	104	104	..
26½	27	2,200	Int. Mer. Marine	26⅞	27¼	26⅞	27	+ ⅛
101⅛	102	17,600	Int. Mer. Marine pf	101⅛	102⅝	101⅛	101⅞	+ ⅛
29¼	29⅜	700	Int. Nickel	29⅛	29⅞	29⅛	29⅜	..
17½	18	500	Kansas City South	18	18	18	18	+ ⅛
33⅝	33⅞	1,200	Kennecott Copper	33⅝	33¾	33⅝	33⅝	+ ⅛
81½	82	100	Lackawanna Steel	81	81	81	81	..
18½	19½	100	Lee Rubber & Tire	19	19	19	19	— ⅛
85½	87	50	Marlin-Rockwell	87	87	87	87	..
104⅞	105⅛	26,500	Mexican Petroleum	103¾	105⅛	103½	105	+1
		100	Mex. Petroleum pf	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	+ ⅝
27⅝	28	500	Miami Copper	28¼	28⅜	28	28	+ ⅛
51½	52	1,800	Midvale Steel	51¼	52	51½	51⅜	— ⅛
9	9½	800	Minn. & St. L. new	9	9¼	9	9	..
24	24¼	600	Missouri Pacific	23⅝	24	23⅝	24	+ ⅛
30	31½	100	Nat. Acme	31	31	31	31	— ⅛
50½	51	300	Nat. Enam. & St	51½	51¾	51	51	..
57	57¼	200	Nat. Lead	57	57	57	57	—1¼
20	20½	100	Nev. Con. Cop. x d.	20¼	20¼	20¼	20½	+ ⅛
118	120	600	N. Y. Air Brake	118¾	119½	118¾	119	—1
73	73½	800	N. Y. Central	73	73½	73	73	— ⅛
39½	39⅝	3,800	N. Y., N. H. & H	39¼	39⅝	39½	39¼	— ⅛
20½	21	50	N. Y., Ont. & West	21	21	21	21	..
104	105	100	Norfolk & Western	104	104	104	104	+ ⅛
70	72	100	Norfolk & West. pf	70	70	70	70	+1
87½	88½	500	Northern Pacific	87¼	88¼	87¼	88¼	+ ⅝
37⅝	37¾	2,400	Ohio Cities Gas	37½	38⅜	37½	37⅝	+ ⅛
7½	8	1,400	Ontario Mining	8⅛	8⅛	7½	7½	— ⅛
32½	32½	500	Pacific Mail	31½	32⅜	31⅜	32⅜	+ ⅛
92	93	100	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	92½	92½	92½	92⅜	+ ⅛
43⅞	44	500	Penn. R. R	44	44	44	44	+ ⅛
45¾	45¾	400	People's Gas, Chi	45½	45⅝	45½	45½	+ ⅛
16⅛	16⅜	5,300	Pierce Oil	16	16¼	15⅞	16¼	+ ⅛
48⅜	49½	200	Pittsburgh Coal	49	49	48⅝	48⅝	..
34½	34¾	500	Pitts. & West Va	33¾	34½	33⅝	34½	+1
67¾	68¼	100	Pressed Steel Car	67⅝	67⅝	67⅜	67⅜	+ ⅛
111½	113	1,300	Pullman Co	112	113¼	112	112½	+ ⅞
66⅜	67	800	Railway Steel Sp	67	67¼	66⅞	67¼	+ ¼
23½	23⅝	400	Ray Con. Cop. x d.	23¼	23⅜	23¼	23¼	..
87⅛	87⅝	4,600	Reading	87¼	87⅝	86⅞	87⅜	— ⅛
90	90⅝	1,200	Rep. Iron & Steel	90	90½	90	90	..
84	84½	400	Royal Dutch r t	86	86	83½	84½	+2¼
17¼	18½	1,000	Do., rights	19	19	18½	18½	—⅞
20⅛	20¼	100	Seab. Air Line pf	20	20	20	20	—2⅞
139	142	100	Sears, Roeb. & Co	140	140	140	140	..
32	32⅜	5,300	Sinclair Oil Refin	31⅞	32⅜	31⅞	32	+ ⅛
61	61⅞	400	Sloss-S. Steel & I	60½	61½	60½	61½	+2
85½	86	600	Southern Pacific	85⅜	86	85½	86	+ ⅜
26⅝	26⅞	4,400	Southern Railway	26½	26⅞	26⅜	26⅝	+ ⅛
45½	45¾	300	Studebaker Co	45⅞	45⅞	45⅝	45⅞	— ⅛
17¾	18	100	Tenn. C. & C	18	18	18	18	..
162	162¼	8,500	Texas Co	159½	162¼	159½	162¼	+2⅜
15	16	200	Texas & Pacific	15	15	15	15	— ⅛
15¼	15½	100	Third Avenue	15½	15½	15½	15½	— ⅛
150	160	25	Tidewater Oil	190	190	190	190	..
65½	67	1,600	Tobacco Products	65¼	66¼	65¼	66	+1
27⅝	28	200	Transue & Wms	28⅛	28⅝	28⅛	28⅝	+1⅛
124	124¼	700	Union Pacific	124¼	124¼	124¼	124½	+ ⅜
36⅞	38	100	United Alloy Steel	37¼	37½	37¼	37⅝	..
99½	100	900	United Cigar Stores	99⅜	100½	99⅜	100¼	— ⅛
128	132	100	United Fruit	129	129	129	129	+1
39	41	100	U.S.C. I. P. & F. pf	41	41	41	41	..
114½	114⅝	2,100	U. S. Indus. Alco	114½	115½	114¼	114¼	..
60	60¾	800	U. S. Rubber	60¼	60¼	60	60¼	— ⅛
102	103½	70	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	+ ⅛
109½	109¾	56,700	U. S. Steel	109¾	110¼	108½	109¾	— ⅛
110½	111	500	U. S. Steel pf	110¼	110¾	110¼	110¾	..
10	11	50	Utah Securities	10	10	10	10	..
53⅜	54	2,000	Va.-Car. Chemical	52⅞	53⅜	52⅜	53⅜	+ ⅜
9	9½	100	Wabash	9	9	9	9	..
60½	62	100	Western Pacific pf	61	61	61	61	+ ⅜
82⅜	83½	300	Western Union Tel	83	83	83	83	..
43¼	43⅞	700	Westingh. E. & M	43	43⅝	43	43⅜	+ ⅛
19⅜	19⅞	1,000	Willys-Overland	20	20	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅛
62	63½	100	Worthington Pump	62¼	62¼	62¼	62½	+ ¼

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argen. Gov	6	May 15,'20	96¼	97	8.50
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	97⅜	97⅝	7.55
Gov. of N. S.	5	July, 1919	96¾	97¾	8.10
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	101	102	6.50
Prov. of Q.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.60
Russian Gov.	6½	June, 1919	59	60½	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	53	56	..
Do rubles.	6½	Feb.14,'26	$117	$122	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	100¼	101	4.50

Company Issues.

Am. Cot. Oil.	7	Sep., 1919	99⅝	100¼	6.90
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Sep., 1919	97¾	97⅞	7.40
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1919	99½	99¾	6.75
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	90	93	8.00
Am. Thread.	4	Jan., 1919	99¼	99¼	5.15
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	95	97½	8.00
B. & O. R. R.	6	July, 1919	98¼	98½	6.25
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'19	100¼	100⅝	6.25
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'20	100¼	100⅝	6.75
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'21	99½	99⅝	7.30
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'22	98¼	98⅝	7.45
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'23	98¼	98⅝	7.50
C., B. & Q.	4	July, 1921	93¾	94⅛	6.10
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	97¾	98¼	6.30
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1919	99½	100	6.00
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	98½	99¼	6.30
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	98	99	6.45
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	97	97¾	6.10

Vote Dividend in Liberty Bonds.

The American Shipbuilding Company of Cleveland declared yesterday an extra dividend of 10 per cent. on the common stock, payable in 3½ per cent. Liberty bonds. The usual quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. was also ordered, both due Nov. 1 to stockholders of record Oct. 15. Three months ago an extra dividend of 5 per cent. in Liberty bonds was voted by the Directors. The full dividend of 7 per cent. on the preferred stock was declared yesterday, payable in quarterly installments.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
Spelter	9.65	9.85	9.65	9.85
Antimony	13.75	13.87½	13.75	14.00
Quicksilver	$125.00	....	$125.00	....
Aluminium	*$3.00	....	*$3.00	....
Iron, No. 2X foundry	....	34.25	....	34.25

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 26c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s. d.	Tuesday. £	s. d.
Copper, spot	122	0 0	122	0 0
Tin, spot	343	10 0	343	10 0
Tin, futures	343	10 0	343	10 0
Spelter	44	0 0	44	0 0
Lead	39	10 0	39	10 0

Bankers Back Reserve Board Policy.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—The Federal Reserve Board's policy of discouraging advances in discount rates has been approved by the Federal Reserve Advisory Council of Bankers, it was announced today at the conclusion of the council's two days' conference with the board. Members of the Advisory Council also expressed approval of the movement to curtain credits for less essential purposes.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Oil	4⅛	5
B. S. Gas	8	9
Begole	50	60
Black Hawk	85	..
Bohemia	75	90
Boston Ely	60	75
Boston M.	42	43
Butte & L.	15	18
Boston Ariz.	..	1⅜
Calaveras	1	1¼
Crown Res.	15	20
Cortez	15	18
Cham., old	4	5
Chief Con.	3½	3⅝
Denbigh	1¼	1⅜
Earl-Eagle	1	4
Fortuna	4	5
Houghton	50	1.00
Homa Oil	43	48
Iron Blossom	88	95
Iron Cap	19¼	19¾
La Rose	42	49
Majestic	16	18
Mex. Metals	35	38
Moj. Tung.	10	12
New Baltic	40	60
N. Z. & L.	15	17
N. Cornelia	17	17¾
Nev. Doug.	44	47
Nixon Nev.	33	36
Oneco	20	25
Onondaga	13	17
S.W. Miami	..	..
full paid	98	1¼
U. V. Ext.	37	37½
Victoria M.	90	97
Yukon Gold	85	1.00

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	61.75	61.51	61.67	+.14
25 industrials	81.28	80.74	81.02	+.19
50 stocks	71.51	71.12	71.34	+.16

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Sep. 17	71.26	70.74	71.18	+.31
Sep. 16	71.53	70.92	71.03	—.11
Sep. 14	71.24	70.84	71.14	+.47
Sep. 13	71.07	70.88	70.67	—.33
Sep. 12	Holiday.			
Sep. 11	71.86	70.92	71.00	—.73

MONTHL

RUSH NEW TAXATION BILL IN THE HOUSE

Representatives Approve All of the Main Levies in the War Revenue Measure.

FINAL VOTE POSSIBLY TODAY

Proposal of Impost on Cotton Stirs Instant Opposition—Its Defeat Expected.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—All of the principal tax provisions of the new war revenue bill were approved by the House today almost as fast as two clerks, working in relays, could read them. With only a few minor provisions and amendments now to be considered, leaders believe a final vote will be reached Friday, with a possibility that it may come tomorrow.

After adopting within an hour the war excess profits provisions without change, the House passed important sections raising many millions of dollars without a word of objection or even discussion. Every amendment proposed either was rejected summarily or passed over, so that the Ways and Means Committee can consider them before final action is taken.

Besides the war excss profits sections, which yield the greatest returns to come from the bill, provisions adopted today were taxes on estates, estimated to raise $110,000,000; transportation, $187,000,000; amusement admissions, $100,000,000; excise taxes, including automobiles, jewelry, luxuries, and semi-luxuries, $518,000,000; beverages, $1,317,000,000; tobacco, $321,000,000; capital stock, $70,000,000; the Federal automobile license provision, $72,930,000, and stamp taxes, $32,000,000.

The luxury taxes caused discussion, some members contending the bill's rates were too low and others that they were too high. An amendment by Representative Platt of New York to reduce the luxuries rate from 20 to 10 per cent. was defeated.

Cotton Tax Opposed.

The most important matters remaining to be disposed of are the proposal to tax cotton $3 a bale and to impose a 5 per cent. tax on products of child labor. The cotton tax was formally proposed today by Representative Moore of Pennsylvania and the amendment met instant and spirited opposition. Leaders predicted tonight that the amendment would be rejected. Representative Green of Iowa gave notice that tomorrow he would offer his child labor amendment. Predictions were general that it also would be rejected.

Other provisions deferred for action tomorrow by the Ways and Means Committee or the House included:

The clause levying $10 annually on "proprietors of any trade, business or profession" whose gross receipts are over $2,000.

The section levying 5 per cent. on gross receipts of automobiles used for hire.

An amendment by Representative Wood of Indiana to exempt traveling salesmen from the $100 annual brokers' license tax.

An amendment by Representative Treadway of Massachusetts to levy 10 per cent. on gross receipts from billboard, street car, electric sign and similar advertising.

Allowances for depletion of oil and gas wells and mines.

Exemptions from income and inheritance taxation of persons in the military service.

The business or occupational license tax of $10 proved a stumbling block today because of confusion over its application, and it was determined to consider having the section redrafted tomorrow. Representative Robbins of Pennsylvania said it would apply to ministers, authors, school teachers, and the like; but Representatives Garner and Longworth of the Ways and Means Committee declared it would not apply to salaried persons, but only to firms, such as law partnerships, advertising, and dental concerns.

Auto Tax Approved.

The proposed Federal license tax for automobiles ranging from $5 to $50 annually, according to horse power, was sharply attacked, but finally approved. Representative Treadwell declared the horse power standard illogical, in conflict with State standards, and arbitrary, and urged that value instead of horse power be made the basis.

Chairman Kitchin of the Ways and Means Committee said the proposed license tax virtually was a road tax, in view of Government appropriations for road work. Some members doubted that the tax would apply to used autos, but Representative Kitchin said that no matter how many times a machine changed hands, each owner would have to pay the Federal license.

In suggesting the tax on billboard and similar advertising receipts, Representative Treadway said his amendment was designed to reach a proper revenue source not untouched. Representative Madden of Illinois, opposing the amendment, said it would be a discrimination in favor of newspaper and magazine advertising. Representative Fordney of Michigan insisted the latter was taxed under the present law, but Representative Crisp of Georgia said the only levy that could be called a tax on newspaper advertising was the increased postage rate on advertising portions.

When the House adjourned tonight reading of all tax sections of the bill had been completed, with only a few administrative provisions remaining to be acted upon in addition to the controverted items put over today.

The provisions amending the Harrison Drug act, with much more drastic regulation of traffic in narcotics, were adopted without change.

Among new proposals to be offered tomorrow is the plan, urged generally by Republicans, but opposed by President Wilson, for a joint Congressional committee to supervise war expenditures. Representative Moore of Pennsylvania plans to offer an amendment authorizing creation of such a committee.

WANT CHANGE IN EXCESS PROFITS TAX

Investment Bankers Hold That House Bill Makes Rate of Levy Confiscatory.

Reed, McCook & Hoyt, counsel for the Investment Bankers' Association of America, made public yesterday a letter written to Claude Kitchin, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee of the House, asking the committee to consider an amendment of the forthcoming revenue law in respect to the excess profits tax.

"The House bill changes the present excess profits tax in two vital respects," said the letter. "First, the rate of tax is made confiscatory of the so-called excess profits, and, second, although the House Committee's report states in terms that the 'definition of invested capital in the existing law * * * has not been changed in any important particular,' it has, in fact, been changed in an important particular, that of the valuation of tangible property acquired for stock.

"Under the present law and regulations tangible property acquired for stock prior to Jan. 1, 1914, is required to be valued as of that date, and any excess over the par value of the stock may be allowed as 'paid in surplus,' while under the pending House bill, Section 326, there is allowed only 'actual cash value of tangible property, other than cash, bona fide paid in for stock or shares, at the time of such payment, but in no case to exceed the par value of the original stock or shares specifically issued therefor.'"

The letter then cited the effect the excess profits measure, as proposed, would have on the earnings of a number of imaginary corporations, including one whose stock had been heavily watered, another which was undercapitalized, and a third which had been formed at a recent date.

"A great many concerns whose values a few years ago," the law firm added, "were and now are in fact far below the original investment, are practically immune from tax, while stockholders who have paid for the appreciated value of successful developments will find their income, whether large or small, confiscated.

"We very respectfully urge that the 1914 valuation provision of the present law be retained, and that in any event where the taxpayer can prove an actual value paid in in excess of the stock issued, such value be allowed as 'paid in surplus,' which in fact it is."

Court Upholds Staats Zeitung.

A permanent injunction was granted by Vice Chancellor Lane in Newark yesterday prohibiting the township authorities and police of North Bergen from interfering with the sale and distribution of the New-Yorker Staats-Zeitung and its evening and Sunday editions in North Bergen. The Vice Chancellor said there had been no justification for the passage of a prohibiting resolution by the Township Committee.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 18.—Thirty new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $1,560,000 were chartered today, they include:

Jacob Auslander & Sons, Manhattan, hats, caps, and coats, $10,000; J. and D. and I. Auslander, 160 5th Av.

E. L. Holding Co., Manhattan, realty and construction, $200,000; F. Slater, E. Lostig, A. Hyman, 180 St. Nicholas Av.

Perkins Steel Co., Manhattan, $10,000; G. L. Roesch, A. M. Coffin, H. B. Perkins, 61 Waldorf Court, Brooklyn.

Underwriters Map Assn., Manhattan, insurance maps and charts, $100,000; H. Bray, F. C. Buswell, F. C. Lock, 100 Williams St.

Lombard Export Corp., Manhattan, $75,000; R. L. Riccamsoni, J. J. Whitehead, G. T. Baird, 42 Broadway.

The Coca-Cola Bottling Co. of New York, Manhattan, $250,000; A. P. Pratt, C. E. Stinson, B. Seybolt, 111 Broadway.

The Atlantic Hand Brake Corp., Buffalo, $300,000; E. C. Norton, W. H. Savage, J. P. Caswell, Buffalo.

Better Hat Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; S. and L. Goldstein, P. Fript, 1,367 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn.

H. Mirenburg & Co., Manhattan, ladies' apparel, $20,000; N. Pincus, L. Bass, A. J. Hiprin, 41 Park Row.

St. Nicholas Leasing and Improvement Co., Manhattan, $5,000; I. and S. S. Altman, S. Simansky, 58 Forsyth St.

Mackay, Lovell & Co., Manhattan, stocks and bonds, $50,000; T. Homestead, M. R. Lovell, J. A. Mackay, 30 West 44th St.

Oquaga Feed and Supply Co., Deposit, Broome County, $5,000; F. R. McLaury, A. L. Crane, E. P. Rosenkrantz, Deposit.

The Oneonta Press, Oneonta, $25,000; F. J. Beach, M. A. Holmes, C. A. Miller, Oneonta.

Sargols Knitting Mills, Bronx, $25,000; M. Steiner, W. A. Friedman, J. Bloom, 1,961 Mapes Av., Bronx.

Elizabeth Duncan Real Estate Corp., Esopus, $50,000; F. Blen, E. L. Lucas, J. L. Frieder, 119 Nassau St.

Bedford Private Maternity, Brooklyn, maintain institutions or sanitary, $25,000; H. L. Lurie, P. F. Feinberg, H. Aronson, 200 5th Av.

Evans Elevator Co., Buffalo, $300,000; W. H. Watson, J. L. Kinney, M. E. Sullivan, Buffalo.

Ellwood Gardens, Tonawanda, realty and construction, $30,000; E. H. Clark, D. L. Phelps, W. J. Greene, Castile.

M. L. Walst Co., Manhattan, $25,000; A. J. Halprin, L. Bass, S. H. Ganz, 150 Nassau St.

Hygrade Trimmed Hat Co., Manhattan, $15,000; I. Zwiebel, M. Honig, A. S. Kellson, 417 42d St.

Emergency Freight Storage and Service Corp., Manhattan, warehousing and shipping, $10,000; L. and A. S. Maychink, P. Van Arsdale, 163 Park Av.

Houston Warehouses, Manhattan, storage, $10,000; L. J. Zork, L. J. Rockmore, G. Boyd, 252 West 129th St.

CAPITAL INCREASE.

Sterling Worsted Mills, Manhattan, $10,000 to $20,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Edward H. Schultz, Manhattan, to Making Letters Pay System, Inc.

Rhineland Import Paper Co., Manhattan, to Borden & Riley Paper Co., Inc.

AUTHORIZATION.

New Jersey Welding and Equipment Co., New Jersey, railroad equipment, $10,000; representative, H. J. Davis, 30 Church St.

INCORPORATION AND NEW DESIGNATION.

Dunning Varney Corp., Maine, new representative, J. H. Dunning, 99 Warren St.

SURRENDER OF AUTHORITY.

Coca-Cola Bottling Works of New York-Tennessee.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Weintraub Bros., Manhattan.

Ericson Realty Co., Manhattan.

McCarthy & Donald Hudson.

The Motfre Land and Development Co., Manhattan.

Manufacturers Consolidated Co., Manhattan.

The Pathephone Sales Co. of New York, Manhattan.

The Perolin Co. of America, Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Sept. 18.—Charters filed: The Vilette Co., Tractor Co., $2,000,000; M. M. Clancy, F. A. Armstrong of Wilmington.

Magnolia Cotton Mills Corp., $700,000; M. M. Clancy, F. A. Armstrong, B. A. Spangler of Wilmington.

The Ranger Gas and Oil Co., $500,000; Frank A. Hoffman, Eugene Wallinger, D. F. Reinhold, all of Chicago.

The Empire Construction Co., $75,000; F. R. Hansell, Philadelphia, Penn.; S. C. Seymour, J. Vernon Plumb of Camden.

Wire Gasoline Co., $75,000; John Richardson, P. E. Richardson, T. L. Rowman, all of Bradford, Penn.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Stockholders of the Luckenbach Co., Inc., and of the Luckenbach Steamship Co., Inc., at a special meeting held yesterday afternoon, ratified the merger and consolidation agreement executed by the Directors of both companies on Aug. 21. The two concerns are now united under the name of the Luckenbach Steamship Company, Inc.

The Stock Exchange firm of Gliddden, Davidge & Co. has opened an unlisted stock and bond department under the management of James W. Macartney, formerly with Sheldon, Dawson, Lyon & Co.

The Republic Railway and Light Company yesterday passed the quarterly dividend on the common stock, due to the desire of the management to conserve cash resources. The dividend had been 1 per cent. quarterly since Jan. 15, 1917. The regular preferred stock disbursement of 1½ per cent. was declared, payable Oct. 15, to stockholders of record Sept. 30.

Cox & Co., bankers, announce the opening of new offices in London at 28 Charles Street, Haymarket, near the Carlton Hotel, which are for the especial use of officers of the American army and navy.

The River Plate Commercial Company has declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent. on the preferred stock and a dividend of $1 per share on the common stock, both due Nov. 1 to stockholders of record Oct. 1.

The Guaranty Trust Company announces that it is prepared to deliver definitive 7 per cent. five-year sinking fund gold notes of the Northern States Power Company, dated Aug. 15, 1918, in exchange for syndicate receipts.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Forecast:

N. C., S. C., Ga., Fla., and Miss.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.

Tenn., Ky., and Ind.—Fair Thurs. Showers and cooler Fri.

Mich.—Cloudy Thurs. Rain Fri.

Ohio—Fair and warmer Thurs. Showers Fri.

La.—Fair Thurs and Fri.

Ark.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.02	Justice	.01
Alta	.02	Mexican	.11
Andes	.01	Occidental	.40
Best & Belcher	.02	Ophir	.01
Bullion	.01	Overman	.01
Caledonia	.02	Potosi	.03
Challenge Con.	.03	Savage	.02
Chollar	.02	Seg. Belcher	.01
Confidence	.04	Sierra Nevada	.10
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	.22
Con. Virginia	.16	Utah	.01
Gould & Curry	.04	Mexican dollars	.78½
Jacket	.06		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	1.50	Florence	.10
Cash Boy	.03	Goldfield Con.	.10
Divide	.09	Goldfield Merger	.01
Jim Butler	.46	Great Bend	.01
McNamara	.2½	Jumbo Ext.	.09
Midway	.05	Kewanas	.01
Mizpah	.04	Lone Star	.03
Monarch Pitts.	.04	Silver Pick	.03
Montana	.09	MANHATTAN.	
North Star	.03	Big Four	.02
Rescue	.08	Consolidated	.01
Tonopah Divide	.25	Mustang	.01
Tonopah Ext.	1.45	White Caps	.11
West End	1.00	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West Tonopah	.10	Nevada Hills	.02
GOLDFIELD.		Packard	.22
Atlanta	.02	Rochester	.30
Booth	.02	Round Mountain	.16
		United Eastern	3.67½

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4¾	5	Isabella	3½	4
Dr. Jackpot	3½	4½	McKinney	7½	10
Elkton	5	6	Portland	81	90
El Paso	11	25	U. Gold M.	12½	13½
Golden C.	166	167	Vindicator	35	45
Granite	25	25	Rose Mac	5	8

TELLS OF ARGENTINA AS FIELD FOR TRADE

Offers Great Opportunity for American Enterprise, Says Editor of Le Nacion.

DOUBTS AFTER-WAR RIVALRY

Foreign Investments, He Believes, Will Keep Down Competition In His Country.

Jorge Mitre, editor and publisher of La Nación of Buenos Aires, speaking yesterday at the luncheon conference of the American Manufacturers' Export Association in the Hotel McAlpin, told the 250 representatives of big export business present that the slogan "Trade Follows the Flag," had not given way to "Trade Follows Investment." Señor Mitre, who was the guest of honor, was introduced by George Edward Smith, President of the association.

The Argentine editor and publicist spoke on "The Diplomacy of Commerce," particularly the matter of commercial and financial intercourse between the United States and Argentina after the war.

"It is beyond question," Mr. Mitre said, "that the Argentine Republic offers a remarkable field for American commerce and enterprise, but the real problem for you is how it best can be adapted to suitable development and conquest by American manufacturers. To extend or even retain the existing volume of trade after the war necessitates something more than an immediate study of Argentina's industrial needs. It is the study of the conditions precedent to the establishment of a permanent control over the international currents of commerce that calls for the closest attention and consideration.

Trade Based on Investment.

"The after-the-war competition of the great exporting countries of the world will perhaps be keener in South America than elsewhere; but, in my view, the effects of that condition will be less marked in the Argentine Republic than is popularly supposed in the United States, owing chiefly to the fact that there are vested interests which cannot easily be disturbed."

Mr. Mitre then went on to show how Great Britain and Germany through their investments in Argentina, prior to the war, created a self-sustained demand for merchandise from the countries so investing.

"Glance, for a moment," he said, "at the well defined circumstances which led to the commercial supremacy of Great Britain in my country; to the gradual extension of the trade with Germany, with Belgium, and even with Holland, before the outbreak of war. Such an examination would demonstrate that in each of these cases the trade increased in a ratio corresponding to the investment of capital in new industrial, financial, and commercial enterprises which themselves became local sources of supply and demand. That is no mere assumption, as statistics relating to Argentine commerce will show that the trade of each foreign country up to 1914 was exactly in proportion to its respective capital investment."

As an example of the value of foreign investments in Argentina, Mr. Mitre cited the British-owned railroads in that country. When rails or rolling stock needed replacement, orders for the new material were always placed in England unless abnormal conditions prevented. Similarly, the British railroads in Argentina turned to the English banks in Buenos Aires to meet their financial requirements.

Large Importing Agencies European.

This illustration, he said, applied with equal force to other forms of industry and to other countries, especially when it was remembered that all the large importing agencies of Argentina are European, and would naturally trade with their own countries unless—as during the war—compelled, by force of circumstances, to buy in foreign markets.

The editor pointed out that the security afforded foreign capital under the Argentine laws had resulted in Great Britain holding investments there to the extent of $2,500,000,000 before the war, and added that England was preparing the way to obtain additional interests.

In conclusion, Mr. Mitre said the solution of the trade problem between the two countries would not be found alone in the spirit of Pan Americanism, but rather in that inter-Americanism, "which fulfills the desires of individual relations among nations in a sense entirely different from that which may be regarded as continental in purpose."

Lewis E. Pierson, Chairman of the Irving National Bank; W. W. Nichols, of the Allis-Chalmers Company, and J. E. Philippi, newly appointed United States Commercial Attaché to Brazil, also spoke.

SWANN PLEASES HYLAN.

Health Commissioner Also Wins the Mayor's Favor.

Mayor Hylan sent a letter yesterday to District Attorney Swann complimenting him upon his decision to take to the Appellate Division the Fusion campaign fund case of last year in which Justice Finch dismissed the indictments against William Hamlin Childs, William Sulzer, and Josiah T. Newcomb.

The Mayor also sent a letter to Health Commissioner Copeland congratulating him on what he termed "the splendid reorganization which you contemplate putting into effect on the first day of October." The Mayor said he was in favor of the establishment of branch bureaus of the Health Department in the various boroughs, and added:

"We have been placed in office in order that the best interests of the people may be served. The people will appreciate by your action that we are sincere in our desire to render the most efficient service possible, and bring the municipal Government in close contact with the citizens of the municipality."

BAN ON THE NATION LIFTED.

Oswald Garrison Villard's Paper Declared to be Mailable.

Oswald Garrison Villard, editor of The Nation, announced yesterday that the temporary ban placed upon last week's edition of his paper had been lifted and the edition declared mailable in every particular.

Mr. Villard said that the lifting of the ban not only did justice to The Nation, but upheld the right of a free press to criticise Government policies.

Seek Church Rooms for Schools.

Citizens' committees in Queens County are seeking churches and parish houses to be used as school buildings during the Winter because of a ruling of the War Industries Board that materials cannot be spared for new schoolhouses. The parish room of the St. John's Episcopal Church in Flushing has been offered, and it is expected that rooms will be found in the borough to accommodate all pupils.

Photograph, in rotogravure, of the arrival of the first American troops at Milan, in the current issue of the Mid-Week Pictorial. Ten cents at all news stands.—Advt.

COTTON IS UNSETTLED BY PRICE-FIXING TALES

After Higher Opening Market Becomes Nervous, Breaking 75 to 80 Points—Closes Easy.

At the opening the cotton market yesterday showed little change, there being recorded an advance of 1 to 5 points, but later in the session the market became nervous and unsettled. This was principally due to the circulation of reports regarding price fixing, which caused a sharp break of 75 to 80 points compared with the high level of the morning. During the afternoon the market continued nervous, and closed easy, with a net loss of 105 points for September and October contracts and a loss of 103 points for May deliveries.

The weekly weather report was said to have little influence on the market. It showed that picking and ginning had made rapid progress under favorable conditions, although it indicated that general conditions in nearly all parts, especially in Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas, and Georgia, continue poor.

The circulation of the rumor that a price had been fixed for low grades of cotton brought out heavy offerings from the South. October contracts sold down to 32.85c and January 32.05c, while May deliveries declined to 31.81c. Brokers representing a well known spot firm were good buyers on the decline.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Sept.	33.50	33.80	33.80	32.75 bid	33.80
Oct.	33.92	34.20	32.85	32.85@32.88	33.90
Nov.	..	..	..	32.45 bid	33.52
Dec.	33.28	33.60	32.25	32.25@32.30	33.27
Jan.	33.13	33.40	32.03	32.03@32.05	33.10
Feb.	..	..	..	31.98 bid	33.00
Mar.	32.98	33.22	31.93	31.93@31.95	32.94
April	..	..	..	31.86 bid	32.90
May	32.87	33.13	31.81	31.81@31.88	32.84
July	32.70	33.10	32.75	31.75 bid	32.75
Aug.	..	..	..	31.40 bid	32.30

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 130 points lower, with 34.10c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 33.85c; New Orleans, 33¼c; Savannah, 33c; Augusta, 32½c; Houston, 33.10c; Little Rock, 33½c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Lt. Wk.	Lt. Yr.
Port receipts	14,965	14,508	25,096
Exports	19,256	8,866	....
Exports, season	427,281	358,293	511,933
N. Y. stocks	85,850	85,550	50,913
Port stocks	839,004	818,740	568,533
N. Y. arrivals	4,732	6,980	....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet and 46 points lower, with 23.93d for middling, and 23.89d for good middling. Sales, 2,000 bales, of which 1,000 were American. Imports, 1,000, all American. Futures opened irregular, 5 to 21 points higher, and closed quiet, 14 to 16 points net higher. September, 24.35d; October, 24.06d; November, 23.88d; December, 23.75d; January, 23.64d.

Manchester: Yarns were firm and cloths more active.

EARNINGS.

Public Utilities.

AMERICAN CITIES COMPANY subsidiaries for July—

	1918.	1917.	Decrease.
Gross	$1,458,564	$1,354,254	*$104,310
Net earnings	398,381	503,611	105,230
Sur. aft. chgs.	74,356	186,112	111,758
12 mos. gross	17,322,020	16,156,500	*1,165,511
Net aft. taxes	5,902,669	6,283,613	380,944
Sur. aft. chgs.	1,954,632	2,435,304	480,672

*Increase.

American Cities Co. for twelve months ended July 31, 1918, received as its proportion of subsidiary company earnings $1,494,781, an increase of $81,847, compared with the previous twelve months' period. Total income amounted to $1,413,245, decreased $219,391, and balance available for preferred dividends totaled $894,495, decreased $383,141.

CITIES SERVICE CO. for August—

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
Gross	1,896,059	1,566,659	329,400
Net aft. taxes	1,641,734	1,335,850	305,884
Sur. available for pf. div.	1,609,015	1,335,624	274,291
12 mos. gross	21,661,280	17,296,942	4,364,344
Net aft. taxes	21,238,190	16,976,354	4,261,836
Sur. available for pf. div.	21,185,949	16,973,089	4,212,860

UNITED NATIONAL UTILITIES COMPANY, which controls the American Railways Company, reports the following earnings:

August gross	1,286,938	1,121,332	165,606
8 mos. gross	9,247,702	8,246,354	1,001,348

UNITED LIGHT & RAILWAYS COMPANY and subsidiary companies, year ended Dec. 31—

	1915.	1916.	1917.
Gross earnings, (all sources)	6,316,303	6,922,559	7,833,909
Net earnings	2,489,041	2,703,173	2,807,001
Balance available for div.	978,740	1,193,272	1,204,571
Div., pf. stock	557,419	595,792	605,537
Sur. earnings	421,321	597,480	599,013

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
September	1.35½	1.34½	1.35¼	1.35¼
October	1.33	1.31¼	1.32⅜	1.32½
November	1.40½	1.47⅜	1.40⅜	1.48¾

OATS.

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 82½c; No. 2 white, 82½c; No. 3 white, 82c; No. 4 white, 81½c; ordinary clipped, 83@84c.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	72½	72	72½	71¾	59½
October	73¼	73	73½	73¼	..
November	74¾	73¾	74¼	73¾	..

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
October	26.90	26.87	26.90	26.85	23.85
November	26.52	26.50	26.50	26.45	..
Ribs—					
October	23.72	23.60	23.70	23.52	24.47
November	23.62	23.52	23.60	23.47	..
Pork—					
October	40.87	40.10	40.55	39.90	42.85
November	40.85	40.15	40.65	39.90	..

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
October	..	..	8.65	8.65
November	..	..	8.80	8.80
December	8.95	8.85	8.95	8.95
March	..	..	9.40	9.40
May	9.57	9.60	9.57	9.55
July	9.80	9.80	9.76	9.68

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.
October	1.64	1.64	1.64
November	1.66¼	1.66	1.66¼

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 8,584 pkgs. Continued short supplies, active demand, and a higher and strong market. This applies to all fine table grades. There is also a little firmer feeling on ladles and packing stock. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 57¼@58c; extras, 92 score, 57; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 53@56½c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 48@52c; thirds, 45@47c; unsalted, higher than extras, 59¼@60c; extras, 58½@59c; firsts, 55@58c; seconds, 50@54c; State dairy, fancy, finest, 55¾@56½c; good to prime, 52@55c; common to fair, 43@51c; renovated, extras, 47c; firsts, 45@46c; lower grades, 40@44c; imitation creamery, firsts, 43@43½c; ladles, current make, firsts, 40@40½c; seconds, 38½c; lower grades, 37@38c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 38½c; No. 2, 37½@38c; lower grades, 34@37c.

EGGS.—14,587 pkgs. The market continues generally quiet, and the tone irregular and unsettled. Some receivers report an accumulation of even the higher qualities, and some lots which were recently salable at top quotations for extras have to be shaded 1c to 2c to find a prompt outlet. Previous top quotations are still occasionally realized for very fine, to fancy goods, however, and quotations remain unchanged, although outside figures are more extreme. Only a moderate movement in the good medium qualities and accumulations are liberal. There is still fair call for good value cheaper eggs, including high grades of dirties and checks. Arrivals are showing some decrease, shipments are reported lighter and holders are hoping for a better situation in the near future. Storage eggs are meeting a moderate demand in regular distributing channels at sustained prices. Nearby whites mostly below fancy quality are moving very slowly at an unchanged range of irregular prices. Extra fancy stock continues in light supply and meets some demand at sustained prices. Fresh gathered, extras, a dozen, 51@52c; extra firsts, 48@50c; firsts, 44@47c; seconds and poorer, 35@43c; fresh gathered dirties, No. 1, 37@39c; No. 2 and poorer, 30@36c; fresh gathered checks, good to choice, dry, 33@35c; undergrades, 29@32c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, charges paid, 43@44c; firsts, charges paid, 42½@43c; seconds, charges paid, 40@42c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 64@68c; ordinary to prime, 45@63c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 45@60c; Pacific Coast whites, first to finest, 59@66c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 42@60c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 54@56c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 46@53c.

Fires and Failures

You insure your merchandise against the remote possibility of a fire loss. Why not protect the same merchandise after it is converted into book accounts, against possible excessive *credit* losses?

American Credit Insurance provides absolute protection against abnormal, unexpected credit losses. And it does more. It serves to *prevent* losses, by providing for the allowance of all covered accounts not over forty-five days past due, if the company fails to collect them.

Foresight today means profit tomorrow. Safeguard yourself by taking precautions *now*, which will insure stability in the future. If you are a manufacturer or wholesaler, get the full particulars of the American's Unlimited Policy of Credit Insurance.

The AMERICAN CREDIT INDEMNITY COMPANY of NEW YORK

A. B. Treat, General Eastern Manager,

R. S. Chambers, General Agent, 91 William St.

Phone John 533-534-3365, New York City.

B70

Warning!!

The following securities were lost on a Broadway Subway train between Eighth Street and Forty-second Street stations yesterday morning:

$10,000 Temporary Certificate Armour & Company 6% Bonds, due 1920, Nos. V1470 and V1468.

$3,000 U. S. Liberty Second 4% Registered Bonds.

50 shares Union Pacific Railroad Company stock No. A202115.

50 shares Union Pacific Railroad Company stock No. A202116.

100 shares American Smelting & Refining Company p'f'd stock No. 32390.

100 shares Barrett Company preferred stock No. B595.

Transfer has been stopped and all parties are cautioned against negotiating any of the above securities. If found please hold and notify the Coal & Iron National Bank, 143 Liberty Street, New York.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO THE HOLDERS OF

RAILWAY STEEL-SPRING COMPANY

(Inter-Ocean Plant)

1st Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds.

Dated October 1, 1911.

REDEMPTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN as provided in Article 4 of the mortgage dated October 1, 1911, made by the Railway Steel-Spring Company to the Standard Trust Company of New York, Trustee, Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Successor, that the Railway Steel-Spring Company will redeem all of its outstanding First Mortgage 5%, 20 year Gold Bonds (Inter-Ocean Plant) issued under said mortgage, on October 1, 1918, at one hundred and five per cent. (105%) of the face value thereof, with accrued interest thereon to October 1, 1918. Said bonds will be redeemed at the Coupon Department of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 140 Broadway, New York City, and should have attached coupons due October 1, 1918, after which date interest will cease.

RAILWAY STEEL-SPRING COMPANY,
By F. F. FITZPATRICK, President.
Dated, New York City, August 16, 1918.

TO THE HOLDERS OF

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.

30 Year 5% Collateral Trust Gold Bonds Due December 1, 1946

The undersigned hereby gives notice that it has in the Sinking Fund the sum of $801,227 for investment in the above mentioned bonds. Offers of bonds endorsed "Tender of American Telephone & Telegraph Co. Bonds" will be received by the Trustee, at 17 Court Street, Boston, Mass., until noon of **Monday, Sept. 23, 1918,** at which time they will be opened. The right is reserved to reject any and all offers. Interest on accepted bonds will cease **September 26, 1918.**

OLD COLONY TRUST COMPANY, Trustee
By C. B. HUMPHREY, Vice President.
Date, September 9, 1918.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.
NOTICE OF MEETING.
165 Broadway, New York, N. Y.,
July 11, 1918.

A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the Southern Pacific Company will be held at the office of this Company in Anchorage, Jefferson County, Kentucky, on Wednesday, October 9, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon, standard time, for the following purposes, viz.:

To authorize, approve and ratify (1) the execution and delivery of a contract or contracts between this Company separately or jointly with any one or more or all of its proprietary and affiliated companies, as party or parties of the first part, and the United States or its representative, as party of the second part, relating to the compensation to be paid for the possession, use and control of the railroad and system of transportation, and its appurtenances, of this Company and of such of its proprietary and affiliated companies, if any, as shall be parties to such contract, and to the operation, maintenance and return of such properties, and to any other matter connected with or growing out of the taking over of the said properties by the President of the United States, and (2) any action of the Board of Directors of this Company in respect thereto; to authorize the said Board (1) to alter, amend or add to such contract, (2) to collect the compensation to be paid under such contract, and, if said contract be joint, to agree with the other companies parties thereto as to the division of said compensation, and to take all such other and further action as the said Board shall deem necessary to secure adequate compensation, proper use, operation and maintenance, and a timely return of the properties so taken over; and generally to consider and act upon any and all questions and matters incidental to the purposes aforesaid or growing out of the aforesaid Federal Control of properties of this Company and its proprietary and affiliated companies.

For the purposes of the meeting, the books for the transfer of stock will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M., Tuesday, September 24, 1918, and will be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M., Thursday, October 10, 1918.

By order of the Board of Directors.
HUGH NEILL, Secretary.

CHALMERS MOTOR CORPORATION.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of CHALMERS MOTOR CORPORATION will be held at the office of the Company, 42 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on October 1, 1918, at two o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year and of voting upon a proposed reduction of the capital stock of the Corporation from $7,000,000, consisting of 532,000 shares without any nominal or par value and 44,000 shares with a preference as to principal of $100 each and as to dividends of $8 per share per annum, to $6,400,000, to consist of 400,000 shares without any nominal or par value and 44,000 shares with a preference as to principal of $100 each and as to dividends of $8 per share per annum, and considering and acting upon such other matters as may come before the meeting.

The stock transfer books will be closed September 21, 1918, and opened October 2, 1918.

Dated New York City, September 17, 1918.
HENRY E. BUTLER, Vice-President.
JACQUES S. COHEN, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the S. S. & C. COMPANY, INC., a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 27th day of August, 1918, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this twenty-seventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[Seal] C. W. TAFT,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

All persons having claims against the above-named corporation are directed to present the same forthwith at the office of the Company, No. 244 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	98¾	99¾	3s, conversion, 1947	88	..
2s, coupon, 1930	98¾	99¾	4s, registered, 1925	106¾	107½
2s, Panama, '38, reg	98½	99½	4s, coupon, 1925	106¾	107¾
2s, Panama, '38, coupon	98½	99½	3s, Panama, '61, reg	86	..
3s, registered, 1946	88	..	3s, Panama, '61, coupon	86	..
3s, coupon, 1946	88	..	5s, Fed Land Bank, '38	104	105

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Ask.		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Ask.
4½s July, 1967	99¾	100¾	99¾	100¾	3½s Nov., 1955	80½	..	80½	..
4½s June, 1965	99¾	100¾	99¾	100¾	3½s Nov., 1954	81	82	81	..
4½s Mar., 1963	99¾	100¾	99¾	100¾	3½s May, 1954	81	82	81	..
4½s Nov., 1957	99¾	100¾	99¾	100¾	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:				
4½s May, 1957	99¾	100¾	99¾	100¾					
4½s Mar., 1960-30	94½	94¾	94½	94¾	4½s 1924-1931	4.60	4.45	4.60	
4½s Mar., 1964	94½	94¾	94½	94¾	4½s 1921-1923	4.60	4.45	4.60	
4½s Apr., 1966	94½	94¾	94½	94¾	4½s 1919-1920	4.60	4.45	4.60	
4½s Mar., 1962	94½	94¾	94½	94¾	4½s 1919-1923	4.60	4.45	4.60	
4½s Sep., 1960	94½	94¾	94½	94¾	4½s 1924-1932	4.60	4.45	4.60	
4s May, 1959	90¾	91	90¾	91	4½s 1940-1953	4.70	4.55	4.70	
4s Nov., 1958	90¼	91	90¾	91	4½s 1930-1030	4.70	4.55	4.70	
4s May, 1957	90¼	91	90¾	91	4½s 1922-1929	4.70	4.50	4.70	
4s Nov., 1956	89	90	89	90	4½s 1918	4.50	4.00	4.50	
4s Nov., 1955	89	90	89	90	3s 1940-1953	4.70	4.55	4.70	
4s Nov., 1936	92	93	92	93	3s 1926-1930	4.70	4.55	4.70	
4s May, 1919	99¼	..	99¾	..	3s 1918-1925	4.70	4.55	4.70	
4s Nov., 1918	99½	..	99½	..					

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
100 Atlantic Pet.	2	2	2	40 Elkhorn	27½	27½	27½
225 Cosden	6	6	6	10 United Ry.	20	20	20
185 Con Power	99	97	98½	195 W. B & A.	31½	31½	31¼
5 Davison	46½	46½	46½	15 Do pf	49½	49½	49½

Bonds.

$1,000 Norfolk St Ry 5s 92½ 92¼ 92½
1,000 United Ry Inc 52 52 52

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
50 Adventure	60	60	60	60 La Salle	2¼	2¼	2¼
35 Allouez	50	49	50	50 Mayflower	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
8 Anaconda	67	67	67	10 North Butte	13½	13½	13½
115 Ariz Com'l	15½	14⅝	15½	225 Niplssing	9	8¾	9
67 Calu & Ariz	68	67	67	30 Old Domin	39	39	39
3 Calu & Hec	462	462	462	40 Pond Creek	18½	18¼	18¼
25 Centennial	12	12	12	9 Quincy	66	66	66
40 Cop Range	46	46	46	100 Seneca	10¾	10¾	10¾
80 Daly West	2¼	2¼	2¼	10 South Lake	95	95	95
800 Davis-Daly	5¼	5⅛	5¼	315 Super & Bos	3¾	3½	3¾
200 East Butte	10	10	10	10 Trinity	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
5 Hancock	6	6	6	10 U S Smelt	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞
150 Indiana	60	60	60	25 Utah Con	10	10	10
145 Island Creek	61	59½	59½	75 Utah Metals	2	2	2
2 Do pf	79¾	79¾	79¾	20 Winona	1¼	1¼	1¼

Railroads.

9 Atchison	85	85	85	200 Mass Elec	2	1¾	2
165 Bos Elev	69	68	68	320 Do pf	12½	11¾	12½
10 Bos & Low	87	87	87	115 New Haven	39¾	39	39¼
10 Bos & Me	33½	33¼	33½	1 West End	49	49	49
10 Bos & W pf	28	28	28				

Miscellaneous.

91 Am Agr Ch	100	99¾	100	120 Island Oil	3¾	3¾	3¾
15 Amoskeag	84	84	84	3 Mass Gas	84	84	84
136 Am T & T	98¾	98	98¾	20 Nova Scotia	64	64	64
21 Am Wool pf	94	93¼	94	35 N E T & T	87	86½	87
10 Atl-Gulf	101¼	101¼	101¼	25 Punta Sugar	36	36	36
70 Booth	26	25¾	26	287 Swift	104	103¾	104
60 Century	13⅞	13¾	13¾	10 United Drug	72	72	72
10 East Boston	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	10 Do 1st pf	49	49	49
5 Edison	145	145	145	40 United Fruit	130	129	130
80 Eastern SS	6¾	6¾	6¾	20 United Shoe	39½	39½	39½
5 Fairbanks	50	50	50	100 Do pf	26	25¾	25¾
10 Gen Electric	147	146	147	50 Ventura	7	7	7
882 Gorton Pew	31½	31¼	31¼	80 Walworth	19¾	19¾	19¾

Bonds.

$2,000 Am T&T 6s	94¾	94¾	94¾	$3,500 Lib 4s	96.34	95.54	95.54
2,000 C J C 4s	72¾	72¾	72¾	9,300 4¼s, '47	96.90	95.70	95.70
5,000 MissRivPow 5s	72	71	72	1,000 Sup 4s	95.94	95.54	95.94
5,000 UFruit 4½s	95¼	95¼	95¼	4,000 4¼s, '28	95.98	95.54	95.54
4,700 Lib 3½s	100.10	99.74	100.10	*Ex dividend.			
2,900 conv 4s	96.80	96.24	96.34				

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
585 Am Ship	135¾	129	135¾	40 M Ward pf	104	104	104
80 Armour pf	98¼	98	98	20 People's Gas	45½	45½	45½
10 Booth Fish	26¾	26¾	26¾	15 Quak Oats	245	245	245
95 Cudahy	111	110	111	40 Do pf	95	95	95
145 Com Edison	102	101½	103¾	200 Sears, Roeb	140	140	140
20 Dia Match	108	108	108	75 Stew Warn	59½	59¼	59½
180 Ill Brick	49	40	49	435 Un Carbide	55¾	55½	55¾
85 Midw Util pf	40	40	40	125 Un Paper B	20	19¾	19¾
				100 Do pf	61	61	61

Bonds.

$3,000 CC&R 1st 5s	84¾	84¾	84¾	$4,000 Lib 3½s	100.00	100.00	100.00
3,000 C Ed 1st 5s	87¾	87¾	87¾	2,000 2d 4s	95.70	95.66	95.66

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
10 Elec Stor	52	52	52	300 Phila Elec	25	24¾	24¾
520 Lake Sup	17	16¾	16¾	100 P R T	26¾	26¾	26¾
55 Lehigh Val	59¾	59½	59½	45 Un Gas Imp	64	64	64

Bonds.

$3,000 C Tr N J 5s	85	85	85	$1,000 Lib 1st 4s	96.76	96.76	96.76
13,000 C Phil 4s	97	97	97	1,000 Ph El 1st 5s	91	91	91
1,000 L V C ref 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	6,000 Rdg gen 4s	81½	81¼	81½

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
185 Cities Service	209	208½	208	210
825 Cities Service pf	72¼	72	71¾	72¼

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Power	14	16	Gas & Elec Secur pf	80	85
Adiron Elec Power pf	66	68	Miss River Power	12	14
Am Gas & Electric	82	84	Miss River Power pf	41	46
Am Gas & Electric pf	39	41	Northern Ohio Electric	15	20
Am Light & Traction	179	182	Northern Ohio Elec pf	50	55
Am Light & Trac pf	91	93	North Ont L & Pow	11	15
Am Power & Light	40	46	North Ont L & P pf	43	53
Am Power & Light pf	69	72	Northern States Power	44	45
Am Public Utilities	..	..	Northern States Pow pf	80	82
Am Public Utilities pf	..	50	Northern Texas Elec	60	65
Am W W & Electric	4½	5½	Northern Tex Elec pf	70	75
Am W W & El 1st pf	59	62	Pacific Gas & Electric	34	35
Am W W & E partic	12	14	Pacific Gas & Elec pf	78	79
Carolina Pow & Light	25	28	Puget S T, L & P	10	13
Carolina Pow & L pf	84	88	Puget S T, L & P pf	41	46
Colorado Power	20	23	Ry & Light Secur	80	85
Colorado Power pf	89	94	Republic Ry & Light	16	18
Columbus Electric pf	70	77	Republic Ry & Lt pf	55	57
Com Pow, Ry & Light	19	21	Southern Cal Edison	73	75
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	36	38	Southern Cal Edison pf	95	98
Conn Power pf	75	80	Stand Gas & Electric	4	6
Consumers Power pf	80	85	Stand Gas & Elec pf	21½	22½
Eastern Texas Electric	53	58	Tampa Electric	97	102
Eastern Texas Elec pf	72	76	Tenn Ry, L & Power	2¾	3
El Paso Electric	..	..	Tenn Ry, L & P pf	12	14
El Paso Electric pf	80	85	United Light & Rys	28	30
Electric B & S pf	85	88	United L & Rys pf	56	59
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75	Wash I W L & P pf	84	87
Federal Light & Trac	7	10	Western Power	11	13
Federal L & Trac pf	33	40	Western Power pf	49	51
Galveston-Hous Elec	17	20	West, Church & Kerr	..	65
Galveston-Hous El pf	60	65	West, Church & K pf	..	82
Gas & Elec Securities	200	250	Yadkin Riv Pow pf	98	100

Bonds.

Alabama Water 6s, '20	96	98	Miss V G & E 5s, '22	78	80
Appalach Power 5s, '32	63	67	Nor States Pow 6s, '26	89	91
Cin Gas & El 5s, '56	89	92	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	84	86
Cities Serv deb 7s	101	102½	Nor Tex Elec col 5s	79	83½
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	73½	76	Omaha & C B Ry	72	78
Commonwealth Power (Neb) 1st 6s, 1944	97	100	Pug S T, L & P 7s	96	98
Conn Power 5s, 1963	84	89	Roanoke W W 5s, '19	96	96½
Dallas Elec 5s, 1922	84	88	So Cal Edison 5s, '39	87	90
East Tex Elec col 5s	82	88	Twin States Gas & El 5s, 1953	77	82½
El Paso Elec col 5s	85	92	Un L & R 1st 5s, '32	77	80
Gt West Pow 5s, '46	71	74	Un L & R deb 6s, '28	83	87
Gt West Pow 6s, '25	87	90	Un Util cv 6s, 1943	90	95
Int-M Ry L & P 6s	98	99	Utah Securities	84	96
Middle W U 6s, 1925	85	90	Wash I W L & P 6s	94½	98
Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s	71	..			

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil	14½	15	14¼	Penn-Mex Fuel Co	26	30	26
Atlantic Refining	910	930	910	Prairie O & G	480	495	480
Berne-Scrymser	420	440	420	Prairie Pipe Line	250	255	253
Buckeye Pipe Line	86	88	86	Solar Refining	295	305	295
Chesebrough Mfg	315	330	315	Southern P Line	160	165	160
Colonial Oil	10	40	10	South Penn Oil	240	245	240
Continental Oil	390	415	390	So W Pa	88	92	88
Crescent Pipe Line	32	35	32	Stand Oil of Cal	210	215	210
Cumberland P. L	130	140	130	Stand Oil of Ind	545	565	555
Eureka Pipe Line	175	185	175	Stand Oil of Kan	435	450	435
Galena Signal Oil	92	95	95	Stand Oil of Ky	285	305	295
Do pf, new	95	105	95	Stand Oil of Neb	420	440	420
Do pf, old	105	115	105	Stand Oil of N J	508	513	508
Illinois Pipe Line	145	150	145	Stand Oil of N Y	250	255	250
Indiana Pipe Line	90	92	90	Stand Oil of Ohio	400	410	400
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd	13¾	13¾	13¾	Swan & Finch	90	95	90
National Transit	11½	12¼	11¾	Union Tank	90	95	90
N. Y. Transit	180	190	180	Vacuum Oil	315	325	310
Northern Pipe Line	100	105	100	Washington Oil	33	37	33
Ohio Oil	292	297	293				

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

There was a reactionary tendency to the market at the close yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. While final quotations showed but fractional losses, they represented a decline of about a point from the previous high levels made by a strong demand. Selling pressure in the final hour caused a sharp break in prices. Gains were eliminated and losses recorded in practically the entire list.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Alaska Gold	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	300	N Y, N H & H	39¾	39¼	39¾
10	Am B Sugar	69¼	69¼	69¼	10	North Pac	87⅞	87⅝	87⅝
50	Am Can	44	43¾	44	70	Ohio C Gas	39¼	37¾	37¾
20	Am H & L	20	20	20	60	Ont Silver	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛
10	Am Ice Sec	25¾	25¾	25¾	20	Pac Mail	32	31⅞	31⅞
260	Am S & R	77½	77	77½	10	Pennsylvania	43¾	43⅞	43⅞
500	Am Su Tob	111½	108	110⅝	40	Pierce Oil	16¼	16⅛	16¼
10	Am T & T	98¾	98¾	98¾	60	Ry St'l Spgs	66⅞	66¾	66⅝
10	Am Zinc	15¼	15¼	15¼	10	Ray Copper	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜
190	Anac Cop	67⅝	67	67¼	920	Reading	87¾	86⅞	87¼
650	Bald Loco	89½	87⅞	87⅞	50	Rep I & S	90⅜	89⅞	90⅜
200	Beth St'l B	82	80½	82	250	Sinclair Oil	32½	31⅝	31⅝
150	Cen Leather	67⅞	66¼	67	50	Pacific	86	86	86
150	C, M & St P	49½	48¾	49¼	190	So Railway	26¾	26⅜	26⅝
80	C, R I & P	25½	25½	25¾	10	Studebaker	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞
10	Chino Cop	38½	38½	38½	10	Texas Co	159¾	159¾	159⅝
40	Columb Gas	34½	34½	34½	100	Union Pac	124⅝	124½	124½
210	Crucible St'l	64½	64¼	64½	50	U S Ind Al	115	114⅝	114¾
40	CubaCaneSu	30⅝	29½	30⅝	20	U S Rubber	60½	60¼	60½
150	Dist Secur	53⅞	53	53⅜	18,940	U S Steel	110¼	109	109¾
60	Erie	15¾	15¾	15¾	50	Va-Car	53⅞	53⅜	53⅜
40	Do 1st pf	30⅝	30⅜	30⅜	70	Westing El	43	43	43
20	Inspir Cop	53⅜	53⅜	53⅜	*LIBERTY BONDS.				
20	Int Mer Ma	27½	27½	27½					
1,160	Do pf	102¼	101¾	101⅞	$2,800	Lib 3½s	101.04	100.94	101.00
20	Int Nickel	29⅜	29⅜	29⅜	2,800	1st 4s	97.78	97.66	97.72
20	Interb Con	6½	6½	6½	3,900	2d 4s	97.26	97.12	97.18
40	Kenne Cop	33½	33½	33½	2,000	1st 4¼s	97.84	97.72	97.72
2,930	Mex Petrol	105	103⅜	104⅝	2,650	2d 4¼s	97.26	97.22	97.24
20	Nat Lead	57¼	57	57	3,800	3d 4¼s	96.02	95.92	95.98
450	N Y Cent	73¾	72⅞	73	*Prices include interest.				

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,500	‡Aetna Exp	10¼	9⅞	10	3,000	Do pf	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
200	B-Am T Co, coupon	17⅜	17½	17½	500	Mar of Am	3¾	3¼	3¾
800	‡Burn C B	3⅜	3½	3½	150	‡Rele E Cp	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝
200	‡Burns B L	35½	35¼	35½	6,000	‡Rosn Ors & Iron Cp	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
200	Chev Motor	117	116	117	500	Smith M T	¾	¾	¾
400	‡Col Wool'n	11¼	11¼	11¼	1,600	‡Un Motors	27½	26⅞	27
700	‡Cup Sulp'r	½	½	½	1,100	U S Sp Co	6	5⅞	6
250	‡Gil S Razor	99½	98½	98½	2,000	‡W-M A Cp	7¼	6⅞	7¼
1,800	Grape-Ola	⅛	⅛	⅛	200	‡Do pf	62	62	62

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

10	‡South P O	245	245	245	11	‡S Oil Co of N J	513	510	510
10	‡S Oil Co of Cal	214	214	214					

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

1,200	‡†Am Ven O	7	6	7	700	‡Merritt Oil	19¾	19½	19¾
800	‡Barn O & G	¼	⅛	⅛	700	Met Petrol	1¼	1⅛	1¼
3,000	‡Bos-Wyo	16	15	15	100	Okla P & R	6½	6½	6½
200	‡Cos & Co	6	5⅞	6	5,900	Okmul P & R	2¼	1⅞	2
70	‡Crystal Oil, (a pros.)	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	200	‡Sap O & R	6¼	6⅛	6¼
1,600	‡†Esmer Oil	4	4	4	2,400	Seq O & R	½	½	½
600	‡Federal Oil	2	1⅞	1⅞	2,800	‡Stanton Oil	1⅝	1½	1½
800	‡Glenrock Oil	3	3	3	800	‡Tex O & R	⅞	⅞	⅞
200	‡Houston Oil	79	77	77	10,000	‡Tux St Oil	2	2	2
2,000	‡Isl'd O & T	3¾	3¼	3¼	300	‡U W O, new	¾	¾	¾
250	‡Kinney Oil	¾	¾	¾	1,200	‡Victoria Oil, new stock	1⅞	1¾	1⅞

MINING STOCKS.

2,400	†A-B Col M	44	40	42	500	Mason Val	4	3½	4
1,000	‡†Am Mines	81	79	81	1,000	‡†Mother L	34	34	34
900	Ariz B Cop Co	5½	5⅜	5½	1,000	‡N Z & L	15	15	15
2,000	††Atlanta	4	3½	3½	1,500	Nip M Co	9	8⅞	9
1,700	Big Ledge	¾	¾	¾	600	Ohio Cop	⅛	⅛	⅛
5,000	‡Bos & Mon	44	42	43	300	‡Ray H M	4¼	4⅛	4¼
2,700	‡Caledonia	46	44	45	1,200	‡†Roch Com	36	35	36
6,200	‡Cal & Jer	⅜	⅜	⅜	1,200	‡Roch Mines	33	32	32
400	Canada Cop	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1,000	‡Sil Can Min	72	71	72
3,500	††Candel Sil	43	41	42	1,200	‡Sil Fin Sil	⅞	⅞	⅞
500	‡Cer S M & M	⅛	⅛	⅛	600	Stand Sil-Ld	¾	¾	¾
2,000	Con Ariz S	1½	1½	1½	3,500	Stewart	14	13	14
500	Crescent C	1¼	1¼	1¼	200	Ton Exten	1½	1½	1½
300	‡Denbigh M	1½	1½	1½	1,000	‡Troy-Ariz	10	10	10
800	‡E C M Co	1⅜	1¼	1⅜	600	Tuolumne C	1	⅛	⅛
2,000	††Fort Con	43	43	43	1,500	‡†U S L & Z	22	21	22
500	Gilson C	2¾	2¾	2¾	1,000	‡†W M & M	11	11	11
2,100	Globe D	⅞	¾	¾	1,200	‡Wash G Q	75	74	74
300	††Ha'e G M, (a pros.)	70	70	70	2,500	‡W E Cons	1½	1	1⅛
270	Hecla Min	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	6,500	‡†Wes U Ex, (a pros.)	18	16	16
1,200	‡†Jim Butler	49	47	48	12,500	Wh Caps M	13½	12	12
1,000	‡Jumbo Ext	10	10	10	2,000	††W Caps Ex, (a pros.)	2	2	2
1,000	‡†Kewanas	3	3	3					

Bonds.

$1,000	‡Arm'r & Co 6s, 1920	98¼	98¼	98¼	$6,000	‡Cudahy 7s, 1923	97¾	97¾	97¾
4,000	‡Beth S 7% 1920	100¾	100¾	100¾	10,000	‡F F L 5s	105	104¾	104¾
5,000	‡ Do 1921	99¾	99¾	99¾	1,000	Phil Elec 6s	98¾	98¾	98¾
10,000	‡Can Gov 5s	97½	97½	97½	1,000	‡Rus Gv 5½s	53	53	53
*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.					2,000	‡ Do 6½s	60½	60	60½

***

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Tuesday:

INDUSTRIALS.	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Ask.
Am B Mfg	3	6	3	6
Am-B Mfg pf	25	30	25	30
B-T Tob reg	17⅛	18⅜	17½	18¼
Car, L & F	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝
Carbon Steel	118	122	118	122
Curtiss Aero	33	35	33	35
Do pf	60	70	60	70
East Yendinge	5	6¼	5	6¼
Freeport (Tex) Sulphur	30	32	29	31
Gen Asphalt	26	28	26½	28½
Do pf	52	55	60	63
Holly Sugar	..	40	..	40
Do pf	86	91	86	91
Hupp Motor	3¼	3⅜	3¼	3⅜
Inter Rubber	7	8	7	8
Key T & R	16	16⅛	16	16⅛
K, T & R pf	18	21	18	21
Kirby Lumb'r	..	17	..	17
Do pf	58	62	58	62
Lake T Boat	4¼	4⅝	4¼	4⅝
Do pf	4½	6	4½	6
L Val Coal S	84	87	84	87
Llma Loco	44	46	44	46
Lukens Steel	40	55	40	55
Man Transit	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Max Munit'n	½	¾	½	¾
Mid'd Sec	106	108	106	108
Mitchell Mot	30	40	30	40
N A P & P	2¼	2½	2¼	2½
N Y Ship	43	45	43	45
N Y Trans	13½	15	13½	15
Pa Coal & C	28	29	28	29
Pyrene	9¼	10¼	9½	10½
Rep Motor T	35	40	35	40
St L,R M & P	38½	43	38½	43
St Joe L	14	15	14	15
Stand Motors	12¾	13¼	12¾	13¼
Steel Alloys	4½	5½	4½	5½
Steel & Rad'n	14½	15½	14½	15½
Sub Boat	16	16¾	16	16¾
Thigpen	5	6¾	5	6¾
Todd Shipyds	88	90	88	90
Triangle Film	⅜	½	⅜	½
U S L & H	1⅝	1¾	1⅝	1¾
Do pf	2	3	2	3
Un Zinc & S	1⅝	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞
World Film	¼	⅜	¼	⅜

OIL STOCKS.	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Ask.
Allen Oil	⅜	½	⅜	½
Appalach Oil	3	5	3	5
Atlantic Pet	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝
Cos & Co pf	3⅝	3¾	3⅝	3¾
Drillers Oil	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
Elk Basin P	5⅛	6⅛	5	5¼
Globe Oil	1	¼	1	¼
Int Petroleum	13½	13⅝	13½	13⅝
Mid-Con Cons	7	7¼	7	7¼
Midwest Ref	105	107	105	107
Mortgage Own pf	1	1¼	1	1¼
Min Wells F	2¾	3	2¾	3
N W Oil	42	44	42	44
Okla Oil	1	2	1	2
Do pf	2	4	2	4
Omar O & G	22	27	22	27
Penn-Ky Oil	4½	4⅝	4½	4⅝
Penn & Gas	⅜	½	⅜	½
RedRockO&G	48	50	48	50
Royal Oil	..	¼	..	¼
Sec Prod & R	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
S Oil & Tr	3½	4	3½	4
Sinclair Gulf	16	16½	16	16½
Sinc Gulf war	30	32	30	32
S W Oil	30	40	30	40
Un West Oil	⅛	¼	⅛	¼

STEEL MEN STUDY LABOR SITUATION

Manufacturers Fear Outside Efforts to Bring About Government Interference.

PRICE CONFERENCE TODAY

All Branches of the Industry Will Ask War Board to Fix Higher Schedules.

The labor situation in the steel industry, it is learned, is causing considerable concern among the manufacturers. The effort to unionize workers, which was reported from Gary, Ind., a few days ago to have made some progress there, is being closely studied by the managements of companies where the open-shop has heretofore prevailed.

"Attempts to bring steel plants under the rulings of the National War Labor Board continue," says The Iron Age, "and the situation is tense, not so much from actual differences between the manufacturers and employes as from efforts from without to raise issues that will bring Government interference."

Today the General Committee of the American Iron and Steel Institute is scheduled to meet the War Industries Board at Washington in a discussion of the fixed prices which will prevail in the last quarter of the year. In commenting on the plans of the steel and iron men, The Iron Age says:

"Lake Superior iron ore producers, particularly underground miners, have formulated their argument for a second advance. Eastern iron ore companies have come together for the first time and will be represented at the price table. Wire companies have agreed that barbed wire should be advanced $5 a ton and nails by a like amount. The smaller steel makers who buy their pig iron, and who represent about 10 per cent. of the finished material output in important lines, will make a stronger appeal than at any previous conference.

"Foundry pig iron producers decided at their meeting last Thursday that their case must be presented separately at Washington and not through the general steel committee. Regional prices are being agitated and the Southern furnace companies are especially insistent.

"At Washington, while the cry still goes up for greater production, there is little encouragement to the pleas for higher prices, though some producers, both of pig iron and finished steel, are claiming that in the last quarter of the year their costs will be higher than present prices."

The August output of steel ingots is estimated at 3,498,000 tons for 27 working days, compared with 3,532,600 tons in the 26 working days of July. Orders for railroad and war material brought forward in the last week have emphasized the close relation between output and the steady forward movement of the allied armies in France. In addition to American requirements, a new call has come for 60,000 tons of steel for Italy and 65,000 tons for Great Britain, with the possibility of the latter being raised to 90,000 tons. The demand for war material, according to trade reports, has overshadowed of late the pressure for ship plates.

NEW FRENCH WAR LOAN.

Russian Bonds to be Accepted in Part Payment of Subscriptions.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 18.—Finance Minister Klotz laid before the Chamber this afternoon the text of a bill to authorize the issue of the Fourth French War Loan. The new loan, the amount of which no limit will be placed, will be of the 4 per cent. type of irredeemable rentes and will, like last year's issue, be free of all taxation and will not be convertible before the expiration of twenty-five years after the issue.

No statement is made in the bill as to the exact date or issue price of the loan, but it is understood that this will be sufficiently below par to make the new offer as attractive as possible to the investing public.

National Defense Bonds will be accepted in payment for the new loan, and the Minister expresses the opinion in the preamble to the bill that it would be only equitable to give a small premium to the holders of these bonds who, by converting them into the new security in the form of perpetual rentes, display for the second time their confidence in their country.

With a view to bringing in the smaller class of investors, the holders of Treasury Bonds will also be allowed to exchange these in part payment for the new stock. A provision of the bill, which will be enormously appreciated here, is that investors who are holders of Russian Government securities will be allowed to pay the purchase price of their investments in the new loans so far as 50 per cent. is concerned in Russian coupons. With a view to preventing speculation which this privilege is likely provoke the bill includes clauses forbidding dealings below a certain figure in Russian bonds and other securities, which may be utilized in part payment, it being intimated that the quotations at which such dealings may be effected will be published in a decree to be promulgated later. Heavy fines are to be imposed for any infringements of these provisions.

The general opinion of the Chamber this afternoon was that the conditions attached to the loan would afford every reason to expect the issue would be a triumphant success.

ASK HIGHER EXPRESS RATES

American Railway Co.'s Application Calls for $24,000,000 a Year.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Application for another 10 per cent. increase in express rates has been made by the American Railway Express Company to Director General McAdoo. The consolidated express company specifically asks to apply a flat increase of 10 cents per 100 pounds to existing commodity rates and to advance first-class rates about 16 cents and second-class rates 12 cents per 100 pounds.

The new scales would add to he company's annual revenue $24,000,000 a year, and since the increase would be fixed amounts without regard to distance, most of the burden—probably $17,000,000—would fall on short hauls, such as suburban and inerurban traffic.

Presentation of the application was disclosed today through a letter sent to Mr. McAdoo by Charles E. Elmquist, Acting President of the National Association of Railway and Utilities Commissioners, protesting against secret consideration by the Director General of the proopsed advance.

SCHWAB PLANT OVERTAXED.

Bethlehem Dumping Ground for Contracts, Says Baruch.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—All orders which Government agencies may desire to give to the Bethlehem Steel Company hereafter will be closely scanned by a committee representing the War Industries Board, the army, the navy, and the Shipping Board. Chairman Baruch of the War Industries Board announced this today after a conference with Charles M. Schwab, at which was discussed criticisms that the Bethlem Steel Company had failed to deliver war orders promptly.

Mr. Baruch said the Bethlehem Company had done remarkably well, and that any difficulty was from multiplicity of the kinds of orders placed there. In the past, he said, whenever the Government wanted anything done that the Bethlehem concern could do, it was dumped there" indiscriminately.

BANKERS ADDRESSED BY WOMAN BANKER

Mrs. Aldrich of New York Tells Them Why Girl Employes Soon Lose Enthusiasm.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., Sept. 18.—Mrs. Evelyn Aldrich, the first woman in the history of the American Institute of Banking to appear as a speaker at any of its sixteen annual conventions, addressed the 500 banker delegates today.

Mrs. Aldridge, head of the woman's department of a big New York bank and a member of the American International Corporation, which numbers the Hog Island Shipbuilding plant among its enterprises, began by saying she had not found that woman differed much from man in the matter of business capacity.

"Ability," she continued, "is not so much a matter of sex as of the individual. I once asked one of the officials of our bank how he found the work of the women as compared with men. He replied that the girls showed more alertness than the boys in the beginning and were able to work all around them as a rule, but that they soon lost interest.

"I found it true. Do you know why? It is because of the attitude of the men in the bank, especially the young men. They make these girls think that the bank is man's field, that the girls are not welcome and only there because they are sorely needed; that there is no hope of their getting very far.

"And the trouble is that you men want the impossible. You resent the girl, even the capable, ambitious girl, who comes into the bank all fluffy-ruffles, flossy clothes and powdered nose. Yet you insist on womanly women. You expect these poor girls to come to the bank door women and then turn into men."

Hearty approval of the Federal Reserve act on behalf of himself and American bankers generally was expressed by J. H. Puelicher of Milwaukee. Mr. Puelicher compared Woodrow Wilson with Abraham Lincoln. Whereas Lincoln democratized the country, Wilson is carrying the American ideal throughout the world, said Mr. Puelicher.

Closer co-operation between big business and the Government after the war was a forecast made by James Rattray, Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

PASS BOND EXEMPTION BILL.

Senate Approves Administration Measure with Slight Changes.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—The Administration bill, designed to stimulate the sale of Liberty bonds by exempting from the income and surtaxes the interest on the Fourth Liberty Loans up to $30,000 and up to $45,000 on smaller issues, was passed today by the Senate. It now goes to conference between the two houses.

The main provisions of the House draft of the bill were unchanged except that the section giving the President authority to regulate or prohibit transactions in foreign exchange or in bonds or certificates of indebtedness was eliminated, the opposition contending that the power might be used to prevent the foreclosure of mortgages secured by Liberty bonds.

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, s w corner of 174th St, (550-52 w,)-99.11x100, Sept. 17; J. G. Leasing Co. to Winfield W. Scott, 116 Nassau St, due March 17, 1919, 6 p. c.; attorney Axel Josephson, 256 Broadway.....$3,000

SPRING ST, 193, n s, 46.3 ft e of Sullivan St, 19.8x75, June 19; Raffaela D'Acunto to A. B. Fasola & Co., Hoboken, N. J., due Jan 30, 1922, 6 p. c., prior mtg $16,000; attorney, Joseph O. Laino, 25 Pine St.$1,500

8TH AV, 880, e s, 80.9 ft s of 53d St, 19.7x80, Sept. 16; Conrad Alhadit to Excellent Realty Co., 277 Broadway, installments, prior mtg $11,000; attorneys, Weadel, E. & R., 277 Broadway.....$7,000

23D ST, n s, 358 ft e of 9th Av, runs e 58x n 142.5, to a pt 248 ft w 7.10x s 58x w 33.9x s 142.4 to beginning, Sept. 6; Mary M. Sherman to J. Clifton Edgar, 28 West 56th St, due Sept. 17, 1921, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co.....gold, $25,000

77TH ST, 201 East, n s, 74 ft e of 3d Av, 21x102.7, Sept. 16; Adelaide S., John A. and William A. Franke and Irene K. F. Betnel (Franke) and Helen F. Burton (Franke) to Sarah Larschau, 318 East 79th St, due Sept. 15, 1921, 6 p. c., prior mtg $7,500; attorney, Otto Ballor, 1,393 3d Av.....$2,500

83D ST, 51 West, n s, 275 ft e of Columbus Av, 18x102.2, Aug. 31; Ermance Rigny to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due and mtg as per bond.....$6,000

119TH ST, 72 West, s s, 185 ft e of Lenox Av, 17x100.4, P. M., Sept. 16; Rachel J. Brown to Central Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, due Sept 18, 1923; attorneys, Amend & A, 119 Nassau St.....$6,500

Bronx.

BRYANT AV, 906, e s, 20x100; Anna Reuter to Cornelius C. Link, 127 West 108th St, Sept. 17, due as per bond; attorney, T. J. Curran, 35 Nassau St.....$4,000

CHESTNUT ST, 501, n s, 28x90; Fannie Schneiderman to Leah Goldstein, 251 East 119th St, Sept 11, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. M. Leibner, 63 Park Row..$1,750

CRESTON AV, 2,015, w s, 28x100; Lillian K. Abraham to Tillie E. Sigler, 2,015 Creston Av, prior mtg $5,000, Sept. 18, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, T. G. & T. Co., 176 Broadway.....$3,000

CARPENTER AV, 4,641, w s, 50x100; Robert Wigger to Frank Sutton, 830 North Terrace Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., Sept. 17, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, T. G. & T. Co., 176 Broadway.....$2,000

OLINVILLE AV, 3,645, w s, 20.1x100; Joseph Ernsthal to Leopold Wimpfheimer, 257 West 114th St, Sept. 9, 3 years; attorney, Leopold Wimpfheimer, 257 West 114th St.

WESTCHESTER RAILROAD ST, s s, 52.10 ft e from angle point of lot 192, map Wilton &c., runs s — to Morrisania Branch R. R. s w to an angle point e 62.10; Stebbins Realty and Construction Co. to Jas. Gettings, 650 East 149th St, and another, Sept. 17, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,000

3D AV, n e corner of 165th St, 82x70.7x96.9x 31.1; Charles L. Petze to American Realty Co., Inc., 299 Broadway, prior mtg $52,500, Sept. 12, due as per bond; attorney, Max Monfried, 299 Broadway.....$6,000

140TH ST, 607 East, n s, 40x95; Mary Gerlich to Frederick Roth, 626 Morris Park Av, prior mtg $28,000, Sept. 6, due March 15, 1919, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$3,500

163D ST, s s, 87 ft w of Teller Av, 99x115, August Doser to Niewenhous Bros., Inc., 369 East 163d St, Aug. 30, due as per bond; attorneys, Frees & McE., 3,029 3d Av.....$25,000

170TH ST, s s, 147.11 ft e of Franklin Av, 47x110.8; Ulster Court Corporation to Jay Tee Bee Holding Cor., 1,149 Boston Road, prior mtg $27,000, April 17, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. J. Barry, 1,149 Boston Road.....$4,000

170TH ST, s s, 100.11 ft e of Franklin Av, 47x105.4; Ulster Court Corporation to Jay Tee Bee Holding Co., 1,149 Boston Road, prior mtg $27,000, Sept. 17, 4 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. J. Barry, 1,149 Boston Road.....$4,000

175TH ST, 707 East, n e s, 15.9x100; Frederick Albern to Ronald McAdam, 707 East 175th St, Sept. 17, due March 17, 1920, 6 p. c.; attorney, Ronald McAdam, 707 East 175th St.....$500

183D ST, 59 West, n s, 20x100; Benjamin Raphael to Louise J. Wessian, 780 Riverside Drive, Sept. 17, 5 years; attorneys, Davis & D., 51 Chambers St.....$5,500

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Bronx.

170TH ST, Nos. 702-708 East; Wolf Weintraub, against Crotona Avenue Realty Co., Barnet Levy, as President, owners; Joe and Nettie Jonas, contractors.....$150

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

143D ST, Nos. 45 to 51 West; Gabriel Besner, against Non Column Garage Co, Inc., et al., Aug. 9, 1918.....$800

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

105TH ST, 143 West; J. Chr. G. Hupfel Brewing Co. against Maurice Black et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Forster, Hotaling & Klenke.

8TH AV, 1,489; Lawyers Mortgage Co. against Elysee Realty Co., Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

Bronx.

LOT 20, map of property belonging to Hudson P. Rose, known as St. Raymond's Park, 24th Ward; William Torper against John H. Corkey et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, W. L. Allen.

AVENUE C, e s, 68 ft n of 12th St, 50x 105; Dora L. Schreiber against David A. Rosow et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. C. Giore.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Resale of Front Street Building Shows Advance of Realty Valuations.

Ross W. Weir & Co., in the coffee business at 60 Front Street, have purchased, for occupancy, from the Markham Realty Corporation, the five-story building at 52 Front Street, on a plot 30 by 80. Pease & Elliman negotiated the deal.

Interesting figures are available showing the upward trend in the value of the property. It was bought by John Jacob Astor in 1788 for $3,932. He sold it in 1811 to Benjamin Stephens for $4,000. In 1822, the property was sold for $8,500 to a Mr. Lippincott who held it until 1847 when it was acquired by a Mr. Fink for $12,000. He sold it in 1881 to Mr. Coster for $16,500 and the building passed into the possession of the Markham Corporation some months ago for a reported price of $33,500. The consideration in the present deal was about $40,000.

Dwelling Sales.

Millie Tallman sold to a client of W. J. Huston & Son the three-story dwelling at 199 Edgecombe Avenue, on a plot 16.8 by 100.

Mrs. Louisa Stockbridge sold, through Charles S. Kohler, the three-story dwelling at 1,545 St. Nicholas Avenue, on a plot 20 by 80.

Deal for Tenement.

The Leonard Morgan Company sold for Florence H. Bradford the five-story tenement at 806 West Forty-sixth Street, on a plot 25 by 100, to an investing client of Joseph F. Feist & Co.

The Bronx Market.

John Reid sold for Mrs. F. Murray 2,464 Devoe Terrace, Fordham Heights, a three-story detached dwelling, on a plot 25 by 90.

Charles S. Kohler sold the two-story dwelling at 2,120 Valentine Avenue, on a plot 25 by 113.

Brooklyn.

Walter S. Ross and C. C. Gretsinger sold for Thomas F. Wogan the plot 100 by 100 at the southwest corner of Seventy-eighth Street and Sixth Avenue; also the plot 100 by 100 on the south side of Seventy-eighth Street, 100 feet west of Sixth Avenue.

James H. Cruishank purchased from the New York Title and Mortgage Company 238 Jefferson Avenue, a three-story dwelling on plot 20 by 100. Harry Sugarman was the broker.

Queens Borough Sales.

Harry B. Smith sold to Thomas F. Baldwin the dwelling at the southwest corner of Mitchell Avenue and Murray Lane, Flushing. J. Albert Johntra was the broker.

Staten Island.

W. S. E. Hall sold to Ira V. Chapman a cottage on Egbert Avenue, West New Brighton; the same broker also sold for Mrs. Elisabeth A. Rowokit the dwelling at 30 Roe Street.

Westchester County.

J. A. De Cew of Montreal, Canada, purchased from A. R. Anderson his residence at 286 Claremont Avenue, Chester Hill, Mount Vernon. The Anderson Realty Company and Irving H. Wolfe were the brokers in the tranaction. The Anderson Realty Company also sold at Mount Vernon the dwelling at 302 East Sidney Avenue for Margaret Platt to Charles G. Marsh, and 249 Westchester Avenue for George F. Hilton to D. Ellis Hamberger.

Commercial Leases.

The Charles F. Noyes Company leased the store, basement and sub-cellar of 63 Barclay Street for the C. L. Flaccus Glass Co. to John J. Mead and Lewis Campos for a long term of years.

Charles G. Keller rented for Hugh O'Reilly the building at 217 West Seventeenth Street to the Barlo Plating Company.

Walter J. Salmon leased to the Royal Tailors of Chicago and New York space on the mezzanine floor, including the corner, in the Bristol Building, 500 Fifth Avenue.

Liberty Loan Meeting.

Plans for realty's part in the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign will be presented at a luncheon to be held at 1 o'clock to-day, in the Real Estate Board rooms, 217 Broadway.

Buildings for Industrial Needs.

Contracts for the immediate construction of the following buildings to meet industrial needs have been awarded to the Turner Construction Company: For the American Woolen Company of Boston a reinforced concrete wool storehouse at the Washington Mills, Lawrence, Mass., ten stories high, 170 feet by 160 feet, and a storehouse at the West Medford Mills, five stories, 100 feet by 200 feet, and another building three stories, 100 feet by 100 feet.

For the American Agricultural Chemical Company a fertilizer plant at the Liebig works, Chrome, N. J., of reinforced concrete, 227 feet by 101 feet, two and one-half stories high.

For the Robert Gair Co. of Brooklyn a reinforced concrete building for the Piermont Paper Mills at Piermont, N. Y., two stories high, 230 feet by 100 feet.

For the Bureau of Standards, Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C., a dynamometer building of reinforced crete, 50 feet by 150 feet, two stories high.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Alteration.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

29th St., 39 East; to a two-story and basement dwelling, 39 East 29th St. Co., 101 Park Row, owner; D. Wortmann, 114 East 28th St., architect; cost $6,000.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Joseph P. Day.

Union Square West, 83, w s, 32.6 ft n of 16th St, 30.6x150, 11-story office and store building; Mutual Life Insurance Co. against 33 Union Square Corp. et al.; F. L. Allen, attorney; due, $241,329.17; taxes, &c., $3,074.47; adjourned to Sept. 25.

Fort Charles Place, 37-41, w s, s of 227th St. 87x52.8x irregular, 3-story dwelling; Harlem Savings Bank against S. B. Overbaugh, executor, et al.; due, $10,146.64; taxes, &c., $144.80; to the plaintiff for $8,000.

By Charles A. Berrian.

Willis Av, 323, w s, 33.4 ft s of 141st St, 16.8x81.7, 2-story dwelling and store; Society for University Extension Society against Ray Charig et al.; Cary & C., attorneys; due, $6,697.31; taxes, &c., $152.72; to the Lawyers' Mortgage Co., a party in interest, for $6,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS,

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 18.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AV. A, 1,511, n w corner of 80th St, 26x81.6; Crescent Star Realty Co. to Philip Hoffmann Realty Corp., 217 East 92d St, mtg. $23,000, all liens, Sept. 10; attorneys, Phillips, M. & W., 51 Chambers St.....$1

1ST AV, 412, n e corner of 24th St, 24.9x75; Crescent Star Realty Co. to Philip Hoffmann Realty Corp., 217 East 92d St., mtg. $10,000, all liens, Sept. 12; attorneys, Phillips, M. & W., 51 Chambers St.....$1

8TH ST, 358-62 East, s s, 107.5 e of Av C, 50.8x97.6; Stanley Newman to Blanche Nolan, 790 West End Av, mtg $49,000, Sept. 18; attorney, Edward D. Newman, 65 Liberty St.....$100

65TH ST, 313 West, n s, 175 ft w of 8th Av, 18x102.5; Crescent Star Realty Co. to Philip Hoffmann Realty Corp., 217 East 92d St, mtg $11,000, all liens, Sept. 10; attorneys, Phillips, M. & W., 51 Chambers St.....$1

78TH ST, s s, 104.8 ft w of Madison Av, 15.4x102.2; Willets Realty Co. to Ida B. R Willets, 22 East 78th St, mtg. $36,500, all liens, June 21; attorneys, Cocks & Willets, 60 Wall St.....$1

119TH ST, 72 West, s s, 185 ft e of Lenox Av, 17x100.11; Central Savings Bank to Rachel J. Brown, 42 West 120th St, b. and s., c. a. g. and all liens, Sept. 16; attorney, Albert A. Lee, 45 Cedar St.....$9,000

120TH ST, 7 West, n s, 125 ft w of Mount Morris Park West, 21x100.11; Ulster Court Corp. to Hesu Realty Co., 271 Broadway, mtg $15,000, all liens, Sept. 11; attorney, M. Heller, 5 Beekman St.....$100

Bronx.

ARTHUR AV, e s, 203.9 ft n of 179th St, 16.8x128; Chas. Wasserman to Samuel Slutzky, 218 West 21st St, mtg $2,700, Sept. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

BOONE ST, w s, 175 ft s of 172d St, 25x100; Adolph Trube to Catherine McPhillips, 1,497 Boone St, mtg. $3,500, Sept. 18, attorney, Lawyers' Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

BRYANT AV, 906, e s, 20x100; Cornelius C. Link to Anna Reuter, 273 Irving Av, Brooklyn; Sept. 17; attorney, T. J. Curran, 35 Nassau St.....$100

CARPENTER AV, 4,641, w s, 50x100; Ellen Bathrick to Robert Wigger, 168 Amsterdam Av, May 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; William T. Mapes to same, July 29; attorney, same.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Mary F. Wadick to same, Aug. 30; attorney, same.....$125

CHESTNUT ST, n s, 56 ft w from line between Lots 91 and 92, amended map of Bronxwood Park, 26x96; Barnett Brodsky et al. to Anna Schneiderman, 801 North Chestnut Drive, mtg $5,750, Sept. 11; attorney, J. D. Tobias, 5 Beekman St.....$1

CRESTON AV, 2,015, w s, 28x100; Tillie E. Sigler to Lillian K. Abraham, 536 West 139th St, mtg $5,000, Sept. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

FOREST AV, w s, 277.1 ft n of Home St, 19.2x87.7x19.8x87.7; Mathilda Cook to Sarah Muller, 1,170 Forest Av, Sept. 18; attorney, J. S. Kulkin, 256 Broadway.....$1

GLEASON AV, n s, 105 ft w of Havemeyer Av, 37.6x106; Frank Gass to Magdalena Lohbauer, 1,966 University Av, mtg. $2,000, Aug. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

KINGSBRIDGE TERRACE, 2,743; also Parkview Place, s e corner of 190th St, 85x 25x80.3x25.5; Morris F. Wood to Olds Holding Corp., 217 Broadway, mtg $13,000, Sept. 14; attorney, H. Zelner, 217 Broadway.....$100

LOT 56, map Wm. H. Wallace; Luigi Bruno et al., to Peter Porco, 186 Lincoln Av, Sept. 17; attorney, Peter Porco, 186 Lincoln Av.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Peter Porco to Luigi Bruno, 186 Lincoln Av, Sept. 17; attorney, Luigi Bruno, 186 Lincoln Av.....$100

MOHEGAN AV, w s, 118.2 ft s of 180th St, 66x146 to Crotona Parkway; Gertrude H. Fink to August Boecher, 1,160 West Farms Road, mtg $3,500, Sept. 12; attorney, Title Gurantee and Trust Co, 176 B'way.....$100

MORRIS PARK AV, n s, 20 ft w of White Plains Road, 75x95; Hattie A. Landgrebe to Aaron Kublick, 685 Morris Park Av, one-half r. t. l., mtg $21,000, Sept. 10; attorney, Aaron Kublick, 685 Morris Park Av.....$100

NELSON AV, e s, 193.4 ft south of 168th St, 82x123; Eliz. M. Ogden to Florence C. Davis, 305 Amsterdam Av, mtg $1,200, Sept. 14; attorney, Wm. T. Moore, 111 West 11th St.....$100

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 1,506, e s, 50x 100; Max Rivlin to M. Davis & Son, Inc., 1,048 Morris Av, mtg $36,500, Sept. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

TINTON AV, w s, 125 ft s of 166th St, 25x 100; Caroline Volz to Louise Willi, 1,219 Madison Av, Sept. 13; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St.....$1

VALENTINE AV, w s, 217.6 ft n of 200th St, runs w 200x n 9.9 x n e 20.4x e 111.6 x s 23; John T. Turner to Jacob Liebler, 2,977 Valentine Av, mtg $7,000, Sept. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

WESTCHESTER AV, n s, 147 ft e of Castle Hill Av, 20x164.3x—x164; Frank Gass to Magdalena Lohbauer, 1,968 University Av, mtg. $5,000, Aug. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

WESTCHESTER RAILROAD ST, s s, 52.10 ft e from west angle point of lot 192, map of Wilton, &c., runs s — to angle point e, 52.10 ft to beginning; Joseph Gettings and another to Stebbins Realty and Construction Co., 961 Elton Av, mtg. $2,000, Sept. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

3D AV, n e corner of 165th St, 82x70.7 to Franklin Av x96.7x31.1; American Realty Co., Inc., to Charles L. Petze, Wilmington, Del., mtg $52,500, Sept. 12; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$100

3D AV, 3,469, w s, 25x141.5; Pearl Niles to Mary B. Browne, 140 East 150th St, Sept. 12; attorney, M. S. Cohen, 302 Broadway.$1

170TH ST, s s, 100.11 ft e of Franklin Av, 47x105.4x46.6x100.1; also 170th St, s s, 147.1 ft e of Franklin Av, 47x110.8x46.6x105.4; Jay Tee Bee Holding Co., Inc., to Ulster Court Corp., 30 Church St, mtg $54,000, Sept. 17; attorney, Lawyers' Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

175TH ST, 707 East, n e s, 15.9x100; Ronald McAdam to Frederick Albern, 1,930 Webster Av, mtg $3,000, Sept. 17; attorney, Frederick Albern, 1,930 Webster Av.....$1

183D ST, 59 WEST, n s, 20x100; Louise J. Wessian to Benj Raphael, 59 West 183d St, Sept. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

ARDEN ST, 21, mtg $2,120; Olds Holding Corporation to Abraham Davis, 241 West 113th St, and another; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$1

8TH AV, 2,218 to 2,219 and 2,229, all title in seven mtgs, $101,000; Louis Boehm to Lillian Boehm, 306 West 94th St; attorney, L. Boehm, 2 Rector St.....$1

54TH ST, 333 and 335 East, mtg $7,000; 1st Av, 1,330, mtg $5,000; Crescent-Star Realty Co. to Philip Hoffmann Realty Corporation, 217 East 92d St; attorneys, Phillips, M. & W., 51 Chambers St; two assignments, each.....$1

86TH ST, 330 West, mtg $2,000; William H. Archibald to Nathan Goodman, 801 Forest Av, Bronx; attorney, A. I. Spiro, 135 Broadway.....$100

99TH ST, 204 and 206 East, mtg $39,000; Fanny Burstein et al. to Burstein Holding Co., 11 West 19th St; attorney, M. Morfried, 299 Broadway.....$100

132D ST, 268 West, mtg $1,800; The Hudwill Corporation to Hudson P. Rose Co., 7 West 45th St.....$1

Bronx.

FULTON AV, e s, 437 ft n of 7th St, on map Morrisania, 28x211; same to same; same attorney.....$1

LEGGETT AV, n s, 95 ft e of Hewitt Pl, 48x irreg.; Randall Comfort to Leslie F. Randall, 41 Meadow Lane, New Rochelle, N. Y.; attorney, D. Frees & McE., 3,029 3d Av.....$1

194TH ST, 623 East; Hudwill Corpr., to Hudson P. Rose Co., 7 West 45th St.; attorney, H. P. Rose Co., 7 West 45th St..$1

167TH ST, 826 East; Solo. Roth to Harry Klein, 220 West Morris Park West; attorney, P. D. Shapiro, 119 Nassau St..$100

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

DIVISION ST, 40, all; Samuel Rouse to Sigmund Braverman and another, firm of Braverman & Seiveek, 40 Division St, from July 15, 1917, to April 30, 1927; attorney, E. B. Deastrick, 649 Broadway, Brooklyn, for terms.....$3,875

2D AV, 883 to 889, n w corner of 47th St, all, for garage; Flintlock Realty Co. to Mayer, Daxe & Co., 2,019 Lexington Av, 21 years from May 1, 1918; address, 221 East 47th St.....$20,000 and $28,000

PHONE 9220 BRYANT — IMMEDIATE DELIVERY COAL

For Factory and Family

FRED'K STARR COAL CO.

Dock: 42d St., East River. Office: 220 W. 42d St.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

318 WEST 76TH STREET

REMODELLED PRIVATE RESIDENCE.

Large rooms, four baths, hardwood floors, electric light; newly decorated.

BEST ARRANGED HOUSE IN BEST PRIVATE HOUSE BLOCK ON WEST SIDE.

Inquire on premises. Not for rent.

An Ideal Home—A Bargain

At Colonial Heights, the fully improved, delightful Villa Colony, 30 minutes from Grand Central on N. Y. Central; 8-room New Dutch Colonial cottage; only 10 minutes' walk from depot; attractive living room, large bedrooms; every modern convenience; will sell $2,000 less than value; very little cash, balance mortgage. Lawrence H. Tasker, 154 Nassau St. Phone Beekman 4500.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

WOODLAWN HEIGHTS

New 8-room house, all improvements; room for garage and garden.

D. ROULIHAN & SONS,
199TH ST. and BAINBRIDGE AVE.
FORDHAM 1291.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ARE YOU CAUGHT Without a House

For October 1?

There are several excellent houses remaining unsold in the two million dollar

Sacrifice Sale OF THE Scarsdale Estates

Houses of from 7 to 10 rooms, $8,500 to $14,500. One or two might be rented.

NEW YORK OFFICE,
12 EAST 44TH STREET.
Write or 'phone Murray Hill—7720, for photos.

RENT FURNISHED

Nominal rental until April 1st, 1919; new Colonial house, 10 rooms, 3 baths; hot water heat, gas, electricity; double garage; near trolley, 5 minutes to Stamford station. F. L. FIELD, 18 East 41st St., N. Y.

APARTMENTS to let in the following very high class houses:

525 West End Avenue
Northwest Corner 85th St.
9 Rooms and 3 Baths, $3900
14 " 4 " $5700

220 West 98th Street
Southeast Corner Broadway.
7 Rooms, 3 Baths, $2300
8 " 3 " $2300-$2400
Renting Agents on premises, or MARK EAFALSKY & CO., 21 East 40th St. Tel. Vanderbilt 2027

815 Park Av. S.E.Cor. 75th St.
NEW BUILDING, 7-ROOM APARTMENTS of the Very Highest Class.
ESPECIALLY DESIGNED FOR SMALL FAMILIES
Large Living Room, Dining Room, Foyer, Kitchen, 2 Master's Chambers & Baths, & 2 Maids' Rooms & Bath.
3 Room Housekeeping Apartment | 1 Large Room with FOYER and BATH
Agent on Premises. Rhinelander 499.

840 West End Avenue
Corner 101st St.
7 Rooms, $1550
8 " $1700-$1850

528-532 West 111th St.
Near Broadway, block from Subway.
5 Rooms, $1080
6 " $1120-$1180

226 West 97th St. Near B'way. 2 Room Kitchenettes $780-$870
Apply Superintendents, on premises, or Main Office, 2396 B'way. Phone River. 6900

35 Manhattan Square North
81st St., Bet. Columbus Av. & Central Park West.
8 Rooms, 3 Baths, 3 Master Bed Rooms
A single suite may be leased now at a moderate rental, for October Occupancy, in this modern apartment building, which is administered under the personal supervision of the owner. All outside rooms, with southern exposure, facing Manhattan Square Park.
Owner's representative on premises.

BACHELOR AND SMALL *APARTMENTS*

691 Madison Avenue
N. E. Corner 62d Street
Parlor, Bedroom, Bath
Furnished or Unfurnished. Service Included.
$420 to $720
Bachelors Only.

37 East 60th Street
Bet. Madison & Park Aves.
Two Rooms and Bath
Near Central Park and New Sub. Southern Exposure.
$540 to $660
Non-Housekeeping.

MOORE & WYCKOFF
546 Fifth Ave., Cor. 45th St. Telephone 1263 Bryant.

33⅓ Cents Per Foot
70,000 Sq. Ft.
For Manufacturing or General Storage.
Wm. A. White & Sons
46 Cedar Street
TEL. 5700 JOHN.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

For Rent
A HISTORIC HOME AT HARTSDALE
Facing the Italian Gardens.
11 Rooms and 3 Baths.
SCARSDALE ESTATES
13 EAST 44TH ST.

TARRYTOWN-ON-HUDSON
For Sale—Bargain
Eight rooms, all improvements. Lot 90x100. In strictly residential section. 10 minutes to station. Asking $7,500.
CARL C. LOH,
9 Orchard St., Tarrytown, N. Y.

RESIDENCE FOR RENT
AT YONKERS. Most desirable and attractive 12-room house, 3 baths, electricity; screens for doors and windows; land 50x250; garden and garage; high ground; choice residential section; complete in all particulars. Rent, $1,600 yearly. BELLOWS & WARREN, Getty Square, Yonkers.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES. INSURANCE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

MOST COMPLETE RENTAL LIST
$75 to $200 a Month.
WHITE PLAINS, SCARSDALE, HARTSDALE.
Unfurnished and Furnished Homes.
EDWARD M. WEST, INC.
Opposite Station. White Plains. 'Phone 413.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A.—REDUCED RENT
In a nice location in Brooklyn, thirty minutes to City Hall, N. Y., or thirty-seven to Grand Central R. R. Station, a ten-room, brown-stone house to rent or for sale on special terms. The price is less than one-half of like house in New York. It will pay any one wanting a home to consider this. Address for photo and particulars Turner, Executor, Room 1822 Aeolian Bldg., 33 W. 42d St., N. Y. City.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Kew Gardens
Long Island
16 Minutes from the Heart of Manhattan
Changed conditions cause the offering

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

COR. GRAND AV., 146TH ST.
Stucco dwelling, 14 large rooms, 3 baths; electric light; ground 100x137; 3 blocks Mott Av. subway station; transfer all lines; possession; rent $2,000. Permit from SNOWBER & SMITH, 860 6th Av., (49th.)

Lease for sale, beautiful house of 12 rooms, 3 baths, West End Av., near 71st St., city; coal in for Winter. Inquire of H. L. Prentice, Corbin Place, Manhattan Beach. Phone 920 Coney Island.

For Rent.—20-room house, unfurnished; newly decorated; good condition; running water; excellent location; reasonable rent; fine opportunity for right party. Inquire 304 West 126th St.

Convent Av., Near 145th.—$2,000 cash buys private residence, 4-story and basement, 14 rooms, 2 baths; all improvements; mortgage $12,000 at 5 per cent. Irving Wolfe, 225 West 39th. 6396 Bryant.

54th, 115 E.st.—To lease in private house, large second-floor front room, alcove, bath; southern exposure; steam, electricity; rent $35 month; reference; gentlemen.

78 East 92d St.; rent $1,650.
76 East 91st St.; rent $2,000.
Electric lights; parquet floors; two baths; perfect condition. Caretaker on premises.

497TH ST., 7 WEST.—Furnished or unfurnished, for private residence or business. Address Mrs. Ward, Wardswood, Mattituck, L. I.

908, (Near Park.)—Magnificently furnished house, 10 rooms, 4 baths; year's lease; $475 month. Bjtherson, 25 West 42d.

House, furnished or unfurnished, electricity, Winter coal. Lowther, 757 West End Av.

Long Island.

A House Worth While.—For reasons over which my client has no control he must sell nearly new house and garage at a sacrifice; field stone and stucco construction; ten rooms, three baths; beautifully finished throughout; large corner plot; all city improvements; high elevation; ideal location; house was built to order by day's work and is in perfect condition; twenty minutes to New York or Brooklyn. Price and terms, W. V. Champlin, Hillside and Grand Avs., Jamaica, L. I. Telephone 1039 Jamaica.

Beautiful Colonial home, near golf and country club; change in business necessitates selling; nine large rooms, two baths; steam heat; parquet floors first and second story; house is in excellent condition; screens, awnings, &c.; large porch; plot 80x100; fine lawn and shrubs; ideal location; 5 minutes' walk to station, 30 minutes to New York or Brooklyn. Telephone 1039 Jamaica for appointment. W. V. Champlin, Grand and Hillside Avs., Jamaica, L. I.

BAYSIDE.—Immediate possession; house and garage, one and a half years old, ten minutes' walk from station, nine minutes' walk to station, 35 minutes to New York; price $5,750; small cash payment and $45 per month, or terms to suit. Bayside Homes Co., Inc., 47 West 34th St., Greeley 6896.

Farmingdale, the busiest town on Long Island; $250 will buy a 7-room house, all improvements; large plot of ground; near trolley and station; balance same as rent. William Geiger, 45 West 34th St., New York.

Woodmore, L. I.—Furnished and unfurnished cottages, Oct. 1. Telephone Morningside 1511.

Queens.

JAMAICA SACRIFICE, $6,250.
New, 8 rooms, bath, all modern improvements; best section Jamaica; plot 40x100. This home is actually worth $7,000. B. H. Sweet, 324 Fulton St., Jamaica.

New eight rooms; all improvements; excellent location; decorated to suit; inclosed porch; rent $50. Phone Hollis, 6628-J.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

7 312-320 E. 163D ST.
Large, light, airy rooms, with extra toilet accommodation for maid; 1 block from N. Y. Central R. R.; convenient to 161st st. crosstown, 3d av. L. Jerome av. subway; NEW BUILDINGS; ALL LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.
Apartment must be seen to be appreciated. Rent $63. SELECT FAMILIES ONLY.

40th St., Nos. 34 & 36 East
High Class Elevator, all Improvements;
2 and 3 Rooms and Bath; non-housekeeping; including service. $1,200 to $1,500.
Bohnenkamp & Schneider, Agents, 542 5th Av., N. Y. Tel. Vanderbilt 2839.

772 PARK AVENUE,
Cor. 73d St.
VERY DESIRABLE 7-ROOM AND BATH APARTMENTS, ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS. RENT $1,800 AND $1,900.
RULAND & WHITING-BENJAMIN CORPORATION
36 East 58th St. Plaza 4951.

MAPLE COURT—
1229 PARK AVE., COR. 96TH
High-Class Elevator Apartments.
Corner Suites,
7 & 8 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,200-$1,400
Suitable for Doctor or Dentist.
Attractive rooms ground floor.
Apply Premises, or A. Brandstein, 74 B'way.

ARTHUR HALL
51 EAST 96TH ST.,
Northeast Corner Madison Av., One Corner Apartment,
Nine Rooms, 2 Baths, Rent $1,550.
Apply Superintendent on Premises, or
H. F. KELLER, Phone 3003 Murray Hill. 280 Madison Av.

6-8 EAST 37TH ST.
Attractive apartments, with hall, elevator, and all-night service.
2 Rooms and Bath.....$1,100
3 Rooms, Bath, and Kitchenette.... 1,400
Apply on premises, or
MONTGOMERY P. CROOK,
10 East 43d St. Murray Hill 8454.

ATTRACTIVE APARTMENTS
42 East 78th St., corner Madison Av.
Two-room suites or larger. Private cuisine in restaurant on premises offers all the advantages of a hotel. Ideal home for adult families or bachelors; moderate rental.
Apply on premises.

940-942 PARK AVE.,
Northwest corner East 81st Street.
Modern elevator apartment, six, seven, eight sunny rooms; rents $1,000, $1,200, $1,800, $1,400, $1,500 yearly. Tel. 3463 Lenox.

23 EAST 124TH ST.,
OPPOSITE MT. MORRIS PARK.
SUBWAY EXPRESS STATION 125TH ST.
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE.
7-8 Rooms, $780-$1,000.

55 EAST 76TH ST.
NEAR PARK AVE.
High-class apartment; excellent elevator, hall, and telephone service.
7 Rooms, $1,200

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

Leases Are Not Required
—BUT—
REFERENCES ARE.
Newly Furnished Suites
Of Two, Three, Four, Five, and Six Rooms
FROM $75 TO $180 A MONTH
With or without kitchens. Maid service, gas, electricity, kitchen equipment, &c., included.
In the heart of the best residential section of New York City.
RESTAURANT OF QUALITY.
Hotel Schuyler Arms,
307-311 West 98th St.
Subway to 96th. Two Blocks Up and One Block West.

166 WEST 72D ST.
APARTMENTS OF THREE AND FOUR EXCEPTIONALLY LARGE ROOMS; scrupulously furnished; all appointments are of highest standard; fine tiled kitchens, with ice refrigeration; maid service if desired. Apply to manager on premises. Telephone Columbus 7640.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

The Lorraine
Fifth Ave. at 45th St.
Under the personal direction of
FRED J. EISLER
(Formerly of Waldorf-Astoria)
Apartments and Rooms with Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished, by the Year or Transiently.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Queens.

You never saw its equal for the price; beautiful new house; six large rooms, tiled bath and kitchen, open fireplace, parquet floors, white enamel trim; plot 40x120; four minutes' walk to station, 35 minutes to New York; price $5,700; small cash payment, balance like rent. Champlin, Hillside and Grand Av., Jamaica. Telephone 1039 Jamaica.

Eight rooms, $6,500; eleven rooms, large plot, $8,500; fine locations. Hollis, 6628-J.

Westchester County.

Bungalow apartment nearing completion, occupancy Oct. 1; five rooms, bath, porches; best location in Yonkers; rent $60. Van Ness Bros., 506 South Broadway, Yonkers.

At Mount Vernon, N. Y.
A good list of houses to rent; some have coal supply in cellar.
Anderson Realty Co., Mount Vernon.

Larchmont.—Beautiful residence, 8 large rooms, 2 baths, all improvements; corner plot with garage; price $10,000; suitable terms. Irving Wolfe, 225 West 39th St.

New Jersey.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $500 and mon hly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 8-cent commutation fare; 6 or 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, and built-in bookcase in living room; paneled dining room; bedrooms in white enamel; hardwood trim; large front porch, also porte-cochere; terraced lawn, trees, paved streets, steam heat, water, gas, electricity; handsome fixtures; concrete basement; attic, ample space for garden and garage; driveway in rear; near fine schools and station, 70 trains daily. PURCHASERS FULLY PROTECTED IF DRAFTED. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. Telephone John 5647.

In Government Service.—Must sell or rent, furnished or unfurnished, beautiful house one year old; in high-class town, 6,000 population; 400 feet elevation; large plot; fine shade; house has very large rooms, all parquet floors, 3 bathrooms; 50 minutes to Manhattan; great bargain, either sale or rental. Owner, L 629 Times Downtown.

Attractive dwelling house; fine residence; all improvements; an acre of ground on Essex St., Hackensack, N. J., one block from Erie R. R. station; rent to approved parties at $85 per month; real opportunity; communicate with owner. R. W. Thompson, 52 Wall St., New York.

To rent furnished for Winter, house at Montclair, N. J.; convenient to station; six family bedrooms, four baths, sleeping porch, verandas, lawns, trees, garage; terms, $200 per month; references exchanged. Address Y 227 Times Annex.

Bargain.—Five rooms, bath, all improvements, steam heat; hollow tile stucco dwelling; half hour, Erie; $3,750; easy terms. W. Brady, 154 Nassau St. Tel. 3806 Beekman.

Delightful suburban home, modern house, eight rooms, bath; acre; shade, fruit; garage, hennery; convenient. Frank Stevens, Ridgewood, N. J.

Fine old residence, modernized, about 4 acres; no farm; main highway; mile Lackawanna station. Owner, 674 Springfield Av., Summit, N. J.

Houses Wanted.

Young couple want small furnished house; rent, New Jersey; commuting distance. R 140 Times.

REAL ESTATE.

Long Island.

KENSINGTON HOME
at a big bargain; on principal street; fine old forest trees. My reason for selling is I want to build a larger home. Terms to suit a reliable buyer. Buyer only. F. R., 95 Times.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

Attention.—One-family house, in choice section, near subway, 7 rooms, all improvements, hot water heat; must be sold at once; bargain to quick buyer. Call and see Peters, 1,044 East Tremont Av., corner Boston Road.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

NEW ROCHELLE—GREAT BARGAIN.
9 Field Av., Residence Park; near Pelham Road; 11 rooms, fireplaces, sleeping porches, 2 baths; price $9,000; easy terms. Harry Hayes, 29 Broadway, City.

Seven-room house, all improvements, at Hastings-on-Hudson; $500 down, balance like rent; price $4,300; near station, school, trolley to subway, 5c. Rose, 7 West 45th St. Tel. Bryant 2728.

Beautiful ten-room house, Chester Hill section, Mt. Vernon; all improvements; large plot; price $8,500; $1,000 down and balance mortgage. Kent, 9 West 45th St. Telephone Bryant 2729.

For Rent—New stucco house, garage; 7 rooms, bath, all improvements; overlooking Hudson River. Mrs. Ferdinand Witt, Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y. Phone Dobbs Ferry 207.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTIES.
GEORGE HOWE,
527 5th Av., New York.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

OWN YOUR OWN HOME for a small cash payment and your present rent money; I have a 7-room and tiled bath, cozy little home; stucco construction, two years old, beautifully decorated and cut, ready to move into now, you can have on above terms; fine tree-covered plot, Montclair-Watchung section, exclusive, and only 47 minutes out on D., L. & W. R. R.; it is a real bargain; fine air, ideal living conditions; price $6,000. Owner, Post Office Box 529, City Hall Station, New York City.

AN IDEAL HOME.—On large plot of 7,500 square feet; every house, every room, bath, large veranda; hardwood floors; open fireplace, tiled bath; fine old shade trees; sewer, gas, electricity; four minutes from railroad station; 41 trains daily; highly restricted, refined surroundings; most attractive suburb in the State; price, $5,500. Call, write or phone, Owner, M. D. Ayers, 146 West 36th St. Tel. Greeley 4535.

NEW HOUSES.
Six and seven rooms; steam heat, tiled baths, open fireplaces, large living rooms, beamed ceilings, solid oak floors, large kitchens, with pantry; veranda, 8x23; plot, 40x100; price $6,000; terms to suit; also desirable home sites for sale. FRANK MILLER, 13 Park Row, N. Y. Tel. Barclay 8885.

Hotel man in the draft age and must sell small Summer resort hotel; equity of $7,500; will consider a trade for unencumbered city lots or country property. William Crear, 611 Sixth Av., Asbury Park, New Jersey.

For Sale or Rent—Hollow tile building, 80 ft. x 70 ft. x 18 ft.—brick building, 35 ft. x 30 ft., 2 stories high, with 40 horsepower boiler, artesian well, steam pump, and engine; near railroad; suitable for factory or creamery. Apply John Schoch, 87 Chester Av., Irvington, N. J. Phone Waverly 591.

$1,800 equity in country property for value, small city property. S 518 Times Downtown.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted to lease, a premises, 2,000-5,000 square feet, suitable for private garage, west side, downtown preferred; state full particulars. Address Wholesale Grocer, Times Downtown.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Long Island.

GREAT NECK.—10-room furnished house, southern exposure; 5 minutes from station, best residential section; 2 bath rooms; open fireplace; gas, electricity; Winter supply coal; double garage; $150 monthly. Tel. F. H. Covey, 350 W.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

LOFT WANTED.
WE WILL SUBLEASE YOUR LOFT; MUST HAVE AT LEAST 2,000 SQUARE FEET WITH GOOD LIGHT; LOFT WITH SPRINKLER SYSTEM PREFERRED; ADDRESS MAIL WITH FULL PARTICULARS TO ASSURE IMMEDIATE CONSIDERATION. P. A., 168 TIMES.

1395-397-399 Broadway,
Southwest Corner of Walker Street.
FINE FRONT OFFICES TO RENT.
1501-4—Three Large Rooms en Suite....$3,600
1204 —One Large Office..... 1,350
1403 —One Good-Sized Office..... 1,000
APPLY TO
JOHN J. HALLERON,
252 West 138th St.

LOFT FOR RENT.
244 WEST 49TH ST.; 80x100 FEET; FIREPROOF, SPRINKLER AND AUTOMATIC ALARM SERVICE; LARGE ELEVATOR; A1 EVERY WAY. BRYANT 2410.

To sublet by lessee entering Government service, three fine offices, Shoe & Leather Building, 271 Broadway, corner Chambers; about 400 square feet, light, cheerful, and very desirable; located within a block of all subway and elevated lines; possession Oct. 1. Inquire of E. C. Murphy, Jr., Room 86, eighth floor.

I will sublet to responsible party who will purchase entire office furniture and equipment, small office (175 square feet), Broadway, between Wall St. and Bowling Green. Address Box S, 5 Pine St., Room 61, New York.

MODERN SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT AND EQUIPMENT, INCLUDING 1,400 LOCK BOXES, SIZES FROM 3x5x24 INCHES TO 24x24x24 INCHES; ALL IN GOOD CONDITION. L 595 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

For rent for light manufacturing, 5,000 square feet of floor space in modern building, steam-heated, with ample light and ventilation; help available; electric power. W. W. Wilsey, Ridgewood, N. J.

Office or Showroom.—Two connecting rooms fronting on 5th Av. at 34th St.; exceptionally light; good service; will rent separately; reasonable. R. D. Anderson, 347 5th Av. McCutcheon Building.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Will rent part or all of my private garage; capacity three cars; in the vicinity of 90th Street and Madison Avenue; moderate rental. Write or telephone Black, Room J, 1 Broadway, 8286 Bowling Green.

28TH ST., COR. 1ST AV.
20,00? feet; light, steam, power, sprinklers, elevator, garage; heavy construction. Apply on premises. Rieser. Phone 5350 Madison Square.

Phone Rector 5664-5665 for Offices and Lofts in Manhattan. Sub-leasing our specialty. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 11b Broadway.

For Rent.—Offices with three windows, 27th floor, Woolworth Bldg.; privileges outer office; reasonable rates; occupants in service; references exchanged. Apply Rooms 2760-2762.

Large show windows with office space in wholesale district, $25 per month up; responsible parties only. S. I. Atwater, 101-105 Lafayette St.

One-story building and basement, 50x80, without posts, near 168th St.; suitable any factory, also garage; heat, all improvements. Norman Loeb, 789 7th Av.

412 8TH AV.,
at Post Office and Penn. R. R. Station; commercial studio, office, or showroom; 1,100 square feet.

Furnished private office, $17.50 monthly; also desk room, $9.50; telephone, attendant; no lease required. Duane, 309 Broadway, suite 807.

Loft and part of show room; excellent location for skirt, dress, or waist house. D. & R., 3 East 28th.

Two and three room suite, exceptionally light, suitable doctor or dentist office; electricity. Circle 2936. 47 West 52d.

DESK ROOM TO RENT,
233 5th Av., second floor. Call or address owner, Birdsey-Somers Co.

Offices with Phone Service and Skylights for Engineers.
5 West 16th St.

Office, sublet; light, with telephone, partly furnished. Apply 110 West 40th St., Room 603.

Broadway, 1,416, Room 201.—Desk, with Spanish-English stenographic services. Call afternoons.

Connecting lofts, 25x100 and 35x50, with power. 140 Sullivan St., between Prince and Houston.

Rear half part of loft, 50 by 100, to sublet. Nemoiter & Burger, 11 West 32d.

Sublet offices; two fine outside offices, 12x18 feet each. Call Room 750, Marbridge Building. Telephone Greeley 5287.

5TH AV., 507.—Private office, with service. 7979 Murray Hill.

50TH ST., 47 EAST.—Beautiful, bright, large store. 7979 Murray Hill.

To Let—Desk room. 303 Fifth Av., Room 1906.

Offices, $25 to $50; 30-story building. 110 West 40th St., Room 1503.

56th St., 34 West.
Floors to let for business.

STORE, sublease. East 45th, near 5th. ROYAL SCOTT GULDEN, 542 5th Av.

OFFICE TO SUBLET WITH FURNITURE. 141 BROADWAY. ROOM 516.

5th Av., 507.—Mail address, desk room. Room 507, 7979 Murray Hill.

Artist Studio.—High ceiling; north light; Plaza section. 7979 Murray Hill.

80TH ST., 140 WEST.—Front parlor; newly decorated; professional man preferred.

FURNISHED offices and desk room; service. Suite 308, 51 East 42d St.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

34th to 48th St., Park Av. to 6th, small furnished office; absolutely private and light, with telephone and stenographic service. R 210 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $18 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

31ST ST., 29 EAST.—"THE HAMPTON." Between 5th and Madison.—Two rooms, bath, $70 monthly; three rooms, bath, very desirable, $150 monthly; full hotel service.

34TH, 62 EAST.—Nicely furnished 2 rooms, bath. Merritt, 9281 Murray Hill, before 6.

37TH, 8 EAST.—Artistically furnished; one very large room, bath, closet, alarm, elevator; $80 monthly; will rent unfurnished.

39TH, 124 EAST.—Unusually large, light, attractively furnished suite, bedroom, bath, fireplace; private house, second floor; exclusive Murray Hill section, near Park Av.; references.

51ST ST., 40 AND 49 EAST.
58TH ST., 40 WEST.
Attractively furnished one, two, three, and four-room apartments; light, heat, elevator, and maid service; by week, month, or year.

54TH, 128 EAST.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; four rooms, 2 baths, kitchenette.

57TH, 36 EAST.—Apartments, double and single rooms; heat, light; maid service.

59TH, 19 EAST.—Attractive studio apartment, three rooms, bath, kitchenette. Plaza 1355.

66TH ST., 42 East.—Attractively furnished 3-room apartment and kitchenette; $1,380 rent, three-year lease; $1,500 yearly lease; seen any time. Newlin, Plaza 5754.

73D, 133 EAST.—Seven rooms, steam heat, all improvements, $65.

81ST, 100 EAST, (Park Av. Corner.)—Apartment 7 rooms, electric light, all improvements.

84TH ST., 21 EAST.—Furnished, $3,300; unfurnished, $3,000, per annum for one, two, or three years; corner duplex apartment; southern exposure; open fireplaces; 12 rooms, 3 baths; inspection invited.

ATTENTION!—APARTMENTS, furnished, two and three rooms and bath; $14 weekly and up; full hotel service; one block from subway. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 52d St. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th St.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,275.—Six rooms, electric light, all improvements; $55 to $65.

MADISON AV., 713.—Two bedrooms, living room, furnished; 4th floor front; $1,020 year. Apply Miss Newlin, 42 East 66th St. Phone Plaza 5754.

MADISON AV., 1,873.—Elegantly furnished apartment; all improvements; private house, facing park.

PARK AV. 933.—Five rooms, steam heat, $40.

PARK AV. 945.—Five rooms, steam heat, $42.

PARK AV.—Five-room apartment, handsomely furnished; use of everything; $250. Lenox 9487.

PARK AV.—Handsomely furnished seven rooms; piano, linen, silver; long or short lease. Tel. 1176 Vanderbilt.

PARK AV., 940, 942, (corner 81st St.)—Seven, eight rooms; lease; light, sunny.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS; high-class. Call for particulars, FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 East 42d St.

SAN JACINTO, 18 EAST 60TH ST.
Apartment selections, 1, 2, or more rooms, bath; complete service and restaurant.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.
4520 Murray Hill. 567 5th Av., (42d.)

Furnished—West Side.

5TH TO 116TH ST.
Attractive furnished apartments, personally inspected; long, short leases. APARTMENT RENTING CO., 176 West 72d St. Columbus 1277.

10TH ST., 60 WEST.—Furnished apartment, 4 rooms and bath, $100 month, to married couple or to women; best reference. 10 to 12 A. M. or by appointment.

12TH ST., (off 5th Av.)—Three sunny chambers, living room, kitchenette, bath; in private residence; $75. B 449 Times Annex.

23D ST., 435 WEST.—Attractively furnished large sitting room, double bedroom, complete kitchen; strictly private house; references.

45TH, 341 TO 347 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness and furnishings unequaled; one, two, three rooms, tiled bath with shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no questionable applicants; highest references essential; $50 to $95 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

46TH ST., 53 WEST.—Large living room, dining room, two bedrooms, kitchen, bath, Levinson. Bryant 9779.

47TH ST., 132 WEST. (Felix-Portland.)—Desirable suites, two rooms and bath, extremely reasonable; special monthly terms; high-class American or European plan meals at low rates.

47TH, 112 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, completely furnished, 2, 3 rooms, bath, $75, $90, including service; modern building; elevator. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th. Telephone Murray Hill 8300.

49TH ST., 11 WEST.—Non-housekeeping apartments, 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 rooms, with or without bath; maid service; elevator; furnished or unfurnished; ready Oct. 1; tea-room in basement.

49TH ST., 11 WEST.—Three large rooms on parlor floor, suitable for doctor or milliner; exclusive location; charming rooms; ready Oct. 1.

50TH ST., WEST, NEAR 5TH AV.
Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, completely equipped, beautifully furnished; $100 monthly; gas, parquet floors, open fireplaces; references required. Phone Circle 4421 before 8.

50'S, (Near 5th.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths; year's lease; $200 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d St.

51ST, 355-359 WEST.—Elevator building, two, three, four rooms, tiled baths, kitchens, furnished throughout, $60 to $95 monthly; references necessary. Tel. Col. 7152.

52D, 43 WEST.—Suite, two rooms, kitchenette, bathroom; also one room, bathroom.

54TH ST. AND 7TH AV.
Attractively furnished six-room apartment, one master bedroom and bath, one maid's room; piano, Victrola; excellent location; $300.

OREGON APARTMENT, 10-D.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

56TH, 208 WEST. (Thorndyke Apartment Hotel.)—Attractive suite, 2 rooms and bath; full hotel service; low weekly-monthly rates.

56TH, 34 WEST.—Sublet, elevator apartment, 1 attractive rooms, charmingly furnished. Mason.

56TH, 342 West.—Beautifully furnished apartment, four rooms, bath, elevator, telephone. Laber.

56TH ST., 34 WEST.
Furnished apartment, 2 rooms and bath.

57TH, 200 WEST.—Elaborately furnished duplex studios, 21x30; double height ceiling; open fireplaces, 2 bedrooms, bath, kitchenette, with refrigeration; opposite Carnegie; immediate possession.

59TH ST., 38 WEST.
Apt. selections, 2-3 rooms, bath, kitchenette.

69TH ST., 245 WEST, (the New West End.)—$50 up, 2 and 3 room apartments; kitchenette; completely furnished; latest improvements; references necessary; open evenings.

70'S, WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, four rooms, bath; piano; year's lease; $140 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

72D, 42 WEST.—2 rooms and bath, furnished and unfurnished, exceptional light, 7 windows and 2 rooms furnished in the acme of refinement and taste; leases only; Japanese Jusseum optional. Royalton Hotel, 7841 Columbus.

72D ST., 105 WEST.—Five rooms, 2 baths; beautifully furnished; linen, china, silver; immediate possession; $250 per month. Apt. 9A.

72D.—Handsomely furnished six rooms, $200, $1,800 yearly. River 7395, Room 40.

74TH, 25 WEST.—Superbly furnished apartments, one, two, four rooms, one-two baths.

74TH, 134 WEST.—Handsome 2-room suite; private house, second floor; maid service; all improvements; references; rent, $125.

78TH, 132 WEST.—Furnished second floor in private house, two large connecting rooms, bath, lavatory, kitchenette; parquet floors throughout.

80'S, (Near Drive.)—Elegantly furnished apartment, six rooms, two baths; year's lease; $175 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

80'S.—6 rooms, 2 baths, very attractive, $250 a month. Phone Columbus 1277.

85TH, 349 WEST.—High class, sunny apartment, three bedrooms, handsomely furnished, grand piano.

91ST ST., 27 WEST.—One and two-room apartments; high-class; furnished; latest improvements; maid service; $25-$90; references necessary.

91ST AND BROADWAY, 2,469.—Handsomely furnished six outside rooms; southern exposure; 7th floor; elevator. Apartment 48. $135.

92D ST., (Near Broadway.)—Front, exceptional apartment, 10 light rooms, two baths; elegantly furnished. Tel. Riverside 3435.

96TH ST., near Riverside.—5 rooms, $115 a month. Phone Columbus 1278.

104TH, 242 WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms and bath; west of Broadway. Phone Academy 1227.

113TH, 517 WEST.
2, 4, 5, 6 ROOMS.
Very high-class apartments; artistically furnished, and complete in every detail, including linen and silver. Telephone 8240 Morningside.

113TH, (near Broadway.)—Apt. 2 rooms, bath, maid service, dining room in building; rent $75. R. A. McEntee Co., 544 West 113th St., Tel. Morningside 1391.

119TH, 435 WEST.—Unusual luxuriously furnished three rooms, kitchenette, bath; sublet. Apt. 8M.

139TH ST.—Most attractive apartment, six rooms, fully furnished, for year. Phone 797 Audubon, Apartment 60, before noon.

152D, 584 WEST.—Five rooms, front, comfortably furnished; telephone; subway; $75. Turner.

160TH, 400 WEST.—Four south rooms, nicely furnished, nicely decorated; $90.

ABOUT 5 ROOMS, housekeeping, west of Broadway, above 72d; reasonable. R 249 Times.

APARTMENT HOMES.

MISS ISABEL DAINTRY of LONDON and PARIS has solved the problem of making furnished apartments synonymous with HOMES. She has a few choice APARTMENT HOMES, centrally located. Office, 66 West 56th St. Tel. Circle 3099.

APTS. OF UNUSUAL CLEANLINESS.
Two, three, four rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $55 to $100 monthly; comfortably furnished; telephone and elevator service; no objectionable or questionable tenants; references essential.
THE WILSONIA.
223-229 WEST 69TH ST.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

ATTRACTIVE Apartments. — Hotel conveniences; apartment service; inspection invited; coolest and healthiest location in city.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments, $35, $45, $55, $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished, dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions, lease, or unfurnished; near subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. 5th Av. bus stops at door.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, (71st St.)—Beautifully furnished five-room apartment, newly decorated; Oriental rugs; original paintings; finest silverware, glassware, and linens. Columbus 3671.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

CLAREMONT AV., 35.—Attractively furnished 7 rooms, 2 baths; one or two years, $175; might consider less to very desirable tenant. Cornelius Baldwin, 115 Broadway.

COMPLETELY furnished apartment for six months or longer, comprising 7 large, all light rooms, with hall and two baths; southern and western exposure; commanding view from all rooms of the river and Riverside Drive; price $275 per month. Address A. S. Times.

FURNISHED APARTMENT, 3 bedrooms, living room, bath, kitchen, or kitchenette; reasonable price; near Gramercy Park, Washington or Riverside; best references given. S 355 Times.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS a Specialty. Town-Country Realty Co., 200 W. 72d. Col. 5565.

HIGH-CLASS CORNER APARTMENT; 7 ROOMS, 3 BATHS; NEWLY DECORATED AND FURNISHED; MODERN IN EVERY DETAIL; FOR PARTICULARS TELEPHONE SCHUYLER 7605.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars. LAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

LIEUTENANT desires furnished apartment, four to six rooms; west side preferred; must be reasonable in price. S 368 Times.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 50, corner 115th.—8 large, beautiful corner rooms, overlooking park, flooded with sunshine, great view; $160.

Near Columbia University; attractive apartments, 5 to 7 rooms. Phone Columbus 1278.

NEWLY furnished bright five-room apartment, near Dyckman subway. Phone St. Nicholas 8576.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 103d St., the Clearfield.)—Attractive corner apartment, facing the river, 9 rooms, 3 baths, owner leaving town, will rent immediately for $2,400; would rent furnished at slightly higher figure. Apt. 8A. Apply Supt. or phone Mr. C. G. Stillman, Stuyvesant 5560.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (114th St.)—Elegantly furnished apartment, 8 rooms, 3 baths; $400 per month, 6 months or longer; A1 references required; no agents. K 620 Times Downtown.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE and 114th St.—Front corner apartment, beautifully furnished; seven large rooms and two baths. Apartment 1 A.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125, (84th St.)—Ten, eleven light, well-furnished rooms. Call or address W. R. & J. M. Stewart.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, near 86th St.—8 rooms, 2 baths, $260 a month; magnificently furnished. Phone Columbus 1277.

WASHINGTON PLACE.—Small house; $1,200 a year. Norah MacLaren, 63 Washington Square.

WEST END AV. (CORNER 101ST ST.)—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED 6 ROOMS, 3 BATHS; ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS; SOUTHERN EXPOSURE; ONE YEAR, OR $300 PER MONTH. JULY 1. SUPERINTENDENT, 838 WEST END AV.

WEST END AVENUE.
8 rooms, 3 baths, elegantly and completely furnished; silver and linen; all large, light rooms.
APPLY AT 400 WEST END AV.
Tel. Schuyler 9376. DAVID LAMB.

WEST END AV., 410.—Handsomely furnished 7-room apartment, 7th floor; $225 month; immediate possession. Sumner, Vanderbilt 1450.

WE OFFER VERY ATTRACTIVE FURNISHED APARTMENTS AND DWELLINGS.
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.,
148 West 72d St. Columbus 2750.

10 extra large, light rooms and 3 baths; handsomely furnished; near 72d St. subway and elevated stations; passenger and servants' elevator service. Rent $500 month. Apply Fred'k Zittel & Sons, B'way & 79th St.

Unfurnished—East Side.

4TH AV, 469.—A two room and bath apartment, $45; new, modern; maid service included; central location. Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., 12 East 44th St. Telephone Murray Hill 1100.

40'S, (Near 5th Av.)—High-grade elevator apartment, four rooms, bath; year's lease; $1,300. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

127 EAST 46TH ST.
Beautiful 4 and 5 rooms, corner, elevator apartments; rents, $52.50 to $60.
Superintendent on premises, or JAMES KYLE & SONS, 721 Lexington Av.

53D, 5 EAST.—Studio apartment, 4 large rooms, kitchenette, bath; city steam heat, hot water; also two rooms, bath.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—East Side.

34TH, 64 East, (adjoining Vanderbilt Hotel.)—Studios and apartments for rent; high-class two rooms and bath; improvements; service and meals, if desired. Vanderbilt Gown Shop, premises, or superintendent.

GRAMERCY PARK.
Attractive studio, with bath; fine north top light; heat, hot water, maid service.
INNES & CENTER, 30 EAST 20TH ST.

HATFIELD HOUSE,
103 EAST 29TH ST.
Two, three rooms, bath; hotel service; near subway; immediate possession.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,056.—Suitable for studio, dentist's office, light manufacturing, light housekeeping, partly furnished, space 40x16, sunny corner, steam heat, hot water, electricity; cheap.

1,182 MADISON AV.
1,186 MADISON AV.
8 ROOMS, $780 to $1,000.
7 ROOMS, (ONE LEFT,) $1,080.
CONVENIENT TO 86TH ST.
Subway express and Crosstown cars.
J. ROMAINE BROWN CO., 289 MADISON AV.

MADISON AV., 153.—Three rooms and bath, $1,140; 2 rooms and bath, $900. Superintendent on premises. Wm. A. White & Sons, 46 Cedar Street. Tel. John 5700.

MADISON AV., 37.—Studio apartments; parlor, bedroom, bath, and kitchenette, unfurnished; $60 month and up; maid service. Madison Square.

MADISON AV., 167, (corner 33d St.)—Choice, light two and three rooms and bath.

MADISON AV., 543.—Two large rooms and private bath.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION.
19 East 9th St., 1, 2, and 4 large rooms; apartments, skylight studios, $1,000 to $1,600. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

Unfurnished—West Side.

10TH, 17 WEST, (Washington Square District.)—Apartment, 8 rooms; all improvements; open fireplaces; private house; owner on premises.

10TH, 60 WEST.—Four nice rooms and bath; modern elevator apartment; $70-$75; year lease. Apply Superintendent on premises.

12TH ST., 51 WEST.—Studio and bath; all improvements; $60. Apply Supt.

16TH, 5 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, for Engineers, Architects; references. Fifth Avenue Bus Line, $800.

50TH ST., WEST, NEAR 5TH AV.
Very desirable unfurnished apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath, parquet floors, open fireplaces, gas, electricity; plenty of heat; $63. Also beautiful five-room studio apartment, $1,100. Phone Circle 4421 before 8.

50TH ST., 48 WEST.—Very modern, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; every possible improvement; $60 to $75. Apply for keys at 74 West 50th.

50TH, 51 WEST.—Large living room, two single bed rooms, bath and kitchenette.

51ST, 25 WEST.—Apartment, high-class; private or business. Elmore Studios.

52D, 8 WEST.—Two doors from 5th Av., 3 and 4 rooms; private bath; also parlor floor and basement.

30 WEST 54TH ST

Take or send want advertisements for publication in The New York Times to an office of The Times to eliminate possibility of errors by telephone.

Times Building, Times Square
Times Annex, 43d St., West of B'way
Downtown, 7 Beekman St.
Wall Street, 2 Rector St.
Harlem, 2,109 Seventh Ave., near 125th St.
Brooklyn, 401 Fulton St.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER.—Company moving offices uptown desires place capable stenographer, who wants remain downtown. Phone Cortlandt 5086. L 566 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERT, DESIRES RESPONSIBLE POSITION WITH EXECUTIVE; $25-$30. L 608 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; three years' experience; competent; $18. Miss Zuckerman, 340 Branford St., Brooklyn. E. N. Y. 5806.

STENOGRAPHER. — Competent; several years' varied experience; take charge of office; secretarial possibilities; vicinity 42d St.; $25. S 358 Times.

STENOGRAPHER — SECRETARY. — High school graduate, 7 years' experience, best credentials. S 391 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright beginner, executive ability; salary $15. Albert, 105 South 8th, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, familiar with office work, desires afternoon position. B. B., 3,525 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, high school graduate, good grammarian, conscientious, competent; $15. R 222 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST, competent, capable, wishes position during afternoons, weekly. R 248 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, competent, four years' experience; salary $18; references. L 640 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, with knowledge of bookkeeping, 5 years' experience. Box 300, 1,418 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Office assistant; capable; 2 years' experience; $15. L 597 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, high school graduate, $18, desires position, reliable concern. L 631 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Employment for four morning hours desired by well qualified stenographer. R 247 Times.

STENOGRAPHER who owns typewriter wants work to take home; reasonable. S 628 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — French-English, knowledge Spanish, familiar office details, cable codes. R 195 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Executive ability, three years' experience; high school graduate; $18. N 687 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, thoroughly competent, possessing initiative; conscientious; $23. Box 303 Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid, accurate typist, 3 years' experience, seeks advancement; $15. S 353 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate, experienced, intelligent; $18. Box 775, 1,418 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent office worker, 2 years' commercial experience; salary $16. L 637 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Well educated, experienced; 18. M. F., 643 Prospect Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, capable, wishes position; $12. N 689 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, rapid, accurate; $18 to $20. S 110 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, with experience. Call Cathedral 9291.

STENOGRAPHER.—21, experienced; Christian; capable. Herbst, 322 East 154th.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, with knowledge of stenography, desires position. Theodora Widder, 890 Elsmere Place, Bronx.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, office assistant; 4 years' experience; $14. S 600 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, experienced, wishes permanent position; $17. L. Relander, 203 Lenox Av.

TYPIST.—Young lady, experienced, desires work evenings after 5 P. M. S 350 Times.

TYPIST and Dictaphone Operator. — Experienced. Box 453, 1,039 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

TYPIST.—Accurate, willing, neat; 2½ years' experience; salary $17-$18. R 235 Times.

WOMAN, American, of refinement, wishes position in welfare work, preferably in connection with war work, in New York City outside. R 150 Times.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSE WORKERS, colored, experienced workers, excellent cooks; references; day workers supplied. Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Agency, 329 West 59th.

BERTA CARLSON Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, 89th. Riverside 9463.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Colored cooks, chambermaids; references. Augusta Agency, 333 West 53d St. Columbus 8129.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, EXECUTIVE, office manager, public accounting experience, expert organizer and systematizer, constructive calibre of mind, 25 years' varied experience, open for permanent engagement in executive capacity with manufacturing or commercial corporation; salary $3,600; available two weeks' notice. Commuter. S 554 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, CREDIT MAN, OFFICE MANAGER.—Ten years' experience handling credits; also large office force; at present employed; age 30; fourth class draft; married; salary desired $3,600. S 608 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, 15 years' experience; also financial and foreign exchange; can take charge of books or office, also small audits; $35 to start. L 618 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, EXECUTIVE, office manager, treasurer, controller; high-grade American, 46; exceptional experience and references; $400 monthly. S 558 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT. — Expert examination of books, installation of modern, efficient bookkeeping system; confidential advice to heads of firms. R 245 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, credit and office manager, auditor, and executive from Philadelphia, seeks engagement; salary $4,000 per year. Z 228 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT.—Cost and general accounting, college man, married, 37, 15 years' experience, desires good connection. R 110 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers. $2.50 weekly. 132 Nassau St., Room 1221. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, (29,) married, 8 years' practical experience cost, payroll, correspondence; complete charge; position with future. R 54 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, certified opens, closes, and audits books; prepares financial and income tax statements at reasonable rates. H 747 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR, organizer and systematizer; competent; has three hours to spare daily. L 526 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT - BOOKKEEPER. — Opens books; seeking engagements, evening or Sunday work. R 225 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, (27,) possessing wide experience, seeks permanent connection. Herbst, 1,448 5th Av.

ACCOUNTANT and Auditor desires additional clientele; financial statements, monthly audits. W 363 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Trial balances, audits, $5 upward; books opened, closed. Friedlander, Beekman 998.

ACCOUNTANT with C. P. A. firm desires work evenings after 6 as accountant or bookkeeper. W 362 Times.

A CAPABLE MAN,
College man and lawyer, (27,) draft exempt, seeks position offering broad opportunities and fair earnings; experienced correspondent and salesman. S 354 Times.

ASSISTANT to busy executive or sales manager; three years' experience. W 371 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, 17, business experience, desires position; salary $16. L 524 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT. — Married, (43;) experienced double entry cost and control accounts, financial statements, &c.; assume full charge; executive ability; highest references; $45. S 364 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Exceptionally good, desires work evenings; any kind of bookkeeping or clerical work or as assistant to public accountant. W 329 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 10 years' experience; can take full charge of office; exempt; recommended by C. P. A. Phone Madison Square 4012. M. Kramer.

BOOKKEEPER. — Young man, experienced trial balance, controlling accounts, desires position with large concern. S 614 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; trial balance, controlling accounts; any line; draft exempt. C 454 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, exempt, accounting experience; take full charge of books. L 650 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER desires position; high school graduate; under draft; experienced. B 12 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, thoroughly experienced, desires position evenings after 6:30; references. L 622 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Responsible man wants position; warehouse experience; salary $35. S 348 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, (27,) experienced export, import, foreign exchange, desires position. S 590 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Six years' experience; take charge complete set; $30. R 205 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 7 years' experience, draft exempt; salary $25. W 372 Times.

BOY desires position evenings; rapid, accurate, and fast. Schochs, 1,498 3d Av.

BUYER for a house having considerable printing to give out. R 55 Times.

CAPABLE MAN, disengaged 5 P. M. to 12; draft exempt; competent to fill confidential position requiring initiative; familiar with many branches of business; would consider reasonable offer; any occupation. L 651 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married, wishes position private; 10 years' experience any car; familiar with roads; educated Italian-American; best reference. Write M. M., 238 Thompson St., N. Y. C.

CHAUFFEUR, draft exempt, American, expert driver, excellent mechanic, strictly temperate, highly recommended, careful, sober, seeks position. W 326 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC,
Japanese, desires position in private family; 7 years' experience; expert driver and repairer; high grade cars; references. H 146 West 55th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; American; 38 years old; married; careful driver; 18 years' experience. George Paige. Tel. Academy 760.

CHAUFFEUR, 25; refined, neat appearance; accustomed driving ladies; draft exempt; will furnish bond. Dawson, Montgomery 2400, Ext. 108.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, middle-aged, reliable, competent traffic driver, sober, and careful; best written and personal reference. R 216 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 19, with 2½ years' mechanical and driving experience; private preferred; A1 references. Joe Schweit, 220 East 78th.

CHAUFFEUR AND WIFE.
Can drive any car; wife chambermaid, plain cook, waitress; country preferred. 131 East 83d St., care Banker. Phone Lenox 8631.

CHAUFFEUR, 29, exempt from draft, wishes position, private family; expert Packard, Pierce cars. Thomas, 1,027 Riverside Drive.

CHAUFFEUR, 34, Irish, single; Cadillac expert, others; $100 month, board, room; unquestionable recommendations. Inventor, Box 53, Elizabeth, N. J.

CHAUFFEUR, married, long experience on good cars, personal references, wants permanent position. Irwin, 475 Amsterdam Av. Schuyler 0248.

CHAUFFEUR.—First-class, expert mechanic, aged 30, married, draft exempt; 10 years' experience; 6 years last place; $35; city or country; any make. C 455 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, expert, married and family, desires position; private or commercial; first-class references. R 233 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man, 8 years' experience, wishes position with private family; last position three years. L 647 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 23, exempt draft, good experience, any car, reference, wishes private position. Clarlando, care Marius Debandy, 350 West 39th. Phone Greeley 4383.

CHAUFFEUR.—Married; 35 years old; good mechanic; careful driver; long experience; best references. Adamson, 219 E. 66th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; private family; 7 years' experience on all cars; draft exempt. Richard Tolle, 205 West 95th.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, five years' experience, wishes position private family; first-class references. J. Wall, 540 West 163d.

CHAUFFEUR wants position; experienced and personal references. E. Hill, 629 Lenox Av.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 14 years, draft exempt, 6 years with prominent gentleman; highly recommended; $35 weekly. Circle 905.

CHEMIST, 46 years; married; 20 years' practical experience chemical industry; legally trained; competent in patent matters, desires executive position with chemical concern. Manufacture of sulfuric acid by contact, potass. permgte., electrolysis of chlorides, salicylic acid, red copper oxide, chloroform, aetinmag, &c.; initiative making improvements; no petty jobs considered; will go West. Z 230 Times Annex.

COST ACCOUNTANT, (26;) deferred classification; experience cost, production, and payroll. S 366 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, Claim Adjuster, 32, class 4A; executive ability; stenographer; 15 years' experience; A1 references. K 186 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

DRAFTSMAN, 45, expert architectural; 28 years' experience; also mechanical drawings. R 187 Times.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER
Qualified to employ all kinds of help, especially the higher grade; practical scientific system; immediate connection. R 218 Times.

FRENCHMAN wants position traveling, South Republic; speaks French, English, Spanish. W 377 Times.

GARDENER-CARETAKER, estate, first-class, can do carpenter work and painting; age 35; no children. M. L., 19 Times.

GENTLEMAN will drive car evenings, Saturdays, Sundays; experienced, careful. D 124 Times.

HIGHLY efficient executive (age 32; deferred classification); must secure productive occupation immediately; reasonable compensation. Address J. H., Room 307, 135 Broadway.

High school student, (17,) wishes position Saturdays. Mangels, 620 West 39th, city.

HOTEL MANAGER, assistant, or room clerk; long experience; highest references. R 202 Times.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, specializing in oil engines, desires engagement with manufacturing or shipbuilding company; over seven years in charge of department with present employer. Y 353 Times Annex.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER AND DESIGNER, 17 YEARS' EXPERIENCE, DESIRES TO CHANGE; HAVE SUPERVISED DESIGNING, SCHEMING, &C.; MARRIED; SALARY $2,500; AVAILABLE ABOUT OCT. 1; NATIVE AMERICAN. Z 229 TIMES ANNEX.

MR. EMPLOYER,
HERE IN AN OPPORTUNITY
to secure a man that will work with you and for you with might and main; present industry nonessential; therefore, must find other employment; 26, married, class 4 in draft, varied business experience, including wholesale and retail selling, purchasing, and manufacturing; loyal, conscientious, capable; college education; initial salary may be nominal, but there must be a big future; an able, ambitious, tireless worker. L 582 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER, &c.—A high-grade man, resident partner of old New York importing firm, which dissolved owing to the war, wants position as office manager, accountant-bookkeeper, and correspondent; knowledge of French, English, Spanish, and German; salary $2,500 to start, than $2,500. Herbert McPherson Weiss, 395 4th Av.

OFFICE MAN.—Draft exempt; thorough knowledge bookkeeping, stenography, clerical, and credit work; can furnish best of references; will start moderate salary. R 217 Times.

OFFICE MAN, class 4A, 32, married; correspondent, invoices, licenses, claims; stenographer; 15 years' experience. L 184 Times Downtown.

OUR intelligent, graduated medcal gymnast, masseur, an expert driver of any high grade automobile, desires position, draft exempt; salary $50 week; kindly specify particulars; excellent references. Boatron, 238 East 60th.

PRINTER. — Manager, with wide, practical experience, employed, wants position; reference. S 583 Times Downtown.

RENT COLLECTOR.—Middle-aged man desires position rent collector; expert on repairs. R 239 Times.

SALESMAN.—Have conducted own business for past eight years, meeting all kinds of business men; 37 years old; A1 references; will go out of town if necessary. R 206 Times.

SALESMAN, (32,) energetic, draft exempt, experienced selling house furnishing goods and 10-cent stores, desires represent reliable concern on commission; drawing account. L 543 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, American, native, draft exempt, ex-credit man, at liberty 10 to 4; longer if advantageous. S 613 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 28, draft exempt, good appearance, 10 years' experience inside selling, wishes position as outside salesman. S 370 Times.

SALESMAN, young man, desires position with reliable concern; draft exempt. L 632 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN-SECRETARY, experienced American, highest references, seeks suitable position. L 619 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN leaving Saturday for Middle West desires small side line. S 361 Times.

SALES FORCE.—Have you a line requiring the services of a high-class sales force? Resident firm with offices prominently located are desirous of handling few good lines; commission. Confidential, 357 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, exempt, wide experience, executive ability, desires position; references. W 373 Times.

SECRETARY.—Position as private secretary or confidential man wanted; draft exempt; have had 15 years' experience with present employer; first-class references furnished as to honesty and ability; salary to start $1,800. A 486 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, stenographer, 23, classification 5F, with thorough knowledge of German and the Scandinavian languages, last two years private secretary to prominent business man, wishes position as secretary to busy executive. R 358 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

STATISTICIAN.
Twenty years' experience, responsible positions with Government and corporations; able administrator; handled large clerical forces; familiar with cost accounting; fluent writer; author of many reports and statistical papers; age 42; draft exempt; holds Government position, $5,000; wishes permanent position with bank, insurance company, large business concern, or public organization, New York or vicinity. R 207 Times.

STATISTICIAN.—Research work, experienced, expert stenographer, speaks and writes Spanish, knowledge French, draft exempt, seeks connection. S 612 Times Downtown.

TREASURER,
CONTROLLER.
OPEN OCT. 1ST FOR POSITION WITH HIGH GRADE BANKING OR MERCANTILE HOUSE; SALARY, $5,000. S 629 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 32, married, class 4A; executive ability; 15 years' experience export; A1 references; $35. Telephone Broad 6123.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, experienced, can devote few evenings weekly, small set of books or other work. S 627 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 24, expert, desires active and responsible position; deferred classification. L 653 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner, knowledge of bookkeeping; high school graduate; $15. R 212 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST.—experienced, accurate, neat; possesses initiative, tact; salary $20. L 621 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, experienced and competent, desires permanent connection; draft exempt. R 226 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish, desires position in or out of town. L 529 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; $25. R. C. Hill, 127 Garfield Place, Brooklyn.

SUPERINTENDENT wants high-class apartment house; will furnish first-class references. To Oct. 1st write Carr, 2,843 Broadway.

SUPERINTENDENT, A1 man, wishes position in high-class elevator apartment house. W. Vimmer, 2 East 76th.

SUPERINTENDENT OF CONSTRUCTION. Twenty years' experience; best references. W 381 Times.

THOROUGHLY familiar with the electrical business; desire position as estimator, drafting or inspection work; evenings, 6:30 to 10:30. J. S., 134 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

TYPEWRITING. — Envelopes addressed in typewriting at home, and other typewriting done. R 213 Times.

TYPIST and STOCK CLERK; experienced; draft exempt; American. L 654 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, draft exempt, has knowledge of cotton goods and notions; business experience, wishes position as assistant buyer. R 213 Times.

YOUNG MAN, age 17, wishes position as shipping clerk; experienced typewriting supplies. Harry Burbank, 317 Riverdale Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 25, ex-collegian, honorably discharged from service and draft, executive and selling ability, desires connection. R 149 Times.

YOUNG MAN, deferred classification, desires position; experienced accounting, correspondence, office detail, capable assistant to busy executive. S 374 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, American, draft exempt, 10 years' experience importing and exporting establishment, expert salesman, bookkeeper, typewriter. W 379 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 30, married, high school education, desires permanent position; active, ambitious worker; excellent references. R 209 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18½, 2 years law clerk, wishes advancing clerical position; excellent school and business references. S 610 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, prospective law student, wishes position in law office. Box 37, 324 Rockaway Av., B'klyn.

YOUNG MAN, draft exempt, desires clerical position; three years' experience. R 228 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, Christian, neat appearance, desires position evenings; draft exempt. P. Mahone, 1,507 Lexington Av.

YOUNG MAN (25) wishes clerical position; honorable discharge U. S. Army. Morris Heyman, 518 Quincy St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 24, Swedish subject, speaking English and Spanish, desires position. L. Times, 397 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 30, married, high school education, desires position evenings. R 208 Times.

YOUNG MAN (20) wishes clerical position; draft exempt; prefers export. Harold Ajiolo, 342 Christopher Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, (17,) desires clerical position with advancement; experienced; $14. Sporn, 241 East 115th St.

YOUNG MAN (17) wants position, clerical or any clean inside work; $15. N. Goldsmith, 1,339 Intervale Av., N. Y.

YOUNG MARRIED MAN wants position; speak French, English, Spanish. W 376 Times.

WANT position canning product factory; speak English, French, Spanish. W 378 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

AN OPPORTUNITY
FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

GOOD PAY WHILE LEARNING.

We will train immediately a number of young women for long distance telephone operating; any young woman, between the ages of 17 and 25, of ordinary education and intelligence, can qualify; we pay $9 a week to students during a short training period; increase in pay upon completion of training; permanent situations and increases in wages with excellent chances for advancement.

This is a splendid opportunity to engage in an essential war service.

Apply in person to Mrs. Wadsworth, Room 530, 24 Lispenard St. (One block south of Canal St.)

AMERICAN TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO.

ARTIST.—Commercial artist, experienced only, good on lettering, poster design, and color work. Apply with samples, ready to work, Jewish Welfare Board, 149 5th Av.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER wanted in office of large corporation to assist on ledgers and make herself generally useful in office; good opportunity for advancement; state salary, experience, and references. A 482 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER immediately; must be experienced woman, able to take trial balance and use typewriter; good, permanent position. Apply in person, 729 7th Av., 16th floor.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER in general advertising agency; experience in advertising or publishing business; very desirable; state experience, reference, salary expected. Permanent, R 244 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, bright, capable young lady, excellent opportunity, state references, salary expected. R. S., 126 Times Harlem.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER in advertising agency; must be quick and accurate at figures. Call after 4 P. M., Miss Colhedge, 110 West 19th St.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, neat, accurate, and experienced; excellent opportunity with large corporation; $15 to $16 to start; apply, stating qualifications, A 36 Times.

ASSISTANT in dispensary; experience unnecessary; afternoons only; $5 weekly. Call at once, 233 E. 57th St.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY. S 617 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ATTENDANT for insane hospital. Call 146 East 28th St. today at 4 P. M.

BANK
REQUIRES A NUMBER OF YOUNG WOMEN FOR CLERICAL POSITIONS; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT; SALARY $625 PER ANNUM TO START; LUNCHES PROVIDED. APPLY IN OWN HANDWRITING, STATING AGE AND EDUCATION, S 605 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BANK
STENOGRAPHERS—TYPISTS
Large downtown bank offers excellent opportunity for experienced young women, 18-30 years, to replace men in military service. Give age, education, approximate salary and experience. S 621 Times Downtown.

BILL CLERK, on Smith machine. Call W. E. Pruden, 884 8th Av., 10 A. M.

BOOKKEEPER,
experienced, with executive ability; one who has taken charge of office force and understands up-to-date bookkeeping; salary no object to right party.

MARTIN'S,
Fulton and Bridge Sts.,
Brooklyn.

HELP WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER wanted by large and long-established manufacturing and exporting company; ambitious, industrious young lady will secure a permanent, desirable position in pleasant surroundings offering excellent opportunity; initial salary about $15, according to experience; prompt advancement. W 387 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER.
A position of responsibility awaits a young or middle-aged woman, with good education and accurate with figures, in an advertising agency handling only high-grade accounts; write, stating age, education, experience, if any, religion, and salary desired. A 53 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—COMPETENT, EXPERIENCED DOUBLE ENTRY BOOKKEEPER BY EXPORT HOUSE. REPLY, STATING BOOKKEEPING EDUCATION, QUALIFICATIONS, AND PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE. A 474 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly competent and experienced, knowledge of typewriting and with long experience preferred, good salary, permanent position. Call between 10 A. M. and 1 P. M. Reliance Fire Proof Door Co., 78 West St., near Greenpoint Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER wanted by Christian firm; thorough, competent, double entry bookkeeper, knowledge of stenography essential; permanent position and liberal salary to right person; apply in person. Thompson Smith Co., 263 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER wanted by large corporation; unusual opportunity for competent, willing lady interested in accounting work; state experience, age, salary expected and religious denomination, to "Publishing and Printing," S 358 Times.

BOOKKEEPER for suburban real estate and insurance office located near Grand Central Terminal; collection experience helpful; $20 to $25; outline experience and qualifications. Insurance, 66 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced; capable of handling full set of books, controlling accounts, &c.; state experience, references, and salary expected. L 620 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER; MUST HAVE EXPERIENCE; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY. PANAMA KNITTING MILLS, 440 CANAL ST.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced in double entry work; salary $22 per week; steady position with advancement; references required; confidential. L 636 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER in large insurance corporation; must be well educated; give age, experience, nationality, and salary expected. S 514 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry bookkeeper; a permanent position for right party. Write, stating age, salary expected and nationality. A 498 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady as assistant in bookkeeping and cashier's departments; salary start $12. Mother's Magazine, 79 White St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Girl, experienced, as bookkeeper and do office work; good chance for advancement. M. Daniel Brown Co., 43 West 33d St.

BOOKKEEPER and TYPIST.—Thoroughly experienced; knowledge of stenography preferred. Call after 11, Roland West, 260 West 42d St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Excellent opportunity of advancement to competent, loyal person; state experience and salary desired. B. K., 111 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced on double entry bookkeeping and controlling accounts; state references and salary desired. C 457 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, accurate figures, understand typewriting, capable taking care of manufacturing establishment office. Ph. Gladstone, 115 West 27th.

BOOKKEEPER.—State experience and qualifications; salary $18. Address Bookkeeper, 203 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; good penman; neat, accurate, and reliable. Apply hospital, 1,919 Madison Av.

BOOKKEEPER. — Girl, experienced, rapid figurer, office, mercantile house. L 569 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, for general office work; must have knowledge of stenography. Oil Marketing Co., 17 Battery Place.

BOOKKEEPER and assistant bookkeeper; state experience, age, references, and salary in own handwriting. W 369 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT. — Ledger work; state references, salary, and experience. A 48 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, double entry trial balance; $14. August Bros., 24 East 21st St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Elderly person, who has knowledge of typewriting and good at figures. A. Schwalbe & Co., 11 West 38th St.

BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED DOUBLE ENTRY; CLOSED SATURDAY. S 607 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, for cotton converting house; state experience, references and salary desired. S 372 Times.

CASHIER AND OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young lady to assist cashier and do general office work; must be quick and bright; state experience, education, and salary expected. L 633 Times Downtown.

CASHIER for large optical retail store; must be experienced, well recommended. Apply in person; ask for Mr. Ditz, 520 Fifth Av.

CHAMBERMAID and waitress, excellent home for young girl as chambermaid, waitress, with family of two in country; one-half hour from city; no experience necessary. Call Tuesday, 53 West 23d St., 9th floor, or write Thompson.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS. Apply at Page & Shaw, 114 East 29th St.

CLERKS, female, by a large corporation; a number of young women from 20 to 30 years of age, with high school or college education; interesting work and rapid promotion to supervising positions for those who can make good; an unusual opportunity; salary to start depends upon experience. Box L 410 Times Downtown.

CLERK.
Girl with good education and some bookkeeping experience; salary dependent upon ability.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

CLERK for office of manufacturing business in Long Island City; has to be good at figures and understand stenography. Address, stating age, experience, references, and salary desired. E. B. C., Room 600, Trouw Building, N. Y. C.

CLERK.—Order clerk for office; busy manufacturing concern; excellent opportunity for bright young lady. Harris Bros. & Barnett, 11 East 26th.

CLERK.—High school graduate, knowledge of typewriting; age 18 to 21; good hours, surroundings, and advancement. G. D., Box 70, Station D, New York.

CLERK; office work; experienced, accurate at figures. Address, stating age, experience, references, salary desired, H. K., 169 Times.

CLERK AND TYPIST to assist purchasing agent in large corporation; state references, experience, and salary desired. W 348 Times.

CLERK.—One having some experience on cost and payroll work in L. S. Printing and Lithograph Co., 91 North 3d St., Brooklyn.

CLERICAL
ASSISTANT.
Only those who are experienced and accurate at figures need apply; must be willing and industrious; to those who can qualify the position is permanent, with advancement. Apply Main Office, 6th floor, Bloomingdale Bros., 59th St. and 3d Av.

CLERICAL ASSISTANT FOR ADVERTISING DEPARTMENT IN LARGE DRESS HOUSE. SIMON, 44 EAST 32D ST.

CLUB WOMEN or teachers, living in town near N. Y. City, to secure membership for semi-patriotic organization, headed by Dr. Frank Crane; liberal commission to those who can qualify. A 52 Times.

COLLEGE GRADUATE wanted in compensation division, claim department, of insurance company; good opportunity for well-educated, intelligent, active, energetic woman; in replying state age, education, nationality, business experience. S 546 Times Downtown.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, must be accurate and willing to do some clerical work. Apply 83 North 10th St., Brooklyn.

COOK—WAITRESS.—Mother and daughter or sister for cook and waitress, small club, two hours from New York on Jersey Central; good wages. Z 233 Times Annex.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.—Wanted, experienced operator in busy office; good opportunity for advancement. S 555 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, knowledge of stenography preferred; permanent position; state age, experience, and salary. A 462 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR. — Experienced typist; good opportunity for right girl. R 164 Times.

DICTAPHONE operator wanted in brokerage office; excellent opportunity; give full particulars. Box 379, City Hall Station.

DIRECTORY.—Young lady, capable revising card index firm names by mail for trade directory; desirable, permanent position; write particulars, mention salary. L 642 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSWOMAN, with experience or training, in mechanical drawing, satisfactory inducements regarding salary, and future offered to one with sufficient ability and liking for technical work to develop into a first-class topographical draftswoman; state age, experience and salary desired. A 58 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

PRESSER.—WHOLESALE LADIES' UNDERWEAR; LIGHT WORK. 258 5TH AV., 8TH FLOOR.

Dressmaker,
SLEEVE DRAPERS.
Whelen, 44 East 57th St.

ENTRY CLERK, wholesale hosiery house; good hand; quick figurer; closed Saturday, open Sunday morning; salary $13. S 558 Times Downtown.

FILING.—Girl not over 22 years, some business experience preferred; must be intelligent and careful; opportunity for advancement; firm doing direct and indirect Government work. Write fully, stating salary. Box 308, Times, 2 Rector St.

FILE CLERK.—Young girl with some experience; chance for advancement. R 165 Times.

FRENCH TEACHERS wanted for schools in other cities; fare paid; knowledge of English not necessary. Apply in French by letter only, stating age, birthplace, studies made, references, &c., to Berlitz School, 30 West 34th St.

HELP WANTED—WOMEN.
A large city book publisher will need bookkeepers, entry clerks, correspondents, stenographers, general office workers. Apply at once, giving particulars of age, nationality, education, experience, salary required. "J. R., 297 Times.

GIRLS,
WOMEN.
CLERKS—
GIRLS OVER 16 YEARS OF AGE FOR CLERICAL POSITIONS, CLEARNESS OF HANDWRITING OF IMPORTANCE; PAY BASED ON PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE; FACILITIES FOR TRAINING BEGINNERS.
ORDER PICKERS—
ACTIVE GIRLS OVER 16 YEARS OF AGE TO FILL MERCHANDISE ORDERS IN OUR PIECE GOODS, NOTIONS, WOMEN'S WEAR, SHOES, AND OTHER DEPARTMENTS; GOOD PAY TO START; ADVANCEMENT AS SOON AS ABILITY IS SHOWN.
UTILITY WORKERS—
THESE POSITIONS ARE IN OUR SHIPPING ROOM; EXPERIENCE IN FACTORY, LAUNDRY, OR HOUSEWORK HELPFUL, AS THESE POSITIONS REQUIRE THAT YOU WORK STANDING; ADVANCEMENT IS RAPID.
PART-TIME WORK—
WE CAN USE WOMEN FIVE DAYS EACH WEEK FROM 1:00 P. M. TO 5:30 P. M.; VACANCIES FOR TYPISTS, CLERICAL WORKERS, STOCK PEOPLE, AND GENERAL WORKERS.
OUR BUILDINGS
ARE LOCATED THREE MINUTES' WALK FROM THE SANDS ST. STATION AT BROOKLYN BRIDGE.
CALL AT ONCE—
CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

GIRLS.
POSITIONS OPEN FOR 4 BRIGHT YOUNG GIRLS TO LEARN ADDRESSING, FILING AND CLERICAL WORK IN CHRISTIAN PUBLISHING HOUSE; NO EXPERIENCE REQUIRED; PLEASANT, HOME-LIKE SURROUNDINGS; EASY HOURS; SATURDAY HALF HOLIDAY; SPECIAL PRIVILEGES; SALARY $7 WEEK WHILE LEARNING, WITH QUICK ADVANCEMENT AND PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT IF FOUND AS QUALIFIED; A SPLENDID CHANCE FOR GIRLS ABOVE THE AVERAGE TO SECURE FIRST-CLASS ALL-AROUND TRAINING IN A REFINED, CO-GENIAL ATMOSPHERE.
McKINLAY, STONE & MACKENZIE,
30 IRVING PLACE.

GIRLS
THE ADVERTISING AND SALES DEPARTMENTS OF A LARGE WHOLESALE HOUSE NEED THE SERVICES OF SEVERAL INTELLIGENT GIRLS OF GOOD FAMILY; GOOD CHANCES FOR ADVANCEMENT. SEE MISS CORBETT OF 120 WILLIAM ST.

GIRL, about 16 or 17 years of age, to make herself useful in a chemical laboratory; no previous experience necessary; salary to start $10 a week; permanent position with opportunity for advancement; hours 8 to 4:30, half Holiday Saturday. Call at Burroughs, Wilcome & Co., manufacturing chemists, 340 Hudson St., City.

GIRLS—GIRLS,
with or without experience, for clerical positions in our mail order departments; permanent position, good salary, rapid advancement.
A. A. VANTINE & CO.,
5TH AV. AND 39TH ST.

GIRLS,
Goldsmith Bros., retail commercial stationers and office supplies, require the services of girls about 18 years of age or over; these positions offer excellent opportunities to girls who are bright, neat, and ambitious. Apply after 11 A. M., or by letter. Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

GIRLS—WANTED—WOMEN.
Large mail order house, men's, women's and children's wearing apparel, requires girls and women for packing, shipping, and order picking departments; excellent working conditions, good salary; previous experience unnecessary. Apply personally, Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. Station, 9th Av. "L."

GIRL, bright, active, for ascembling small machines, to learn machine engraving; splendid opportunity for advancement; clean factory, good pay and steady work; no experience necessary; hours, 7:30 A. M. to 4:45 P. M.; Saturday 11:45 A. M. all year around. The Robert Numbering Machine Co., 700 Jamaica Av., Brooklyn.

GIRL to run errands, also general office work; promotion assured to right party; old established company; office near subway and Jersey ferries; state nationality and salary expected. Reply to L 639 Times Downtown.

GIRLS (YOUNG).
Wholesale dress house, stock room and show room; opportunity assured for advancement to better position for those showing ability.
C. H. D. ROBBINS CO.,
150 MADISON AV.

GIRLS. — CLEAN, EASY WORK, GOOD WAGES, WITH BONUS, STEADY. CITY BUTTON WORKS, 378 2D

Closing Hour For Want Advertisements

Want advertisements intended for the Sunday edition of The New York Times cannot be accepted if received in The Times Building after 3 P. M. Saturday. Those for the daily edition must be received before 7:30 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

HELP WANTED—Female.

YOUNG WOMEN.

THE WESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY HAS THE FOLLOWING VACANCIES. CALL AT ONCE IF YOU QUALIFY FOR ANY OF THESE POSITIONS.

GIRLS AND YOUNG WOMEN:

Bright girls (not under 18 years) to work in shop making scientific apparatus for Government. 25 cents per hour and supplemental war wage. Demonstrated ability will bring rapid advancement. 48 hours per week. Half day Saturday.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
NEAR WEST ST.,
SIX BLOCKS SOUTH OF 14TH ST.

YOUNG LADIES.

As the men are called to the colors women will take their places in the industrial world; do you want to do your bit? Then try a restaurant; it is woman's natural sphere; a Childs restaurant is even more; it is a school of domestic science; the work is interesting and the pay good; the hours are reasonable and the surroundings pleasant. If interested talk it over with our Employment Manager at 270 6th Av., or call at nearest restaurant in New York or other cities. Childs Co.

YOUNG WOMEN, 20 TO 35 YEARS OF AGE, FOR INTERESTING MECHANICAL WORK; KNOWLEDGE OF SHOP WORK; EXPERIENCE DESIRED BUT NOT ESSENTIAL; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT UNDER SPLENDID WORKING CONDITIONS. APPLY BOX L 411 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG WOMEN to learn light, interesting mechanical work; pleasant surroundings; good light and ventilation; good pay and splendid chance for advancement. Hipp, Didisheim & Bro., 54 Malden Lane.

Instruction.

MANY POSITIONS OPEN
for thoroughly trained File Clerks; salaries excellent; opportunities to advance; we prepare you to fill these positions by a Course of Training that is practical, speedy, inexpensive; ours is the only school affiliated with a Filing Equipment House; classes, now forming. Next Afternoon Class Sept. 30. Next Evening Class (6:30 to 8:30) Oct. 1. Write, phone or call for full information regarding subjects taught, positions, salaries, tuition, &c. Phone Franklin 2261.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING,
The Shaw-Walker Company,
60 Franklin St. Near Broadway.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR WOMEN IN BUSINESS.—Women who are anxious to do their share in these strenuous times should hear this free lecture by Charles B. Couchman, C. P. A. It is given at 6 P. M. Friday, Sept. 20, at Pace Institute, 30 Church St., N. Y., as the opening lecture of a sixteen session Shorter Accounting Course for Women. Write or telephone (Cort. 1465) for admission card.

WANTED.—Young men and young women to prepare for secretarial and business positions THE LEMLSON WAY; study at home spare time; send in your work for correction; come to the school for individual help day or evening at your convenience; rates reasonable. The Emerson Institute, 354 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPERS AND CREDIT OFFICE ASSISTANTS! Double your salary; personal evening training, practical bookkeeping, credit investigation; moderate rates; write for Prospectus A. Edward Levi, Room 619, 200 5th Av.

Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping. Individual training. Beginners, advanced students, post-graduates. Begin any time. Hours student's convenience. BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL, 280 Madison Ave. Telephone 7889 Murray Hill.

STENOGRAPHERS.—The quickest way to increase your salary is to prepare for desirable secretarial positions; write for Booklet 51, giving details of secretarial course (evenings) now opening. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

FILING.—We are unable to supply the demand for our graduates; instruction in day, evening, and correspondence courses; visitors invited. New York School of Filing, established 1912. Singer Building, New York.

GIRLS, LADIES, ATTENTION!
Learn telephone switchboard operating, typewriting, stenography, billing, dictaphone, bookkeeping. Capt. O'Brien's School, 112 East 23d. 137 Decatur St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHERS: Join our Speed Club—dictation from 80 to 175 words. Any time after 5 P. M. DRAKE BUSINESS SCHOOL, Tribune Bldg. Phone Beekman 2723.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING, PRAT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

ATTENTION, LADIES, GIRLS!
Learn elevator operating, telephone operating. Captain O'Brien, 112 East 23d St.

FILING COURSE—ATTENTION!
FILING COURSE, $10. WHY PAY MORE? CAPT. O'BRIEN'S SCHOOL, 112 E. 23D ST.

STENOGRAPHERS, Bookkeepers, Typists, Clericals, $10-$35. Rose Webber Agency, 1009 Tribune Building.

Employment Agencies.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
20 Vesey St.

STENOGRAPHERS, (3) — Position Pa.; $125 monthly.
TYPIST—Pa.; $85 monthly.
STENOGRAPHER — Commercial, downtown, $25.
STENOGRAPHERS — Technical experience, (2.) $22; many others, $20-$18; beginners, $15-$12.
BOOKKEEPERS, $20-$18.
OFFICE ASSISTANTS, $15-$12.
TELEPHONE OP., BILL CLERK, $14.
TYPISTS, COPYISTS, $12.
BILL CLERKS, TYPISTS, $18.
COMPTOMETER, $15.
FILE CLERK, $12.
No Registration Fee.

BRODY AGENCY,
289 Broadway (Entrance 1 Park Place)
STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, Clerical, statistical, bill clerks, typists, comptometer; hundreds of positions; salaries $10-$30.
FREE REGISTRATION.

FULTON AGENCY,
93 Nassau St. 489 5th Av.
Free Registration.
Stenographers, bookkeepers, typists, clerks, dictaphone, switchboard; openings for high school, college girls.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE.
Stenographers, secretaries, $25-$30; typists, $10-$12; clerks, $12-$18; dictaphone, comptometers.
99 Nassau St. Free Registration. Cort 3519.

TERMINAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
154 NASSAU ST., MISS GRIFFIN.
Bookkeeper, must be A-1, $30; stenographer, also detail, excellent concern, $75; dictaphone, $20; typists, $10-$12; filing, $10.

EFFICIENT Employment Exchange Agency, 10 East 43d—Stenographers, $15-$30; bookkeepers, ledger clerks, file, record clerks, telephone operators.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Exceptional opportunities several beginners, $12-$15; experienced, $15-$25; other positions; registration free. Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway.

Hirst Occupational Exchange, 74 Broadway. Highest salaried positions in New York for all classes of office employes; register free.

Lang Agency, 115 Broadway.—Stenographers, clerical, typists; excellent high-class positions; permanent.

MANY openings, stenographers, bookkeepers, typists, clerks; others. Mighill, Flatiron Bldg.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—Permanent position in fast-growing C. P. A.'s offices to neat-appearing American only, 28-38 years of age; some knowledge of theory; public accounting experience desirable, but essentially a wide-awake man with initiative who is confident that he will be successful; state details; your letter will be read, and in confidence. S 508 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—A representative Christian manufacturing corporation has an exceptional opening for a first-class general accountant; the position will offer an excellent opportunity; please state fully draft status, salary desired, and other particulars. A 87 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Competent seniors, able to take charge important work; compile report, &c., for temporary engagements; no traveling; salary, $10 per diem; state experience, training, references, &c. Auditors, 242 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced, for staff of C. P. A.; permanent. A 483 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Certified public accountants wanted; permanent positions with exceptional opportunities; large salary for the right accountants; state experience, training, and qualifications. A 56 Times.

ACCOUNTANT with experience plotting graphs on Government investigation; $5 per day. Apply 12 to 1, Thursday, Room 1102, 18 East 41st St.

ACCOUNTANTS, juniors, capable of taking charge of small audits. Public Service Accounting Co., 299 Broadway. Apply at 9:30 A. M.

ACCOUNTANTS, junior and senior. Call Thursday, between 9 and 10 A. M., International Audit Co., 2 Rector St.

APPRAISER of household furnishings; write full particulars. S 609 Times Downtown.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN.
Young married men of Class 4, 31 years old or under; must have selling ability and be mechanically inclined; automobile experience preferred, but not essential; salary and commission. R 243 Times.

ARTIST.—Commercial artist, experienced only, good on lettering and poster design and color work; apply with samples, ready to work, Jewish Welfare Board, 149 5th Av.

ARTIST.—Wanted, first-class retoucher on photographs in high-class commercial art studio; steady position. Higgins & Low, 261 Broadway.

ARTIST OR DRAFTSMAN; one who can do good plain lettering for special work. Apply in person, M. M. Seide, 142 East 32d St.

ASSISTANT FOR DRUG SUNDRIES DEPARTMENT; MUST HAVE EXPERIENCE IN HANDLING DRUG SUNDRIES STOCKS AND SELLING ABILITY; ONLY FIRST-CLASS MAN NEED APPLY. SEE MR. WELLS, AT 120 WILLIAM ST., ON FRIDAY MORNING BETWEEN 10 AND 12, U. S. E. S., PERMIT NO. 145.

ASSISTANT CREDIT MANAGER
REQUIRED BY
PROMINENT 5TH AV.
RETAIL SPECIALTY SHOP.
Young man to check credits and take charge of collections by mail; an excellent opening with unusual opportunities for an aggressive young man.
DE PINNA,
5th Av. and 50th St.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; sales ledger and balance experience essential; excellent opportunity assured and excellent future in large office of chemical and color import and export house; good salary; hours, 9 to 5:30; state references and religion. Call 654 Greenwich St.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER: excellent opportunity; young or middle-aged. S 615 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT SHIPPING CLERK; wholesale exporter wants experienced man. L 574 Times Downtown.

ATTENDANT for insane hospital. Call 140 East 25th, today at 4 P. M.

A UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT PLANT
NEEDS YOU!
Largest shell-making plant in America needs able-bodied men; no experience necessary; ideal working conditions; advancement possible; age between 18 and 50; if not employed on Government work apply in person or by mail at once.
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT,
T. A. GILLESPIE LOADING CO., AGENT,
SOUTH AMBOY, NEW JERSEY.
Directions to plant: Take Penn. R. R. or Jersey Central to South Amboy, and trolley from there direct to plant.
OR TO
Representative at
UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT OFFICES,
142 Bowery, New York City;
OR TO
UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT OFFICES,
810 Jay St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 50.

BANK MESSENGERS.
BRIGHT, ENERGETIC BOYS OF 16 YEARS AND OVER, TO LEARN BANKING BUSINESS; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT; SALARY $625 PER ANNUM TO START; LUNCHES PROVIDED. APPLY, IN OWN HANDWRITING, STATING AGE AND EDUCATION, S 602 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BANK.
A LARGE BANK CAN USE A NUMBER OF MEN WHO ARE BRIGHT, ENERGETIC, PROGRESSIVE, HAVING CLERICAL EXPERIENCE; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT; LUNCHES PROVIDED; GOOD SALARY. APPLY, IN OWN HANDWRITING, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE AND EDUCATION, S 603 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BANK CLERKS WANTED
BY A LARGE DOWNTOWN BANK TO WORK ON THE NIGHT FORCE, FROM MIDNIGHT UNTIL 8 A. M.; ONLY THOSE HAVING EXPERIENCE ON THE ADDING MACHINE NEED APPLY; STATE AGE AND EXPERIENCE. S 604 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BANK.—Bright man, married, wanted to qualify for teller's position, in commuting town bank, those with some experience will receive first consideration; state religious belief, salary your services warrant and full particulars. A 493 Times Downtown.

BINDERY. — HEAD STAMPER, LARGE CLOTH AND LEATHER BINDERY IN NEW YORK CITY; PAY $35-$40. S 373 TIMES.

BILL CLERK and Office Assistant. — By wholesale house; must be accurate at figures and write plain, rapid hand; state experience, references, and expectations. S 363 Times.

BILLING MACHINE CLERK.—Man understands running machine; state experience. 576 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in general offices of large and long established manufacturing and exporting company; ambitious, industrious youngster will secure permanent, desirable position offering excellent opportunity; about $8 at start, according to experience; prompt advancement. Write The Fuchs & Lang Mfg. Co., 119 West 40th St.

BOY wanted by New York Stock Exchange house; no previous experience necessary; exceptional opportunities for bright young man; state religion. L 588 Times Downtown.

BOYS.
OFFICE BOYS FOR PERMANENT POSITIONS, WITH GOOD FUTURES.
We require several boys who have graduated from school; ages 14 to 17 years; half day Saturday.
OPPORTUNITY FOR PROMOTION TO CLERICAL AND MECHANICAL POSITIONS.
Apply by letter only,
Public Telephone Department,
Room 202, 24 Walker St., N. Y. City.
NEW YORK
TELEPHONE COMPANY.

BOYS.
AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY WITH A LARGE WHOLESALE HOUSE; CHANCE TO ADVANCE AND LEARN A BUSINESS; ONLY INTELLIGENT BOYS OF GOOD PARENTAGE NEED APPLY. SEE MR. HERTWIG OF 120 WILLIAM ST. U. S. E. S. PERMIT NO. 145.

BOYS,
TO WORK NIGHTS IN SHOP ON VACUUM PUMPS. NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; STEADY POSITION. GOOD PAY.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
LICENSED BY U. S. E. S. PERMIT NO. 113.

BOYS.
Must be 16 years of age, for mail and messenger service; excellent opportunity for advancement in electrical business.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BOY—Three of our boys have advanced to good positions; the same opportunity again awaits some boy about 16 who is just starting in business; if you have a good education and a creditable school record, and you value a real opportunity to get your business education among the high-grade business men, write or call. Advertising Agency, Room 701, 19 West 44th St.

BOYS
in office of a large manufacturing concern; good opportunity for bright, willing, and capable boys. Apply, stating salary expected, Box Z. T., 104 East 14th St.

BOY Wanted.—Stock broker offers excellent opportunity to willing, competent boy; answer, giving age, previous experience, if any, &c. Address W. C., 315 Times Downtown.

BOYS—BOYS
IN OFFICE OF WAREHOUSE; MUST BE EXPERIENCED IN OPERATING LARGE SWITCHBOARD; SALARY $8. GROH'S SONS, 238 WEST 28TH.

BOYS and MEN wanted to sell Eagle library draft questionnaires in and nearby city; can make good money; hustlers wanted only; must have deposit; boys now making $10 daily. Call early Thursday, Jacobs, 1,491 Broadway, corner 43d St., city.

BOY, under 16, make himself generally useful in export house; permanent position with advancement for ambitious, hard worker willing to learn; answer own handwriting, references and salary expected. S 561 Times Downtown.

BOYS.
Opportunity for several boys, 14-17 years, in large bank in downtown business section; bright, ambitious young men wanted; give age, education, and experience. S 620 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted by large cotton and silk house; good opportunity for bright boy to learn the business, with excellent chances for advancement; state age and salary desired. W 336 Times.

BOY, bright, general office work and inside errands; splendid opportunity for advancement; must have some office experience. Apply in person, ask for Mr. Ditz. E. B. Meyrowitz, 520 5th Av.

BOYS—BOYS.
Bright, clean-cut, energetic, for downtown mercantile office; big opportunity for right boys. Call Wisconsin Condensed Milk Co., 171 Franklin St., near Hudson.

BOY, bright, to learn real estate business in large office; corner Grand Central Terminal, if he has attended commercial school application will receive first consideration; $7 to start. Brighs 123 Times.

BOYS wanted by publishing house for errands and general work; salary $9 a week to start; opportunity for advancement; hours from 8:45 to 5:30. Call Thursday morning, eighth floor, 119 West 40th St., New York City.

BOY,
INTELLIGENT, IN OFFICE OF LARGE MOTION PICTURE CONCERN; CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. APPLY IN PERSON, WYANOAK PUB. CO., 136 WEST 52D ST.

BOY.—If a bright, refined, honest boy requires a permanent position with positive opportunity for advancement, and can furnish references, let him apply at Tiffany Studio, 45th St. and Madison Av.

BOYS.
We require several boys for office and stock work; a great chance to learn silk business. Apply Duplan Silk Corporation, 50 Union Square.

BOY IN OFFICE OF LARGE WHOLESALE DRY GOODS COMMISSION HOUSE; SPLENDID CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE. B 754 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY wanted in export office; good handwriting and knowledge of arithmetic desirable; reference required; salary to start $8 weekly. Room 824, 18 Broadway.

BOYS BOYS
for file room; experience unnecessary; $40 monthly start; opportunity for advancement. Call 2 Albany St., 6th floor.

BOYS FOR OFFICE, STOCK, AND SHIPPING DEPARTMENTS; LARGE MERCANTILE HOUSE; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. 8 EAST 22D.

BOYS, 14 to 18, for our wholesale departments; permanent work; rapid advancement to those with ability. Arnold, Constable & Co., 40th St. and 5th Av., 5th floor.

BOY wanted as messenger by a downtown banking house; must be neat appearing and come well recommended. L 548 Times Downtown.

BOY, 17 years old, to work on stock books of large silk house; must also be capable to act as doorman. R 230 Times.

BOY WANTED
by export house; good opportunity for bright, active lad of neat appearance; salary $10. Apply Room 215, 17 Battery Place.

BOY wanted by an export and import house; under 18 years of age; must live with parents and furnish satisfactory reference. L 533 Times Downtown.

BOY, 15-16, to do errands and make himself generally useful; opportunity for advancement. Address in own handwriting A 447 Times Downtown.

BOY about 16 for sales dept. large mercantile house; good chance for advancement; state salary expected. S 593 Times Downtown.

BOY Wanted. — Essential industry requires boy to run errands, make himself useful; excellent opportunity. Call Room 1603, 79 5th Av.

BOY wanted for errands; one acquainted with New York City streets preferred. Call Thursday morning, Room 407, 114 Liberty St., New York City.

BOY, generally useful, in office of publishing concern; neat appearing; grammar school graduate; good handwriting essential. Call American Fashion Co., 222 West 39th.

BOY for errands and stock; unusual opportunity for one who is conscientious, bright and ambitious. Broadway Music Corp., 145 West 45th St.

BOY
for errands and make himself generally useful; good wages. Paul Overhage, 229 West 28th St.

BOY in downtown office of established engineering company; good opening with bright prospect of advancement. A 85 Times Downtown.

BOY TO WRAP PACKAGES, RUN LIGHT ERRANDS, &C. APPLY TO G. W. CARNRICK CO., 27 SULLIVAN ST., CORNER GRAND ST.

BOY.—Good permanent opening in office of Christian firm for bright boy, over 16; experience unnecessary; opportunity for advancement. E. A., 204 Times Downtown.

BOY in office of a large manufacturing concern; good opportunity and advancement for bright boy. Apply, stating salary expected, S 625 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in office of large real estate corporation; excellent opportunity to learn business and secure advancement. Boy, H 55 Times.

BOY, bright, strong, for stock department notion specialty house; must be draft exempt; salary to start, $12 per week. Address Capable., A 37 Times.

BOY wanted for engineering office; state age and salary expected. A 43 Times.

BOY for department messenger service; permanent situation; excellent chance for advancement. Call, 9 A. M., The New York Times Current History, 17th floor, Times Building, Times Square.

BOYS
to do errands; $10 to start. Metropolitan Button Works, 24 West 31st.

BOY to assist in office of publication; $12 per week; chance for advancement. Call 8th floor, 243 West 39th.

BOY in office of large manufacturing concern; $10 to start; good opportunity. Call 141 Prince St.

BOY, bright and clean, for office work and errands; $9. Lowenstein Radio Co., 397 Bridge St., Brooklyn.

BOY wanted in export department of wholesale chemical house; state age and salary. S 592 Times Downtown.

BOY. — intelligent boy to take charge of stockroom of publication; $15 per week. Call 8th floor, 245 West 39th.

BOY, bright, wanted in manufacturing business; splendid opportunity for advancement. Walter P. McTeigue, 62 West 45th St.

BOYS TO DELIVER PARCELS. WALLACH BROS., 3D AV., CORNER 122D ST.

BOY for salesroom of wholesale coffee house; salary, $10, also bonus and commission. Gillies Coffee Co., 235 Washington St.

BOYS to run errands for electrical manufacturing concern; Government work; good wages; advancement. 290 Hudson St.

BOY to run errands and make himself useful in printing shop; salary $10. The Bankers' Press, 213 Pearl St.

BOY.—Errand boy; must have references; chance for advancement; wages $10 week. Kaye & Einstein, 88 West 32d St.

BOY for general office work; reference unnecessary; $9 to start. L 630 Times Downtown.

BOY for advertising manager's office. Ask for Mr. Wilkins, second floor, Times Annex, 220 West 43d St.

BOY wanted in advertising agency to do the few errands and some clerical work, and later something bigger. A 46 Times.

BOY wanted in investment house to do general office work; salary, $40 per month. Apply Farson, Son & Co., 115 Broadway.

BOY.—Bright, willing boy to learn the advertising business. Call Thursday, 9 A. M., 116 West 32d St., Room 1107.

BOYS UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE. APPLY THE WALL STREET JOURNAL, 44 BROAD ST.

BOY to assist on auto delivery car; permanent position. 36 Maiden Lane, New York.

BOY, 16-18, in handkerchief factory; good pay to start, chance for advancement. Phillips, Well & Norton, 113 Leonard.

BOY for delivery department, under 18, salary $6; good opportunity to learn and for advancement. Apply 384 5th Av.

BOY wanted, experienced, to keep stock and deliveries. Colonial Textile Mills, 36 East 21st.

BOY.—Good chance for advancement; good pay. Apply Sterling Button Co., 8 West 30th St.

BOY for stock room; address, stating age, experience, references, and salary desired. L 649 Times Downtown.

BOY required for office. L. E. Ellis & Co., 483 and 485 Broadway.

BOYS to learn electrical trade and errands; good salary. Heather, 21 West 36th.

BOY wanted in law office. 42 Broadway, Room 1043.

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS, INC.,
MEMPHIS, TENN.,
require the services of a capable window dresser and card writer; one with department store experience; permanent position. Apply, giving details as to experience, age and references, stating salary expected, to I. D. Marks, 225 5th Av., New York.

CAPABLE EXECUTIVE
to take charge of an up-to-date laundry plant; must be conversant in modern methods, credits, collections, and correspondence, and must be an expert organizer and systematizer, and have constructive calibre of mind; high salary for the right party. A 63 Times.

CARPENTERS AND LABORERS.
SPEND THIS WINTER IN THE SOUTH AT FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., ON CANTONMENT WORK; FINE CLIMATE. APPLY
UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
310 JAY ST., BROOKLYN;
126 CLINTON ST., MANHATTAN.
JAMES STEWART & CO., INC.

CARPENTER.—Man able to lay out work in woodworking mill. Apply Westchester Av. and White Plains Road, Unionport Woodworking Co.

CARETAKERS.—Couple, with good references, for private house of physician. Apply 11-1, 48 East 65th St.

CHARGE CLERK, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED, IN LARGE NECKWEAR HOUSE; ONLY THOSE ACCUSTOMED TO TAKING CHARGE OF DEPARTMENT AND ACQUAINTED WITH LICENSE, AND ALL OTHER DETAILS NEED APPLY; STEADY POSITION; GOOD SALARY TO ONE WHO IS QUALIFIED; MUST BE DRAFT EXEMPT. I. ISAAC & CO., 880 BROADWAY.

CHAUFFEUR, licensed, American, expert driver, minor repairs, strictly sober, wishes position with private family; high-class cars only; city preferred; excellent references. N 690 Times Harlem.

CHEMIST,
recently out of college, capable handling metallurgical research;
also a physical laboratory helper with fair amount of engineering training.
Apply
WRIGHT-MARTIN AIRCRAFT CORP.,
BORDEN & STARR AVS.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.

CIVIL ENGINEER. — Experienced, wide awake concrete engineer for field work on Government ships, N. Y. C. yards; salary to start, $35. A 499 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—COTTON CONVERTING HOUSE WANTS EXPERT AND EXPERIENCED CLERK TO KEEP CONVERTING BOOKS; STATE FULLY PARTICULARS OF EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED; ONLY THOSE OF LONG EXPERIENCE WILL BE CONSIDERED. A 478 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CLERICAL worker in the subscription department of a weekly magazine. Apply Room 92, Bible House, 4th Av. and 9th St.

CLEVELAND automatic set-up men; best working conditions; good pay for right party. Apply Superintendent, Kleinschmidt Elect. Co., 36 Flatbush Ex., Brooklyn.

CLEANER.—Colored man for inside work only; steady job. L 671 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—By a large and well known fire insurance company; one who is familiar with computing endorsements; opportunity for advancement. A 457 Times Downtown.

COAL PASSERS.
Strong, healthy men; steady position.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 Bethune St.,
Near West St., six blocks south of 14th St.
LICENSED BY U. S. E. S. PERMIT. NO. 113.

COST ACCOUNTANT
for
manufacturing plant
of women's apparel;
state age, experience
and salary expected.
Address,
in strictest confidence,
MANUFACTURER, 101 TIMES.

COST ACCOUNTANT wanted by prominent firm of public accountants; first-class man capable of taking sole charge of devising and installing cost system; must also be thoroughly conversant with general office accounting; permanent position; give full particulars of experience and salary required. A 484 Times Downtown.

COLLECTORS.
We are open for a few with installment experience preferred, but not essential; must be willing and industrious. Call main office, sixth floor, Bloomingdale Bros., 59th St. and 3d Av.

COUPLE.—Want reliable couple to do all work about small place near Van Cortlandt Park; family of three; good wages. Apply in afternoon to Miss Porter, 8 West 57th St., ninth floor, or telephone 4400 Circle.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, on ship equipment; good opportunity to gain experience in an industry of increasing importance; advise salary expected. Address H. M. Co., 2 College Place, Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMEN.
Experienced men on telephone equipment and electrical apparatus; steady work; good pay.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St. Six blocks south of 14th St.

DRAFTSMEN, MECHANICAL, WITH SEVERAL YEARS' EXPERIENCE ON DESIGN OR LAYOUT WORK; CAN ALSO USE A FEW MEN CAPABLE OF DETAILING FROM LAYOUTS; ELECTRICAL EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY; VERY ATTRACTIVE AND PERMANENT POSITIONS ASSURED TO MEN WHO QUALIFY. CALL ON MR. NESBIT, WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC & MANUFACTURING CO., CITY INVESTING BUILDING, 165 BROADWAY.

DRAFTSMAN—(Mechanical,)
in Elizabeth, N. J.; competent man for general all around work; steady job, good pay for the right man; state age and salary expected. B. F., Box 209 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN,
ONE FAMILIAR WITH AEROPLANE LANDING GEAR CONSTRUCTION; MUST BE CAPABLE; ALL OR PART TIME; UNIMPEACHABLE REFERENCES; STATE SALARY AND EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS, AEROPLANE, 259 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DRAFTSMEN. — MECHANICAL, FIRST-CLASS MEN, ON AEROPLANE WORK; PLEASANT WORKING CONDITIONS; PERMANENT POSITIONS; GOVERNMENT WORK. APPLY OR WRITE CURTIS ENGINEERING CORPORATION, GARDEN CITY, N. Y.

DRAFTSMAN,
experienced, electrical and mechanical; excellent opportunity for one who has initiative, and can take charge of drafting department; must be 100 per cent. American; Government work; apply any time, Wireless Improvement Co., 47 West 34th St., below Becton.

DRAFTSMAN, electrical and mechanical; opportunity for young man who has enthusiasm that brings results; must be 100 per cent. American; Government work; apply any time. Wireless Improvement Co., 47 West St., below Rector.

DRAFTSMEN on power station and substation layout work covering installation of electrical equipment. Edison Co., 13 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMEN, (two,) one mechanical, experienced, and one junior; state age and salary expected. A 43 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced detailer of punches and dies. Room 705, 140 Liberty St.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR for apartment house; wages $50, apartment free. Apply Superintendent, 601 West 180th St.

ELDERLY MAN with clerical experience on country or trade paper. Full particulars and salary. L 634 Times Downtown.

ENTRY CLERK, middle aged man, good at figures, 5 A. M. to 2 P. M., six days a week, including Sunday; steady position, with advancement; state references and salary desired. Z 247 Times Annex.

ENTRY CLERK, EXPERIENCED ON TAKING CHARGES FROM CALL ON NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS. MADISON SQUARE P. O. BOX 27.

ENTRY CLERK.—Man understands entering charges from caller. L 575 Times Downtown.

ERRAND BOYS wanted; steamship supply house; salary $12. Apply 62 Front St.

ESTIMATORS.—First-class estimators wanted for carpentery or masonry; day or evening work. Quantity Survey Co., 21 West 45th St.

EXECUTIVE, office man, handle large volume correspondence and details; must be thoroughly experienced, most capable correspondent; good, permanent position with bright future; state age, religion, nationality, experience, salary. W 335 Times.

EXPORT MARKER AND SHIPPER, experienced preferred, to assist shipping clerk in large chemical and color house; salary $16 per week to start. Call 654 Greenwich St.

FILE CLERK, an experienced man, to take charge of filing system; none other need apply; good opportunity for advancement; salary to start, $90 per month. L 658 Times Downtown.

FIRE CHIEF
FOR INDUSTRIAL PLANT
LOCATED IN PENNSYLVANIA.
Must have had experience along this line and knowledge of fire fighting and safety. References must be furnished and complete details given as to experience.
ADDRESS REPLIES TO
MR. I. J. GOLDFARB,
422 7TH AV.,
NEW YORK CITY.

GRANITE CUTTERS, LETTER CUTTERS, SETTERS, monumental work; men above draft age; none but first class need apply. M. L. Knight, 1,025 West Mulberry St., Baltimore, Md.

INSTRUMENT MAKERS,
TOOLMAKERS,
FIRST CLASS MEN,
Able to build telephone and wireless apparatus from blue prints; steady positions.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 Blocks South of 14th St.

INSURANCE OFFICE
requires at once several young women for clerical and bookkeeping work; salary to start $700 up, depending upon experience; apply own handwriting, S 822 Times Downtown.

JUNIOR ASSISTANTS.
Must be 16 years of age, for mail and messenger service; excellent opportunity for advancement in electrical business.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUME ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

JAPANESE couple or relations, cook and butler or cook and waitress, for small club connected with steel concern; two hours from New York, one from Plainfield, on Jersey Central. Z 234 Times Annex.

JUNIOR CLERK wanted by large manufacturing concern; excellent opportunity for bright and active boy. A 478 Times Downtown.

LAWYER, Latin-American, in law office; state experience fully, references. S 630 Times Downtown.

LEDGER CLERK.—Experienced; one accustomed to handling large number of accounts; permanent position, opportunity of advancement; state details of experience, age, salary, and references. R 237 Times.

L. BARTH,
30-38 Cooper Square,
require at once
EXPERIENCED CHINA PACKERS
and a few
CAPABLE RECEIVING CLERKS.

MACHINISTS
FOR GOVERNMENT WORK.
Must be first-class all-around repair men on lathes and power press; only men accustomed to this kind of work apply, prepared to work; stead position, good wages.
METROPOLITAN ENGINEERING CO.,
1,219 ATLANTIC AV., BROOKLYN.

MACHINE HANDS
wanted.
STEINWAY & SONS,
Ditmars Av. Factory, Steinway, L. I. City.

MANAGER
for transportation company; must be a man who has experience and knowledge of automobile trucks; steady position; an exceptional opportunity for the man who meets our requirements; salary $30 per week to start. Address, stating age, nationality, and experience, W. S., 130 Times Downtown.

MAN TO TAKE CHARGE OF ORDERING RAW MATERIAL FOR LARGE AEROPLANE CONCERN; MUST BE ENERGETIC AND RESOURCEFUL, AND BE FAMILIAR WITH THE RAW MATERIAL THAT GOES INTO AN AEROPLANE AND THE COMMERCIAL UNITS BY WHICH THEY ARE ORDERED; GOOD POSITION FOR RIGHT MAN. APPLY OR WRITE CURTISS ENGINEERING CORP., GARDEN CITY, N. Y.

MAN.—Well known and old established coffee roasters and importers want to connect with man who has a following and can bring in at once good orders for roasted coffee, (New York and vicinity.) not less than 5,000 lbs. per week; we are willing to pay generously for these services, either salary or commission with ample drawing account; do not apply unless you can qualify and prove you have connections; address in confidence. A 479 Times Downtown.

MAN in checking department of large daily newspaper; middle-aged man; good at figures preferred; hours 6 A. M. to 2 P. M., six days a week, including Sundays; state age, experience, and salary desired. Z 246 Times Annex.

MAN wanted in a large fire insurance office; a man capable of supervising detail work of an office, with the necessary knowledge to qualify for the position and get results; answer should state age, nationality, salary, and experience. Address "Competent," A 475 Times Downtown.

MAN—STRONG,
assist in stock room of 5th Av. publishing house; experienced man, paid according to ability; chance for advancement for capable man; church references required. Leslie-Judge Co., 225 5th Av.

MAN Wanted; middle-aged man in shipping department of publishing house; experienced packer. Write Box 103, Madison Square Post Office, New York City.

MAN, handy with tools, to work in shipping department. Jensen Creamery Machinery Co., 13th St. and Boulevard, Long Island City.

MAN.—Elderly, to make blue prints, file tracings and do general routine work in drafting room; state age, salary. S 303 Times.

MAN to work in stockroom, with some knowledge of machine casting and fitting. Jensen Creamery Machinery Co., 13th St. and Boulevard, Long Island City.

MAN, strong and intelligent, with deferred classification, for athletic work with a physical culture institution. Apply after 10 A. M., Suite 107, 50 Broadway.

MAN, 46 years old or over, to work on stock books of large silk house; must also be capable to act as doorman. R 229 Times.

MAN, draft exempt, 18-20 years, some real estate experience. Call Thursday, 2-4, Room 406, 17 West 42d St.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER
to take charge as chief engineer with actual engineering experience in chemical plant and thoroughly familiar with power plant, refrigerating machinery, chemical apparatus, &c., for actual engineering and executive work; compensation according to qualifications; man wanted who can earn about $5,000. Call during business hours or 'phone for appointment, Ossining 1057. Ossining Chemical Works, Ossining, N. Y.

MEN.
A large city book publisher will need extra men in shipping, stock, bookkeeping and correspondence department; apply at once, giving full particulars as to age, nationality, experience, salary required; if draft exempt, state why. J. R., 115 Times.

MEN.—Large casualty company has opening for several men as messengers; state age, previous occupation, and salary expected. A 466 Times Downtown.

MESSENGER BOY,
bright, active; good chance to learn; $9; advancement. McColl, 236 West 37th St.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR wanted by large essential manufacturing concern in Jersey City; state experience and salary expected. Z 258 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOYS
for permanent positions.
Splendid opportunity open for advancement for those who are bright and industrious.
See Mr. Luetgens.
Jaburg Bros., 10-14 Leonard St.

OFFICE BOY wanted in important department of a large publishing house; adequate pay, pleasant hours and surroundings; unusual opportunities for advancement; must be public school graduate. Call and ask for Mr. Broadbent, Funk & Wagnalls Co., 354 4th Av.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young man, about 17 years old, in office of busy executive; must be willing and obliging; salary, $9 weekly to start. Address in own handwriting, giving references, age, and telephone number, Z 248 Times Annex.

OFFICE ASSISTANT wanted by large essential manufacturing concern in Jersey City; should be familiar with the handling of correspondence and office detail; American; draft exempt; salary $16-$18 per week. Z 255 Times Annex.

OF

Classified Advertising Rates

The New York Times

Count six words to an agate line.

Agents Wanted	50c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	45c
Automobile Exchange	50c
Boarders and Board Wanted	35c
Business Opportunities	50c
Country Board	45c
Employment Agencies	50c
For Sale	50c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	35c
Help Wanted	35c
Lost and Found	50c
Mortgage Loans	50c
Real Estate and Houses to Let	45c
Situations Wanted	30c

HELP WANTED—Male.

SUPERINTENDENT of high-class elevator apartment house, American, desires to change his position; considered an expert mechanic at all ordinary repairs; understands management of help thoroughly; excellent references. N 692 Times Harlem.

TABULATING MACHINE OPERATOR competent to take full charge of tabulating department in large fire insurance company; state experience, references, and salary expected. L 626 Times Downtown.

TEACHER, excellent, wanted, French and Spanish, for evening classes. Language, S 624 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR AND CLERK for an institution near city. Call 146 East 28th St. at 6 P. M.

TIME CLERK.—Young man as time clerk in motor truck shop; position permanent; man in deferred classification and exempt preferred. A 5 Times.

THE STANDARD
AIRCRAFT CORPORATION

require the following help immediately on war work:

MOTOR RADIATOR REPAIR MAN,
CABINET MAKERS,
WING ASSEMBLERS,
TOOL CRIB HANDS,
ACETYLENE WELDERS,
BOX MAKERS.

Apply Employment Department,

BRUNSWICK AV.,
ELIZABETH, N. J.

TOOLMAKERS AND MACHINISTS.

YOUR PATRIOTIC DUTY.

YOU MUST JOIN THIS FIGHT.

WE did NOT START THIS WAR. THEY are NOT OUR AEROPLANES WE are BUILDING. WE ARE building these aeroplanes to MAKE THIS world a DECENT place for YOU and YOUR FAMILY to LIVE IN. OUR SOLDIERS fighting in FRANCE EXPECT EVERY American MECHANIC to FIGHT beside his MACHINE. THIS WAR will BE DECIDED in the AIR. HELP AMERICA WIN "AIR SUPREMACY."

TOOLMAKERS.

TOOL AND GAUGE INSPECTORS.
TOOL SETTERS, FIRST CLASS.

SPECIAL ASSISTANT WANTED to Tool Superintendent.

OPERATORS,

EXPERT GRINDER HANDS,
MILLING MACHINE HANDS,
PLANER HANDS,
J. & L. OPERATORS,
W. & S. OPERATORS.

LATHE HANDS,

External Grinder Hands.

JOB SETTERS
for the following machines:

ACME,
FOX LATHE,
GISHOLT,
GRIDLEYS,
W. & S.

MACHINISTS.
Several first-class all-around.
GENERAL FOREMAN
and
ASSISTANT MACHINE FOREMEN.

WE WANT YOU AT ONCE.

EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT.
Open until 6:30 P. M.
and Sundays 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

WRIGHT-MARTIN
AIRCRAFT CORP.,
BORDEN AND STARR AVS.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.

Take Queensboro Subway from Grand Central Station or Greenpoint cars to Calvary Cemetery car.

Or apply at
U. S. EMPLOYMENT OFFICES,
22 EAST 22D, NEW YORK CITY;

171 HUNTER AV., BRIDGE PLAZA,
LONG ISLAND CITY.

TOOLMAKERS,
INSTRUMENT MAKERS.
FIRST CLASS.

Al[illegible] build telephone and wireless apparatus from blue prints; steady position.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
67 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

TOOL DRAFTSMEN

on punches and dies, jigs and fixtures for small interchangeable work; only men with experience need apply; good pay.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
67 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St. Six blocks south of 14th St.

TOOL ROOM GRINDERS

for our Edgewater, New Jersey plant; must be first-class on internal and external work; prevailing rates; steamers leave West 95th dock, New York; American Can Company, licensed by U. S. E. S., permit No. 189.

TRACER AND DETAILER.
WE REQUIRE TWO MEN WHO CAN DO NEAT, RAPID TRACING, LETTERING, AND SOME DETAILING; WE OFFER SUCH MEN AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY TO ADVANCE RAPIDLY IN SALARY AND POSITION; MAIL US A SAMPLE OF YOUR WORK AND A LETTER STATING YOUR QUALIFICATIONS AND THE SALARY YOU WOULD REQUIRE AT THE START. FOAMITE FIRE EXTINGUISHER CO., 200 5TH AV., NEW YORK, N. Y.

TYPIST wanted in downtown office, position permanent; state salary expected. L 655 Times Downtown.

VICTROLA SALESMEN.
Must know something about repairs.
Steady position for right party.
TISER & CO., 2,887 3D AV., (150th.)

WANTED.

TRAINMEN
AND
STATION MEN,
AGES 21 to 55.
SUBWAY and ELEVATED DIVISIONS.
INTERBOROUGH
RAPID TRANSIT CO.,
APPLY ROOM 1233,
165 Broadway,
9 A. M. to 5 P. M. daily,
Except Sunday.

WATCHMAKERS WANTED. — Two first class, who thoroughly understand repairing high grade watches; permanent positions to the right men; ideal surroundings to work under; best of pay, give reference, salary and experience. Greenleaf & Crosby Company, Jacksonville, Fla.

YOUTH.—Learn mercantile business; prefer one just finished schooling. L 577 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, who lives on Hudson Division of New York Central Railroad, between Yonkers and Peekskill, for real estate office at Tarrytown, prefer typist or stenographer, who is willing and physically capable of doing odd jobs around the various properties owned by the company. $10 to start; mail applications only. R. E. Farley Organization, 12 East 44th St.

YOUNG MAN.—Manufacturer of shipbuilding materials requires the services of young man as assistant bookkeeper; must be experienced, accurate, and quick at figures, with high school education; state full particulars, age, religion, references, and salary expected; hours 8:30 to 5:30; excellent opportunity. Address Marine Hardware, A 490 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN in insurance office; reply in own handwriting; state experience and salary expected. S 465 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN, ambitious, under 24, as general assistant in invoice and shipping department export house; knowledge of Spanish desired, but not essential; permanent position, with chance of advancement for one willing to learn and not afraid of work. Apply, own handwriting, stating experience, reference, salary. Ambitious, S 560 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 16, willing, energetic, for general export office work; knowledge of Spanish preferred but not necessary; state experience, if any, age, salary desired, &c. Address South America, L 657 Times Downtown.

Young man.

Wholesale house requires assistant buyer for silverware department; must be good correspondent. Apply, stating age, experience, and salary desired. L. D., 105 Times.

YOUNG MAN in shipping department for packing of stock; unusual opportunity in large publishing house; must be well recommended. Broadway Music Corp., 145 West 45th St.

YOUNG MEN, stenographers, beginners preferred, wanted by large stock and bond house; attractive opportunity for intelligent and energetic young men. Suite 401, 62 B'way.

YOUNG MAN for assistant in stock room of concern manufacturing material for U. S. Navy; one with experience on electrical fittings preferred; call at 9 A. M. Chas. Cory & Son, 145 Spring.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, for shipping department; good chance for advancement to right party. Apply S. Goldstein & Bro., 39 West 32d St.

YOUNG MAN to be generally useful in woolen jobbing house for stock department. National Imperial Woolen, Inc., 409 Lafayette.

YOUNG MAN, 16-18, bright, with knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting for general office work. Apply M. R., Room 949, 225 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN, assist at the bureau of information; must understand switchboard; $40 monthly start, including meals; call at once Presbyterian Hospital, 41 E. 70th St.

YOUNG MAN, 28, well educated, good business experience, wishes position where he can make himself useful. N 693 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN TO CARRY SALESMAN'S SAMPLES AND HELP SHIPPING DEPARTMENT OF LARGE MERCANTILE HOUSE. 8 EAST 22D.

YOUNG MEN

TO WORK NIGHTS IN SHOP ON VACUUM PUMPS; NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; STEADY POSITION; GOOD PAY.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

LICENSED BY U. S. E. S. PERMIT NO. 113

YOUNG MEN

wanted for office work; splendid opportunity open for advancement to those who are bright and industrious. Apply main office, sixth floor, Bloomingdale Bros., 59th St. and 3d Av.

YOUNG MEN, several, intelligent, who will not be called in the draft; preferably with technical training in physics, for work in electrical laboratory; excellent opportunities for advancement. Apply in person, Electrical Testing Laboratory, 80th St. and East End Av.

YOUNG MEN,
to start as runners in a bank; good salary, bonuses, and lunches; advancement assured. A 492 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN

needed for stock work; excellent chance for advancement. Apply Duplan Silk Corporation, 50 Union Square.

YOUNG MEN, OVER 16 YEARS, FOR MECHANICAL WORK ALONG ELECTRICAL LINES WITH LARGE COMPANY; PLEASANT WORKING CONDITIONS; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. APPLY, GIVING INFORMATION CONCERNING EDUCATION, QUALIFICATIONS, &C., to BOX L 415 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MEN

MUST BE 16 YEARS OF AGE, FOR MAIL AND MESSENGER SERVICE; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT IN ELECTRICAL BUSINESS.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

TYPIST wanted as billing clerk with cigar importing house. Apply with particulars. S 564 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted in office of importing firm. Apply in own handwriting to S 565 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

"THE AMERICAN,"

115 BROADWAY, COR. CEDAR ST.

OUR CLERICAL DEPARTMENT

NEED AT ONCE THE FOLLOWING:

ACCOUNTANTS, (5,) for Government commission, N. Y. C., $150 to $200 mo.

ACCOUNTANTS, (10,) for South America, must speak Spanish, $2,700-$3,000.

ASST. EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, banking corp., $2,000 and bonus.

FIELD CHECKERS, (6,) for essential work at plant 100 miles out of city; very good living conditions; quick advancement; $115 a month to start.

CHECKERS, (2,) 30 miles from city; $100 month.

SHIPPING CLERKS, (2,) for essential industry; $23-$26 week.

BOOKKEEPERS, (6,) for very essential work in office of a Government commission; $30 week.

BOOKKEEPER, large essential industrial firm; control accounts; very good chance for advancement; to start, $25-$30 week.

BOOKKEEPER, real estate; full charge of books; chance for good man to make a fine position for himself; $30 week.

LEDGER CLERKS, (2,) accounts payable and receivable; essential industry; draft exempt only; $23-$25 week.

STATISTICIANS for Govt. plant; must be A1 men; $125 mo. up.

CLERK, 5th Av. club, 8 hours work, elderly man preferred; $90 per mo.

BOOKKEEPER, help unravel entangled accounts; $20-$22 week.

STENOGRAPHER, chemical company, make out accounts; $20 week.

CLERK to take charge o. small mailing department in insurance company; young man, 17-18, inexperienced, $15-$16, or young married man with clerical experience, $20 week.

INSIDE MESSENGER, elderly man, insurance company; lunch furnished; $720 per year.

SHIPPING-RECEIVING CLERK, good at figures; $20.

TECHNICAL DEPT.

INSTRUMENT MEN, (10,) on construction work; $2,100 year.

CHECKERS-DETAILERS and DRAFTSMAN, (10,) housing-machine and electrical; $1,500-$2,100 year.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE, 74 Broadway.—Highest-salaried positions in New York to all classes of office employes. Register free.

BOOKKEEPER, accountants, clerks, others; worth investigating. Mighill, Flatiron Bldg.

AGENTS WANTED.

GENERAL AGENTS.—Desirable representatives wanted throughout Long Island; old-established accident company; exclusive contracts; liberal commissions. Apply Louis H. Gloeckler, Manager, 373 Fulton St., Brooklyn, hours 10-2.

AGENTS wanted to sell brass, bronze, and aluminum castings in and around New York City. Reading Brass Works, 104 Court St., Reading, Penn.

Instruction.

MEN WANTED to learn a paying professional trade, Mechanical Dentistry. Splendid opportunities for trained men. Practical work all through. Perfectly equipped laboratories. Competent dental mechanics for private practitioner in Washington, D. C.; good pay; permanent positions. Call or write, West Side Y. M. C. A. School of Mechanical Dentistry, Dept. B, 25 West 45th St., New York.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

MEN wanted to operate moving-picture machines; we teach you free until you are working as an operator; then pay us $15. Operators School, 644 8th Av., (42d.)

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; we not qualify when in thirty days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllable Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

MEN—ADVANCE YOURSELVES NOW. Accountants are needed by the Government and in business. Send for details of training to prepare you for exceptional positions; no previous knowledge of bookkeeping required; Write today for Bulletin 40. F. P. Lamphear, 215 West 23d St., N. Y., or C. W. Stowell, 55 Hanson Place, Brooklyn.

MEN.—EARN $25 TO $75 A WEEK.
We teach Mechanical Dentistry by actual practice; no book study, short course, day or evening; easy payments; big demand now for our students. Write for free Booklet "O."
Bodee School of Mechanical Dentistry,
15 W. 44 St., N. Y.; 15 Flatbush Av., B'klyn.

BOOKKEEPERS AND CREDIT OFFICE ASSISTANTS! Double your salary; personal evening training, practical bookkeeping, credit investigation; moderate rates; write for prospectus A. Edward Levi, Room 619, 200 5th Av.

EARN $25 to $75 weekly taking photographs; many jobs now open; we teach motion picture, studio and commercial photography; 3 months' studio instruction, day or night; easy terms. Call or write for Booklet "T." N Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 W. 36th St.

AIRPLANE MECHANICS.—Instruction day or evening; qualifying for Government or factory work. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICK.—Will sell my 1918 model "E 49" seven-passenger, complete equipment and in perfect order. FLORENCE DONNELLY, Riverside Av., Amityville, L. I. Tel. 110.

BUICK.—1918, 7-passenger, new, $1,250; Dodge, late, 1917 touring, new tires, $650. Pacific Garage, 215 Pacific St., Brooklyn.

BUICK roadster, 1917, excellent condition; must dispose account of draft. Telephone Prospect 5043.

BUICK 1916 CABRIOLET AND COUPE. Condition excellent. Wallace, 236 W. 59th.

BUICK.—New six, 5-passenger, $1,050; no dealers; act quickly. 6227 Barclay.

BUICK 1917 sedan, like new. Brady-Murray Motors Corpn., 62d St. and Broadway.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 5d floor.

BUICK 1917, Little Six limousine, 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

BUICK Little 6 roadster; bargain. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1917 SEDAN.
Cadillac 1917 Limousine; special body. Owner in excellent condition.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 5th Av. Plaza 4837.

CADILLAC 1918 TOURING,
4 Pass.; Goodyear Cord Tires; 700 Miles. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 touring, also 1916 touring and roadster; bargains, 1,778 Broadway, at 57th, one flight. Phone Circle 1417.

CADILLAC, 1917, Victoria, four-passenger; excellent condition; two spare tires; many extras. Price, $3,250. Mr. Benson, Rector 6070.

CADILLAC 1917 Convertible Sedan, also touring; overhauled; bargain; guaranteed. Roskam-Scott Co., Broadway and 63d St.

CADILLAC 1917 suburban sedan; landaulet; coupe; roadster; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1918 Limousine, guaranteed practically new; elegant bargain. Roskam-Scott Co., Broadway and 63d St.

CADILLAC 1916 touring; good condition. L. G. Hinguet, 146 West 39th.

CADILLAC 1918 LIMOUSINE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC CABRIOLET, 1916.
Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

CHALMERS 5 passenger, late model, like new, electric lights, starter, $750; excellent condition. Bowling Green 9110, Extension 18.

CHANDLER
Rebuilt and Refinished
USED CARS.
Ninety-Day Guarantee.
BEST USED CARS IN NEW YORK.
Model 17-B 4 Passenger Coupe.
" 17-B 7 " Sedan.
" 17-B 7 " Touring.
" 17 7 " Sedan.
" 17 7 " Touring.
" 17 7 " Limousine.
" 16 7 " Touring.
" 16 3 " Couplet.
" 17-B 4 " Chummy Roadster.
BRADY MURRAY MOTORS CORPN.,
62d St. and Broadway.

CHANDLER 1918 Touring; exceptionally desirable. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

CHANDLER 1917 sedan; exceptional bargain. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

CHANDLER car, 1917, 7 passenger; mechanically perfect. Apply Bailey, 45 West 39th St.

CHEVROLET 1918, all models; also older models. Circle 3100. Marshall or Pelat.

COLE 7-passenger, 8-cylinder, series 30; overhauled; paint and leather good; $1,000. Russell L. Engs, Inc., Cole Distributors, 12 Central Park West, Tel. Columbus 510.

DE DION-BOUTON SEDAN.
Most beautiful car in city; can't be told from new; special built Brewster body; Westinghouse electric starter and lights; six Rudge-Whitmore wire wheels; condition guaranteed. International Automobile Exchange, 150 West 58th St.

FRANKLIN 1917 Chummy Roadster, guaranteed order, complete; bargain price. Roskam-Scott Co., Broadway and 63d St.

HAYNES TOURING CARS.
Model 39, 1918, scarcely used.
Model 36, 1917, exceptional condition.
BRIGHTON, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

HUDSON SUPER SIX Sedan.—7-passenger; painted dark olive green, with black trimmings; wire wheels; new tires; extra wire wheel, fully equipped; guaranteed; price, $2,000. Z 251 Times Annex.

HUDSON SUPER SIX Speedster; run about 6,000 miles; original paint; looks like new; mechanically guaranteed; $1,650 cash. Z 250 Times Annex.

HUDSON Sedan, late 1917 tires; paint like new; wire wheels; A1 condition; lady will sell $2,000 cash immediately. Telephone Columbus 9490. Apt. 1118.

HUDSON 1917 Super Six touring, 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON town car, 1917, Super Six. 1,778 Broadway, one flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON Sedan 1917 super six, 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

HUPMOBILE 1917, 5-pass. touring car. Mr. Underhill, 5902 Schuyler.

HUPMOBILE 1917 Sedan; beautiful car 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

KING 8, seven-passenger touring, 1918, excellent condition; must dispose account of draft. Telephone Prospect 5643.

LANCIA 1918 FOUR-PASSENGER.
Practically new. Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

LEXINGTON for sale, 1918; A-1 condition, run 6,000 miles; complete line of accessories, including wire wheels; $1,000 cash. Tel. 2478 Beekman.

LOZIER, 1915, 7-passenger; good condition. J. Donati, 100 E. 123d St. Harlem 8534.

LOZIER, in excellent condition, almost new tires, can be bought 10% of original price. Superior Garage, 206 West 76th.

MARMON, 1917, Sedan; condition guaranteed throughout; new cord tires. Telephone Circle 5692.

MARMON 1917 sedan; Marmon touring car; roadster; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON LIMOUSINE. ALMOST NEW.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

MAXWELL SEDAN, 1917, run 5,000 miles, perfect condition, new tires. Call Firman, Spring 4000.

MERCER.—Must sacrifice my sporting model, in A1 condition; 6 wire wheels; a real bargain; no dealers. H. A.-Mansfield, 326 East 198th St., New York City.

MITCHELL 1916 Seven Passenger Touring; good condition, bargain; must sell. Grayhurst, Murray Hill 7088.

MERCER 1917 4-PASSENGER.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway

NATIONAL.—1917, 4-passenger chummy, like new, $850. Phone owner, 422 Main.

OLDSMOBILE.—Will sell my 1917 touring, Model 45, seven-passenger, in perfect order. Coplands, 628 Washington Av., B'klyn.

OLDSMOBILE 1918 8-cylinder 4-passenger runabout; like new. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

OVERLAND, 6-cylinder, seven-passenger, 1917, perfect condition; reasonable. Doctor, Lenox 7192.

OVERLAND, 1916, 7 passenger, 6 cylinder, Continental motor; great bargain; owner drafted. For particulars call Gramercy 616.

PACKARD LIMOUSINE, 1911 model; has gone 50,000 miles; overhauled and in good condition. For demonstration apply Lindner, 9th floor, 8 West 57th St., or telephone 4400 Circle.

PACKARD for sale by owner; twin six, Fall 1916 model; perfect condition; any demonstration; slip covers and extras; five practically new shoes; price $2,500. Phone Packard, 3589—Madison Square.

PACKARD, 1918, Fleetwood special, sport type. Fully equipped; car is really beautiful.

GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 5th Av. Plaza 4837.

PACKARD, 1918, five-passenger Fleetwood phaeton, 3-35; excellent condition; double tire carrier, and other accessories; 5,300 miles; six extra U. S. Royal Cord tires. Inquire owner, A 55 Times.

PACKARD 1917 Chummy Roadster, guaranteed perfect order; elegant bargain. Roskam-Scott Co., Broadway and 63d St.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

PACKARD 1917 BROUGHAM LIMOUSINE. WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

PEUGEOT SEDAN, LATEST IMPORTATION. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st.

PIERCE, 1917 C-4, new small town car; handsomest car in town; low, beautiful body; guaranteed. Roskam-Scott Co., Broadway and 63d St.

PIERCE ARROW 1917 "38"
POLE PASSENGER TOURING.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW seven passenger, 48 touring; in excellent condition. Wm. B. Curtis, 117 East 24th St. Phone 2021 Madison Square.

PIERCE ARROW 1917 "48" LIMOUSINE. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

PULLMAN, 1917, 5-passenger touring, excellent condition; sacrifice for cash. Farragut 9788.

PREMIER 1917 four-passenger roadster in first-class condition; quite a few extras; wire wheels, two bumpers; price $1,600; no dealers. H. P. Friedman, 588 Broadway, Spring 9294.

ROLLS-ROYCE SPECIAL CABRIOLET. 1918 PIERCE Sedan, like new. 1917 CADILLAC, 7-passenger touring. 1917 CADILLAC, four-passenger roadster. 1917 FRANKLIN 4-pass. Chummy. 1917 HUDSON 4-pass. Speedster. 50 Other High Class Cars. BURRELLE, 1,890 BROADWAY.

SIMPLEX 1914, 35 ft. F. limousine, beautiful condition. Brady Murray Motors Corpn., 62d St. and Broadway.

STEARNS KNIGHTS | OVERHAULED GUARANTEED
1917 Touring, 4 cyl. | PRICES
1917 Limousine, 4 cyl. | REASONABLE.
1915 Landaulet, 4 cyl.
1917 Touring, 8 cyl.
TOURING AND LIMOUSINE BODIES.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.,
415 West 55th St. Columbus 7600

STUDEBAKER.—For sale, 1917 three-passenger roadster; demonstration by appointment. Address P. O. Box 622, Tenafly, N. J.

STUTZ 1918 6-PASSENGER.
STUTZ 1918 4-PASSENGER.
STUTZ 1918 ROADSTER.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ 1918 four-passenger; wire wheels; practically brand new. 10 West 60th.

TOURAINE, 1915, 7-passenger, brougham-limousine, special Holbrook body; car now in use at Cedarhurst, L. I.; price $650. Address J. B. E., Room 600, Tribune Bldg., N. Y. C.

WINTON, model 33, light Six touring car; overhauled and repainted; fully guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
No war tax on used cars.
PEUGEOT Suburban Sedan, latest importation.
CRANE SIMPLEX TOURING.
1918 CADILLAC town car.
1918 STUTZ 4-passenger.
1918 MERCER touring.
1918 BUICK Little "8" roadster.
1918 CHANDLER touring.
1918 HUPMOBILE touring; like new.
1918 MITCHELL Sedan.
1918 MITCHELL touring.
1918 GRANT runabout.
1917 PIERCE-ARROW, 4-passenger.
1917 MERCER 4-passenger, Sport model.
1917 CADILLAC limousine.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH coupe.
1917 STUTZ speedster.
1916 STUTZ roadster; practically new.
1916 STUTZ speedster; Bearcat.
1917 OVERLAND Little "6" sedan.

TRUCKS.
PACKARD 3½-TON.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 52TH ST.,
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
No war tax on used cars.
Phone 667-668 Circle.

A BIG BARGAIN.
TWO SLIGHTLY USED
LOCOMOBILES.
48 4-Passenger Tour. and
48 7-Passenger Limo.
GUARANTEED BY US.
Cars can be seen at
Exchange Car Department,
The Locomobile Co. of America,
61st Street, West of Broadway,
New York City.
Telephone 7750 Columbus.

WARNING! BUY TIRES NOW!
Save Big Money—Stock Up Now
DISCOUNTS 25% to 50%
On Different Makes and Types
TUBES—Two for Price of One!
500 Used Shoes, $6, $7, $8, $10 &c.
Also Big Stock of Discontinued Sizes
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,
1763 Broadway, Near 57th St.
Bronx Branch: 2428 Grand Concourse (187)

GUARANTEED EXCHANGE CAR.
5-Pass. 1915 38 H. P. Locomobile Tour. Painted dark brown with triple stripe. Equipped with Cord tires. Ready for immediate delivery. Further information inquire of Exchange Car Department. The Locomobile Co. of America, 61st Street, West of Broadway, New York City. Telephone 7750 Columbus.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS. Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 50th St.

SEDAN BODIES, new; will fit Oldsmobile, Chandler, Reo, Hudson, Cadillac, and Buick. Dunham Sales Co., 407 South Broadway, Yonkers.

HAVE 3½-ton, will sell at bargain; splendid condition, high rack and cab; make appointment today. R 250 Times.

For sale, 41 taxicabs; good condition; easy terms. Inquire 622 West 57th St.

Motor Trucks.

Three 4-ton Riker Trucks
With Hydraulic Dump Bodies
OVERHAULED AND
GUARANTEED BY MANUFACTURER.
Can be seen at
Exchange Car Department,
The Locomobile Co. of America,
61st Street, West of Broadway,
New York City.
Telephone 7750 Columbus.

ATTENTION!—Motor trucks, 1, 1½, 2, 3½, 5, and 7 tons' capacity; also exceptional bargains in slightly used trucks; will sell on easy terms to reliable parties and give steady employment at liberal rates to purchasers; preference given to owner drivers; immediate delivery. Wilson Motor Truck Corporation of New York, 1,457 Broadway, at 42d St. Telephone Bryant 5685.

TRUCKS.—Will sell 3½ and 5 ton trucks on deferred payment plan to responsible parties, and give yearly contract for work. 1,457 Broadway, Room 703.

TRUCK D. E. ¾-ton closed delivery wagon in good condition; will sell at low price. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

AUTO TRUCK.—For hire, new 4-ton auto truck by day or contract. 230 8th Av. Phone Chelsea 182.

FORD.—1½-ton truck in A1 condition, with rack body. 771 1st Av. Vanderbilt 6280.

FORD.—Delivery car in A1 condition, with top body. 771 1st Av. Vanderbilt 6280.

1½-ton truck and Regal roadster for sale. Phone Melrose 1426. Felo.

Automobiles for Rent.

AUTO TRUCKING business is open for steady work; town and out of town. Call Farragut 5349, or write H. O. Nuss, 80 5th Av.

For Hire—New auto truck for high-class furniture; can be rented out one or two days per week; reasonable rate. Hastings, A 38 Times.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire, hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. F. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD 6s and Twin 6s to hire; hour, day, monthly; landaulets; rates very reasonable. Champion Garage and Auto Co., 171 West 59th St. Phone Riverside 5818.

PACKARDS.—1917 twin sixes exclusively. Landaulet, touring; hour, monthly. Wilmarth. Tel. Columbus 8030.

PACKARD twin six, beautiful limousine; reasonable rates; month or season; owner drives. Telephone Riverside 5316. O'Neill.

CADILLAC limousine, handsome; will rent monthly. Calumet Garage, 318 W. 52d.

PACKARDS.—Twin sixes; Pierce-Arrows; hour or season. Muldoon, Col. 2151-7261.

PACKARD (7-passenger) for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. Murray Hill 4661.

Automobiles Wanted.

WANTED, AUTOS, SPOT CASH READY. Are you in the new draft? Want to sell your car for cash quickly? Try Jandorf, 1,763 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILES. — Marmon and Packard (1918,) are bought privately. Garces, 220 Central Park South.

HIGHEST PRICES paid for cars. Telephone before you sell. King, 3186 Fordham.

Automobile Storage.

SAVE GASOLINE and help win the war; dead storage, fireproof, clean and reliable. Chas. C. Tough, 510 East 73d St. Rhinelander 8586.

Automobile Instruction.

20 REASONS 20

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue 1.

Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and best school in the U.S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 335 West 56th St. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

I HEREWITH MAKE KNOWN TO ALL creditors and clients that I have merged the F. Bangerter's Machine Works of 425-435 East 102d St., New York City, with the American Instrument and Tool Co., Inc., of 425-435 East 102d St., of which I am sole stockholder.
(Signed) FREDERICK BANGERTER.

REMOVAL NOTICE.—C. & L. Dress Co. and London Apparel Co. removed to 9 West 29th St. from 22 West 15th St.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

PACKARD 1917 BROUGHAM LIMOUSINE. WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

PEUGEOT SEDAN, LATEST IMPORTATION. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st.

PIERCE, 1917 C-4, new small town car; handsomest car in town; low, beautiful body; guaranteed. Roskam-Scott Co., Broadway and 63d St.

PIERCE ARROW 1917 "38"
POLE PASSENGER TOURING.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW seven passenger, 48 touring; in excellent condition. Wm. B. Curtis, 117 East 24th St. Phone 2021 Madison Square.

PIERCE ARROW 1917 "48" LIMOUSINE. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

PULLMAN, 1917, 5-passenger touring, excellent condition; sacrifice for cash. Farragut 9788.

PREMIER 1917 four-passenger roadster in first-class condition; quite a few extras; wire wheels, two bumpers; price $1,600; no dealers. H. P. Friedman, 588 Broadway, Spring 9294.

ROLLS-ROYCE SPECIAL CABRIOLET. 1918 PIERCE Sedan, like new. 1917 CADILLAC, 7-passenger touring. 1917 CADILLAC, four-passenger roadster. 1917 FRANKLIN 4-pass. Chummy. 1917 HUDSON 4-pass. Speedster. 50 Other High Class Cars. BURRELLE, 1,890 BROADWAY.

SIMPLEX 1914, 35 ft. F. limousine, beautiful condition. Brady Murray Motors Corpn., 62d St. and Broadway.

STEARNS KNIGHTS | OVERHAULED GUARANTEED
1917 Touring, 4 cyl. | PRICES
1917 Limousine, 4 cyl. | REASONABLE.
1915 Landaulet, 4 cyl.
1917 Touring, 8 cyl.
TOURING AND LIMOUSINE BODIES.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.,
415 West 55th St. Columbus 7600

STUDEBAKER.—For sale, 1917 three-passenger roadster; demonstration by appointment. Address P. O. Box 622, Tenafly, N. J.

STUTZ 1918 6-PASSENGER.
STUTZ 1918 4-PASSENGER.
STUTZ 1918 ROADSTER.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ 1918 four-passenger; wire wheels; practically brand new. 10 West 60th.

TOURAINE, 1915, 7-passenger, brougham-limousine, special Holbrook body; car now in use at Cedarhurst, L. I.; price $650. Address J. B. E., Room 600, Tribune Bldg., N. Y. C.

WINTON, model 33, light Six touring car; overhauled and repainted; fully guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
No war tax on used cars.
PEUGEOT Suburban Sedan, latest importation.
CRANE SIMPLEX TOURING.
1918 CADILLAC town car.
1918 STUTZ 4-passenger.
1918 MERCER touring.
1918 BUICK Little "8" roadster.
1918 CHANDLER touring.
1918 HUPMOBILE touring; like new.
1918 MITCHELL Sedan.
1918 MITCHELL touring.
1918 GRANT runabout.
1917 PIERCE-ARROW, 4-passenger.
1917 MERCER 4-passenger, Sport model.
1917 CADILLAC limousine.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH coupe.
1917 STUTZ speedster.
1916 STUTZ roadster; practically new.
1916 STUTZ speedster; Bearcat.
1917 OVERLAND Little "6" sedan.

TRUCKS.
PACKARD 3½-TON.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 52TH ST.,
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
No war tax on used cars.
Phone 667-668 Circle.

A BIG BARGAIN.
TWO SLIGHTLY USED
LOCOMOBILES.
48 4-Passenger Tour. and
48 7-Passenger Limo.
GUARANTEED BY US.
Cars can be seen at
Exchange Car Department,
The Locomobile Co. of America,
61st Street, West of Broadway,
New York City.
Telephone 7750 Columbus.

WARNING! BUY TIRES NOW!
Save Big Money—Stock Up Now
DISCOUNTS 25% to 50%
On Different Makes and Types
TUBES—Two for Price of One!
500 Used Shoes, $6, $7, $8, $10 &c.
Also Big Stock of Discontinued Sizes
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,
1763 Broadway, Near 57th St.
Bronx Branch: 2428 Grand Concourse (187)

GUARANTEED EXC

8-HOUR DAY UPHELD BY WAR LABOR BOARD

Basis Also Fixed Upon Which Question of Emergency and Overtime Shall Be Decided.

HEALTH CONSIDERED FIRST

Board Will Take Up Disputes Between Workers and Traction Companies at Hearing Today.

The first decision of the Federal War Labor Board on the subject of the eight-hour working day in industrial plants was announced here yesterday by ex-President William H. Taft and Frank P. Walsh, joint Chairmen of the board. The decision upholds the eight-hour day, except in emergency, and provides that the question of "emergency" must be determined by a committee representing the employer and the employes of the particular plant in which the question arises. Because the burden of proof is on the employer, the vote of the committee must be three out of four that the emergency exists.

The decision was given in the dispute of union molders and the Wheeling Mold and Foundry Company, and the umpire, whose decision is final and which becomes the ruling of the board, was Supreme Court Justice Walter Clark of North Carolina. The award of Justice Clark is stated as follows:

"The molders employed by the Wheeling Mold and Foundry Company at Wheeling, W. Va., shall not be required or permitted to work more than eight hours within any day of twenty-four hours, except in cases of emergency, and then under the following terms and conditions:

"1. Overtime work shall be paid for at the rate of time and one-half for all hours worked in excess of eight hours, with double time for Sundays and holidays.

"2. The question whether or not an emergency exists, together with the length of time over which such emergency may extend, and the number of extra hours per day, shall be determined by agreement between the management and the working molders in the shop.

"3. For the purpose of effectuating the agreement mentioned in Paragraph 2, a permanent committee of four persons is hereby created, two of whom shall be designated by the management of the plant and two by the working molders in the shop, the assent of at least three of whom shall be necessary for permission to work more than eight hours in any day of twenty-four hours."

Justice Clark says in his opinion that the object of the eight-hour law is to protect the health and lengthen the lives of employes, "which would be seriously compromised by an excessive length of the day's work."

In the hearing before Justice Clark it was contended in behalf of the employer that the "principles" adopted by the National War Labor Board deprived it of jurisdiction to enforce an actual eight-hour day. The umpire pointed out, however, that the principles specify that "in all cases in which the existing law does not require the basic eight-hour day, the question of hours of labor shall be settled with due regard to the governmental necessities, and the welfare, health, and proper comfort of the workers."

The umpire refers to the address of President Wilson before the joint session of Congress on Aug. 29, 1916, in which the President said that the "whole spirit of the time and the preponderant evidence of recent economic experience speak for the eight-hour day," as the result of which the President suggested that the eight-hour day be substituted for the ten-hour day by all railroad managements, and in consequence of which the Adamson eight-hour law was enacted. Justice Clark continues:

"There is a vast body of experience that a ten-hour day shortens the lives of the employes, injures their health, and that in point of production there is an increase by the substitution of eight hours for a longer period. Even if this were not true as to one day, the accumulated fatigue of working more than eight hours for a series of days reduces the production below the quantity produced by strict adherence to that limit. Especially is this so as to the molder's occupation, the life of whom, working at nine or ten hours per day, subject to the heat and noxious fumes, is said to average not more than fourteen years. In work of this kind there can be no doubt that greater production will be had by the working of an eight-hour day than by working nine or ten hours."

The umpire states that although it is a subject for consideration, the fact that the majority of the other shops in Wheeling are working on a nine-hour basis is not conclusive. "All betterment has come by improving conditions, and not continuing them, when bad," says Justice Clark. "Improving conditions is the object of this proceeding."

The umpire points out that nearly 500,000 railroad employes are now working on the basis of the eight-hour day, as are those in the coal mining industry, the packing industry, the news print industry, the garment industry, in Government construction work, and in the lumber and saw mills of the Northwest. The opinion says further:

"The employers have, as a rule, patriotically given full aid to the prosecution of the war by placing their splendid plants and their highly skilled chiefs at the service of the Government. The employes have also, as a rule, with the same patriotism yielded the eight-hour limitation wherever it has been necessary to speed up production for the Government. The former have received great increase in profit. The latter has contributed an increase in the hours of labor, and vast numbers of men to fill our armies. The former have received from the Government; the latter have given to it. They should not be asked to do so, beyond the necessity of the occasion."

In explaining the provision in his award that the question should be determined by a committee representing both employes and employer, Justice Clark says:

"While an eight-hour day is stipulated for in Paragraph 1 of the agreement, emergencies are likely to occur when for a brief period that limit may be exceeded. But the protection of the eight-hour day will amount to nothing if it rests with the employer alone to declare the emergency. The 50 per cent. allowed for overtime is too small a penalty in view of great profits that may arise. Such emergencies can ordinarily be met by the adoption of the three-shift system or an increase in machinery. It is better that the machinery should be worn out than the bodies of the employes. Man passes through this world but once, and he is entitled, in the language of the great Declaration, to some enjoyment of life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness."

In making public the award, Mr. Walsh said:

"Justice Clark's decision is the first great step in the application in fact of the national policy to industry in general; and it will serve as a strong precedent in the adjudication by the War Labor Board of future controversies involving the question of the length of the working day. Of the utmost importance to workers in the United States is Justice Clark's provision for a democratic, rather than an arbitrary, decision of the question of emergency."

Chairman Walsh announced that he and Chairman Taft would open a hearing today at the City Hall at 10 A. M. on the complaints of street railway employes against the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company and other lines, as to time, wages, and the use of spies. James H. Vahey, general counsel of the Amalgamated Street Railway Employes of America, will appear for the complainants. Chairman Walsh said the board deemed the settlement of the differences important in order that no street railway dispute in the vicinity of New York might proceed to the point of interfering with important war industries in this neighborhood.

ASKS TRANSIT LABOR INQUIRY.

Service Board Wants to Know if Wages and Hours Are Proper.

The War Labor Board has been asked by the Public Service Commission to discover by investigation whether it is true that the Interborough Rapid Transit Company and the New York Railways Company can not procure men to operate trains and cars in accordance with schedules prepared by the commission.

For many months both companies have excused deficiencies of service by saying the country had been combed for men, and that it had been impossible to find them. There is nothing in the law which gives the commission jurisdiction over wages or the hours of labor, but the commission has expressed doubt that the labor needs of the companies could not be easily filled if hours and wages offered an attractive prospect to labor.

In its letter, which is signed by Chairman Hubbell, the commission points out that in this community distances between homes and working places are considerable; that nearly all employes in industry are dependent upon transit lines, and that the service rendered by the Interborough and its surface company is much less than it admittedly should be. This inadequate service, the letter runs, results in delays, waste of time, overcrowding, taxing of physical and nervous effort, and general lessened efficiency of workers.

The commission says the public authorities would bbe greatly aided, and the public mind guided, if the board would make an investigation, with public hearings, in regard to the following matters:

"Are those companies paying what is to be regarded as an adequate and proper wage—all that they should now pay—for various classes of employes? What, if any, changes in wage scale ought, consistently with the public interest, be made, to secure for those companies a more nearly adequate supply of labbor?

"Are the conditions of employment such as are calculated to attract the largest number of desirable employes? What, if any, changes in conditions ought to be made to secure for these companies a more nearly adequate supply of labor?

"Are these companies failing to utilize any available more of obtaining an adequate supply of desirable labor? Is their policy or practice with respect to the employment or non-employment of applicants such as to keep away men who might otherwise be a factor in enabling the companies more nearly to fulfill their obligations?"

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—From automobile, small black leather bag, with money and jewels, between Hotel Glenbrook, Shandaken, and Poughkeepsie, from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. Saturday, 14th; reward $500 on delivery to Dr. B. J. Valdes, Hotel Ansonia. Telephone Columbus 8320.

LOST—By working woman in restaurant at 81st St. and Broadway or across 81st St. to 146 West 82d St., small combination bill and change purse, containing bills, two small keys; reward. R 214 Times.

LOST—Black handbag, containing black velvet hat with plumes, blue georgette crepe waist, etc., on boat or 7:37 train from Montclair; liberal reward. Lohsen, 304 West 102d. Riverside 10090.

LOST—Sept. 16, Delta Upsilon fraternity pin in Biltmore, Grand Central Station, or subway, between 6:30 and 8 P. M.; suitable reward if returned to 101 Hancock St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LOST—Pocketbook, containing $350 in Liberty Bonds, Tuesday night at 10:30 P. M., Riverside Drive, between 145th and 149th Sts., entire savings of servant girl; reward. Annie Shyko, care A. Stern, 620 West 149th.

LOST—Sunday afternoon, in vicinity of 14th St. and Irving Place, lady's small wrist watch, initials F. N. B.; reward. W 382 Times.

LOST—Lady's tooled leather handbag, on 6th Av., between 47th St. and Aeolian Hall, 42d St. Rector 159; reward.

LOST—Seal neck piece Tuesday evening, between 118th-Times Square or subway; reward. 417 West 118th, Apartment 61.

LOST—Breastpin, bearing seal of West Point. Finder return 362 Parkside Av., Brooklyn, and receive $5 reward.

LOST—Sapphire and pearl gold barpin near Bonwit Teller; reward; 91 Macon St., Brooklyn.

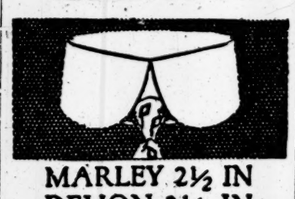
LOST—C., M. & St. P. Ry. Co. stock certificate No. B 74170, representing 20 shares. H. A. Barkhausen, Green Bay, Wis.

$4,000 REWARD.
Long pearl necklace, with diamond clasp, at Gedney Farms Hotel, July 30. Return to Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av. No questions asked.

$300 REWARD, no questions, for sable cape, lost in taxi early Sunday morning. Mrs. Elizabeth Green, 160 West 95th.

FOUND—Pocketbook containing among other things an American Red Cross War Fund Pledge Certificate. Apply at Red Cross War Fund Office, Woolworth Building.

MARLEY-DEVON



MARLEY 2½ IN
DEVON 2¼ IN.

ARROW COLLARS

CLUETT PEABODY & CO. INC. TROY N.Y.

Simplicity of Transaction

There is a best time to buy clothes—that is early—for assortments are complete. Then, too, it's useless to deny the "up" contagion is on. There are fall overcoats here at $22, $25, $28 in conservative models, others form fitting and loose—*moderately stylish*. If you desire to maintain your standard and not pay too much—seek simplicity of transaction. From maker to wearer saves you $5 to $7. G. N. VINCENT, 524-526 6th Ave., near 31st St.

Truly Warner
Drawn from life by
Nonnamaker

A Woman's Hat is Different

I HAD a table on the side-lines at Rector's the other night and just because I am in the hat business, I suppose I became interested in hats—instead of feet,—while they were dancing.

I saw everything from a Baby Doll's Picture Hat to a Blue Devil Tam—and they were all different—no two of them were alike.

All the colors in the rainbow were represented and they were decorated with flowers and feathers and trimmed with about everything from satin to sable.

And the **price**—well, let's not talk about unpleasant things.

But there's no reason why you should pay the price of a Bird of Paradise or an ostrich plume when buying a man's hat. As far as style goes they're all alike as two peas in a pod. I can duplicate John D.'s or John Drew's.

And if you can't see the difference, why pay the difference when I guarantee the quality, and you can have any Soft Hat or Derby in my Stores for $2.85.

Trulys Warner

New York and Everywhere

Telephone Book Gives Addresses of New York and Brooklyn Stores.

It's Human Nature

Everybody is so enthusiastic over the war news that we all want to cheer up, brace up and dress up.
Here are the new Fall suitings. The very color and fabric you fancy is waiting for you here.

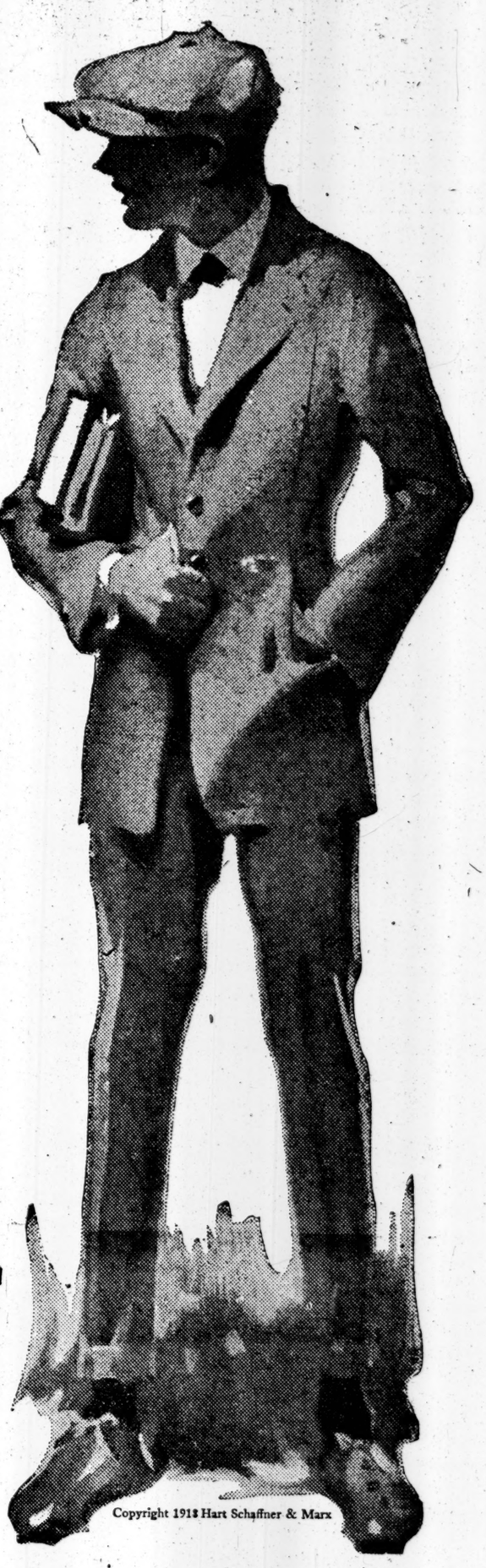
Your Suit Made to Order
$30 to $60

Overcoats, too.
Fine tailoring, correct fit, perfect satisfaction.

W.S.S. WAR SAVINGS STAMPS ISSUED BY THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Arnheim
TWO STORES
BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND
30 E. 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.

P. S.—*Join the Army of Home Production—Buy W. S. S. Regularly.*
Arnheim Axioms



Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Copyright 1918 Hart Schaffner & Marx

What about style in war time?

YOU men in school want it in your clothes; so do business men—but maybe you feel that style isn't patriotic.

It's all right to be stylish if you dont waste materials and labor; if the style is refined and in keeping with these war days and if it is applied to lasting all-wool fabrics that represent the right clothes economy.

We've created war styles for business men and for "Preps;" very refined without waste; the clothes look better and dont cost any more because of it

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Good Clothes Makers

You'll like the Hart Schaffner & Marx war-time clothes shown here; they're stylish yet economical of cloth.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th } Open
3d Ave., cor. 123d } Evenings

"I wanted *Better Letters* so I got

THE GENUINE EDISON DICTATING MACHINE

The Ediphone

BUILT BY EDISON FOR BETTER LETTERS

"Helps directly in producing *Better Letters*, for it enables the dictator to concentrate more readily, think more clearly, collect his thoughts before he starts and more completely visualize the person to whom he is writing.

"It takes everything given it at the dictator's own speed and convenience—a twenty-four hour stenographer.

"Its mechanical perfection insures its efficient operation. The Collapsible Mandrel, that means no 'stick' or 'slip' of cylinders is just *one* feature that adds to its efficiency and convenience."

Quoted from the statement of one of the thousands of Ediphone users listed by name and business in our book "STABILITY."

PROVIDE FOR THOSE WHO FIGHT FOR YOU—BUY W. S. S.

Call Barnes—Rector 3598

Edwin C. Barnes & Bros.
114 Liberty Street
"Built by Edison—Installed by Barnes"
Ask for Edison's Better Letters Magazine
Newark office: 907 Market Street (Tel. Market 8053)

A PRODUCT OF THE EDISON LABORATORIES

Maxim Invents Unsinkable Ship

Hudson Maxim has invented it for the United States Shipping Board. The gases from a torpedo are white hot and travel thirty miles a second. They rend everything in their path. But Maxim stops them with a barrage of pulverized coal, oil and concrete. He tells the story of his great invention in the October Popular Science Monthly. To keep up-to-date also read—

How Fighting Airplanes are Invented
Shooting Barbed Wire at the Germans
Machine that Fits Shoes to Soldiers' Feet
New Tools and Machines
How Electricity Cures Shell-Shock
Shot Down from the Clouds—
an Aviator's Thrilling Escape
What is a Soldier's Chance of Getting Back Uninjured

Over 200 new ideas and 300 pictures in the October number

Popular Science Monthly tells about, and pictures all the new inventions and discoveries in airplanes, automobiles, poison gas, submarines, machinery, electricity and all branches of science. Keep up with the times.

Get the October
Popular Science MONTHLY
20 cents on all newsstands

Six Months Subscription, $1.00. Popular Science Monthly, 225 W. 39th St., N. Y.

TO BE SOLD BY THE ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN

SAIGON RICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned, A. Mitchell Palmer, as Alien Property Custodian, on the 20th day of September, 1918, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the office of the New York Dock Company, in store 141 (Union Stores), foot of Irving Street, Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, will offer for sale, at public sale, to the highest bidder, all or any part, as shall be determined at the sale, of 19,237 bags (more or less) of SAIGON RICE, now located at the warehouses of the New York Dock Company, in the City of New York.

A. MITCHELL PALMER,
Alien Property Custodian.

For further information concerning the terms and conditions of the above sale apply to Horace O. Kilbourn, Room 613, 110 West 42d Street, New York City.

JOSEPH F. GUFFEY,
Director, Bureau of Sales.